Quantitative Content Analysis: Lecture 11

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Today's outline

- Topic Models
- Wrapping up

Topic models: basic idea

- Perhaps you don't want to, or can't write a dictionary yourself.
- Perhaps you worry about measurement error
- Topic models (Blei and Lafferty, 2009) are exploratory probability models that
 - weaken the contraints required in dictionary based content analysis
 - have been intensively studied in the computer science literature

These are exploratory methods that work best with large amounts of text with a thematic structure.

Topic models: LDA

Latent Dirichlet allocation (LDA) is a popular method for fitting a topic model. It treats each document as a mixture of topics, and each topic as a mixture of words.

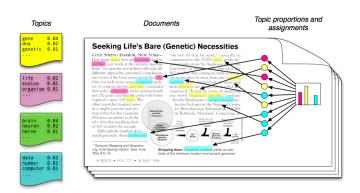
Seeking Life's Bare (Genetic) Necessities

COLD SPRING HARBOR, NEW YORK-"are not all that far apart," especially in How many genes does an organism need to comparison to the 75,000 genes in the husurvive? Last week at the genome meeting man genome, notes Siv Andersson of Uppsala here.* two genome researchers with radically University in Sweden, who arrived at the different approaches presented complemen-800 number. But coming up with a consentary views of the basic genes needed for life. sus answer may be more than just a genetic One research team, using computer analynumbers game, particularly as more and ses to compare known genomes, concluded more genomes are completely mapped and that today's organisms can be sustained with sequenced. "It may be a way of organizing just 250 genes, and that the earliest life forms any newly sequenced genome," explains required a mere 128 genes. The Arcady Mushegian, a computational moother researcher mapped genes lecular biologist at the National Center in a simple parasite and estifor Biotechnology Information (NCBI) Haemophilus mated that for this organism. in Bethesda, Maryland. Comparing an 1703 genes 800 genes are plenty to do the job-but that anything short Genes parasite-specific of 100 wouldn't be enough. Genes in common 233 genes Although the numbers don't +22 genes match precisely, those predictions Mycoplasma 469 genes * Genome Mapping and Sequenc-

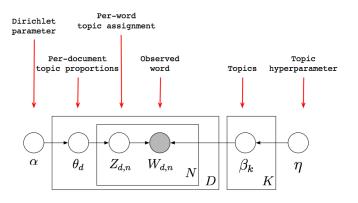
Stripping down. Computer analysis yields an estimate of the minimum modern and ancient genomes.

ing, Cold Spring Harbor, New York, May 8 to 12.

Topic models: LDA (II)

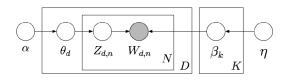


Topic models: LDA (III)



Each piece of the structure is a random variable.

Topic models: LDA (IV)



- **1** Draw each topic $\beta_k \sim \text{Dir}(\eta)$, for $k \in \{1, ..., K\}$.
- 2 For each document:
 - 1 Draw topic proportions $\theta_d \sim \text{Dir}(\alpha)$.
 - 2 For each word:
 - Draw $Z_{d,n} \sim \text{Mult}(\theta_d)$.
 - ② Draw $W_{d,n} \sim \text{Mult}(\beta_{z_{d,n}})$.

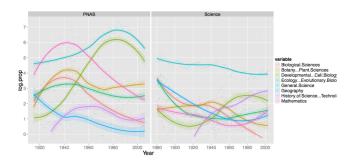
Topic model: LDA (V)

- Topic models giveth:
 - ullet a probabilistic view of the relationship between W, Z and heta
 - a full statistical framework for learning most aspects of the relationship
- and taketh away:
 - substantive control: You do not get to assert what the topics mean (inevitable when the Z and θ are both unobserved)

Topic model: LDA (VI)

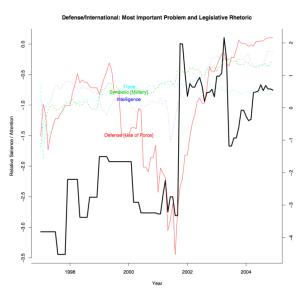
- What control is left?
 - \bullet $\,\alpha$ the parameter of a Dirichlet prior for the distributions (not number) of topics
 - $\bullet \ \, \eta$ the parameter of a Dirichlet prior over the distributions of words in topics
- Roughly, larger values allow more variation and less sparse representations
- Topic models are admixtures: mixtures of mixtures

Variations: dynamic topic models (II)



- Quinn et al. analyze 118,065 such congressional speeches from 1997-2004.
- ullet has Markovian dynamics for smooth movement in topic proportions.
- Note: This does not allow variation in the way topics are expressed in words

Application: policy agenda



Defining topics

Defining Topics

Topic (Short Label) Kevs 1. Judicial Nominations nomine, confirm, nomin, circuit, hear, court, judg, judici, case, vacanc 2. Constitutional case, court, attornei, supreme, justic, nomin, judq, m, decis, constitut Campaign Finance campaign, candid, elect, monei, contribut, polit, soft, ad, parti, limit 4. Abortion procedur, abort, babi, thi, life, doctor, human, ban, decis, or 5. Crime 1 [Violent] enforc, act, crime, gun, law, victim, violenc, abus, prevent, juvenil 6. Child Protection gun, tobacco, smoke, kid, show, firearm, crime, kill, law, school 7. Health 1 [Medical] diseas, cancer, research, health, prevent, patient, treatment, devic, food 8. Social Welfare care, health, act, home, hospit, support, children, educ, student, nurs 9. Education school, teacher, educ, student, children, test, local, learn, district, class 10. Military 1 [Manpower] veteran, va. forc, militari, care, reserv, serv, men, quard, member 11. Military 2 [Infrastructure] appropri, defens, forc, report, request, confer, quard, depart, fund, project 12. Intelligence intellig, homeland, commiss, depart, agenc, director, secur, base, defens 13. Crime 2 [Federal] act, inform, enforc, record, law, court, section, crimin, internet, investig Environment 1 [Public Lands] land, water, park, act, river, natur, wildlif, area, conserv, forest Commercial Infrastructure small, busi, act, highwai, transport, internet, loan, credit, local, capit

bankruptci, bank, credit, case, ir, compani, file, card, financi, lawyer

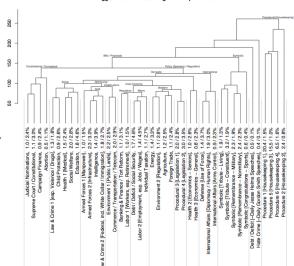
worker, social, retir, benefit, plan, act, employ, pension, small, employe

16. Banking / Finance

17. Labor 1 [Workers]

Defining topics (II)

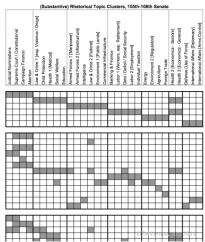




Defining topics (III)

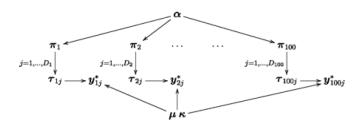
Policy Classification Systems Rhetorical Meta-Clusters Constitutional / Conceptual (Partisan conflict) Social (Problems) Public goods / Distributive (Common good / State v state) Economy Regional / Rural-urban International (Us v them) Katznelson and Lipinksi (2006) Sovereignty [Liberty] Sovereignty [Membership / nation] Sovereignty [Civil rights] Organization / scope [Governmental org.] Organization / scope [Representation] Organization / scope [Constitutional amendments] Domestic affairs [Social policy] Domestic affairs [Political economy] Domestic affairs [Planning / resources] Domestic affairs [Agriculture / food] International relations [Infl political economy]

International relations (Geopolitics)
International relations (Defense)
Jones and Baumgartner (2005)
Government operations
Human services / law (Rights, liberties, minorities)
Human services / law (Raw or crime / family)
Human services / law (Health)



Variations: expressed agenda model

In a simpler variation on LDA, Grimmer (2009) defines an expressed agenda model as



 Here there are not multiple topics per press release, but there are observed authors drawn from a population

Variations: correlated topic models

- The Dirichlet multinomial assumptions hide a constraint about topic covariation
 - LDA cannot represent free covariation of topic proportions
 - The correlated topic model can
- Replace the Dirichlet with a Logistic Normal structure (Aitchison, 1986) with arbitrary covariance matrix

Topic models in R

- topicmodels
 - LDA & CTM

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Text analysis workflow

