

CSS SELECTORS – COMBINATORS

COMBINATORS – ADJACENT & FAR SIBLING

METHOD	EXAMPLE	REAL WORLD EXAMPLE
Adjacent sibling	<p>.child + .sibling</p> <p>‘The + combinator selects adjacent siblings. This means that the second element directly follows the first, and both share the same parent.’</p> <p>‘Sibling elements must have the same parent element, and adjacent means immediately following.’</p>	div + img
Far sibling	<p>.child ~ .sibling</p> <p>Element1 ~ element2</p> <p>‘Element 1 & 2 must have the same parent, but element2 does not have to be immediately preceded by element1.’</p>	div ~ p