

## Questão 2

Heron, Alexandre, Shai, Pedrosa, Roberto

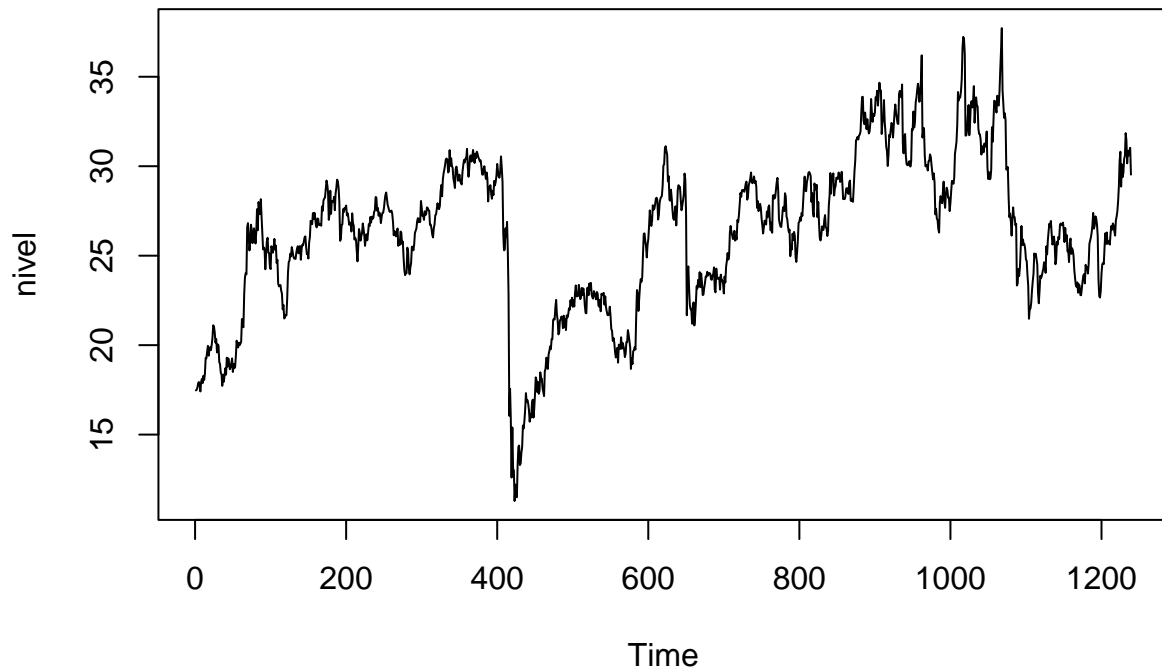
2023-08-31

### Questão 2

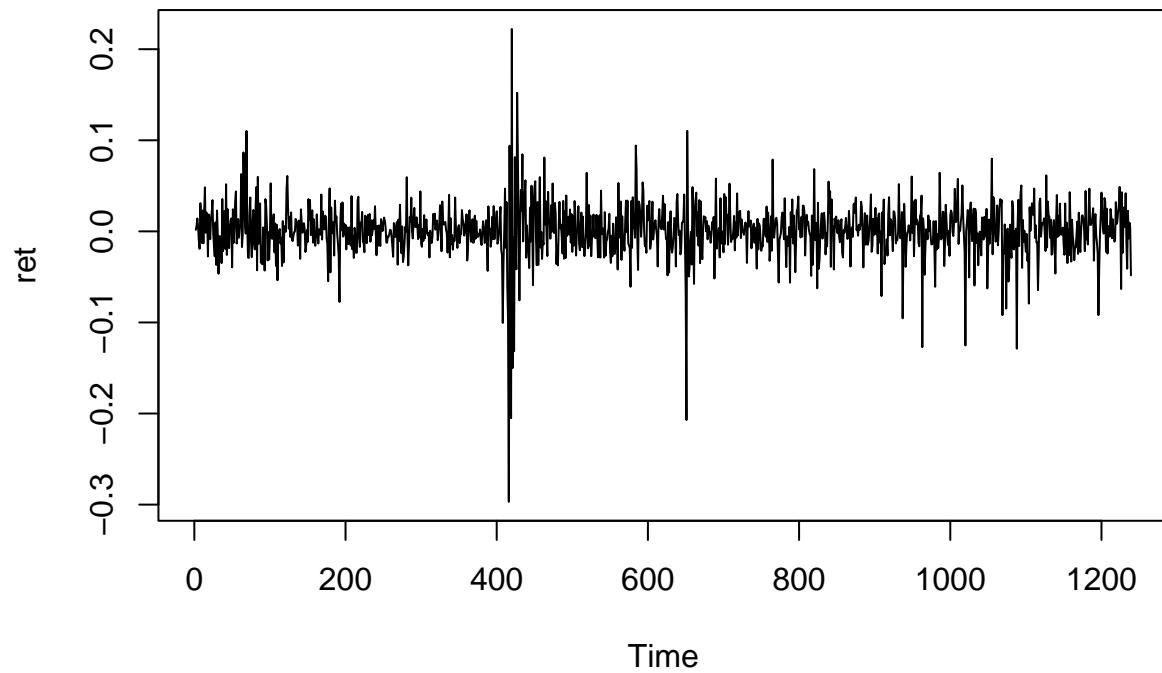
Importando a base de dados

```
petr4 <- read_xlsx("./PETR4.xlsx")  
ret <- ts(petr4$`Var%`)  
ret <- na.omit(ret)  
nivel <- ts(petr4$Coluna1)
```

```
plot(nivel)
```



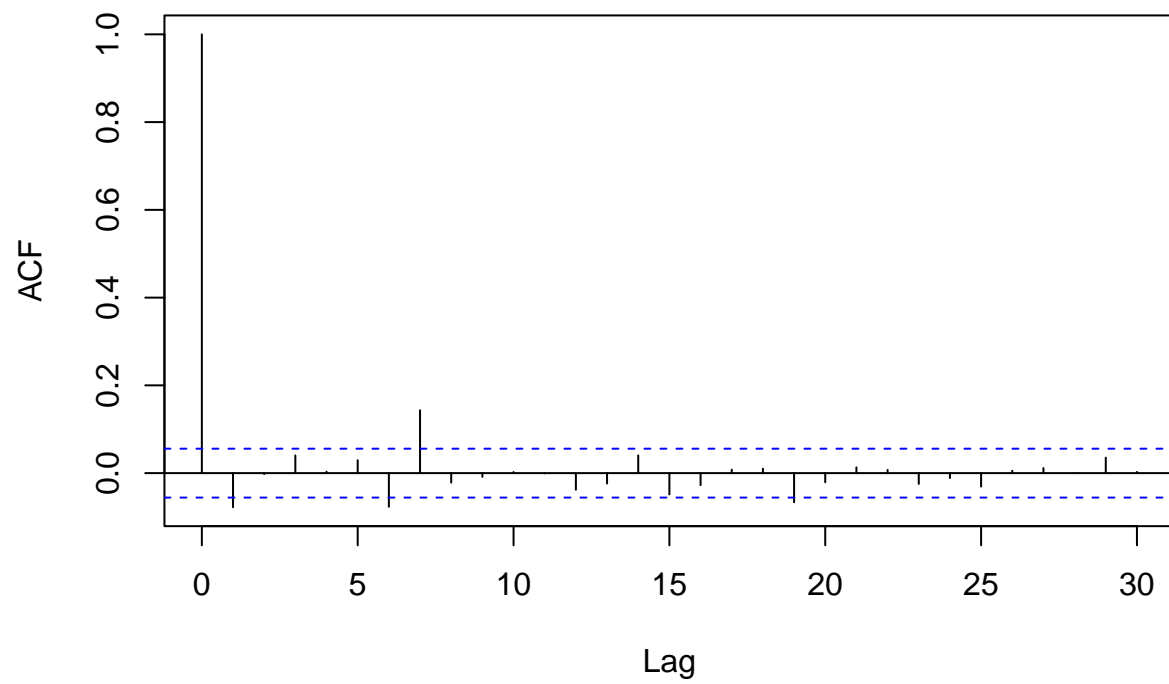
```
plot(ret)
```



Por que utilizar o modelo GARCH(p,q)?

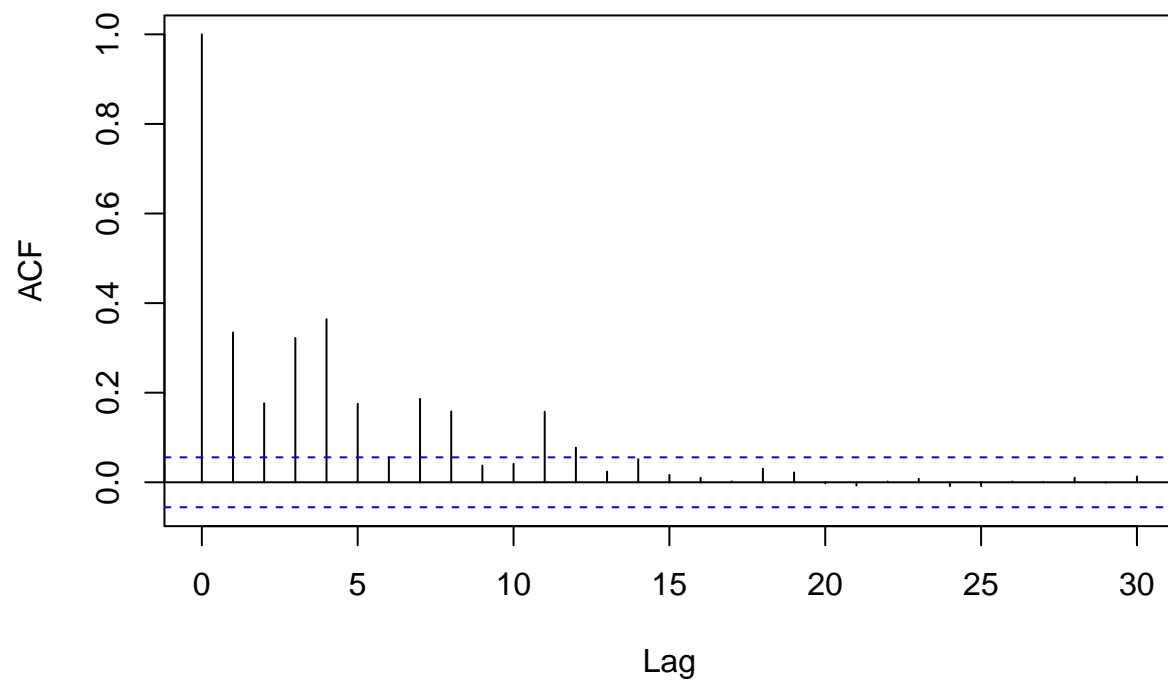
```
acf(ret)
```

### Series ret



```
acf(ret^2)
```

## Series $ret^2$

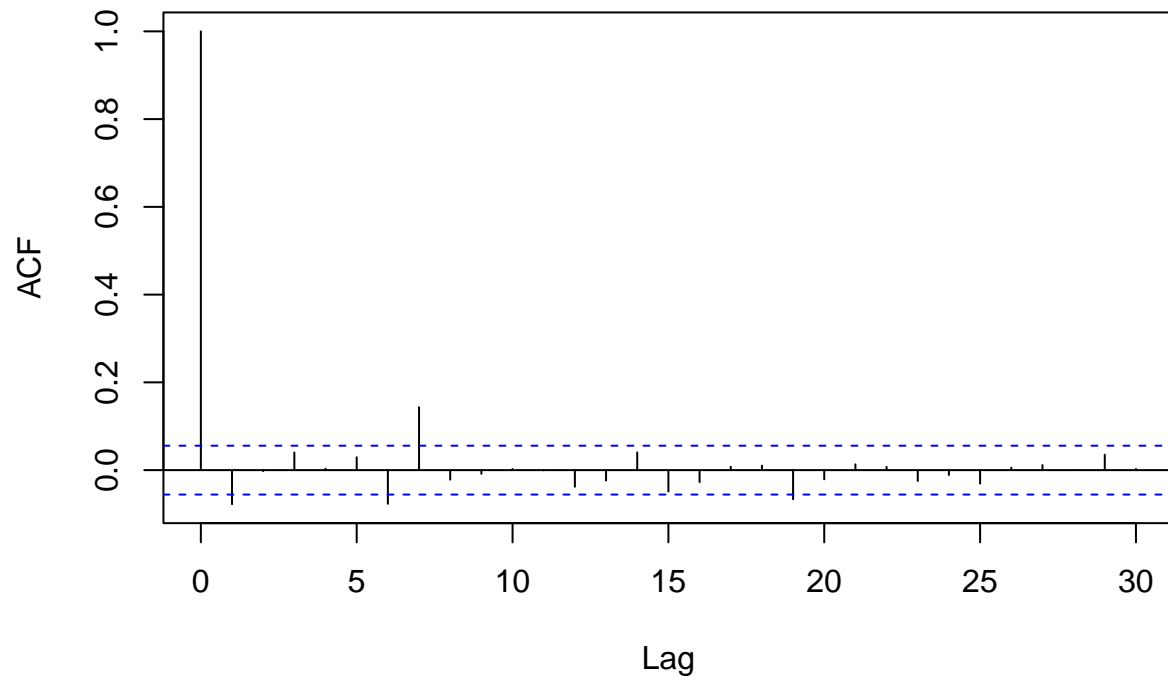


AR(1)

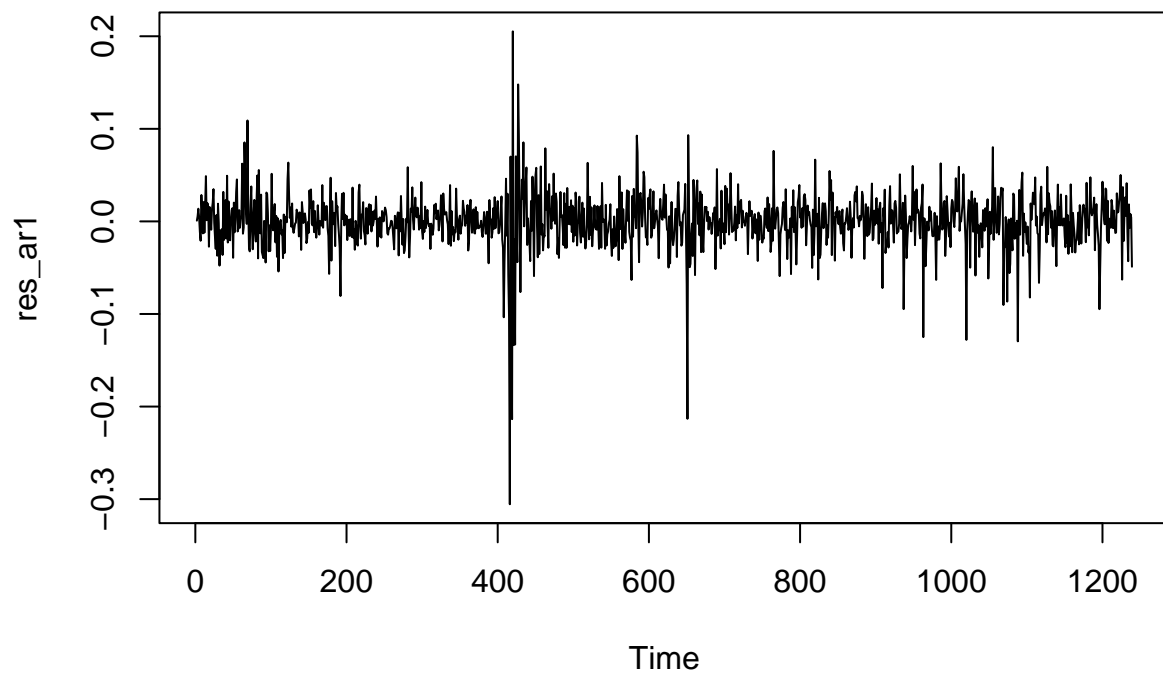
```
# Modelando os retornos com um AR(1)  
ret_ar1 <- arima(ret, order = c(1,0,0), include.mean = TRUE, method = "ML")
```

```
acf(ret)
```

## Series ret

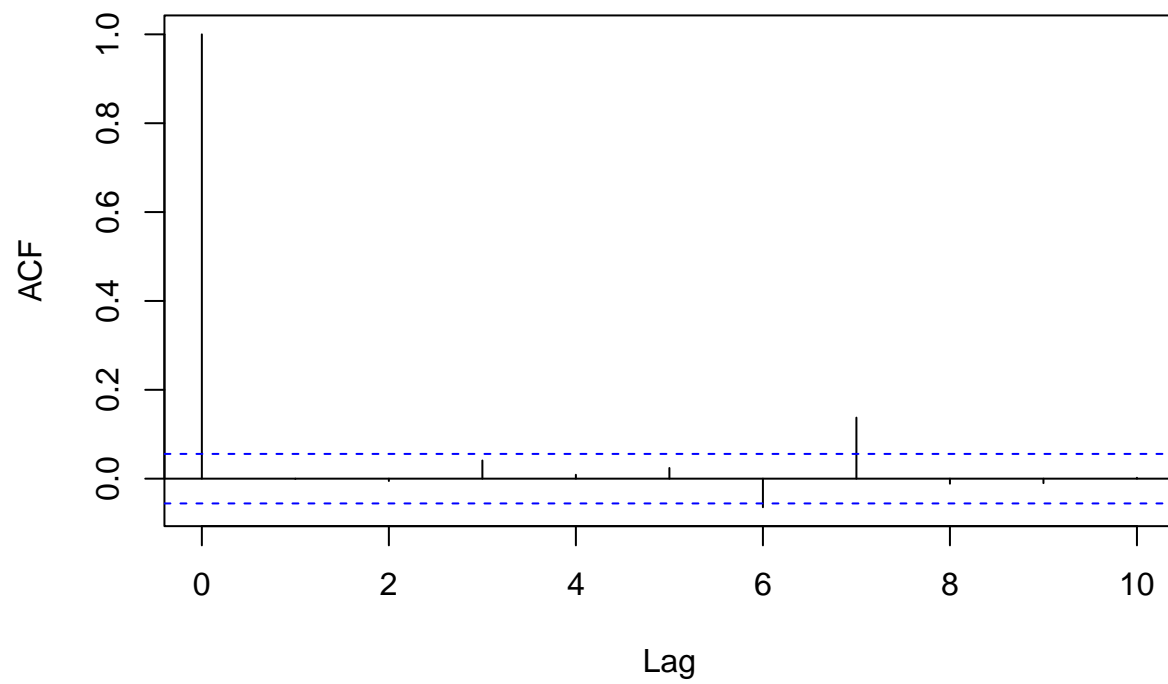


```
# Coletando os resíduos  
res_ar1 <- ret_ar1[["residuals"]]  
plot(res_ar1)
```



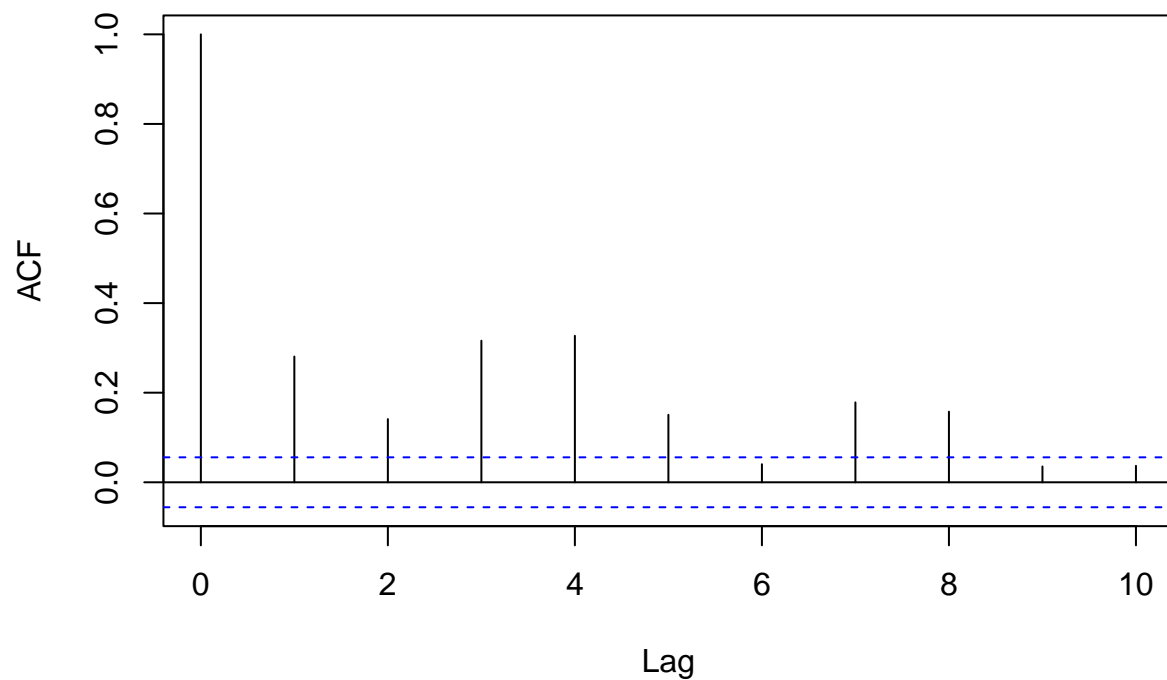
```
# Autocorrelação serial dos resíduos  
res_ar1 <- na.omit(res_ar1)  
acf(res_ar1, lag.max = 10)
```

### Series res\_ar1



```
acf(res_ar1^2, lag.max = 10)
```

## Series res\_ar1^2



## Parte ARMA

```
# Valores possíveis para "p" e "q"
p_values <- 1:5
q_values <- 1:5
```

```
# Inicializar vetores para armazenar valores de AIC e BIC
aic_values <- matrix(NA,
                    nrow = length(p_values),
                    ncol = length(q_values))
bic_values <- matrix(NA,
                    nrow = length(p_values),
                    ncol = length(q_values))
aicc_values <- matrix(NA,
                     nrow = length(p_values),
                     ncol = length(q_values))
```

```
# Loop para calcular AIC e BIC para diferentes combinações de p e q

for (i in p_values){
  for (j in q_values){

    modelo <- Arima(
```



```

    ret,
    order = c(i, 0, j),
    method = "ML"
  )

  aic_values[i,j] <- AIC(modelo)
  bic_values[i,j] <- BIC(modelo)
  aicc_values[i,j] <- modelo$aicc
}
}

```

```

# Encontrar as posições mínimas de AIC e BIC
min_aic_pos <- which(aic_values == min(aic_values), arr.ind = TRUE)
min_bic_pos <- which(bic_values == min(bic_values), arr.ind = TRUE)
min_aicc_pos <- which(aicc_values == min(aicc_values), arr.ind = TRUE)

print(min_aic_pos)

```

```

##      row col
## [1,]   5   5

```

```

print(min_bic_pos)

```

```

##      row col
## [1,]   1   1

```

```

print(min_aicc_pos)

```

```

##      row col
## [1,]   5   5

```

Realizaremos, agora os dois modelos encontrados.

```

summary(
  Arima(
    ret,
    order = c(min_aic_pos[1,1],
              0,
              min_aic_pos[1,2]),
    method = "ML"
  )
)

```

**AIC Minimizador:**

```

## Series: ret
## ARIMA(5,0,5) with non-zero mean

```

```
##
## Coefficients:
##      ar1      ar2      ar3      ar4      ar5      ma1      ma2      ma3
##    -0.2372  0.2474 -0.2634  0.4446  0.7223  0.1605 -0.2703  0.3219
## s.e.   0.1041  0.0757  0.0589  0.0568  0.0779  0.1117  0.0800  0.0551
##      ma4      ma5      mean
##    -0.5106 -0.7015  7e-04
## s.e.   0.0578  0.0910  1e-04
##
## sigma^2 = 0.0008799: log likelihood = 2602.6
## AIC=-5181.2  AICc=-5180.95  BIC=-5119.75
##
## Training set error measures:
##              ME          RMSE          MAE MPE MAPE          MASE          ACF1
## Training set 0.0004989178 0.02953167 0.01983502 NaN  Inf 0.6707098 0.001037128
```

```
summary(
  Arima(
    ret,
    order = c(min_bic_pos[1,1],
              0,
              min_bic_pos[1,2]),
    method = "ML"
  )
)
```

### BIC Minimizador:

```
## Series: ret
## ARIMA(1,0,1) with non-zero mean
##
## Coefficients:
##      ar1      ma1      mean
##    -0.0393 -0.0391  9e-04
## s.e.   0.2537  0.2534  8e-04
##
## sigma^2 = 0.0008996: log likelihood = 2586.25
## AIC=-5164.49  AICc=-5164.46  BIC=-5144.01
##
## Training set error measures:
##              ME          RMSE          MAE MPE MAPE          MASE
## Training set 2.359824e-06 0.02995696 0.01991963 NaN  Inf 0.6735711
##              ACF1
## Training set -8.546386e-05
```

```
summary(
  Arima(
    ret,
```

```

    order = c(min_aicc_pos[1,1],
              0,
              min_aicc_pos[1,2]),
    method = "ML"
  )
)

```

## AICc Minimizador

```

## Series: ret
## ARIMA(5,0,5) with non-zero mean
##
## Coefficients:
##      ar1      ar2      ar3      ar4      ar5      ma1      ma2      ma3
##    -0.2372  0.2474 -0.2634  0.4446  0.7223  0.1605 -0.2703  0.3219
## s.e.   0.1041  0.0757  0.0589  0.0568  0.0779  0.1117  0.0800  0.0551
##      ma4      ma5      mean
##    -0.5106 -0.7015  7e-04
## s.e.   0.0578  0.0910  1e-04
##
## sigma^2 = 0.0008799:  log likelihood = 2602.6
## AIC=-5181.2  AICc=-5180.95  BIC=-5119.75
##
## Training set error measures:
##              ME          RMSE          MAE MPE MAPE          MASE          ACF1
## Training set 0.0004989178 0.02953167 0.01983502 NaN  Inf  0.6707098 0.001037128

```

## Parcimônioso

```

arma_ret <- Arima(
  ret,
  order = c(1,
            0,
            1),
  method = "ML"
)

```

arma\_ret

```

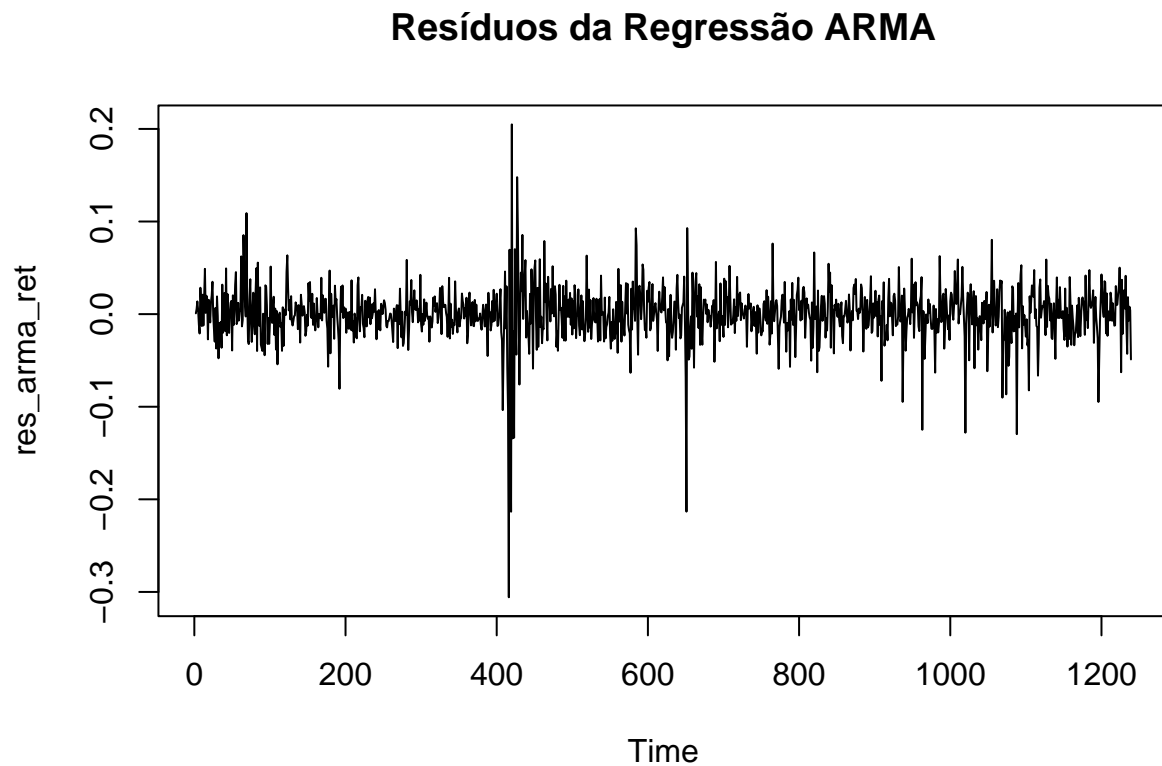
## Series: ret
## ARIMA(1,0,1) with non-zero mean
##
## Coefficients:
##      ar1      ma1      mean
##    -0.0393 -0.0391  9e-04
## s.e.   0.2537  0.2534  8e-04
##
## sigma^2 = 0.0008996:  log likelihood = 2586.25
## AIC=-5164.49  AICc=-5164.46  BIC=-5144.01

```

## Resíduos

```
res_arma_ret <- residuals(arma_ret)
```

```
plot(res_arma_ret, main = "Resíduos da Regressão ARMA")
```



## Tendência Central

```
summary(res_arma_ret)
```

```
##      Min.    1st Qu.      Median        Mean     3rd Qu.      Max.
## -3.057e-01 -1.303e-02  2.853e-04  2.360e-06  1.484e-02  2.049e-01
```

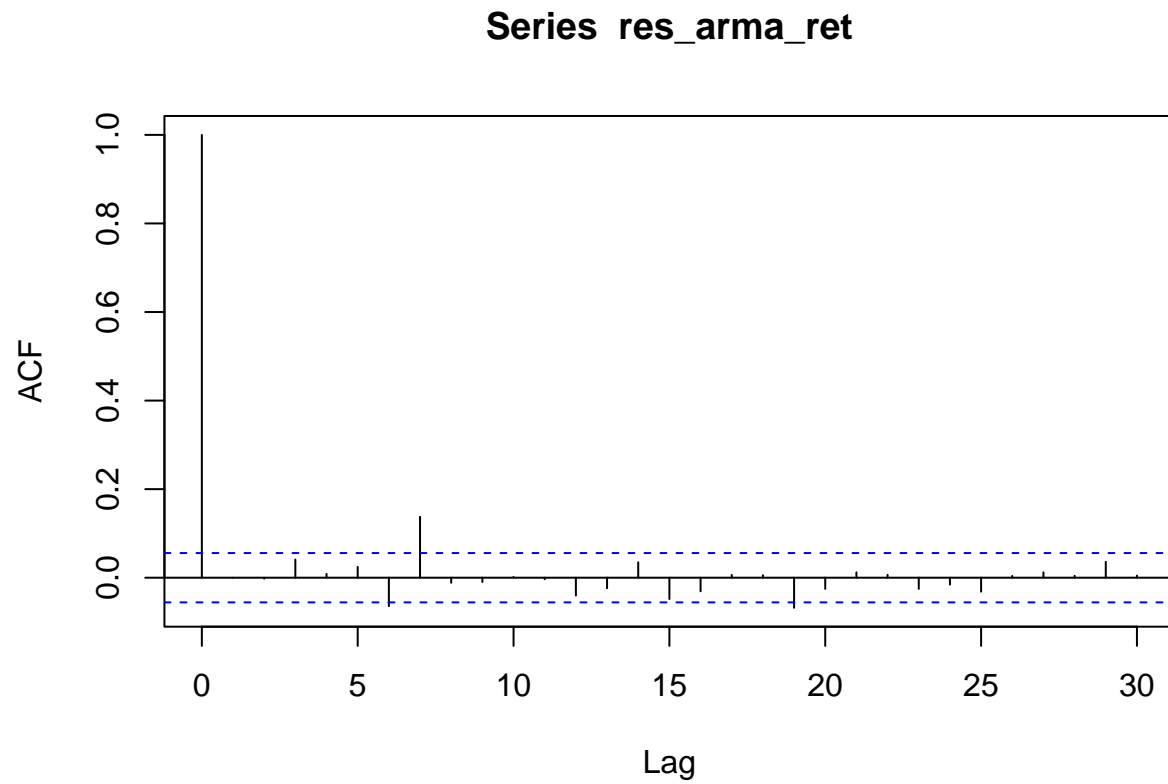
## Resíduos ao Quadrado

```
summary(res_arma_ret^2)
```

```
##      Min.    1st Qu.      Median        Mean     3rd Qu.      Max.
## 0.000e+00 4.077e-05 1.972e-04 8.974e-04 7.148e-04 9.348e-02
```

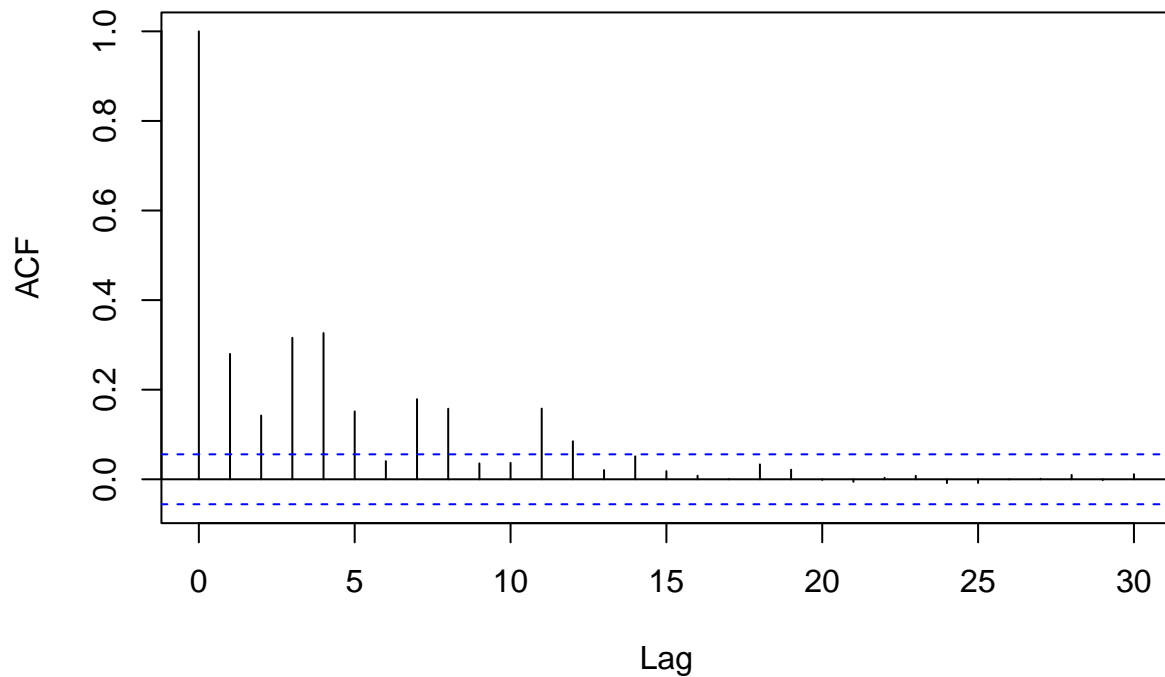
ACF

```
acf(res_arma_ret)
```



```
acf(res_arma_ret^2)
```

## Series res\_arma\_ret^2



## Modelo Garch(1,1)

```
# Definindo a especificação do modelo garch(p,q)
spec <- ugarchspec(variance.model = list(model = "sGARCH",
                                          garchOrder = c(1, 1)),
                  mean.model = list(armaOrder = c(1, 1)))
```

```
# Ajustando o modelo garch(p,q) ao dados
fit_garch <- ugarchfit(spec, data = ret)
```

```
# Coeficientes
fit_garch@fit$matcoef
```

##		Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t )
##	mu	0.0010986245	1.684860e-04	6.520569	7.004108e-11
##	ar1	0.9610907881	7.433724e-03	129.287925	0.000000e+00
##	ma1	-0.9875793872	2.869302e-04	-3441.880066	0.000000e+00
##	omega	0.0000780396	2.933347e-05	2.660429	7.804119e-03
##	alpha1	0.1544211592	3.144427e-02	4.910948	9.063729e-07
##	beta1	0.7550279287	5.995516e-02	12.593210	0.000000e+00

```
# Critérios de Informação
infocriteria(fit_garch)
```

```
##
## Akaike      -4.429220
## Bayes      -4.404400
## Shibata    -4.429267
## Hannan-Quinn -4.419885
```

```
fit_garch
```

```
##
## *-----*
## *          GARCH Model Fit          *
## *-----*
##
## Conditional Variance Dynamics
## -----
## GARCH Model   : sGARCH(1,1)
## Mean Model    : ARFIMA(1,0,1)
## Distribution   : norm
##
## Optimal Parameters
## -----
##      Estimate Std. Error   t value Pr(>|t|)
## mu      0.001099   0.000168    6.5206 0.000000
## ar1     0.961091   0.007434   129.2879 0.000000
## ma1     -0.987579   0.000287 -3441.8801 0.000000
## omega    0.000078   0.000029    2.6604 0.007804
## alpha1   0.154421   0.031444    4.9109 0.000001
## beta1    0.755028   0.059955   12.5932 0.000000
##
## Robust Standard Errors:
##      Estimate Std. Error   t value Pr(>|t|)
## mu      0.001099   0.000149    7.3942 0.000000
## ar1     0.961091   0.008625   111.4247 0.000000
## ma1     -0.987579   0.000367 -2689.9937 0.000000
## omega    0.000078   0.000078    1.0019 0.316369
## alpha1   0.154421   0.105047    1.4700 0.141556
## beta1    0.755028   0.179725    4.2010 0.000027
##
## LogLikelihood : 2747.687
##
## Information Criteria
## -----
##
## Akaike      -4.4292
## Bayes      -4.4044
## Shibata    -4.4293
## Hannan-Quinn -4.4199
##
## Weighted Ljung-Box Test on Standardized Residuals
## -----
```

```

##                                statistic p-value
## Lag[1]                        0.1871  0.6653
## Lag[2*(p+q)+(p+q)-1][5]      0.5596  1.0000
## Lag[4*(p+q)+(p+q)-1][9]      2.9559  0.8972
## d.o.f=2
## H0 : No serial correlation
##
## Weighted Ljung-Box Test on Standardized Squared Residuals
## -----
##                                statistic p-value
## Lag[1]                        0.6948  0.4045
## Lag[2*(p+q)+(p+q)-1][5]      1.6247  0.7092
## Lag[4*(p+q)+(p+q)-1][9]      3.3007  0.7085
## d.o.f=2
##
## Weighted ARCH LM Tests
## -----
##          Statistic Shape Scale P-Value
## ARCH Lag[3]    0.1035 0.500 2.000 0.7477
## ARCH Lag[5]    0.3118 1.440 1.667 0.9371
## ARCH Lag[7]    0.9903 2.315 1.543 0.9151
##
## Nyblom stability test
## -----
## Joint Statistic:  2.1536
## Individual Statistics:
## mu      0.39646
## ar1     0.10790
## ma1     0.14262
## omega   0.77741
## alpha1  0.05508
## beta1   0.42593
##
## Asymptotic Critical Values (10% 5% 1%)
## Joint Statistic:      1.49 1.68 2.12
## Individual Statistic:  0.35 0.47 0.75
##
## Sign Bias Test
## -----
##          t-value    prob sig
## Sign Bias      0.05986 0.95228
## Negative Sign Bias 2.04138 0.04143 **
## Positive Sign Bias 0.66126 0.50857
## Joint Effect    7.56279 0.05597  *
##
##
## Adjusted Pearson Goodness-of-Fit Test:
## -----
##   group statistic p-value(g-1)
## 1    20      54.67   2.615e-05
## 2    30      75.31   5.501e-06
## 3    40      93.89   2.006e-06
## 4    50      93.74   1.248e-04
##

```



```
##  
## Elapsed time : 0.4407332
```

Previsão para os próximos 12 meses

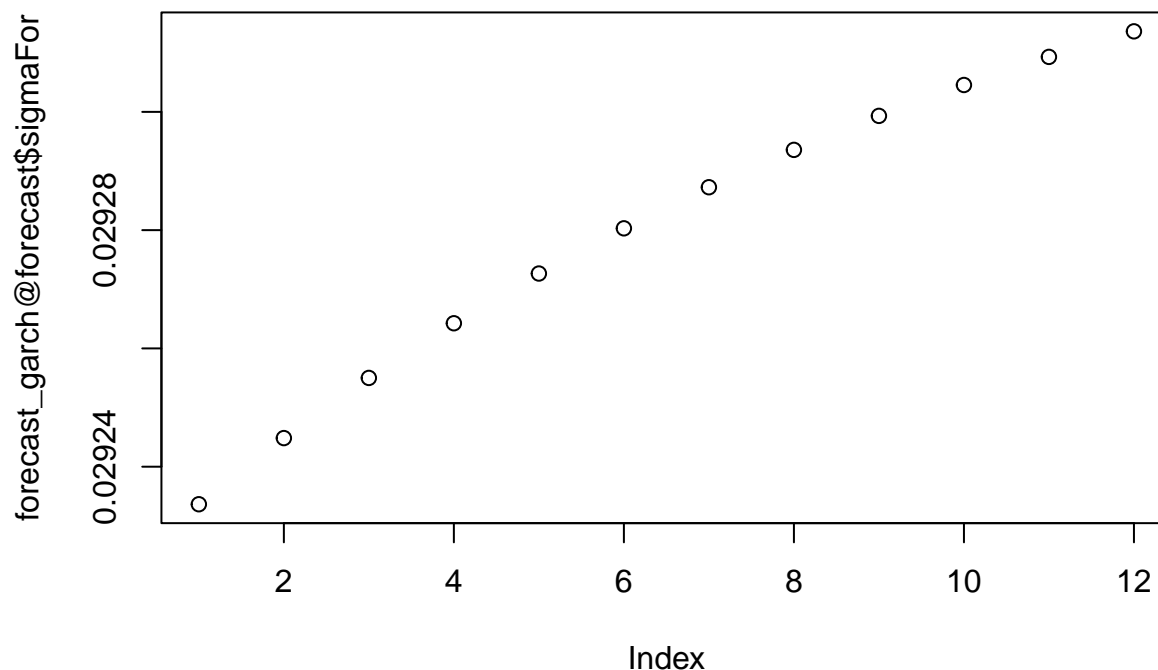
```
forecast_garch <- ugarchforecast(fit_garch,  
                                n.ahead = 12,  
                                out.sample = 1239)  
forecast_garch
```

```
##  
## *-----*  
## *      GARCH Model Forecast      *  
## *-----*  
## Model: sGARCH  
## Horizon: 12  
## Roll Steps: 0  
## Out of Sample: 0  
##  
## 0-roll forecast [T0=1239-01-01]:  
##      Series      Sigma  
## T+1  0.0001809  0.02923  
## T+2  0.0002167  0.02924  
## T+3  0.0002510  0.02926  
## T+4  0.0002840  0.02926  
## T+5  0.0003157  0.02927  
## T+6  0.0003461  0.02928  
## T+7  0.0003754  0.02929  
## T+8  0.0004035  0.02929  
## T+9  0.0004306  0.02930  
## T+10 0.0004566  0.02930  
## T+11 0.0004816  0.02931  
## T+12 0.0005056  0.02931
```

Forecast da Variância

```
plot(forecast_garch@forecast$sigmaFor, main = "Variância Condicional Forecasted")
```

## Variância Condicional Forecasted



## Modelo Garch(1,2)

```
# Definindo a especificação do modelo garch(p,q)
spec <- ugarchspec(variance.model = list(model = "sGARCH",
                                          garchOrder = c(1, 2)),
                  mean.model = list(armaOrder = c(1, 1)))
```

```
# Ajustando o modelo garch(p,q) ao dados
fit_garch <- ugarchfit(spec, data = ret)
```

```
# Coeficientes
fit_garch@fit$matcoef
```

##	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t )
## mu	0.0010961955	1.679120e-04	6.528392	6.647949e-11
## ar1	0.9600419664	7.550461e-03	127.150110	0.000000e+00
## ma1	-0.9871108164	2.845139e-04	-3469.464670	0.000000e+00
## omega	0.0000902979	3.042618e-05	2.967770	2.999685e-03
## alpha1	0.1889239103	3.324248e-02	5.683207	1.321920e-08
## beta1	0.2936415069	1.139354e-01	2.577262	9.958633e-03
## beta2	0.4110004929	1.082501e-01	3.796766	1.465960e-04

```
# Critérios de Informação
infocriteria(fit_garch)
```

```
##
## Akaike      -4.434428
## Bayes      -4.405471
## Shibata    -4.434491
## Hannan-Quinn -4.423537
```

```
fit_garch
```

```
##
## *-----*
## *          GARCH Model Fit          *
## *-----*
##
## Conditional Variance Dynamics
## -----
## GARCH Model   : sGARCH(1,2)
## Mean Model    : ARFIMA(1,0,1)
## Distribution   : norm
##
## Optimal Parameters
## -----
##      Estimate Std. Error   t value Pr(>|t|)
## mu      0.001096   0.000168    6.5284 0.000000
## ar1     0.960042   0.007550   127.1501 0.000000
## ma1     -0.987111   0.000285 -3469.4647 0.000000
## omega    0.000090   0.000030    2.9678 0.003000
## alpha1   0.188924   0.033242    5.6832 0.000000
## beta1    0.293642   0.113935    2.5773 0.009959
## beta2    0.411000   0.108250    3.7968 0.000147
##
## Robust Standard Errors:
##      Estimate Std. Error   t value Pr(>|t|)
## mu      0.001096   0.000156    7.0286 0.000000
## ar1     0.960042   0.008490   113.0799 0.000000
## ma1     -0.987111   0.000335 -2943.7310 0.000000
## omega    0.000090   0.000069    1.3099 0.190218
## alpha1   0.188924   0.098516    1.9177 0.055149
## beta1    0.293642   0.122959    2.3881 0.016934
## beta2    0.411000   0.125190    3.2830 0.001027
##
## LogLikelihood : 2751.911
##
## Information Criteria
## -----
##
## Akaike      -4.4344
## Bayes      -4.4055
## Shibata    -4.4345
## Hannan-Quinn -4.4235
##
```

```

## Weighted Ljung-Box Test on Standardized Residuals
## -----
##               statistic p-value
## Lag[1]                0.1909  0.6621
## Lag[2*(p+q)+(p+q)-1][5]  0.5897  1.0000
## Lag[4*(p+q)+(p+q)-1][9]  3.0807  0.8780
## d.o.f=2
## H0 : No serial correlation
##
## Weighted Ljung-Box Test on Standardized Squared Residuals
## -----
##               statistic p-value
## Lag[1]                0.3003  0.5837
## Lag[2*(p+q)+(p+q)-1][8]  1.8468  0.8818
## Lag[4*(p+q)+(p+q)-1][14]  5.2020  0.7441
## d.o.f=3
##
## Weighted ARCH LM Tests
## -----
##           Statistic Shape Scale P-Value
## ARCH Lag[4]    0.2090 0.500 2.000  0.6475
## ARCH Lag[6]    0.9121 1.461 1.711  0.7731
## ARCH Lag[8]    3.0321 2.368 1.583  0.5375
##
## Nyblom stability test
## -----
## Joint Statistic:  2.0863
## Individual Statistics:
## mu      0.37590
## ar1     0.09844
## ma1     0.14834
## omega   0.72740
## alpha1  0.05758
## beta1   0.40443
## beta2   0.42896
##
## Asymptotic Critical Values (10% 5% 1%)
## Joint Statistic:      1.69 1.9 2.35
## Individual Statistic:  0.35 0.47 0.75
##
## Sign Bias Test
## -----
##           t-value      prob sig
## Sign Bias      0.03161 0.97479
## Negative Sign Bias 1.72799 0.08424  *
## Positive Sign Bias 0.88158 0.37818
## Joint Effect    6.54848 0.08777  *
##
##
## Adjusted Pearson Goodness-of-Fit Test:
## -----
##   group statistic p-value(g-1)
## 1    20      52.18    6.223e-05
## 2    30      78.27    2.071e-06

```

```
## 3    40    85.88    2.238e-05
## 4    50    91.00    2.515e-04
##
##
## Elapsed time : 0.4295468
```

Previsão para os próximos 12 meses

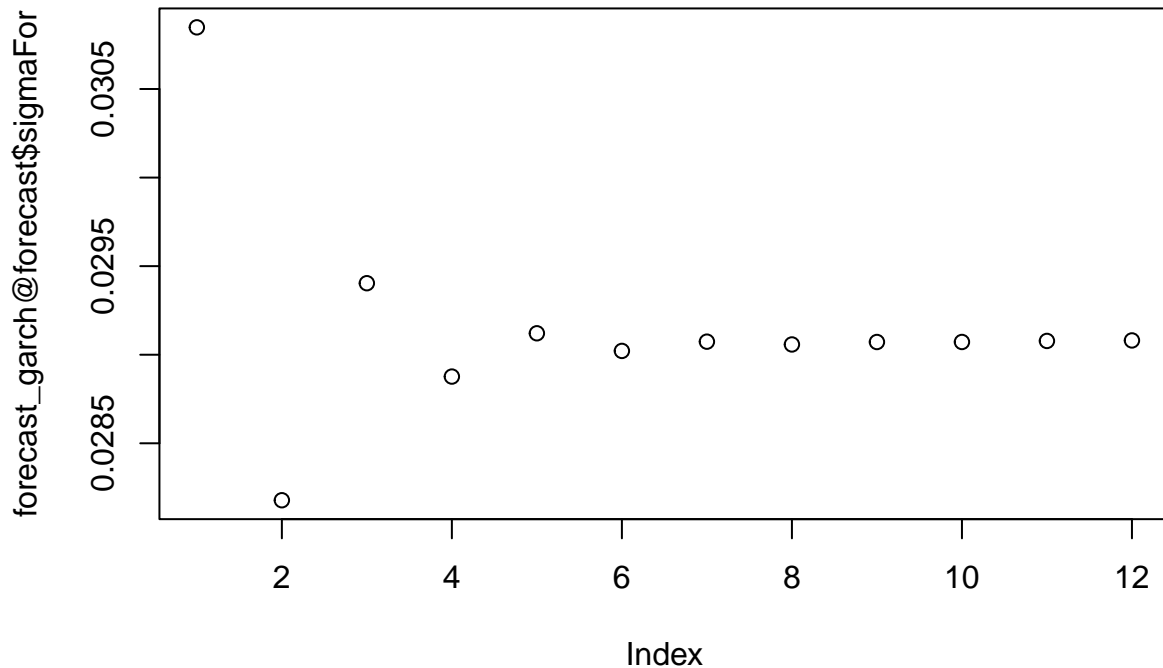
```
forecast_garch <- ugarchforecast(fit_garch,
                                n.ahead = 12,
                                out.sample = 1239)
forecast_garch
```

```
##
## *-----*
## *          GARCH Model Forecast          *
## *-----*
## Model: sGARCH
## Horizon: 12
## Roll Steps: 0
## Out of Sample: 0
##
## 0-roll forecast [T0=1239-01-01]:
##      Series  Sigma
## T+1  8.096e-05 0.03085
## T+2  1.215e-04 0.02818
## T+3  1.605e-04 0.02940
## T+4  1.979e-04 0.02888
## T+5  2.338e-04 0.02912
## T+6  2.682e-04 0.02902
## T+7  3.013e-04 0.02907
## T+8  3.331e-04 0.02906
## T+9  3.636e-04 0.02907
## T+10 3.928e-04 0.02907
## T+11 4.209e-04 0.02908
## T+12 4.479e-04 0.02908
```

Forecast da Variância

```
plot(forecast_garch@forecast$sigmaFor, main = "Variância Condicional Forecasted")
```

## Variância Condicional Forecasted



## Modelo Garch(1,3)

```
# Definindo a especificação do modelo garch(p,q)
spec <- ugarchspec(variance.model = list(model = "sGARCH",
                                          garchOrder = c(1, 3)),
                    mean.model = list(armaOrder = c(1, 1)))
```

```
# Ajustando o modelo garch(p,q) ao dados
fit_garch <- ugarchfit(spec, data = ret)
```

```
# Coeficientes
fit_garch@fit$matcoef
```

##	Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t )
## mu	0.0011250749	1.619303e-04	6.9478971	3.707701e-12
## ar1	0.9594714926	7.438925e-03	128.9798535	0.000000e+00
## ma1	-0.9864580709	2.804293e-04	-3517.6710154	0.000000e+00
## omega	0.0001083531	3.369873e-05	3.2153478	1.302866e-03
## alpha1	0.2474768415	4.021061e-02	6.1545166	7.530685e-10
## beta1	0.1268292742	7.800080e-02	1.6259996	1.039497e-01
## beta2	0.0896446368	9.025361e-02	0.9932527	3.205868e-01
## beta3	0.4113852521	7.976203e-02	5.1576579	2.500580e-07

```
# Critérios de Informação
infocriteria(fit_garch)
```

```
##
## Akaike      -4.443306
## Bayes      -4.410212
## Shibata    -4.443389
## Hannan-Quinn -4.430859
```

```
fit_garch
```

```
##
## *-----*
## *          GARCH Model Fit          *
## *-----*
##
## Conditional Variance Dynamics
## -----
## GARCH Model   : sGARCH(1,3)
## Mean Model    : ARFIMA(1,0,1)
## Distribution   : norm
##
## Optimal Parameters
## -----
##      Estimate Std. Error   t value Pr(>|t|)
## mu      0.001125  0.000162    6.94790 0.000000
## ar1     0.959471  0.007439   128.97985 0.000000
## ma1     -0.986458  0.000280 -3517.67101 0.000000
## omega    0.000108  0.000034    3.21535 0.001303
## alpha1   0.247477  0.040211    6.15452 0.000000
## beta1    0.126829  0.078001    1.62600 0.103950
## beta2    0.089645  0.090254    0.99325 0.320587
## beta3    0.411385  0.079762    5.15766 0.000000
##
## Robust Standard Errors:
##      Estimate Std. Error   t value Pr(>|t|)
## mu      0.001125  0.000152    7.38342 0.000000
## ar1     0.959471  0.007888   121.63929 0.000000
## ma1     -0.986458  0.000297 -3316.67626 0.000000
## omega    0.000108  0.000071    1.53267 0.125358
## alpha1   0.247477  0.109532    2.25941 0.023858
## beta1    0.126829  0.106546    1.19037 0.233900
## beta2    0.089645  0.130413    0.68739 0.491838
## beta3    0.411385  0.152975    2.68923 0.007162
##
## LogLikelihood : 2758.407
##
## Information Criteria
## -----
##
## Akaike      -4.4433
## Bayes      -4.4102
## Shibata    -4.4434
```

```

## Hannan-Quinn -4.4309
##
## Weighted Ljung-Box Test on Standardized Residuals
## -----
##
##               statistic p-value
## Lag[1]                0.1888 0.6639
## Lag[2*(p+q)+(p+q)-1][5] 0.5931 1.0000
## Lag[4*(p+q)+(p+q)-1][9] 3.0725 0.8793
## d.o.f=2
## H0 : No serial correlation
##
## Weighted Ljung-Box Test on Standardized Squared Residuals
## -----
##
##               statistic p-value
## Lag[1]                0.0003028 0.9861
## Lag[2*(p+q)+(p+q)-1][11] 2.6660526 0.9054
## Lag[4*(p+q)+(p+q)-1][19] 6.7260459 0.8101
## d.o.f=4
##
## Weighted ARCH LM Tests
## -----
##
##           Statistic Shape Scale P-Value
## ARCH Lag[5]    0.01971 0.500 2.000 0.8884
## ARCH Lag[7]    0.34136 1.473 1.746 0.9382
## ARCH Lag[9]    3.38412 2.402 1.619 0.4966
##
## Nyblom stability test
## -----
## Joint Statistic: 2.023
## Individual Statistics:
## mu      0.38839
## ar1     0.10868
## ma1     0.12863
## omega   0.58350
## alpha1  0.07664
## beta1   0.35843
## beta2   0.29028
## beta3   0.38530
##
## Asymptotic Critical Values (10% 5% 1%)
## Joint Statistic:      1.89 2.11 2.59
## Individual Statistic: 0.35 0.47 0.75
##
## Sign Bias Test
## -----
##
##           t-value  prob sig
## Sign Bias      0.1086 0.9136
## Negative Sign Bias 1.2182 0.2234
## Positive Sign Bias 1.0897 0.2760
## Joint Effect    5.3672 0.1468
##
##
## Adjusted Pearson Goodness-of-Fit Test:
## -----

```



```
##      group statistic p-value(g-1)
## 1      20      45.88    0.0005159
## 2      30      61.11    0.0004483
## 3      40      79.67    0.0001311
## 4      50      93.83    0.0001222
##
##
## Elapsed time : 1.022884
```

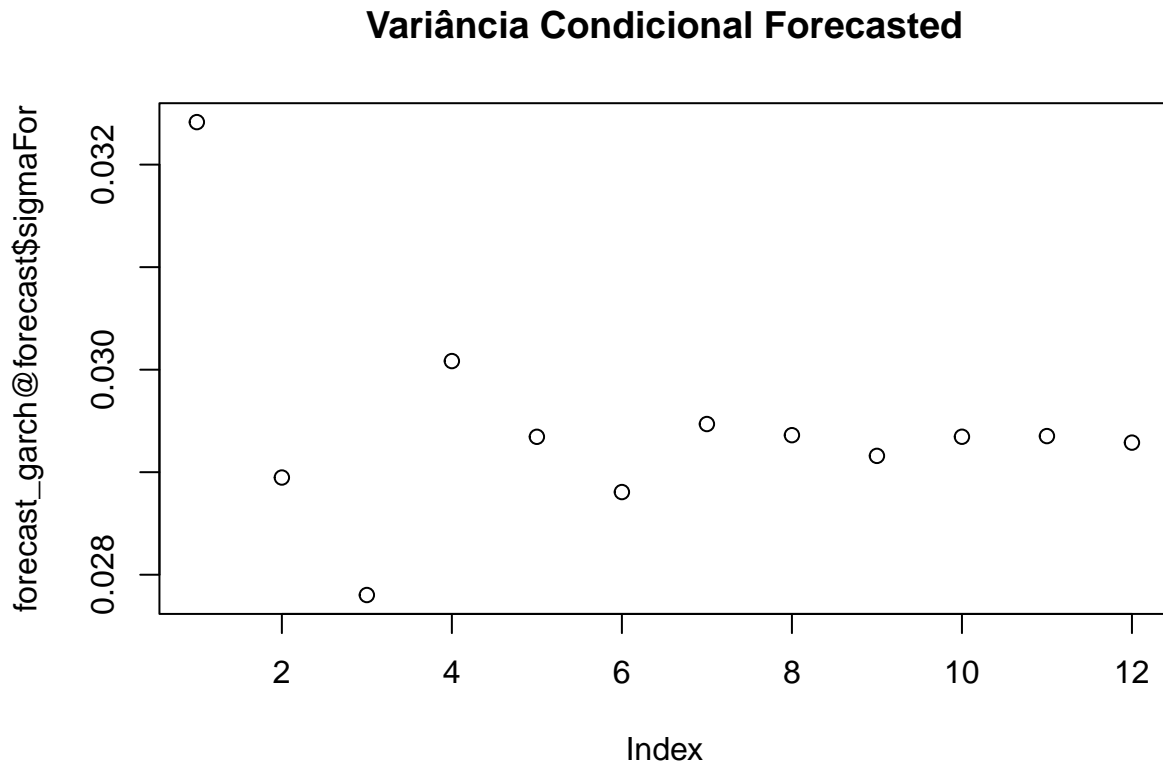
Previsão para os próximos 12 meses

```
forecast_garch <- ugarchforecast(fit_garch,
                                n.ahead = 12,
                                out.sample = 1239)
forecast_garch
```

```
##
## *-----*
## *      GARCH Model Forecast      *
## *-----*
## Model: sGARCH
## Horizon: 12
## Roll Steps: 0
## Out of Sample: 0
##
## 0-roll forecast [T0=1239-01-01]:
##      Series      Sigma
## T+1  8.148e-05  0.03241
## T+2  1.238e-04  0.02895
## T+3  1.644e-04  0.02780
## T+4  2.033e-04  0.03008
## T+5  2.407e-04  0.02935
## T+6  2.765e-04  0.02881
## T+7  3.109e-04  0.02947
## T+8  3.439e-04  0.02936
## T+9  3.755e-04  0.02916
## T+10 4.059e-04  0.02935
## T+11 4.351e-04  0.02935
## T+12 4.630e-04  0.02929
```

Forecast da Variância

```
plot(forecast_garch@forecast$sigmaFor, main = "Variância Condicional Forecasted")
```



## eGARCH

```
# Modelo eGARCH(1,1)
spec_egarch <- ugarchspec(variance.model = list(model = "eGARCH",garchOrder = c(1, 1)),
                          mean.model = list(armaOrder = c(0, 0)))
```

```
# Ajustando o modelo eGARCH(1,1) ao dados
ret_egarch11 <- ugarchfit(spec_egarch, data = ret )
```

```
# Coeficientes
ret_egarch11@fit$matcoef
```

```
##           Estimate  Std. Error  t value    Pr(>|t|)
## mu      0.0007327783 0.0007160823  1.023316 3.061586e-01
## omega  -0.4356214307 0.1440736870 -3.023602 2.497851e-03
## alpha1 -0.0508750578 0.0202840586 -2.508130 1.213720e-02
## beta1   0.9375916008 0.0199209020 47.065720 0.000000e+00
## gamma1  0.2456501084 0.0351146719  6.995654 2.640332e-12
```

```
# Information Criteria
infocriteria(ret_egarch11)
```

```
##
## Akaike      -4.426421
## Bayes      -4.405738
## Shibata    -4.426454
## Hannan-Quinn -4.418642
```

```
ret_egarch11
```

```
##
## *-----*
## *          GARCH Model Fit          *
## *-----*
##
## Conditional Variance Dynamics
## -----
## GARCH Model   : eGARCH(1,1)
## Mean Model    : ARFIMA(0,0,0)
## Distribution   : norm
##
## Optimal Parameters
## -----
##      Estimate Std. Error  t value Pr(>|t|)
## mu      0.000733   0.000716   1.0233 0.306159
## omega   -0.435621   0.144074  -3.0236 0.002498
## alpha1  -0.050875   0.020284  -2.5081 0.012137
## beta1    0.937592   0.019921  47.0657 0.000000
## gamma1   0.245650   0.035115   6.9957 0.000000
##
## Robust Standard Errors:
##      Estimate Std. Error  t value Pr(>|t|)
## mu      0.000733   0.000727   1.0073 0.313783
## omega   -0.435621   0.251554  -1.7317 0.083323
## alpha1  -0.050875   0.043745  -1.1630 0.244829
## beta1    0.937592   0.035624  26.3188 0.000000
## gamma1   0.245650   0.088519   2.7751 0.005518
##
## LogLikelihood : 2744.955
##
## Information Criteria
## -----
##
## Akaike      -4.4264
## Bayes      -4.4057
## Shibata    -4.4265
## Hannan-Quinn -4.4186
##
## Weighted Ljung-Box Test on Standardized Residuals
## -----
##                                statistic p-value
## Lag[1]                        0.02687 0.8698
```

```

## Lag[2*(p+q)+(p+q)-1][2]    0.19935  0.8546
## Lag[4*(p+q)+(p+q)-1][5]    0.60122  0.9410
## d.o.f=0
## H0 : No serial correlation
##
## Weighted Ljung-Box Test on Standardized Squared Residuals
## -----
##               statistic p-value
## Lag[1]                1.376  0.2408
## Lag[2*(p+q)+(p+q)-1][5]    2.232  0.5646
## Lag[4*(p+q)+(p+q)-1][9]    3.820  0.6195
## d.o.f=2
##
## Weighted ARCH LM Tests
## -----
##           Statistic Shape Scale P-Value
## ARCH Lag[3]  0.000279 0.500 2.000  0.9867
## ARCH Lag[5]  0.610092 1.440 1.667  0.8507
## ARCH Lag[7]  1.263246 2.315 1.543  0.8674
##
## Nyblom stability test
## -----
## Joint Statistic:  1.682
## Individual Statistics:
## mu      0.0349
## omega   0.3767
## alpha1  0.5815
## beta1   0.4202
## gamma1  0.7258
##
## Asymptotic Critical Values (10% 5% 1%)
## Joint Statistic:      1.28 1.47 1.88
## Individual Statistic:  0.35 0.47 0.75
##
## Sign Bias Test
## -----
##               t-value   prob sig
## Sign Bias      0.02444 0.98050
## Negative Sign Bias 2.41017 0.01609 **
## Positive Sign Bias 0.24694 0.80499
## Joint Effect     8.17625 0.04251 **
##
##
## Adjusted Pearson Goodness-of-Fit Test:
## -----
##   group statistic p-value(g-1)
## 1    20      57.44   9.746e-06
## 2    30      73.71   9.260e-06
## 3    40      77.93   2.118e-04
## 4    50     105.70   4.828e-06
##
##
## Elapsed time : 0.379895

```

```
forc <- ugarchforecast(ret_egarch11, n.ahead=12)
forc
```

```
##
## *-----*
## *      GARCH Model Forecast      *
## *-----*
## Model: eGARCH
## Horizon: 12
## Roll Steps: 0
## Out of Sample: 0
##
## 0-roll forecast [T0=1239-01-01]:
##      Series   Sigma
## T+1  0.0007328 0.03114
## T+2  0.0007328 0.03110
## T+3  0.0007328 0.03106
## T+4  0.0007328 0.03103
## T+5  0.0007328 0.03099
## T+6  0.0007328 0.03096
## T+7  0.0007328 0.03093
## T+8  0.0007328 0.03090
## T+9  0.0007328 0.03088
## T+10 0.0007328 0.03086
## T+11 0.0007328 0.03083
## T+12 0.0007328 0.03081
```

```
plot(forc@forecast$sigmaFor)
```

