# Topics in Privacy & Security

# Trust-Enhanced Reputation Metrics

## Y1481702

## March 11, 2018

# Contents

i	Description	1
ii	Analysis	1
iii	Simulated Attacks	2
iv	Results	2
$\mathbf{v}$	Appendix	3
	v.1 run.php	3
	v.2 attack.php	5
	v.1 run.php	5
	v.4 process.php	6
	v.5 output.php	9

#### i Description

In my implementation of the tool, a number of steps have been taken to help the tool scale. The tool utilises relational databases to quickly access product rating data. CUSTOMERS and PRODUCTS as mentioned in the pseudocode are tables in the database. This means that the tool does not need to store all data in memory which is usually the most limited resource.

As is visible from the pseudocode of the tool, I have also attempted to cut down on superfluous computation wherever possible.

```
MAX.RATE, ALPHA, FILE = take input from user
1
   CUSTOMERS, \ PRODUCTS = \ initialise \ empty \ array: \ [\,]
2
3
   for each RATING of PRODUCT_J by CUSTOMER_I in FILE:
4
5
       if RATING made by a new customer:
         CUSTOMERS. append (New CUSTOMER I with Default Trust Level of 0.5)
6
7
8
       if RATING made of a new PRODUCT:
         PRODUCTS. append (New PRODUCT_J with RATING)
9
10
          continue to next RATING
11
       else:
12
          Update the Product Rating for PRODUCT_J
13
      for each CUSTOMER of PRODUCT_J in CUSTOMERS:
14
15
          Update the Trust Level of CUSTOMER
16
       for each PRODUCT bought by CUSTOMERS of PRODUCT_J:
17
18
          Update the Product Rating of PRODUCT
```

On Line 6 of the above pseudocode, Equation 3 (from the brief) always returns 0.5 when run with an empty set of products. There is no need to run this calculation equation each time, and not doing so will save us a small amount of compute time. On Line 10, in the case that this rating is for a new product, the algorithm skips the updating of related customers and products as this will have little effect. This is because, if a product only has one customer, its overall rating is the same as that customer's rating.

The loops to update customer trust levels and product ratings on Lines 14 and 17 respectively, are kept to a minimum by filtering down to only updating trust levels of customers that bought the newly rated product. For efficiency, the final implementation need to take care to ensure that each of customer and product is updated only once. If required, further steps to reduce runtime that have not been taken in my implementation, could include only updating Product Ratings (Line 18) if the customer trust levels have changed significantly and running trust level (Line 15) and product rating (Line 18) updates in different, parallel threads.

As systems scale, they are more likely to become the target of a form of cyber attack. Prepared statements have been used to sanitise inputs whenever input data from outside the program's control is entered into the database in order to protect against SQL injection attacks.

#### ii Analysis

1

## iii Simulated Attacks

Self-promoting attacks of varying sizes have been simulated on product #4, this is shown by Fig. 2a. Slander attacks of varying sizes have been simulated on product #29, this is shown by Fig. 2b.

#### iv Results

The results show that the system is least susceptible to attack when an  $\alpha$  value of 2 is used. Using values of alpha that ignore new reviews may prevent genuine customer reviewers' opinions from being heard.

## v Appendix

```
as10–240–235–63:Programming Oliver$ php run.php
Max Rate: 5
|Alpha: 1
| 1.69 (3.88)
| 2 1.48 (2.33)
| 3 1.44 (1.59)
| 4 1.52 (1.59)
| 5 1.51 (1.88)
| 6 1.47 (2.59)
| 7 4.31 (2.69)
| 8 1.62 (2.29)
| 9 1.57 (1.69)
| 1.57 (1.69)
| 1.57 (1.69)
| 1.57 (1.69)
| 1.57 (1.69)
| 2.45 (2.43)
| 11 1.85 (2.14)
| 12 1.87 (1.88)
| 14 2.54 (2.25)
| 14 2.56 (2.49)
| 15 2.71 (2.69)
| 15 2.71 (2.69)
| 16 2.32 (2.39)
| 17 2.54 (2.36)
| 18 2.61 (2.62)
| 19 2.61 (2.62)
| 19 2.61 (2.77)
| 20 2.78 (2.79)
| 21 2.77 (2.64)
| 23 4.94 (3.79)
| 24 4.98 (3.67)
| 25 3.88 (3.79)
| 26 4.99 (4.98)
| 27 4.33 (3.93)
| 28 4.45 (4.98)
| 29 4.41 (4.44)
| 30 4.26 (4.25)
| 31 4.34 (3.98)
| 32 4.98 (4.98)
| 33 4.98 (4.98)
| 34 3.99 (4.98)
| 35 4.13 (3.75)
  1 0.33
2 0.67
3 0.67
4 0.50
5 0.75
6 0.75
7 0.83
8 0.62
9 0.44
  14 0.09
15 0.83
16 0.87
17 0.86
18 0.93
19 0.81
20 0.81
21 0.76
22 0.82
23 0.75
24 0.79
25 0.74
       25 0.74
26 0.78
27 0.85
28 0.67
29 0.70
30 0.79
                                                                                                                                                                             (a) \alpha = 1
```

```
nas10–240–235–63:Programming Oliver$ php run.php
[Max Rate: 55 [Alpha: 1.5]
1.1.59 (3.08)
2.1.31 (2.33)
3.1.49 (1.58)
4.1.54 (1.59)
5.1.58 (1.88)
6.1.62 (2.58)
7.3.78 (2.68)
8.1.65 (2.28)
9.1.62 (1.68)
18.2.39 (2.43)
11.1.90 (2.14)
12.1.87 (1.88)
13.2.29 (2.25)
14.2.52 (2.48)
15.2.75 (2.68)
16.2.75 (2.68)
17.2.43 (2.36)
18.2.64 (2.62)
19.2.68 (2.77)
20.2.80 (2.79)
21.2.75 (2.64)
23.2.1 (3.21)
23.3.94 (3.79)
24.4.18 (3.67)
25.3.98 (3.79)
26.4.00 (4.00)
27.4.32 (3.93)
38.4.38 (4.90)
29.4.43 (4.44)
30.4.26 (4.25)
31.4.41 (3.69)
32.4.00 (4.00)
33.4.00 (4.00)
35.4.00 (4.00)
35.4.00 (4.00)
35.4.00 (4.00)
    1 0.33
2 0.67
4 0.50
5 0.75
6 0.75
7 0.83
8 0.75
9 0.89
10 0.44
11 0.15
    12 8.91
13 8.82
14 8.18
15 8.92
16 8.93
17 8.86
18 8.93
19 8.94
22 8.88
23 8.94
24 8.89
25 8.89
26 8.89
27 8.85
           28 0.93
29 0.95
```

#### (b) $\alpha = 1.5$

#### v.1 run.php

```
1 <?php
2 require_once("setup.php");
3 require_once("process.php");</pre>
```

```
5–63:Programming Oliver$ php run.php
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           nas10–240–235–63:Programming Oliver$ php run.php
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |Max Rate: 5
|Alpha: 5
|1 2.97 (3.00)
|2 2.34 (2.33)
 Max Rate: 5
Alpha: 2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  4 1.58 (1.59)
5 1.86 (1.88)
6 2.48 (2.59)
7 2.64 (2.68)
8 2.22 (2.28)
9 1.59 (1.68)
11 2.13 (2.14)
12 1.87 (1.88)
13 2.25 (2.25)
14 2.42 (2.48)
15 2.68 (2.69)
16 2.38 (2.38)
17 2.36 (2.36)
18 2.62 (2.62)
19 2.76 (2.77)
20 2.88 (2.79)
21 2.67 (2.64)
22 3.22 (3.21)
23 3.79 (3.79)
24 3.85 (3.67)
25 3.79 (3.79)
26 4.08 (4.08)
29 4.33 (4.44)
30 4.26 (4.25)
31 3.82 (3.08)
32 4.08 (4.08)
32 4.08 (4.08)
33 4.08 (4.08)
34 4.08 (4.08)
35 3.74 (3.75)
9 1.61 (1.69)
18 2.41 (2.43)
11 2.84 (2.14)
12 1.88 (1.88)
13 2.33 (2.25)
14 2.47 (2.48)
15 2.73 (2.68)
16 2.29 (2.38)
17 2.41 (2.36)
18 2.62 (2.62)
19 2.68 (2.77)
20 2.89 (2.79)
21 2.72 (2.64)
22 3.22 (3.21)
23 3.88 (3.79)
24 4.12 (3.67)
25 3.86 (3.79)
26 4.90 (4.90)
27 4.22 (3.93)
28 4.24 (4.90)
29 4.43 (4.44)
29 4.43 (4.44)
30 4.25 (4.25)
31 4.18 (3.98)
32 4.90 (4.90)
33 4.90 (4.90)
33 4.90 (4.90)
35 4.83 (3.75)
1 0.33
2 0.67
3 0.67
4 0.50
5 0.75
6 0.75
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   1 0.67
2 0.67
3 0.67
4 0.50
5 0.75
6 0.75
7 0.83
8 0.88
9 0.89
10 0.44
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     7 0.83
8 0.88
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   11 0.92
12 0.91
13 0.91
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   14 0.91
15 0.92
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   16 0.93
17 0.93
18 0.93
19 0.94
20 0.94
21 0.94
22 0.94
23 0.94
24 0.95
25 0.95
26 0.94
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                (d) \alpha = 5
                                                                                                          (c) \alpha = 2
```

Figure 1: Tool Output for Varying Alpha

```
while (! feof($myfile)) {
               //FOR EACH RATING.. update the database:
               $\data = \text{explode("_", fgets($myfile));}
 7
               if(count($data) != 3){break;}
 8
               customer_id = data[0];
 9
                product_id = data[1];
10
                farsting = farstantial farst
11
12
13
               log_new_rating($db, $data[0], $data[1], $data[2]);
14
       fclose ($myfile);
15
16
        if (basename(__FILE__) == basename($_SERVER["SCRIPT_FILENAME"])) {
17
18
               //Only run output if file was run DIRECTLY from console,
19
               //NOT included in another file: i.e. attack.php
               base\_output = "output/Alpha\_" . strval(ALPHA) . "\_";
20
21
               require_once("output.php");
22 }
        v.2
                  attack.php
 1
       <?php
        $attack_type = readline("Attack_Type_(slander/promote):_");
        require_once("run.php");
        for (\$j = 0; \$j < 5; \$j++){}
 6
 7
               for(\$i = 0; \$i < 5; \$i++){
 8
                       //Rating is 0 if slander, MAX_RATE if self-promoting
 9
                       $rating = ($attack_type == "slander") ? 0: MAX.RATE;
                       //Null customer rating- creates new customer id
10
                       //product id = 29, as stated in question
11
                       log_new_rating($db, null, 4, $rating);
12
13
14
               $base_output = "output/" . ucfirst($attack_type) . "_"
15
16
                       strval($attack * ($j + 1)) . "_Alpha_" . strval(ALPHA) . "_";
17
               require("output.php");
18 }
        \mathbf{v.3}
                    setup.php
      <?php
       $filename = readline("Input_File:_");
        $myfile = fopen($filename, "r");
        define("MAX_RATE", intval(readline("Max_Rate:_")));
 6
        define("ALPHA", floatval(readline("Alpha:_")));
 7
 8
        $db = new mysqli("localhost", "psec", "password");
        $db->query("DROP_DATABASE_psec_assessment;");
        table_setup =
```

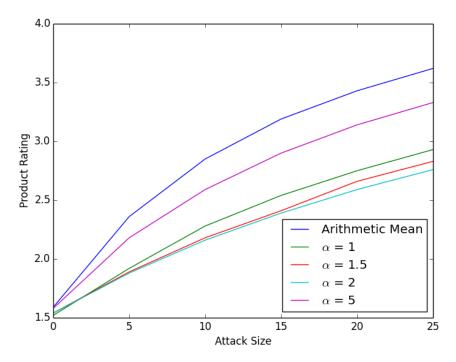
```
___CREATE_DATABASE_psec_assessment;
   ___USE_psec_assessment;
   ___CREATE_TABLE_ratings (
15
   ___ id _INT_AUTO_INCREMENT_PRIMARY_KEY,
   ___customer_id_INT,
16
17
   ___product_id_INT,
18
   ___rating_INT
19
20
   ___CREATE_TABLE_customers(
  ....id_INT_AUTO_INCREMENT_PRIMARY_KEY,
  ___ trust_level_FLOAT
23
24
   ___CREATE_TABLE_products(
   ....id_INT_AUTO_INCREMENT_PRIMARY_KEY,
   ___rating_FLOAT
27
   ___);
28
   $db->multi_query($table_setup);
30
   while ($db->more_results()) {
      res = db->next_result();
31
32
        process.php
   \mathbf{v.4}
   <?php
   function log_new_rating($db, $customer_id, $product_id, $rating){
3
      $trust = 0.5; //Equation 3 returns 0.5 when given the EMPTY SET
4
      //Check if this is a new user:
5
      if(scustomer_id = null)
6
          //This is a simulated attack:
7
          //completely new customer ID must be created:
8
          $stmt = $db->prepare(
9
             "INSERT_INTO_customers_(trust_level)_VALUES(?);"
10
          );
          $stmt->bind_param("s", $trust);
11
12
          $stmt->execute();
13
14
          $customer_id = $db->insert_id;
15
      }else{
16
          $stmt = $db->prepare(
             "SELECT_COUNT(*) _FROM_customers_where_id =?;"
17
          );
18
19
          $stmt->bind_param("s", $customer_id);
20
          $stmt->execute();
21
          if(\$stmt \rightarrow get_result() \rightarrow fetch_assoc()["COUNT(*)"] == 0)
22
             //initialise trust level if new customer: This is 0.5
             if(\$stmt =
23
24
                $db->prepare(
                   "INSERT_INTO_customers_VALUES_(?,_?);"
25
26
27
                $stmt->bind_param("ss", $customer_id, $trust);
28
                $stmt->execute();
29
             }
```

```
30
         }
31
32
33
       //LOG THE NEW RATING:
34
35
       $stmt = $db->prepare(
36
          "INSERT_INTO_ratings_(customer_id,_product_id,_rating)
37
   \square VALUES(?, \square?, \square?);
38
      );
39
      $stmt->bind_param("sss", $customer_id, $product_id, $rating);
40
      $stmt->execute();
41
       //Calculate overall product rating
42
43
       $stmt = $db->prepare("SELECT_COUNT(*) LFROM_products_where_id=?;");
44
       $stmt->bind_param("s", $product_id);
45
      $stmt->execute();
       //If NEW product
46
       if(\$stmt->get_result()->fetch_assoc()["COUNT(*)"] == 0)
47
48
          //initialise rating with the rating of the NEW customer:
          if($stmt = $db->prepare("INSERT_INTO_products_VALUES_(?, _?);")){
49
             $stmt->bind-param("ss", $product_id, floatval($rating));
50
51
             $stmt->execute();
52
          //NEW PRODUCT, nothing left to update?
53
54
          return;
       }//IF EXISTING product:
55
56
57
       //Update trust levels of all customers who bought this product
58
       $stmt = $db->prepare(
59
          "SELECT_customer_id_FROM_ratings_WHERE_product_id=?;"
60
      $stmt->bind_param("s", $product_id);
61
62
       $stmt->execute();
63
       result = stmt->get_result();
64
       \mathbf{while}(\$row = \$result \rightarrow fetch_assoc()) 
          update_trust($db, $row["customer_id"]);
65
66
67
      }
68
69
      //Recalculate all products other than project j
70
       //LIMIT THIS TO PRODUCTS THAT HAVE BEEN AFFECTED!:
71
       $stmt = $db->prepare(
72
          "SELECT_DISTINCT_product_id_FROM_ratings
73
   ____WHERE_customer_id_IN
   ____(SELECT_customer_id_FROM_ratings_WHERE_product_id_=_?)"
74
75
       );
76
      $stmt->bind_param("s", $product_id);
77
      $stmt->execute();
78
       result = stmt - set_result();
79
      \mathbf{while}(\$row = \$result - \gt fetch_assoc()) 
          update_rating($db, $row["product_id"]);
80
81
```

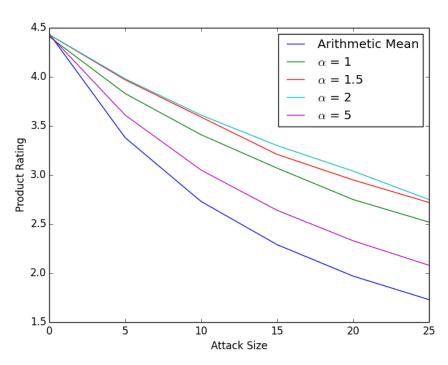
```
82
   }
83
    function update_rating($db, $product_id){
84
85
       $stmt = $db->prepare(
          "SELECT_rating, _trust_level_FROM_ratings, _customers
86
87
    ____WHERE_customer_id _=_customers.id _AND_product_id _=_?;"
88
       );
89
       $stmt->bind_param("s", $product_id);
       $stmt->execute();
90
91
       result = stmt - set_result();
92
93
       //Equation 2 (Brief.pdf):
       numerator = 0;
94
95
       denominator = 0;
96
       foreach($result as $rating){
97
          $numerator += $rating["rating"] * $rating["trust_level"];
98
99
          $denominator += $rating["trust_level"];
100
101
       $stmt = $db->prepare("UPDATE_products_SET_rating ==_?_WHERE_id ==_?;");
102
103
       $rating = $numerator / $denominator;
       $stmt->bind_param("ss", $rating, $product_id);
104
105
       $stmt->execute();
106
    }
107
108
    function update_trust($db, $customer_id){
109
       fetch\_products = "SELECT"
110
111
    ----ratings.rating_AS_customer_rating,
    ___ products.rating_AS_overall_rating
112
113
    FROM_ratings, products
    ____WHERE_product_id=products.id_AND_customer_id=?;";
114
115
116
       $stmt = $db->prepare($fetch_products);
       \rm stmt->bind_param("s", scustomer_id);
117
       $stmt->execute();
118
119
       result = stmt->get_result();
120
121
       $stmt = $db->prepare(
122
          "UPDATE_customers_SET_trust_level_=_?_WHERE_id_=_?;"
123
       $tl = trust_index($result);
124
125
       $stmt->bind_param("ss", $tl, $customer_id);
       $stmt->execute();
126
127
128
    //Equation 3 (Brief.pdf):
    function trust_index($products){
130
       numerator = 1;
131
132
       denominator = 2;
133
```

```
134
        foreach($products as $product){
135
            $numerator += is_trusted(
               $product["overall_rating"],
136
               $product["customer_rating"]
137
138
            );
139
            $denominator++;
140
141
        }
142
143
        return $numerator / $denominator;
144
145
    //Equation 4 (Brief.pdf):
146
147
    function is_trusted($overall_rating, $customer_rating){
        if(abs(\$overall\_rating - \$customer\_rating) \le ALPHA)
148
149
            return 1;
150
151
        return 0;
152
    }
    v.5
          output.php
    <?php
    //Output to file or console:
    \$customers = \mathbf{fopen}(\$base\_output \ . \ "Customers.txt" \,, \ "w");
    $products = fopen($base_output . "Products.txt", "w");
 6
    $rep_based = $db->query("SELECT_*_FROM_products;");
    $average = $db->query(
 7
 8
        "SELECT_AVG(rating)_rating_FROM_ratings
    \verb| LLLGROUP_BY_product_id_ORDER_BY_product_id;"
 9
 10
    foreach($rep_based as $product){
 11
 12
        $avg = $average -> fetch_assoc();
 13
        \text{\$out\_str} = \mathbf{sprintf}(\text{``\%u\_\%0.2f\_(\%0.2f)} \setminus \text{n''},
 14
 15
            $product["id"],
            $product["rating"],
 16
            $avg["rating"]
 17
 18
        );
 19
 20
        echo $out_str;
 21
        fwrite($products, $out_str);
 22
 23
    echo "\n";
     $result = $db->query("SELECT_*_*_FROM_customers;");
 24
 25
    foreach($result as $customer){
        \text{\$out\_str} = \mathbf{sprintf}(\text{``%u\_\%0.2f} \ \text{'n''},
26
           $customer["id"],
 27
 28
            $customer["trust_level"]
 29
        );
 30
 31
        echo $out_str;
```

```
32 \quad \mbox{fwrite($customers, $out\_str);} \\ 33 \quad \}
```



(a) Effect of Self-Promotion Attacks of Varying Sizes on Product  $4\,$ 



(b) Effect of Slander Attacks of Varying Sizes on Product 29

Figure 2: Attacks on the Online Store Rating System