The tree height is  $n/\alpha$  and each level is  $c(n-i\alpha)$ ,

thus,  $h=n/\alpha$   $T(n) = \frac{h}{2}c(n-i\alpha) + (n/\alpha)c\alpha$   $= \frac{h}{2cn} - \frac{h}{2}ci\alpha + (n/\alpha)c\alpha$   $= cn^2/\alpha - \theta(n) + \theta(n)$   $= \theta(n^2).$