# METWORKING

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# "How did the investor know Apple's stock was going to go up?"

He had incider information.

### ASYNCHRONICITY



#### DELEGATES

```
protocol CharacterUpdateDelegate {
    func didUpdate(characters: [Character])
}

extension CharactersListStore: CharacterUpdateDelegate {
    func didUpdate(characters: [Character]) {
        self.characters = characters
    }
}
```

#### CLOSURES

#### COMBINE

```
extension CharactersListStore {
    func fetch() {
        getCharacters().sink { characters in
            self.characters = characters
        .store(in: &cancellable)
    func getCharacters() -> AnyPublisher<[Character], Never> {
        Just([Character.mock]).eraseToAnyPublisher()
```

#### **ASYNC/AWAIT**

```
extension CharactersListStore {
    func fetch() async {
        let characters = await getCharacters()
        self.characters = characters
    func getCharacters() async -> [Character] {
        [Character.mock]
```

## NETWORKING PROTOCOLS



### REST

- HTTP
- Client <-> Server
- Stateless
- Uniform interface



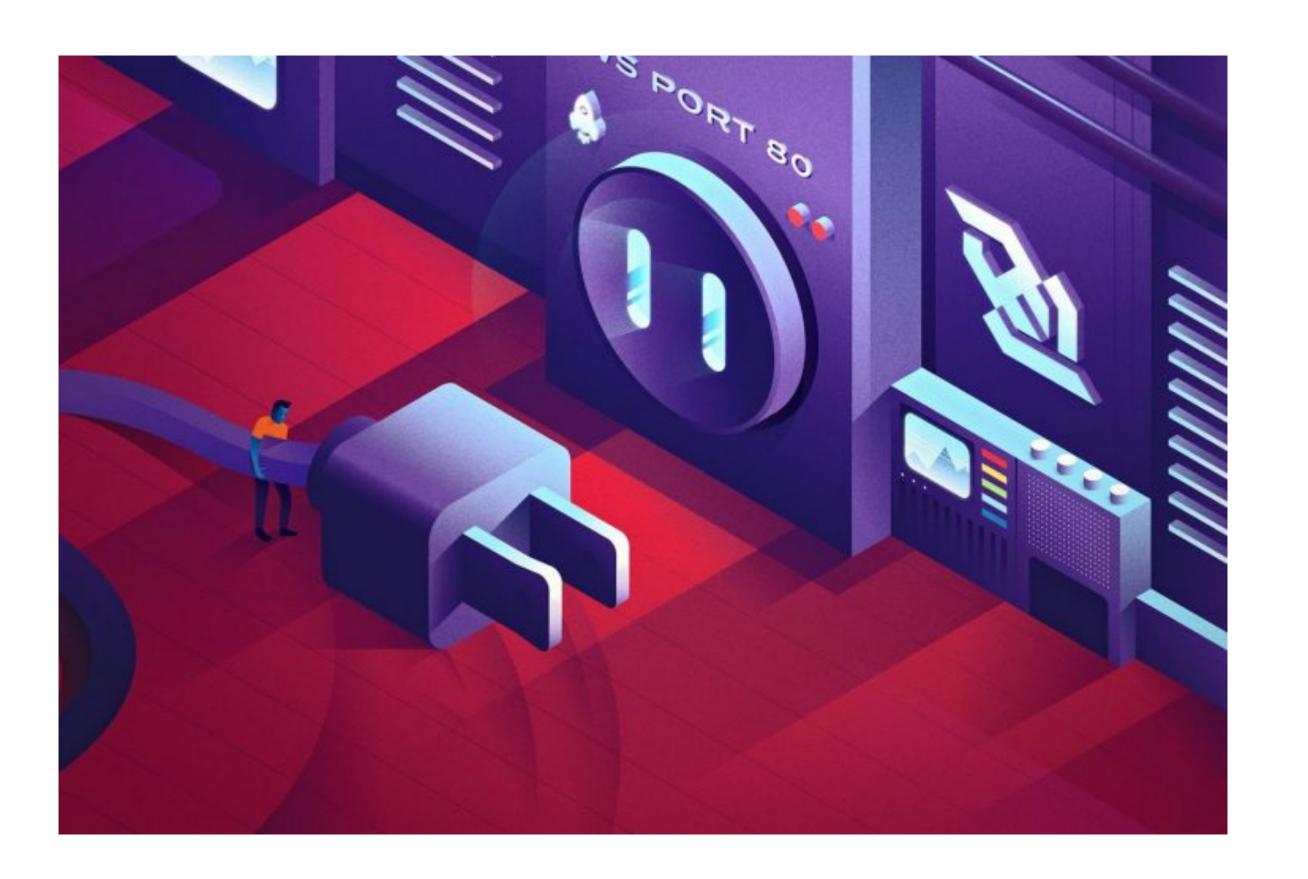


### GRAPHQL

```
Define types fields functions
                                  Run the query
                                                                    Return results
type Query{
                                                                        "me":{
   me: User
                                      me{
                                                                           "name":"John Doe"
                                         name
type User{
   id: ID
   name: String
function Query_me(request){
   returnrequest.auth.useri
function User_name(user){
   returnuser · getName();
```

### REAL TIME COMMUNICATION

- Web sockets (URLSessionWebSocketTask)
- Firebase
- WebRTC
- MQTT



## URLS ESSION



#### CONFIGURATION

- Special sessions
- Setting common parameters
- Internet connection type
- Caching

```
let configuration = URLSessionConfiguration.default
configuration.allowsCellularAccess = false
configuration.timeoutIntervalForRequest = 30
configuration.httpAdditionalHeaders = ["User-Agent": "MyApp 1.0"]

let session = URLSession(
    configuration: configuration,
    delegate: nil,
    delegateQueue: nil
)
```

### URLREQUEST

- Different parameters
- Custom headers
- Overrides session defaults
- Same code across the app

```
let url = URL(string: "https://www.strv.com")!
var request = URLRequest(url: url)
request.httpMethod = "GET"
request.timeoutInterval = 10
request.cachePolicy = .useProtocolCachePolicy
request.addValue(
    "Bearer 123",
    forHTTPHeaderField: "Authorization"
```

#### DATA TASK

- Asynchronous data task
- Closure, Combine, async/await variants
- Upload/download tasks
- Returns Data & URLResponse

```
do {
    let (data, response) = try await session.data(for: request)
    print(data)
    print(response)
} catch {
    print(error)
}
```

# CODABLE



### JSON REPRESENTATION

- Typical server response
- Other file formats can be implemented
- Different date formats
- Custom case conversion

```
▼ 0 {12}
     id : 42
     name: Big Head Morty
     status: unknown
     species : Human
     type: Human with giant head
     gender: Male
  ▼ origin {2}
        name: unknown
        url: value
  ▼ location {2}
        name: Citadel of Ricks
        url: https://rickandmortyapi.com/api/location/3
     image : https://rickandmortyapi.com/api/character/avatar/42.jpeg
  ▼ episode [1]
        0 : https://rickandmortyapi.com/api/episode/22
     url: https://rickandmortyapi.com/api/character/42
     created: 2017-11-05T10:15:53.349Z
```

#### SWIFT REPRESENTATION

- Struct
- Nesting other structs
- Computed vars

```
struct Character {
   let id: Int
   let name: String
   let species: String
   let type: String
   let gender: String
   let origin: CharacterOrigin
   let location: CharacterLocation
   let imageUrl: URL
   let episodeUrls: [URL]
   var episodeIds: [Int] {
        episodeUrls
            .compactMap {
                Int($0.lastPathComponent)
```

#### DECODABLE

```
enum CodingKeys: String, CodingKey {
    case id
    case name
    case species
    case type
    case gender
    case origin
    case location
    case imageUrl = "image"
    case episodeUrls = "episode"
}
```

```
struct Character: Decodable {
   let id: Int
    let name: String
    let species: String
    let type: String
    let gender: String
   let origin: CharacterOrigin
   let location: CharacterLocation
    let imageUrl: URL
   let episodeUrls: [URL]
    var episodeIds: [Int] {
        episodeUrls
            .compactMap {
                Int($0.lastPathComponent)
```

## APIMANAGER



### MANAGER LAYER



#### APIMANAGER PROTOCOL

- Consumes any request
- That returns Decodable model
- Is async
- Either throws or returns model

```
protocol APIManaging {
    func request<T: Decodable>(
        endpoint: Endpoint
    ) async throws -> T
}
```

#### CONFIGURATION

- URLSession configuration
- OAuth
- Decoder
- Upload
- Download
- Environments

```
final class APIManager: APIManaging {
    private lazy var urlSession: URLSession = {
        let config = URLSessionConfiguration.default
        config.timeoutIntervalForRequest = 30
        config.timeoutIntervalForResource = 30
        return URLSession(configuration: config)
    }()
    private lazy var dateFormatter: DateFormatter = {
        let formatter = DateFormatter()
        formatter.dateFormat = "yyyy-MM-dd"
        return formatter
    }()
    private lazy var decoder: JSONDecoder = {
        let decoder = JSONDecoder()
        decoder.keyDecodingStrategy = .convertFromSnakeCase
        decoder.dateDecodingStrategy = .formatted(dateFormatter)
        return decoder
    }()
```

# ROUTER



#### ROUTER PROTOCOL

- Abstraction of URLRequest
- Allows to define default behaviour
- Ability to mock an endpoint
- Customisable

```
protocol Endpoint {
    var path: String { get }
    var method: HTTPMethod { get }
    var urlParameters: [String: Any]? { get }
    var headers: [String: String]? { get }

func asRequest() throws -> URLRequest
}
```

#### **IMPLEMENTATION**

- Each request is bound to a router
- Using default implementation
- Ability to customise each request
- Extendable

```
enum CharactersRouter {
   case getCharacters(page: Int?)
    case getCharacter(id: Character.ID)
extension CharactersRouter: Endpoint {
   var path: String {
        switch self {
        case .getCharacters:
           return "character"
        case let .getCharacter(id):
           return "character/\(id)"
   var urlParameters: [String: Any]? {
        switch self {
        case let .getCharacters(.some(page)):
           return ["page": page]
        case .getCharacters, .getCharacter:
            return nil
```

# STATE MANAGEMENT



#### STATE DEFINITION

```
enum State: Equatable {
    case initial
    case loading
    case finished(loadingMore: Bool)
    case failed
}
```

#### STATE CHANGES

```
do {
    let response: PaginatedResponse<Character> = try await
        apiManager.request(endpoint)
    currentResponseInfo = response.info
    characters += response.results
    state = .finished(loadingMore: false)
} catch {
    Logger.log("\(error)", .error)
    state = .failed
```

## LIWE GODING



# THANK YOU.

# QUESTIONS