

# Software Supply Chain Security

## *An Industry Approach, CDF – Security SIG*

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# Agenda

Concepts

User Scenarios

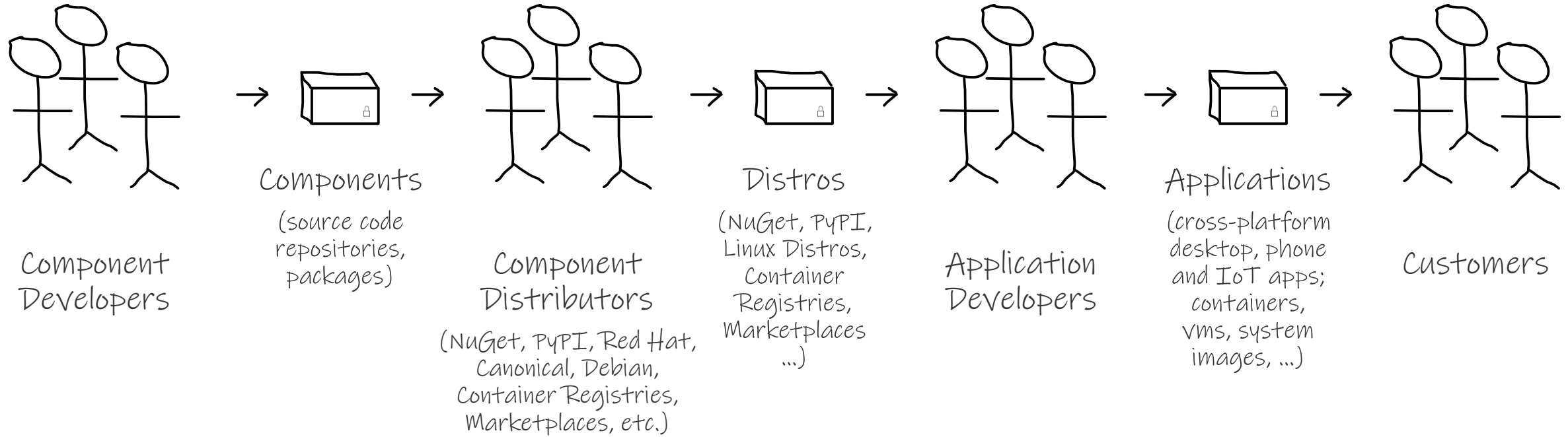
Demo – in-toto and KubeSec

Industry Collaboration

Timeline

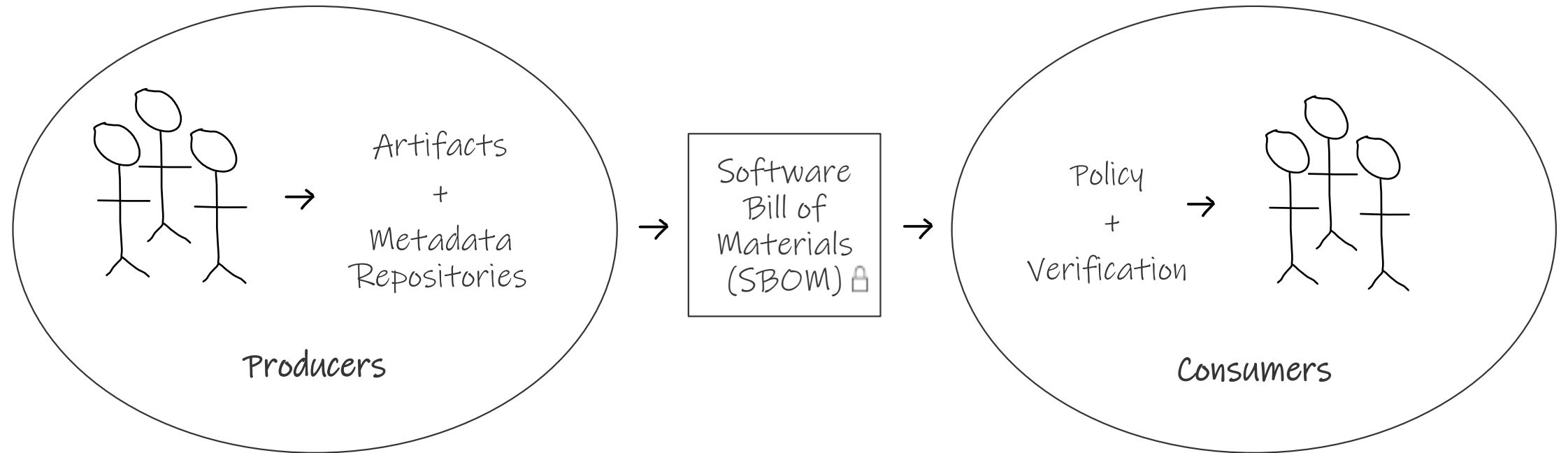
How to Get Involved

# Software Supply Chain - Overview



Job to be Done: As a participant in the software supply chain, I can produce and consume trustworthy software.

# Software Supply Chain – Concepts



# Artifact

- Component of Software
  - File
  - Package - grouping of files
  - Package repository - grouping of packages
  - Container - grouping of packages and files
  - Cloud Service - grouping of containers, packages and files
  - Installed System – grouping of packages and files
  - Snippet - byte range in a file

# Artifact metadata

- Describes artifacts
  - Identity (name, producer, version, hash)
  - Authenticity (cryptographic signatures)
  - Build information (tools, environment, configuration)
  - Intellectual property information (license)
  - Relationships with other artifacts (describes, contains)

# Metadata Repositories

- Distribute Metadata
  - Storage, query and retrieval
  - Cryptographically sign metadata
  - Manage key distribution, revocation and replacement
- Examples (future):
  - Source Code Repositories – e.g. GitHub, GitLabs, etc.
  - Container Registries - Docker, Google, Microsoft, etc.
  - Package Repositories - Windows Update, Debian, Red Hat, etc.
  - Installed System Package Repositories - Windows, iOS, Linux, etc.

# Software Bill of Materials (SBOM)

- Allows artifact metadata exchange
  - Data format for exchange between producers and consumers
  - Standard format based on XML Metadata Interchange (XMI)
  - Can be converted to JSON, XML, other data formats



# Artifact Policy

- Describes requirements for artifact consumption
  - Allowed producers
  - Allowed licenses
  - Allowed build environments
  - Required security steps (e.g. scanning)
  - Required certifications (e.g. SDL, industry audits)
  - Expected order of steps in the chain (e.g. to prevent man in the middle attacks)

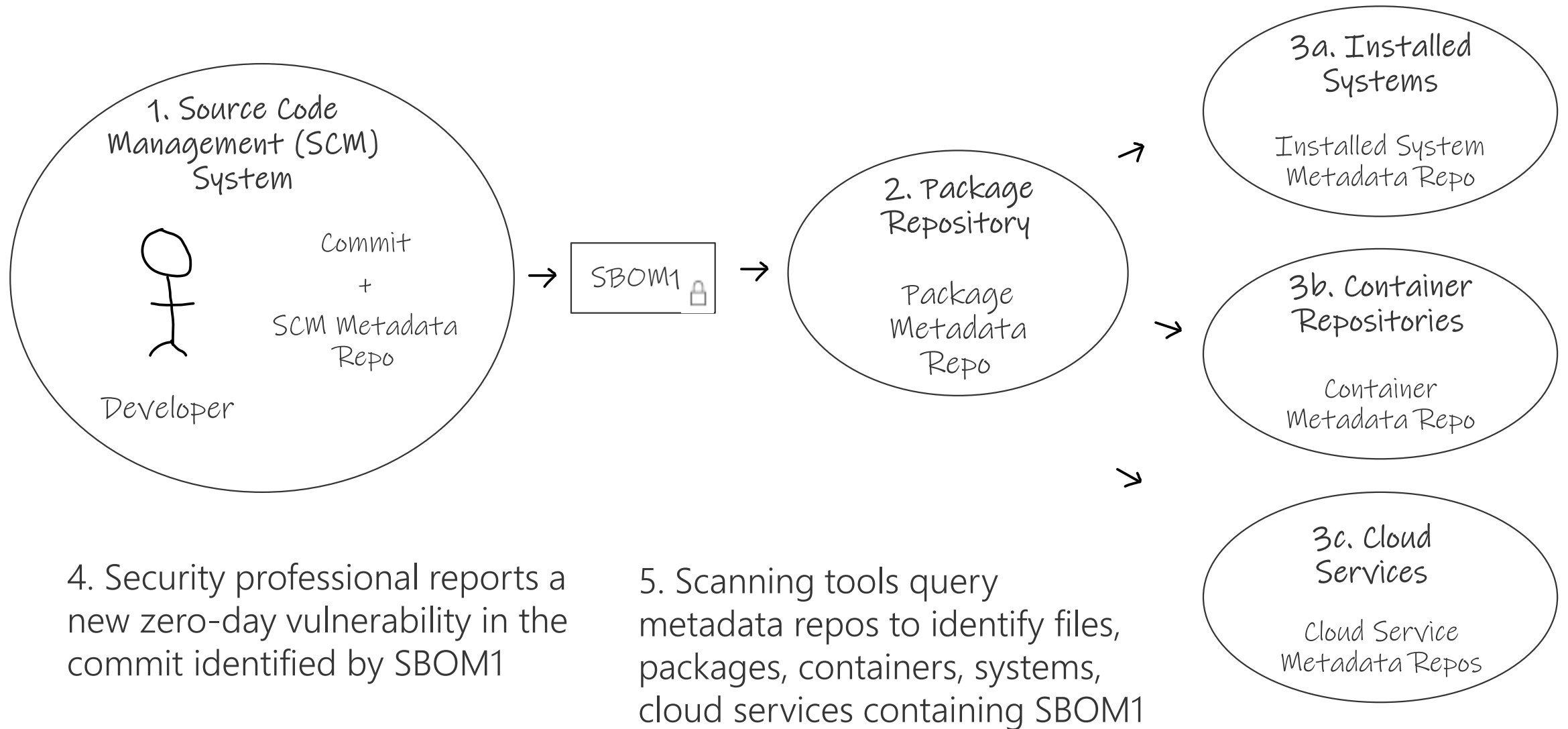
# Artifact Verification

- Allows inspection and policy enforcement of artifacts
  - Signature verification
  - Artifact hash validation
  - License validation
  - Build/build environment validation (e.g. reproducible build)
  - Required steps validation
  - Required certification validation

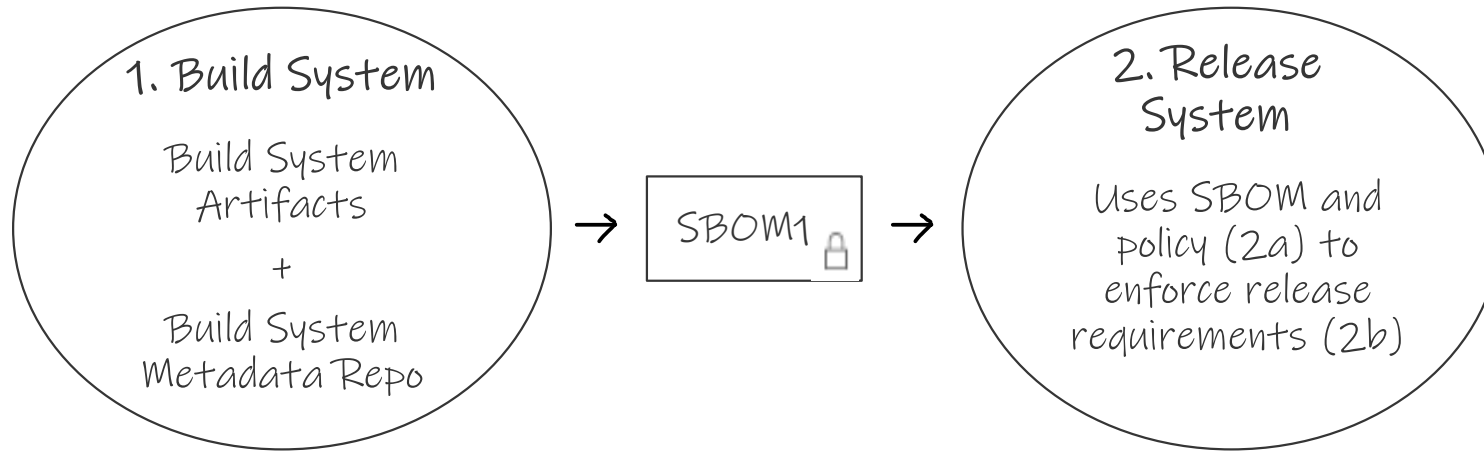
# Software Supply Chain - Scenarios

Scenario	Description	Bill of Materials	Policy
Identity	Enable unambiguous referral to software components, e.g. to consume, purchase, transfer, inventory or associate with outside databases, e.g. security vulnerability	Unique identity	Allowed identities
Build Security	Enable validation of choices made for securing software during the creation process (pedigree)	Information about build environment	Allowed build environments
Authenticity	Enable validation of the software provider (provenance)	Cryptographic signature	Allowed signatures
Integrity	Enable validation of whether software (or the SBOM itself) has been altered, e.g. during transmission or on deployed systems	SBOM signature, component hashes	Allowed hash and signature types
License	Enable validation of proper and legal use of software	Intellectual property information	Allowed intellectual property
Chain of Custody	Enable validation that software has completed expected steps in expected order, e.g. including security and compliance audits	Steps in the chain	Allowed and required steps and order

# Identity Scenario – Security Vulnerability



# Integrity Scenario – Enforce Signature and Hash



## 2a. Policy:

- Signature of build system must match signature of allowed build systems
- Hashes of received artifacts must match hash in SBOM

## 2b. Verification:

- Allowed build system?
- Hashes match?

# Chain of Custody Scenario – Enforce Certifications



## 3a. Policy

- Compliance service must be in chain
- Compliance report must be positive



# Software Supply Chain - Collaboration

## IDEs

Android Studio, Code Blocks, ppCode, CodeCharge Studio, Atom, CodeLobster, BlueJ, CodePen, Clion, DataGrip, Cloud9 IDE, Eclipse, GoLand, IDLE, IntelliJ, IDEA LINX, Microsoft Visual Studio, MPLAB, NetBeans, PhpStorm, Pycharm, Rider, RubyMine, Spiralogs Application Architecture, WebStorm, Xcode, Zend Studio

## Frameworks/Libraries/Tools

.NET, Angular, Ansible, Apache Spark, ASP.NET, Bootstrap, Chef, Cordova, CryEngine, Django, Drupal, Express, Flask, Flutter, Hadoop, HTML5 Builder, Laravel, Node.js, Pandas, Puppet, React Native, React.js, Ruby on Rails, Spring, TensorFlow, Torch/PyTorch, Unity D, Unreal Engine, Visual Online, Vue.js, Xamarin

## Cloud Tools

Azure DevOps, AWS, CodeBuild, Cloud Foundry, Google Cloud Build, Kwattee, Pivotal Red Hat

## Source Code & Package Repositories

Amazon ECR, Assembla, Azure Container Registry, Beanstalk, Bitbucket, Codebase, Docker Hub, GitHub, GitLab, Glitch, Google Container Registry, JFrog Artifactory, JFrog Xray, inedo, Kubernetes, Launchpad, Maven, Nexus (Sonatype), Phabricator, ProjectLocker Repository Hosting, Savannah, SourceForge, SourceRepo, Subversion, Unfuddle

## Build & Build Choreography Capabilities

Ansible, Autorabit, Bamboo, Bitrise, Buildkite, Buildroot, CircleCI, CMake, CruiseControl, Final builder, GCC, GitHub Actions, Gitlab CI, GoCD, Integrity, Jenkins, Spinnaker, Strider CD, TeamCity, Tekton, Terraform, Travis CI, UrbanCode, Vagrant

## Software Composition Analysis Capabilities

Black Duck Software Composition Analysis (Synopsys), CAST Highlight (CAST Software), Finate State, FlexNet Code Insite (Flexera), Ion Channel, Insignary, SourceClear, Sonatype, Snyk, WhiteSource

## Software Update Systems

apt-get, dnf, Windows Update, yum, ...

## Runtime Security Systems

AppLocker, ...



# Software Supply Chain – Current Collaborators

Apache Foundation

Cast Software

CD Foundation (SIG-Security)

Center for Information and Software Quality  
(CISQ)

CloudBees (Jenkins)

GitHub

Google (Grafeas, Kritis)

IBM

Ion Channel

JBoss

Linux Foundation (SPDX)

Microsoft

MITRE Corporation

Linux Foundation

National Telecommunications and Information  
Administration (NTIA)

New York University (in-toto, TUF)

Snyk

Software Package Data Exchange (SPDX)

Sonatype

Source Auditor

WhiteSource

# Timeline

## FY 2019

- CDF Security SIG
- Software Bill of Materials Working Group (Nashville)
- Software Supply Chain Meetup (San Diego)

## FY 2020

- Draft Standards - SBOM, Policy, Artifact Repositories
- Pilot Implementations

## FY 2021, 2022

- OMG Standards, ISO Standards
- Production Implementations

# Get Involved

## Attend the Supply Chain Meetup

- Thursday 9AM-12PM
- Conference Room Torrey Pines 3
- 1<sup>st</sup> Floor – North Tower
- [kayw@microsoft.com](mailto:kayw@microsoft.com)

## Connect with us:

- Slack: #sig-security-supply-chain
- List: [sig-security-supply-chain@lists.cd.foundation](mailto:sig-security-supply-chain@lists.cd.foundation)
- Github: <https://github.com/cdfoundation/sig-security-software-supply-chain>

# Related Talks

## Securing the Software Supply Chain with in-toto

- Tuesday 10:55
- Room 23BC – San Diego Convention Center

## Using TUF and in-toto to Tighten the Release Process

- Wednesday 10:55
- Room 23BC – San Diego Convention Center