```
***SYNTAX FOR "Sex and socio-economic inequalities in the breadth of internet use before and during
    the COVID-19 pandemic among older adults in England"***
    3
    ***************
4
5
    * STATA version: 17.0, BE-Basic Edition
6
7
    * STATA citation: StataCorp. 2021. Stata Statistical Software: Release 17. College Station, TX:
    StataCorp LLC.
9
    * Data citation (main ELSA survey): Banks, J., Batty, G. David, Breedvelt, J., Coughlin, K.,
    Crawford, R., Marmot, M., Nazroo, J., Oldfield, Z., Steel, N., Steptoe, A., Wood, M., Zaninotto, P.
    (2021). English Longitudinal Study of Ageing: Waves 0-9, 1998-2019. [data collection]. 37th Edition.
    UK Data Service. SN: 5050, DOI: 10.5255/UKDA-SN-5050-24
10
11
    * Data citation (COVID-19 sub-study): Steptoe, A., Addario, G., Banks, J., Batty, G. David,
    Coughlin, K., Crawford, R., Dangerfield, P., Marmot, M., Nazroo, J., Oldfield, Z., Pacchiotti, B.,
    Steel, N., Wood, M., Zaninotto, P. (2021). English Longitudinal Study of Ageing COVID-19 Study,
    Waves 1-2, 2020. [data collection]. 2nd Edition. UK Data Service. SN: 8688, DOI:
    10.5255/UKDA-SN-8688-2
12
13
    * Data access statement: ELSA data from the main survey (SN 5050) and the COVID-19 sub-study (SN
    8688) are available through the UK Data Service (https://ukdataservice.ac.uk/). The main ELSA
    dataset is safeguarded and can be accessed via
    https://beta.ukdataservice.ac.uk/datacatalogue/studies/study?id=5050#!/access-data. The COVID-19
    sub-study can be accessed via
    https://beta.ukdataservice.ac.uk/datacatalogue/studies/study?id=8688#!/access-data. More information
    on how to access ELSA, including the conditions of use, can be found on the UK Data Service website
    (main ELSA survey: https://beta.ukdataservice.ac.uk/datacatalogue/studies/study?id=5050#!/details;
    COVID-19 sub-study: https://beta.ukdataservice.ac.uk/datacatalogue/studies/study?id=8688#!/details)
    and the ELSA website (main ELSA survey: https://www.elsa-project.ac.uk/accessing-elsa-data; COVID-19
    sub-study: https://www.elsa-project.ac.uk/covid-19-data).
14
15
    * Date of data access/download (dd/mm/yyyy): 17/12/2021
16
17
    * Project ID: 217429
18
19
    st Data documentation: Documentation pertaining to ELSA (e.g., data dictionaries, questionnaires,
    technical reports, user guides) is available on the UK Data Service website (main ELSA survey:
    https://beta.ukdataservice.ac.uk/datacatalogue/studies/study?id=5050#!/documentation; COVID-19
    sub-study: https://beta.ukdataservice.ac.uk/datacatalogue/studies/study?id=8688#!/documentation) and
    the ELSA website (main ELSA survey: https://www.elsa-project.ac.uk/data-and-documentation; COVID-19
    sub-study: https://www.elsa-project.ac.uk/covid-19-data).
20
21
    **********
22
    ***DATA PROCESSING***
23
    **********
24
25
    * Change working directory - add pathname in between quotation marks for Windows
26
27
28
    * Variables Wave 9
29
    use idauniq scint scinddt scindlt scindtb scindph scind95 scind96 scinaem scinacl scinaed scinabk
    scinash scinasl scinasn scinact scinanw scinast scinagm scinajb scinaps scina95 scina96 scinahe
    w9nssec8 w9nssec3 samptyp w9xwgt w9scwt indsex indager dimarr fqethnmr wpdes hhtot heill helim using
    wave_9_elsa_data_eul_v1.dta
    * Describe dataset
30
31
    describe
32
    * Sort from lowest to highest participant identifier (ID)
33
    sort idauniq
34
    * Rename variables to shorter forms
```

```
rename w9nssec8 nssec8
36
    rename w9nssec3 nssec3
37
    rename indsex Sex
38
    * Generate a new variable called wave and assign the number 9 to each observation (to designate Wave
39
     gen wave = 9
40
     * Save Wave 9 core dataset
41
     save wave9internet.dta
42
     * Variables COVID Wave 1
43
44
     use idauniq CvIntA CvIntB CvIntC01 CvIntC02 CvIntC03 CvIntC04 CvIntC05 CvIntC06 CvIntC07 CvIntC08
     CVIntC09 CVIntC10 CVIntC11 CVIntC12 CVIntD CVIntE01 CVIntE02 CVIntE03 CVIntE04 CVIntE05 CVIntE06
     CvIntE07 CvIntE08 CvIntE980 CvIntE990 CvIntE995 CvIntE998 FinStat Cohort CorePartner wtfin1 wtfin2
     cov19lwgt Sex Age_Arch RelStat Ethnicity_arch CvPred CvPstd CvNumP heill_updated helim_updated using
     elsa_covid_w1_eul.dta
     * Describe dataset
45
46
     describe
47
    * Sort from lowest to highest participant ID
48
     st Generate a new variable called wave and assign the number 10 to each observation (to designate
49
    COVID Wave 1)
50
     gen wave = 10
     * Save COVID Wave 1 core dataset
51
     save covidwave1internet.dta
52
53
     * Variables Wave 9 Derived
54
55
     use idauniq edqual using wave 9 ifs derived variables.dta
56
    * Describe dataset
57
    describe
58
    * Sort from lowest to highest participant ID
59
    sort idauniq
     * Save Wave 9 derived dataset
60
    save wave9derived.dta
61
62
     * Variables Wave 9 Financial Derived
63
64
     use idauniq totwq5 bu s using wave 9 financial derived variables.dta
65
     * Describe dataset
66
    describe
    * Sort from lowest to highest participant ID
67
    sort idauniq
68
     * Save Wave 9 financial dataset
69
    save wave9financial.dta
70
71
     * Wave 9 complete data
72
73
     * Merge core, derived, and financial datasets for Wave 9 using the participant ID
74
     use wave9internet.dta
75
     * One-to-one merge of data in memory with wave9financial.dta on participant ID
     merge 1:1 idauniq using wave9financial.dta, generate (merge_financial9)
76
77
     * Overwrite Wave 9 dataset, by replacing the previously saved file
78
     save wave9internet.dta, replace
79
     * Use the newly saved file for Wave 9
80
    use wave9internet.dta
     * One-to-one merge of data in memory with wave9derived.dta on participant ID
81
    merge 1:1 idauniq using wave9derived.dta, generate (merge derived9)
82
     * Sort from lowest to highest participant ID
83
84
85
     * Overwrite Wave 9 dataset, by replacing the previously saved file
86
     save wave9internet.dta, replace
87
     * Append Wave 9 and COVID Wave 1 datasets
88
89
     use wave9internet.dta
90
     append using covidwavelinternet.dta
91
     * Sort by participant ID and wave (lowest to highest)
```

```
sort idauniq wave
 93
      * Assigns a number in ascending order to each row of observations
 94
      gen ascnr = _n
 95
 96
      * Unique individual serial number (personal ID)
      st Replace variable as missing for any missing cases (coded as negative numbers in the ELSA dataset)
 97
 98
      replace idauniq = . if idauniq<0</pre>
 99
100
      * Organising dataset
      st Generate a variable that assigns the observation number (i.e., 1 for first data collection
101
      timepoint, 2 for second data collection timepoint) to each row by participant ID
      bysort idauniq (wave): gen obsnr = _n
102
103
      st Generate a variable that assigns the number of total observations to each row of data for a given
      participant
104
      bysort idauniq: gen obscount = _N
      * Check how many participants have data at 1 or 2 timepoints - the "if obsnr==1" statement is used
105
      to prevent participants with data at two timepoints from contributing to the counts twice
106
      tabulate obscount if obsnr==1
      * Generate a variable that assigns the number 1 to the row representing participants' first
107
      observation
108
      bysort idauniq (wave): gen first = 1 if n==1
109
      * Generate a variable that assigns the number 1 to the row representing participants' last observation
      bysort idauniq (wave): gen last = 1 if _n==_N
110
      * Generate a variable that assigns the number 1 to the row representing participants' first
111
      observation if this corresponds to Wave 9 (baseline)
      bysort idauniq (wave): gen firstwave = 1 if obsnr==1 & wave==9
112
113
      * Carry the value of this last variable forwards to the remainder of a participant's observations
114
      bysort idauniq: gen variable = firstwave[1]
115
      * Install unique command
116
      ssc install unique
117
      * Count total number of participants and observations
118
      unique idauniq
119
      * 9,043 individuals, 15,776 observations
      * Assign the COVID Wave 1 longitudinal weight to all observations for a participant
120
121
      bysort idauniq(wave): replace cov19lwgt = cov19lwgt[2]
122
      * Drop if participant is not a core member
123
      drop if (samptyp !=1 & wave==9) | (inlist(wtfin1,-1,.) & wave==10)
124
      * Count total number of participants and observations
125
      unique idauniq
126
      * 7,489 individuals, 13,074 observations
      * Replace age = 90 if participant is aged 90+ years (collapsed in ELSA and coded as -7 at Wave 9)
127
128
      replace indager = 90 if indager == -7
129
      * Drop observation if the participant is aged less than 60 years at Wave 9
130
      drop if indager < 60 & wave==9</pre>
      * Count total number of participants and observations
131
132
      unique idauniq
133
      * 7,097 individuals, 11,687 observations
134
      * Check how many participants have data at Wave 9
135
      tab firstwave
      * Drop if age data are missing at Wave 9
136
137
      drop if indager ==. & wave==9
138
      * Count total number of participants and observations
139
      unique idauniq
      * 7,097 individuals, 11,687 observations
140
141
      tab Age_Arch
142
      * Drop observation if the participant is aged less than 60 years at COVID Wave 1
143
      drop if Age_Arch < 60 & wave==10</pre>
144
      * Count total number of participants and observations
145
      unique idauniq
      * 6,187 individuals, 10,777 observations
146
147
      * Drop if age data are missing at COVID Wave 1
148
      drop if Age_Arch ==. & wave==10
149
      * Count total number of participants and observations
```

```
150
      unique idauniq
151
      * 6,187 individuals, 10,777 observations
152
      * Save dataset with a new name
153
      save dataLCA.dta
154
      * Internet frequency (Wave 9, COVID Wave 1)
155
156
157
      st Replace variables as missing for any missing cases (coded as negative numbers in the ELSA dataset)
      replace scint = . if scint<0
158
159
      * Generate a new variable
160
      gen frequency = .
161
      * Assign the number 0 if the participant never used the internet or email
162
      replace frequency = 0 if scint == 6
163
      st Assign the number 1 if the participant used the internet or email at least once a month (but not
      every week), at least once every 3 months, or less than every 3 months
      replace frequency = 1 if inlist(scint,3,4,5)
164
165
      st Assign the number 2 if the participant used the internet or email at least once a week (but not
      every day)
      replace frequency = 2 if scint == 2
166
      st Assign the number 3 if the participant used the internet or email every day, or almost every day
167
      replace frequency = 3 if scint == 1
168
169
      * COVID Wave 1
170
      * Replace variables as missing for any missing cases (coded as negative numbers in the ELSA dataset)
171
      replace CvIntA = . if CvIntA<0</pre>
      st Assign the number 0 if the participant never used the internet
172
      replace frequency = 0 if CvIntA == 6
173
174
      * Assign the number 1 if the participant used the internet at least once a month (but not every
      week), or less than monthly
175
      replace frequency = 1 if inlist(CvIntA,4,5)
      * Assign the number 2 if the participant used the internet at least once a week (but not every day)
176
177
      replace frequency = 2 if CvIntA == 3
      st Assign the number 3 if the participant used the internet more than once a day, every day, or
178
      almost every day
179
      replace frequency = 3 if inlist(CvIntA,1,2)
      * Check participant counts in each category
180
181
      tab frequency
182
      * Coding of final internet frequency variable:
183
      * 0: Never
184
      * 1: Low frequency (At least once a month, but not every week/Less than monthly/At least once every
      three months/Less than every three months)
185
      * 2: Moderate frequency (At least once a week, but not every day)
186
      * 3: High frequency (More than once a day/Every day, or almost every day)
187
      * Highest Educational Qualification (Wave 9)
188
189
      * Excluded foreign/other
190
      * Replace variable as missing for any missing cases (coded as negative numbers in the ELSA dataset)
191
      replace edqual = . if edqual<0</pre>
192
      * Check participant counts in each category at Wave 9
193
      tab edqual if wave==9
194
      * Generate a new variable
195
      gen educanew = .
196
      st Assign the number 0 if the participant does not have any formal qualifications
197
      replace educanew = 0 if edgual == 7
      st Assign the number 1 if the participant has A level equivalent, O level equivalent, or other grade
198
      equivalent
199
      replace educanew = 1 if inlist(edqual,3,4,5)
200
      * Assign the number 2 if the participant has completed some higher education (below degree), or has
      a degree or equivalent
201
      replace educanew = 2 if inlist(edqual,1,2)
      * Coding of final education variable:
202
203
      * 0: No formal qualifications
204
      * 1: School qualifications
205
      * 2: Higher education
```

```
206
207
      * NS-SEC 8 and 3 category classification (Wave 9)
208
      * Excluded Never worked and long-term unemployed
      * Replace variables as missing for any missing cases (coded as negative numbers or 99 in the ELSA
209
      * Check participant counts in each category at Wave 9
210
211
      tab nssec8
212
      replace nssec8 = . if nssec8<0
      replace nssec8 = . if nssec8 == 99
213
      replace nssec3 = . if nssec3<0
214
      replace nssec3 = . if nssec3 == 99
215
216
      tab nssec8
217
      * Generate a new variable
218
      gen mynssec3 = .
      st Assign the number 2 if the participant's current or most recent occupation was coded as: Higher
219
      managerial, administrative and professional occupations; or Lower managerial, administrative and
      professional occupations
220
      replace mynssec3 = 2 if inlist(nssec8,1,2)
      * Assign the number 1 if the participant's current or most recent occupation was coded as:
221
      Intermediate occupation; or Small employers and own account workers
      replace mynssec3 = 1 if inlist(nssec8,3,4)
222
223
      st Assign the number 0 if the participant's current or most recent occupation was coded as: Lower
      supervisory and technical occupations; or Semi-routine occupations; or Routine occupations
224
      replace mynssec3 = 0 if inlist(nssec8,5,6,7)
225
      * Coding of final occupational class variable:
      * 0: Lower occupations
226
227
      * 1: Intermediate occupations
228
      * 2: Higher occupations
229
230
      * Quintiles of BU total (non-pension) wealth (Wave 9)
      * Replace variable as missing for any missing cases (coded as negative numbers in the ELSA dataset)
231
      replace totwq5_bu_s = . if totwq5_bu_s<0</pre>
232
233
      * Coding of final wealth variable:
234
      * 1: 1st quintile (lowest)
      * 2: 2nd quintile
235
      * 3: 3rd quintile
236
237
      * 4: 4th quintile
238
      * 5: 5th quintile (highest)
239
240
      * Biological sex (Wave 9, COVID Wave 1)
      * Replace variable as missing for any missing cases (coded as negative numbers in the ELSA dataset)
241
242
      replace Sex = . if Sex<0</pre>
243
      * Assign the number 0 if the participant is male
244
      replace Sex = 0 if Sex == 1
245
      * Assign the number 1 if the participant is female
246
      replace Sex = 1 if Sex == 2
247
      * Coding of the final biological sex variable:
248
      * 0: Male, 1: Female
249
250
      * Ethnicity (Wave 9, COVID Wave 1)
      * Wave 9
251
252
      * Replace variable as missing for any missing cases (coded as negative numbers in the ELSA dataset)
253
      replace fqethnmr = . if fqethnmr<0</pre>
      * Assign the number 0 if the participant is White
254
255
      replace fqethnmr = 0 if fqethnmr == 1
256
      * Assign the number 1 if the participant is Non-White
257
      replace fqethnmr = 1 if fqethnmr == 2
258
      * COVID Wave 1
      * Assign the number 0 if the participant is Non-BAME
259
260
      replace Ethnicity_arch = 0 if Ethnicity_arch == 1
      * Assign the number 1 if the participant is BAME
261
262
      replace Ethnicity_arch = 1 if Ethnicity_arch == 2
263
      * Coding of the final ethnicity variable:
```

```
264
      * 0: White, 1: Non-White
265
      * Current employment situation (Wave 9, COVID Wave 1)
266
      * Replace variables as missing for any missing cases (coded as negative numbers in the ELSA dataset)
267
268
      replace wpdes = . if wpdes<0</pre>
      replace CvPstd = . if CvPstd<0
269
270
271
      * Number of people in household (Wave 9, COVID Wave 1)
272
      st Replace variable as missing for any missing cases (coded as negative numbers or 0 in the ELSA
273
      dataset)
274
      replace hhtot = . if hhtot<0
275
      replace hhtot = . if hhtot==0
276
      * Assign the number 0 if one person lives in household
      replace hhtot = 0 if hhtot==1
277
278
      * Assign the number 1 if more than one person lives in household
279
      replace hhtot = 1 if hhtot>1 & hhtot != .
280
      * COVID Wave 1
      * Replace variable as missing for any missing cases (coded as negative numbers or 0 in the ELSA
281
      dataset)
      replace CvNumP = . if CvNumP<0</pre>
282
283
      * Assign the number 0 if one person lives in household
284
      replace CvNumP = 0 if CvNumP==1
285
      * Assign the number 1 if more than one person lives in household
      replace CvNumP = 1 if CvNumP>1 & CvNumP != .
286
      * Coding of the final living status variable:
287
288
      * 0: Living alone, 1: Not living alone
289
290
      * Age categorical (Wave 9, COVID Wave 1)
291
      * Generate a new variable
292
      gen age_cat = .
293
      * Assign the number 0 for participants aged 60-69 years at Wave 9
294
      replace age cat = 0 if indager >= 60 & indager <= 69
295
      * Assign the number 1 for participants aged 70-79 years at Wave 9
296
      replace age_cat = 1 if indager >= 70 & indager <= 79</pre>
297
      st Assign the number 2 for participants aged 80+ years at Wave 9 and without missing age data
298
      replace age_cat = 2 if indager >= 80 & indager != .
299
      * Assign the number 0 for participants aged 60-69 years at COVID Wave 1
300
      replace age_cat = 0 if Age_Arch >= 60 & Age_Arch <= 69</pre>
301
      st Assign the number 1 for participants aged 70-79 years at COVID Wave 1
      replace age_cat = 1 if Age_Arch >= 70 & Age_Arch <= 79</pre>
302
303
      st Assign the number 2 for participants aged 80+ years at COVID Wave 1 and without missing age data
304
      replace age_cat = 2 if Age_Arch >= 80 & Age_Arch != .
305
      * Coding of the final categorical age variable:
      * 0: 60-69 years
306
307
      * 1: 70-79 years
308
      * 2: 80+ years
309
310
      * Limiting long-standing illness (Wave 9)
      st Generate a new variable and assign the number 0 for participants with no long-standing illness or
311
      a long-standing illness that is not limiting
312
      gen limiting = 0 if heill == 2 | helim == 2
      * Assign the number 1 for participants with a limiting long-standing illness
313
      replace limiting = 1 if helim == 1
314
315
      * Coding of the final limiting long-standing illness variable:
316
      * 0: No long-standing illness or not limiting, 1: Limiting long-standing illness
317
      * Save dataset with a new name
318
319
      save data01LCA.dta
320
321
      * Time-constant education - Wave 9
322
      * Generate a new variable duplicating the education variable at Wave 9
323
      gen educa cons = educanew if wave==9
```

```
* Declare a panel dataset with participant ID "idauniq" and time variable "wave"
325
      tsset idauniq wave
326
      * Install carryforward command
327
      ssc install carryforward
      * Generate a completely balanced dataset (i.e., all participants have a row for each wave)
328
329
      tsfill, full
      * Carryforward observations with respect to the time variable "wave" (i.e., from Wave 9 to COVID
330
      Wave 1) by participant ID
      bysort idauniq: carryforward educa cons, replace
331
332
333
      * Time-constant occupational class - Wave 9
334
      * Generate a new variable duplicating the occupational class variable at Wave 9
335
      gen mynssec3_cons = mynssec3 if wave==9
336
      * Declare a panel dataset with participant ID "idauniq" and time variable "wave"
337
      tsset idauniq wave
      st Carryforward observations with respect to the time variable "wave" (i.e., from Wave 9 to COVID
338
      Wave 1) by participant ID
339
      bysort idauniq: carryforward mynssec3_cons, replace
340
341
      * Time-constant wealth - Wave 9
342
      * Generate a new variable duplicating the wealth variable at Wave 9
343
      gen wealth_cons = totwq5_bu_s if wave==9
344
      * Declare a panel dataset with participant ID "idauniq" and time variable "wave"
345
      tsset idauniq wave
      * Carryforward observations with respect to the time variable "wave" (i.e., from Wave 9 to COVID
346
      Wave 1) by participant ID
347
      bysort idauniq: carryforward wealth cons, replace
348
349
      * Time-constant biological sex - Wave 9
350
      st Generate a new variable duplicating the biological sex variable at Wave 9
351
      gen sex_cons = Sex if wave==9
      * Declare a panel dataset with participant ID "idauniq" and time variable "wave"
352
353
      tsset idauniq wave
354
      * Carryforward observations with respect to the time variable "wave" (i.e., from Wave 9 to COVID
      Wave 1) by participant ID
355
      bysort idauniq: carryforward sex cons, replace
356
357
      * Time-constant age category - Wave 9
358
      st Generate a new variable duplicating the categorical age variable at Wave 9
359
      gen age_cons = age_cat if wave==9
      * Declare a panel dataset with participant ID "idauniq" and time variable "wave"
360
361
      tsset idauniq wave
362
      * Carryforward observations with respect to the time variable "wave" (i.e., from Wave 9 to COVID
      Wave 1) by participant ID
      bysort idauniq: carryforward age_cons, replace
363
364
365
      * Limiting long-standing illness - Wave 9 (and updated in COVID Wave 1 for non-responders)
366
      st Generate a new variable duplicating the limiting long-standing illness variable at Wave 9
367
      gen limiting_cons = limiting if wave==9
368
      * Declare a panel dataset with participant ID "idauniq" and time variable "wave"
369
      tsset idauniq wave
      * Carryforward observations with respect to the time variable "wave" (i.e., from Wave 9 to COVID
370
     Wave 1) by participant ID
371
      bysort idauniq: carryforward limiting cons, replace
372
      st Assign the number 0 for participants with no long-standing illness or a long-standing illness that
      is not limiting at COVID Wave 1
373
      replace limiting_cons = 0 if heill_updated == 2 | helim_updated == 2
374
      st Assign the number 1 for participants with a limiting long-standing illness at COVID Wave 1
375
      replace limiting cons = 1 if helim updated == 1
376
377
      * Save dataset with a new name
378
      save data02LCA.dta
379
```

```
380
      * Time variable
      * Generate a new variable
381
382
      gen Time = .
383
      * Assign the number 0 for observations at Wave 9
384
      replace Time = 0 if wave==9
      * Assign the number 1 for observations at COVID Wave 1
385
386
      replace Time = 1 if wave==10
387
      * Coding of the final time variable:
      * 0: Wave 9, 1: COVID Wave 1
388
389
390
      * Activities respondent used internet for in last 3 months (Wave 9, COVID Wave 1)
391
      * Emails
392
      * Generate a new variable
393
      gen emails = .
      * Assign the number 1 if the participant reported using the internet for sending/receiving emails
394
395
      replace emails = 1 if scinaem==1 & wave==9
396
      replace emails = 1 if CvIntC01==1 & wave==10
397
      * Assign the number 0 if the participant reported not using the internet for sending/receiving emails
      replace emails = 0 if scinaem==0 & wave==9
398
      replace emails = 0 if CvIntC01==0 & wave==10
399
      * Calls
400
401
      * Generate a new variable
402
      gen calls = .
      * Assign the number 1 if the participant reported using the internet for telephoning/video calls
403
      (via webcam) over the internet at Wave 9
      replace calls = 1 if scinacl==1 & wave==9
404
405
      * Assign the number 1 if the participant reported using the internet for making video or voice calls
      at COVID Wave 1
406
      replace calls = 1 if CvIntC02==1 & wave==10
407
      * Assign the number 0 if the participant reported not using the internet for telephoning/video calls
      (via webcam) over the internet at Wave 9
      replace calls = 0 if scinacl==0 & wave==9
408
409
      st Assign the number 0 if the participant reported not using the internet for making video or voice
      calls at COVID Wave 1
410
      replace calls = 0 if CvIntC02==0 & wave==10
411
      * Health
412
      * Generate a new variable
413
      gen health = .
414
      st Assign the number 1 if the participant reported using the internet for finding information on
      health-related issues
      replace health = 1 if scinahe==1 & wave==9
415
      replace health = 1 if CvIntC03==1 & wave==10
416
      * Assign the number 0 if the participant reported not using the internet for finding information on
417
      health-related issues
      replace health = 0 if scinahe==0 & wave==9
418
419
      replace health = 0 if CvIntC03==0 & wave==10
420
      * Entertainment
421
      * Generate a new variable
422
      gen entertainment = .
      * Assign the number 1 if the participant reported using the internet for streaming/downloading live
423
      or on demand TV/radio (BBC iPlayer, 40D, ITV Player, Demand 5), music (iTunes, Spotify), ebooks, or
      games at Wave 9
      replace entertainment = 1 if (scinast==1 | scinagm==1) & wave==9
424
      * Assign the number 1 if the participant reported using the internet for streaming TV/videos/radio
425
      (BBC iPlayer, Netflix, Amazon Prime, YouTube), listening to music (Spotify, Apple Music), playing
      online games, or reading ebooks at COVID Wave 1
426
      replace entertainment = 1 if CvIntC08==1 & wave==10
      * Assign the number 0 if the participant reported not using the internet for streaming/downloading
427
      live or on demand TV/radio (BBC iPlayer, 40D, ITV Player, Demand 5), music (iTunes, Spotify),
      ebooks, or games at Wave 9
428
      replace entertainment = 0 if (scinast==0 & scinagm==0) & wave==9
429
      * Assign the number 0 if the participant reported not using the internet for streaming
      TV/videos/radio (BBC iPlayer, Netflix, Amazon Prime, YouTube), listening to music (Spotify, Apple
```

```
Music), playing online games, or reading ebooks at COVID Wave 1
      replace entertainment = 0 if CvIntC08==0 & wave==10
430
431
      * News
432
      * Generate a new variable
433
      gen news = .
      * Assign the number 1 if the participant reported using the internet for news/newspaper/blog websites
434
      replace news = 1 if scinanw==1 & wave==9
435
      replace news = 1 if CvIntC07==1 & wave==10
436
437
      * Assign the number 0 if the participant reported not using the internet for reading
      news/newspaper/blog websites
      replace news = 0 if scinanw==0 & wave==9
438
439
      replace news = 0 if CvIntC07==0 & wave==10
440
      * Market
441
      * Generate a new variable
442
      gen market = .
      * Assign the number 1 if the participant reported using the internet for shopping/buying goods or
443
      services
444
      replace market = 1 if scinash==1 & wave==9
445
      replace market = 1 if CvIntC05==1 & wave==10
      * Assign the number 0 if the participant reported not using the internet for shopping/buying goods
446
      or services
447
      replace market = 0 if scinash==0 & wave==9
448
      replace market = 0 if CvIntC05==0 & wave==10
449
      * Social networking
      * Generate a new variable
450
451
      gen socialnetworking = .
      * Assign the number 1 if the participant reported using the internet for social networking sites
452
      (Facebook, Twitter, MySpace), or creating, uploading, or sharing content (YouTube, blogging, or
      Flickr) at Wave 9
453
      replace socialnetworking = 1 if (scinasn==1 | scinact==1) & wave==9
      * Assign the number 1 if the participant reported using the internet for social networking sites at
454
      COVID Wave 1
455
      replace socialnetworking = 1 if CvIntC06==1 & wave==10
      * Assign the number 0 if the participant reported not using the internet for social networking sites
456
      (Facebook, Twitter, MySpace), or creating, uploading, or sharing content (YouTube, blogging, or
      Flickr) at Wave 9
457
      replace socialnetworking = 0 if (scinasn==0 & scinact==0) & wave==9
458
      * Assign the number 0 if the participant reported not using the internet for social networking sites
      at COVID Wave 1
459
      replace socialnetworking = 0 if CvIntC06==0 & wave==10
460
      * Internet transactions
      * Generate a new variable
461
462
      gen internettransactions = .
      * Assign the number 1 if the participant reported using the internet for finances (banking, paying
463
      bills), or public services (e.g., obtaining benefits, paying taxes) at Wave 9
      replace internettransactions = 1 if (scinabk==1 | scinaps==1) & wave==9
464
465
      st Assign the number 1 if the participant reported using the internet for managing finances at COVID
      Wave 1
466
      replace internettransactions = 1 if CvIntC04==1 & wave==10
      st Assign the number 0 if the participant reported not using the internet for finances (banking,
467
      paying bills), or public services (e.g., obtaining benefits, paying taxes) at Wave 9
      replace internettransactions = 0 if (scinabk==0 & scinaps==0) & wave==9
468
      st Assign the number 0 if the participant reported not using the internet for managing finances at
469
470
      replace internettransactions = 0 if CvIntC04==0 & wave==10
471
472
      * Count total number of participants and observations
473
      unique idauniq
      * 6,187 individuals, 12,374 observations
474
475
476
      * Dummy variables for conditional LCA and LTA models
477
      * Education
478
      * Medium education (i.e., school qualifications) (coded as 1) versus low (i.e., no formal
```

```
qualifications) or high (i.e., higher education) education (coded as 0)
      gen mediumed = 0 if inlist(educa cons,0,2)
479
480
      replace mediumed = 1 if educa_cons == 1
      * High education (coded as 1) versus low or medium education (coded as 0)
481
482
      gen highed = 0 if inlist(educa_cons,0,1)
483
      replace highed = 1 if educa_cons == 2
484
      * Occupational class
485

    Intermediate occupations (coded as 1) versus lower or higher occupations (coded as 0)

      gen mediumocc = 0 if inlist(mynssec3 cons,0,2)
486
      replace mediumocc = 1 if mynssec3_cons == 1
487
488
      * Higher occupations (coded as 1) versus lower or intermediate occupations (coded as 0)
489
      gen highocc = 0 if inlist(mynssec3_cons,0,1)
490
      replace highocc = 1 if mynssec3_cons == 2
491
      * Wealth
      * 2nd quintile (coded as 1) versus 1st, 3rd, 4th, or 5th quintile (coded as 0)
492
493
      gen quint2 = 0 if inlist(wealth cons,1,3,4,5)
494
      replace quint2 = 1 if wealth cons == 2
495
      * 3rd quintile (coded as 1) versus 1st, 2nd, 4th, or 5th quintile (coded as 0)
      gen quint3 = 0 if inlist(wealth cons,1,2,4,5)
496
497
      replace quint3 = 1 if wealth_cons == 3
      * 4th quintile (coded as 1) versus 1st, 2nd, 3rd, or 5th quintile (coded as 0)
498
499
      gen quint4 = 0 if inlist(wealth_cons,1,2,3,5)
500
      replace quint4 = 1 if wealth_cons == 4
      * 5th quintile (coded as 1) versus 1st, 2nd, 3rd, or 4th quintile (coded as 0)
501
502
      gen quint5 = 0 if inlist(wealth cons,1,2,3,4)
      replace quint5 = 1 if wealth_cons == 5
503
504
505
      * Age continuous (Wave 9, COVID Wave 1)
506
      gen agecont = indager if wave==9
507
      replace agecont = Age_Arch if wave==10
508
509
      * Time-constant age continuous - Wave 9
510
      st Generate a new variable duplicating the categorical age variable at Wave 9
511
      gen indager cons = indager if wave==9
      * Declare a panel dataset with participant ID "idauniq" and time variable "wave"
512
513
      tsset idauniq wave
514
      st Carryforward observations with respect to the time variable "wave" (i.e., from Wave 9 to COVID
      Wave 1) by participant ID
515
      bysort idauniq: carryforward indager_cons, replace
516
517
      * Save dataset with a new name
518
      save datalongLCA.dta
519
      *******
520
      ***DATA ANALYSIS***
521
      ***********
522
523
524
      * Keep necessary variables
525
      keep idauniq Time mediumed highed mediumocc highocc quint2 quint3 quint4 quint5 indager_cons sex_cons
       Sex emails calls health entertainment news market socialnetworking internettransactions
526
      * Save dataset with a new name
527
      save LCAlongcov.dta
      * Reshape data into wide format for observations identified by participant ID and add "Time" as an
528
      identifying time period
529
      reshape wide Sex emails calls health entertainment news market socialnetworking internettransactions,
       j(Time) i(idauniq)
      * Save dataset with a new name
530
531
      save LCAwidecov.dta
532
      * Rename time-varying variables to shorter forms and/or to distinguish the relevant time period
533
      rename Sex0 SexTV0
534
      rename entertainment0 enter0
535
      rename socialnetworking0 social0
536
      rename internettransactions0 transa0
```

```
rename Sex1 SexTV1
538
      rename entertainment1 enter1
     rename socialnetworking1 social1
539
540
      rename internettransactions1 transa1
541
      * Save dataset with a new name
542
      save LCAwidenamescov.dta
543
544
      * Use data in memory
      use LCAwidenamescov.dta
545
      * Keep if internet data are not missing at Wave 9
546
547
      keep if emails0!=.
548
      * Count total number of participants
549
      unique idauniq
      * 4,054 individuals
550
      * Pearson's chi-squared test at Wave 9 (differences between male and female participants)
551
      tab SexTV0 emails0, chi
552
     tab SexTV0 calls0, chi
553
554
     tab SexTV0 health0, chi
555
     tab SexTV0 enter0, chi
556
     tab SexTV0 news0, chi
557
     tab SexTV0 market0, chi
558
     tab SexTV0 social0, chi
559
     tab SexTV0 transa0, chi
560
     clear
561
     * Use LCAwidenamescov.dta dataset
562
      use LCAwidenamescov.dta
563
      * Keep if internet data are not missing at COVID Wave 1
564
      keep if emails1!=.
565
      * Count total number of participants
566
      unique idauniq
      * 3,908 individuals
567
      * Pearson's chi-squared test at COVID Wave 1 (differences between male and female participants)
568
569
     tab SexTV1 emails1, chi
570
     tab SexTV1 calls1, chi
     tab SexTV1 health1, chi
571
572
     tab SexTV1 enter1, chi
573
     tab SexTV1 news1, chi
574
     tab SexTV1 market1, chi
575
     tab SexTV1 social1, chi
576
     tab SexTV1 transa1, chi
577
      clear
578
      * Use LCAwidenamescov.dta dataset
579
      use LCAwidenamescov.dta
580
      * Keep if the participant is male
581
582
      keep if sex cons==0 | SexTV1==0
583
      * Save dataset with a new name
584
      save malewide2.dta
      * Count total number of participants
585
586
      unique idauniq
587
      * 2,694 individuals
588
      * Find the necessary package
      search stata2mplus
589
      * Convert Stata data into a data file and Mplus input file
590
591
      stata2mplus using malewide2.dta
592
593
      * Use LCAwidenamescov.dta dataset
      use LCAwidenamescov.dta
594
595
      * Keep if the participant is female
      keep if sex_cons==1 | SexTV1==1
596
597
     * Save dataset with a new name
598
      save femalewide2.dta
599
      * Count total number of participants
```

```
600
      unique idauniq
601
      * 3,493 individuals
602
      * Convert Stata data into a data file and Mplus input file
603
      stata2mplus using femalewide2.dta
604
      * Import posterior probabilities of class membership following the unconditional 3-class LCA for
605
      male participants (pre-pandemic)
606
      clear
      import excel "", sheet("") firstrow
607
      * Save dataset with a new name
608
609
      save posteriormalec3t0.dta
610
      * Import posterior probabilities of class membership following the unconditional 3-class LCA for
      male participants (intra-pandemic)
      import excel "", sheet("") firstrow clear
611
      * Save dataset with a new name
612
      save posteriormalec3t1.dta
613
614
615
      * Use male participant dataset with core variables included in analyses
      use malewide2.dta
616
617
      * One-to-one merge of data in memory with posteriormalec3t0.dta on participant ID
      merge 1:1 idauniq using posteriormalec3t0.dta, generate (merge_posc3t0)
618
619
      * Sort from lowest to highest participant ID
620
      sort idauniq
      * One-to-one merge of data in memory with posteriormalec3t1.dta on participant ID
621
      merge 1:1 idauniq using posteriormalec3t1.dta, generate (merge posc3t1)
622
623
      * Sort from lowest to highest participant ID
624
      sort idaunia
625
      * Drop unnecessary variables
626
      drop merge posc3t0 merge posc3t1
627
      * Save dataset with a new name
628
      save LCAmalecross.dta
629
      * Re-order classes
630
631
      gen classnew0 = .
      replace classnew0 = 1 if class0==3
632
633
      replace classnew0 = 2 if class0==2
      replace classnew0 = 3 if class0==1
634
635
      gen classnew1 = .
636
      replace classnew1 = 1 if class1==2
      replace classnew1 = 2 if class1==3
637
      replace classnew1 = 3 if class1==1
638
639
      * 1: Low
      * 2: Medium
640
      * 3: High
641
      * Overwrite dataset, by replacing the previously saved file
642
643
      save LCAmalecross.dta, replace
644
645
      * Produce a two-way table of frequency counts (preliminary cross-classification tables)
      tabulate classnew0 classnew1
646
      tab classnew0 if classnew0!=. & classnew1!=.
647
      tab classnew1 if classnew0!=. & classnew1!=.
648
649
     * Use full dataset
650
      use datalongLCA.dta
651
652
      * Keep observations at baseline
653
      keep if wave==9
654
      * Save dataset with a new name
655
      save demographw9.dta
656
      st Descriptive statistics for the total male sample and stratified by class membership (pre-pandemic)
657
658
      * Use complete male participant dataset
      use LCAmalecross.dta
659
660
      * One-to-one merge of data in memory with demographw9.dta on participant ID
```

```
merge 1:1 idauniq using demographw9.dta, generate (merge_demograph)
662
      * Sort from lowest to highest participant ID
663
      sort idauniq
664
      st Keep data from the participants included in the unconditional LCA at pre-pandemic
665
      keep if classnew0!=.
      * Count total number of participants
666
667
      unique idauniq
668
      * 1,819 individuals
      replace dimarr = . if dimarr<0
669
      replace dimarr = 4 if dimarr==5
670
      replace dimarr = 5 if dimarr==6
671
672
      sum indager
      tab age_cat
673
      tab fqethnmr
674
      tab dimarr
675
676
      tab wpdes
677
      save maledescw9.dta
678
      tab hhtot
679
      tab edqual
      tab educa_cons
680
681
      tab mynssec3_cons
682
      tab wealth_cons
      tab frequency
683
684
      tab limiting
685
      tab limiting cons
686
687
      sum indager cons if classnew0==1
688
      tab age_cat if classnew0==1
689
      tab fqethnmr if classnew0==1
690
      tab dimarr if classnew0==1
      tab wpdes if classnew0==1
691
      tab hhtot if classnew0==1
692
693
      tab educa cons if classnew0==1
694
      tab mynssec3 cons if classnew0==1
695
      tab wealth_cons if classnew0==1
696
      tab frequency if classnew0==1
697
      tab limiting if classnew0==1
698
      tab limiting_cons if classnew0==1
699
700
      sum indager_cons if classnew0==2
      tab age_cat if classnew0==2
701
      tab fqethnmr if classnew0==2
702
703
      tab dimarr if classnew0==2
704
      tab wpdes if classnew0==2
      tab hhtot if classnew0==2
705
706
      tab educa cons if classnew0==2
707
      tab mynssec3_cons if classnew0==2
708
      tab wealth_cons if classnew0==2
709
      tab frequency if classnew0==2
710
      tab limiting if classnew0==2
711
      tab limiting_cons if classnew0==2
712
713
      sum indager_cons if classnew0==3
714
      tab age cat if classnew0==3
715
      tab fqethnmr if classnew0==3
716
      tab dimarr if classnew0==3
717
      tab wpdes if classnew0==3
      tab hhtot if classnew0==3
718
719
      tab educa cons if classnew0==3
720
      tab mynssec3_cons if classnew0==3
721
      tab wealth cons if classnew0==3
722
      tab frequency if classnew0==3
723
      tab limiting if classnew0==3
```

```
tab limiting_cons if classnew0==3
725
726
      use datalongLCA.dta
727
728
      * Time-constant marital status - Wave 9
729
      st Generate a new variable duplicating the marital status variable at Wave 9
730
      gen marital cons = dimarr if wave==9
731
      * Declare a panel dataset with participant ID "idaunig" and time variable "wave"
732
      tsset idauniq wave
733
      * Carryforward observations with respect to the time variable "wave" (i.e., from Wave 9 to COVID
      Wave 1) by participant ID
734
      bysort idauniq: carryforward marital_cons, replace
735
736
      * Time-constant ethnicity - Wave 9
      * Generate a new variable duplicating the ethnicity variable at Wave 9
737
738
      gen ethnicity_cons = fqethnmr if wave==9
739
      * Declare a panel dataset with participant ID "idauniq" and time variable "wave"
740
      tsset idauniq wave
      * Carryforward observations with respect to the time variable "wave" (i.e., from Wave 9 to COVID
741
      Wave 1) by participant ID
742
      bysort idauniq: carryforward ethnicity_cons, replace
743
744
      save datalongLCA.dta, replace
745
      * Use full dataset
746
747
      use datalongLCA.dta
748
      * Keep observations at follow-up
749
      keep if wave==10
750
      * Save dataset with a new name
751
      save demographcw1.dta
752
753
      * Descriptive statistics for the total male sample and stratified by class membership (intra-pandemic)
754
      * Use complete male participant dataset
755
      use LCAmalecross.dta
756
      * One-to-one merge of data in memory with demographcw1.dta on participant ID
757
      merge 1:1 idauniq using demographcw1.dta, generate (merge demograph)
758
      * Sort from lowest to highest participant ID
759
      sort idauniq
760
      * Keep data from the participants included in the unconditional LCA at intra-pandemic
761
      keep if classnew1!=.
      * Count total number of participants
762
763
      unique idauniq
764
      * 1,750 individuals
765
      sum Age Arch
766
      tab age_cat
767
      tab Ethnicity arch
768
      tab RelStat
769
      tab marital cons
770
      replace marital_cons = . if marital_cons<0</pre>
771
      tab RelStat if marital cons==.
772
      gen relcw1 = marital cons
773
      replace relcw1 = 1 if RelStat == 8 & marital_cons==.
774
      replace relcw1 = 2 if inlist(RelStat,1,3,4) & marital_cons==.
775
      replace relcw1 = 4 if inlist(RelStat,5,6) & marital cons==.
776
      replace relcw1 = 4 if marital_cons==5
      replace relcw1 = 5 if marital cons==6
777
778
      replace relcw1 = 5 if RelStat == 7 & marital_cons==.
779
      tab CvPstd
780
      save maledescw10.dta
781
      tab CvNumP
782
     tab educa cons
783
      tab mynssec3_cons
784
      tab wealth cons
```

```
785
      tab frequency
786
      tab limiting cons
787
788
      sum Age Arch if classnew1==1
789
      tab age_cat if classnew1==1
790
      tab Ethnicity_arch if classnew1==1
791
      tab relcw1 if classnew1==1
792
      tab CvPstd if classnew1==1
793
      tab CvNumP if classnew1==1
794
      tab educa_cons if classnew1==1
795
      tab mynssec3_cons if classnew1==1
796
      tab wealth_cons if classnew1==1
797
      tab frequency if classnew1==1
798
      tab limiting_cons if classnew1==1
799
800
      sum Age Arch if classnew1==2
801
      tab age cat if classnew1==2
802
      tab Ethnicity_arch if classnew1==2
803
      tab relcw1 if classnew1==2
     tab CvPstd if classnew1==2
804
      tab CvNumP if classnew1==2
805
     tab educa_cons if classnew1==2
806
807
      tab mynssec3_cons if classnew1==2
808
      tab wealth_cons if classnew1==2
809
      tab frequency if classnew1==2
810
      tab limiting_cons if classnew1==2
811
812
      sum Age_Arch if classnew1==3
813
      tab age cat if classnew1==3
814
      tab Ethnicity_arch if classnew1==3
      tab relcw1 if classnew1==3
815
816
     tab CvPstd if classnew1==3
     tab CvNumP if classnew1==3
817
818
      tab educa cons if classnew1==3
      tab mynssec3_cons if classnew1==3
819
820
      tab wealth cons if classnew1==3
821
      tab frequency if classnew1==3
822
      tab limiting_cons if classnew1==3
823
      * Import posterior probabilities of class membership following the unconditional 3-class LCA for
824
      female participants (pre-pandemic)
825
      clear
      import excel "", sheet("") firstrow clear
826
      * Save dataset with a new name
827
828
      save posteriorfemalec3t0.dta
829
      * Import posterior probabilities of class membership following the unconditional 2-class LCA for
      female participants (intra-pandemic)
      import excel "", sheet("") firstrow clear
830
831
      * Save dataset with a new name
      save posteriorfemalec2t1.dta
832
833
834
      * Use female participant dataset with core variables included in analyses
835
      use femalewide2.dta
      * One-to-one merge of data in memory with posteriorfemalec3t0.dta on participant ID
836
837
      merge 1:1 idauniq using posteriorfemalec3t0.dta, generate (merge_posc3t0)
838
      * Sort from lowest to highest participant ID
839
      sort idauniq
      * One-to-one merge of data in memory with posteriorfemalec3t1.dta on participant ID
840
841
      merge 1:1 idauniq using posteriorfemalec2t1.dta, generate (merge posc2t1)
      * Sort from lowest to highest participant ID
842
843
      sort idaunia
844
      * Drop unnecessary variables
845
      drop merge posc3t0 merge posc2t1
```

```
* Save dataset with a new name
847
      save LCAfemalecross.dta
848
      * Re-order classes
849
850
      gen classnew0 = .
851
      replace classnew0 = 1 if class0==2
      replace classnew0 = 2 if class0==3
852
853
      replace classnew0 = 3 if class0==1
854
      gen classnew1 = .
      replace classnew1 = 1 if class1==2
855
856
      replace classnew1 = 2 if class1==1
857
      * 1: Low
858
      * 2: Medium
      * 3: High
859
      * Overwrite dataset, by replacing the previously saved file
860
      save LCAfemalecross.dta, replace
861
862
863
      * Produce a two-way table of frequency counts (preliminary cross-classification tables)
      tabulate classnew0 classnew1
864
      tab classnew0 if classnew0!=. & classnew1!=.
865
      tab classnew1 if classnew0!=. & classnew1!=.
866
867
868
      * Descriptive statistics for the total female sample and stratified by class membership (pre-pandemic)
      * Use complete female participant dataset
869
      use LCAfemalecross.dta
870
      * One-to-one merge of data in memory with demographw9.dta on participant ID
871
872
      merge 1:1 idauniq using demographw9.dta, generate (merge demograph)
873
      * Sort from lowest to highest participant ID
874
      sort idauniq
875
      * Keep data from the participants included in the unconditional LCA at pre-pandemic
876
      keep if classnew0!=.
      * Count total number of participants
877
878
      unique idauniq
879
      * 2,235 individuals
880
      replace dimarr = . if dimarr<0
881
      replace dimarr = 4 if dimarr==5
882
      replace dimarr = 5 if dimarr==6
883
      sum indager
884
      tab age_cat
      tab fqethnmr
885
      tab dimarr
886
887
     tab wpdes
      save femaledescw9.dta
888
889
     tab hhtot
890
      tab edqual
891
      tab educa cons
892
      tab mynssec3_cons
893
      tab wealth cons
894
     tab frequency
895
      tab limiting
896
      tab limiting cons
897
      sum indager_cons if classnew0==1
898
899
      tab age cat if classnew0==1
900
      tab fqethnmr if classnew0==1
901
      tab dimarr if classnew0==1
      tab wpdes if classnew0==1
902
      tab hhtot if classnew0==1
903
      tab educa cons if classnew0==1
904
      tab mynssec3_cons if classnew0==1
905
906
      tab wealth cons if classnew0==1
907
      tab frequency if classnew0==1
908
      tab limiting if classnew0==1
```

```
tab limiting_cons if classnew0==1
910
911
      sum indager_cons if classnew0==2
912
      tab age_cat if classnew0==2
913
      tab fqethnmr if classnew0==2
      tab dimarr if classnew0==2
914
      tab wpdes if classnew0==2
915
916
     tab hhtot if classnew0==2
      tab educa_cons if classnew0==2
917
918
     tab mynssec3_cons if classnew0==2
919
      tab wealth_cons if classnew0==2
920
     tab frequency if classnew0==2
921
      tab limiting if classnew0==2
922
      tab limiting_cons if classnew0==2
923
924
      sum indager_cons if classnew0==3
925
      tab age cat if classnew0==3
926
      tab fqethnmr if classnew0==3
      tab dimarr if classnew0==3
927
     tab wpdes if classnew0==3
928
929
      tab hhtot if classnew0==3
930
     tab educa_cons if classnew0==3
931
     tab mynssec3_cons if classnew0==3
932
     tab wealth_cons if classnew0==3
933
      tab frequency if classnew0==3
      tab limiting if classnew0==3
934
935
      tab limiting_cons if classnew0==3
936
937
      * Descriptive statistics for the total female sample and stratified by class membership
      (intra-pandemic)
938
      * Use complete female participant dataset
939
      use LCAfemalecross.dta
940
      * One-to-one merge of data in memory with demographcw1.dta on participant ID
941
      merge 1:1 idauniq using demographcw1.dta, generate (merge demograph)
942
      * Sort from lowest to highest participant ID
943
      sort idaunia
944
      st Keep data from the participants included in the unconditional LCA at intra-pandemic
945
      keep if classnew1!=.
946
      * Count total number of participants
947
      unique idauniq
948
      * 2,158 individuals
949
      sum Age_Arch
950
     tab age_cat
951
     tab Ethnicity_arch
      tab RelStat
952
953
      tab marital cons
954
      replace marital_cons = . if marital_cons<0</pre>
955
      tab RelStat if marital_cons==.
956
      gen relcw1 = marital_cons
      replace relcw1 = 1 if RelStat == 8 & marital cons==.
957
      replace relcw1 = 2 if inlist(RelStat,1,2,3,4) & marital cons==.
958
959
      replace relcw1 = 4 if inlist(RelStat,5,6) & marital_cons==.
      replace relcw1 = 4 if marital_cons==5
960
      replace relcw1 = 5 if marital cons==6
961
962
      replace relcw1 = 5 if RelStat == 7 & marital_cons==.
963
      tab CvPstd
964
      save femaledescw10.dta
965
     tab CvNumP
966
     tab educa_cons
967
      tab mynssec3_cons
968
     tab wealth cons
969
     tab frequency
970
      tab limiting cons
```

```
971
972
      sum Age Arch if classnew1==1
973
     tab age_cat if classnew1==1
974
     tab Ethnicity_arch if classnew1==1
975
     tab relcw1 if classnew1==1
976
      tab CvPstd if classnew1==1
      tab CvNumP if classnew1==1
977
      tab educa_cons if classnew1==1
978
979
      tab mynssec3 cons if classnew1==1
980
      tab wealth_cons if classnew1==1
      tab frequency if classnew1==1
981
982
      tab limiting_cons if classnew1==1
983
984
      sum Age_Arch if classnew1==2
985
      tab age_cat if classnew1==2
      tab Ethnicity_arch if classnew1==2
986
      tab relcw1 if classnew1==2
987
      tab CvPstd if classnew1==2
988
989
      tab CvNumP if classnew1==2
990
      tab educa_cons if classnew1==2
991
      tab mynssec3_cons if classnew1==2
992
     tab wealth_cons if classnew1==2
993
      tab frequency if classnew1==2
994
      tab limiting_cons if classnew1==2
```