
HOMEWORK 4

EPPS 6354

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QUESTION 1

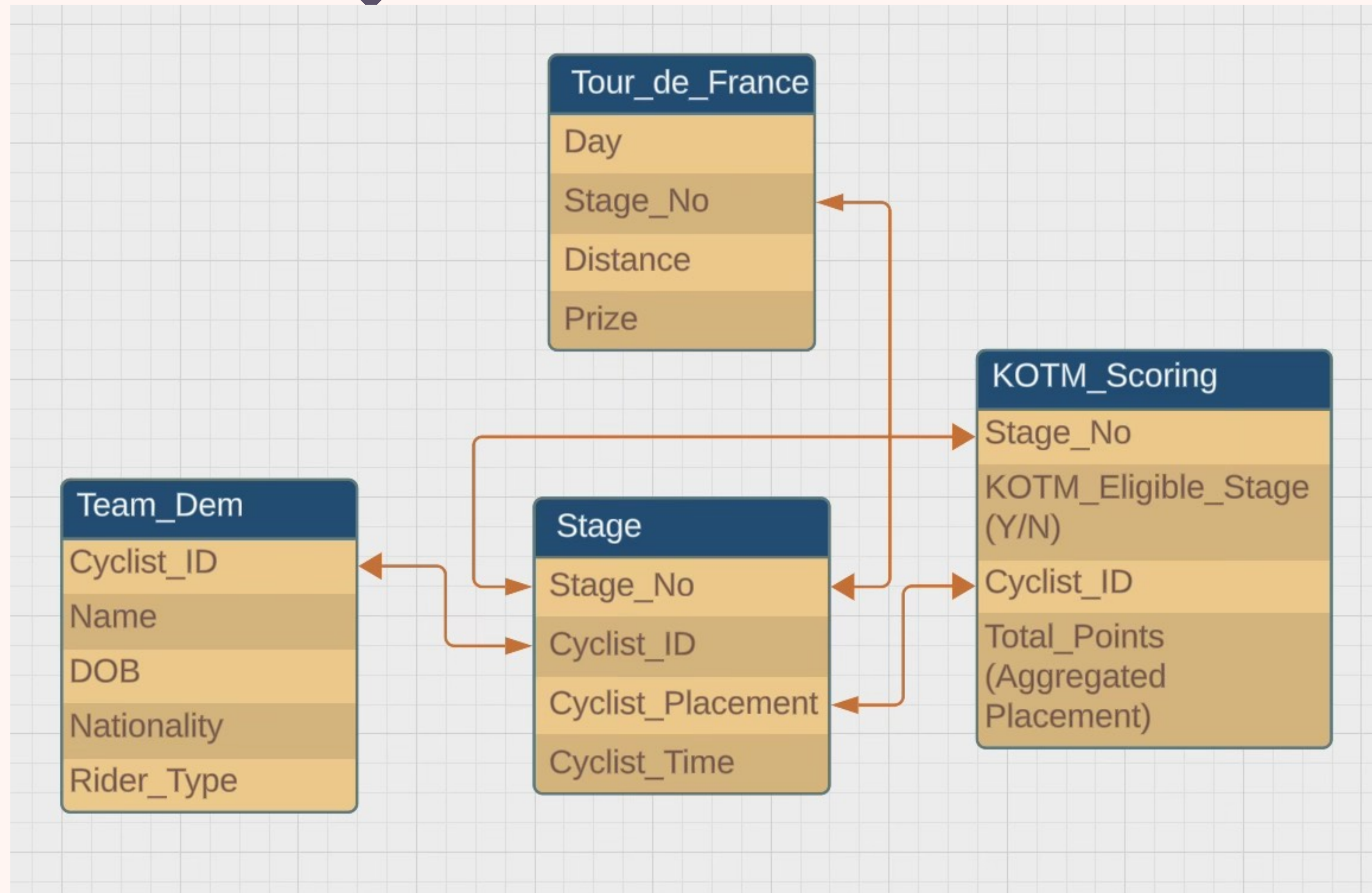
1. Explain the difference between a weak and a strong entity set. Use an example other than the one in Chapter 6 to illustrate. (Consult Ch. 6, 6.5.3)

- **Weak entity set: does not have a primary key; has to get identifying information from another table.**
- **Strong entity set: has a primary key that allows you to uniquely identify each tuple.**
- **Example:**
- **Strong entity set: Player table: name, position, team, year**
- **Weak entity set: Injury table: type of injury, time out of the season**

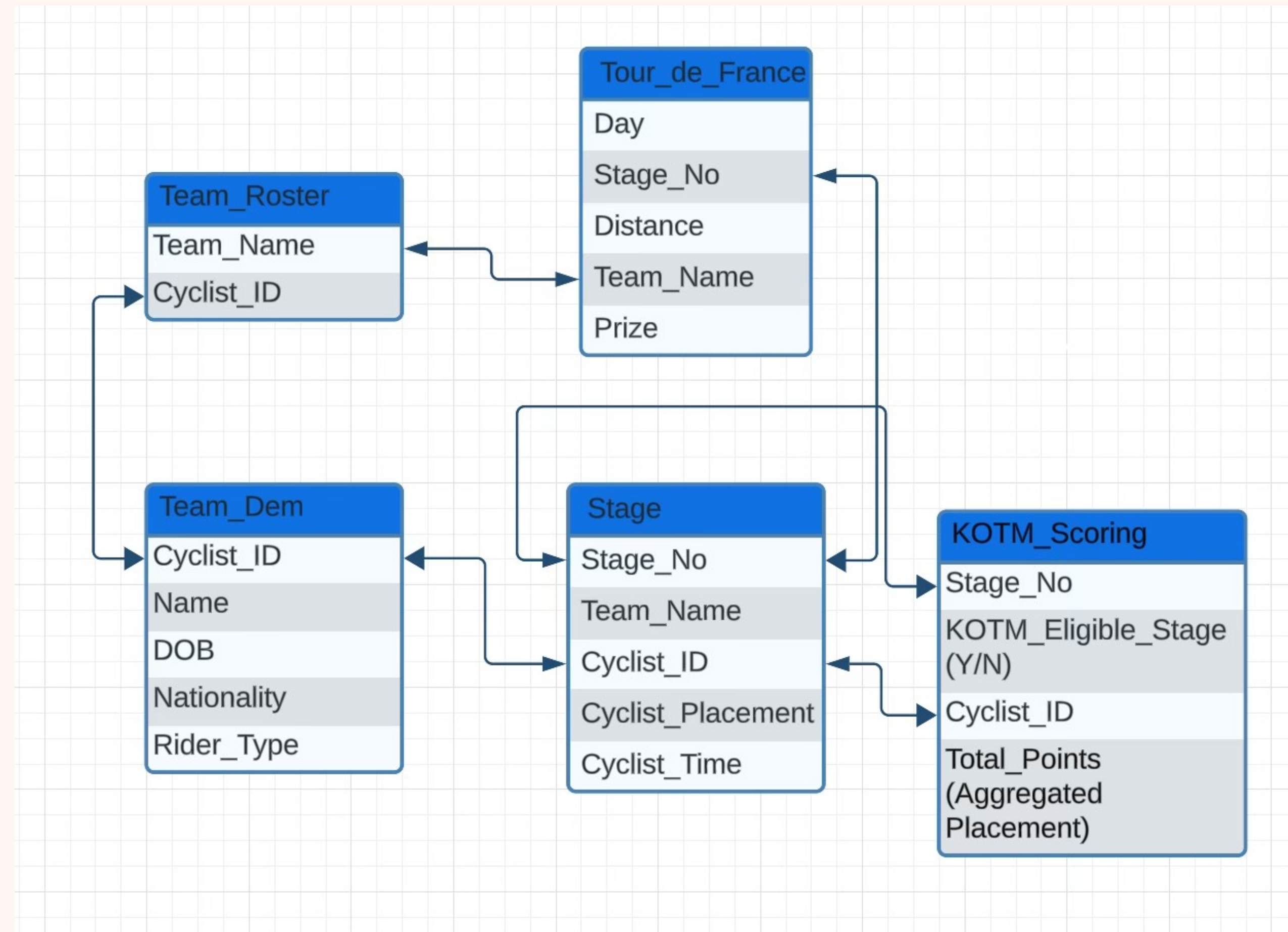
QUESTION 2

2. Design an E-R diagram for keeping track of the scoring statistics of your favorite sports team. You should store the matches played, the scores in each match, the players in each match, and individual player scoring statistics for each match. Summary statistics should be modeled as derived attributes with an explanation as to how they are computed. (Consult: [Practice Exercise solutions on textbook website](#))
- a) Draw the E-R diagram using draw.io. Read this [website](#) for instructions.
 - b) Expand to all teams in the league (Hint: add team entity)

QUESTION 2A



QUESTION 2B



QUESTION 3B

b) Write an SQL query using the university schema to find the ID of each student who has never taken a course at the university. Do this using no subqueries and no set operations (use an outer join). (Consult Ch. 4, 4.1.3)

Enter SQL commands here

```
1 SELECT DISTINCT
2   A.ID,
3   NAME
4 FROM
5   STUDENT A
6 LEFT OUTER JOIN
7   TAKES B
8   ON
9   A.ID <> B.ID
```

Execute

Save the db

Load an SQLite database file:

Choose Fileno file selected

ID	name
00128	Zhang
12345	Shankar
19991	Brandt
23121	Chavez
44553	Peltier
45678	Levy
54321	Williams
55739	Sanchez
70557	Snow
76543	Brown
76653	Aoi
98765	Bourikas
98988	Tanaka

QUESTION 3C

c) Consider the following database, write a query to find the ID of each employee with no manager. Note that an employee may simply have no manager listed or may have a *null* manager(use natural left outer join). (Consult Ch. 4, 4.1.3)

employee (ID, person_name, street, city)
works (ID, company_name, salary)
company (company_name, city)
manages (ID, manager_id)

SELECT DISTINCT
ID
COMPANY_NAME
FROM
WORKS W

NATURAL LEFT OUTER JOIN
(SELECT DISTINCT
COMPANY_NAME
FROM
WORKS

INNER JOIN
MANAGES M
ON
W.ID = M.ID
) EXCLUDE
ON
W.ID <> EXCLUDE.ID

LOGIC

step 1: Company w/ no manager

step 2: who works for that company

Company A = no manager
Company B = manager

A employees	B employees
1A, 2A, 3A	1B, 2B, 3B
✓ ✓ ✓	✗ ✗ ✗
total list	
1A ✓ 1B ✗	} wrong
2A ✓ 2B ✗	
3A ✓ 3B ✗	