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Assignment #1

# ① Number Representation, 2's Complement, and Floating Point

1. Convert  $0.101011_2$  from binary  $\rightarrow$  decimal

$$\begin{aligned} 0.101011_2 &= (0 \times 2^0) + (1 \times 2^{-1}) + (0 \times 2^{-2}) + (1 \times 2^{-3}) + (0 \times 2^{-4}) + (1 \times 2^{-5}) + (1 \times 2^{-6}) \\ &= 0 + \frac{1}{2} + 0 + \frac{1}{8} + 0 + \frac{1}{32} + \frac{1}{64} \\ &= \frac{32}{64} + \frac{8}{64} + \frac{2}{64} + \frac{1}{64} = \frac{43}{64} = 0.671875 \end{aligned}$$

2. Convert  $6.75_{10}$  decimal  $\rightarrow$  binary AND hexadecimal

i. binary:

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \overline{) 6} \\ 2 \overline{) 13} + 0 \uparrow \\ 2 \overline{) 11} + 1 \\ 0 + 1 \end{array} = 110_2$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 0.75_{10} \times 2 = 0.5 + 1 \\ 0.5 \times 2 = 0.0 + 1 \\ 0.0 \times 2 = 0.0 + 0 \end{array} \downarrow = 0.110_2$$

$$\therefore 6.75_{10} = 110.110_2$$

ii. hexadecimal:

$$\begin{array}{r} 16 \overline{) 6} \\ 0 + 6 \uparrow = 6_{16} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 0.75_{10} \times 16 = 0.0 + (12 = C) \\ 0.0 \times 16 = 0.0 + 0 \end{array} \downarrow = 0.C0_{16}$$

$$\therefore 6.75_{10} = 6.C0_{16}$$

3. Convert IFA.U06G<sub>32</sub> base 32  $\rightarrow$  binary  $\rightarrow$  hexadecimal

i. decimal (to use for binary and hexadecimal):

$$\begin{aligned} \text{IFA.U06G}_{32} &= (1 \times 32^2) + (15 \times 32^1) + (10 \times 32^0) + (30 \times 32^{-1}) + (0 \times 32^{-2}) \\ &\quad + (6 \times 32^{-3}) + (16 \times 32^{-4}) = 1024 + 480 + 10 + \frac{30}{32} + 0 \\ &\quad + \frac{6}{32768} + \frac{16}{1048576} = 1514 + \frac{983040}{1048576} + \frac{192}{1048576} + \frac{16}{1048576} \\ &= 1514 + \frac{983248}{1048576} = 1514 + \frac{491624}{524288} = 1514 + \frac{245812}{262144} \\ &= 1514 + \frac{61453}{65536} = 1514.937698364_{10} \end{aligned}$$

ii. binary:

$$1514.937698364_{10}$$

1514.937698364<sub>10</sub>

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \overline{) 1514} \\ 2 \overline{) 757} + 0 \uparrow \\ 2 \overline{) 378} + 1 \\ 2 \overline{) 189} + 0 \\ 2 \overline{) 94} + 1 \\ 2 \overline{) 47} + 0 \\ 2 \overline{) 23} + 1 \\ 2 \overline{) 11} + 1 \\ 2 \overline{) 5} + 1 \\ 2 \overline{) 2} + 1 \\ 2 \overline{) 1} + 0 \\ 0 + 1 \end{array} = 10111101010_2$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 0.937698364_{10} \times 2 = 0.875396728 + 1 \\ 0.875396728 \times 2 = 0.750793456 + 1 \\ 0.750793456 \times 2 = 0.501586912 + 1 \\ 0.501586912 \times 2 = 0.003173824 + 1 \\ 0.003173824 \times 2 = 0.006347648 + 0 \\ 0.006347648 \times 2 = 0.012695296 + 0 \\ 0.012695296 \times 2 = 0.025390592 + 0 \\ 0.025390592 \times 2 = 0.050781184 + 0 \\ 0.050781184 \times 2 = 0.101562368 + 0 \\ 0.101562368 \times 2 = 0.203124736 + 0 \\ 0.203124736 \times 2 = 0.406249472 + 0 \end{array}$$

...TBC

$$\begin{aligned}
0.406249472 \times 2 &= 0.812498944 + 0 \\
0.812498944 \times 2 &= 0.624997888 + 1 \\
0.624997888 \times 2 &= 0.249995776 + 1 \\
0.24999577 \times 2 &= 0.499991552 + 0 \\
0.499991552 \times 2 &= 0.999983104 + 0 \\
0.999983104 \times 2 &= 0.999966208 + 1 \\
0.999966208 \times 2 &= 0.999932416 + 1 \\
0.999932416 \times 2 &= 0.999864832 + 1 \\
0.999864832 \times 2 &= 0.999729664 + 1
\end{aligned}$$

$$= 0.11110000000011001111..._2$$

$$\therefore 1FA.U066_{32} = 1514.937698364_{16} = 10111101010.11110000000011001111..._2$$

iii. hexadecimal:

$$\begin{aligned}
10111101010.11110000000011001111..._2 &= 1514.937698364_{16} \\
16 \overline{) 1514}_{16} & \quad \begin{array}{l} 0.937698364_{16} \times 16 = 0.00317382 + (15 = F) \\ 0.00317382 \times 16 = 0.050781184 + 0 \\ 0.050781184 \times 16 = 0.812498944 + 0 \\ 0.812498944 \times 16 = 0.999983104 + (12 = C) \\ 0.999983104 \times 16 = 0.999729664 + (15 = F) \\ 0.999729664 \times 16 = 0.995674624 + (15 = F) \\ 0.995674624 \times 16 = 0.930793984 + (15 = F) \\ 0.930793984 \times 16 = 0.892703744 + (14 = E) \\ 0.892703744 \times 16 = 0.283259904 + (14 = E) \\ 0.283259904 \times 16 = 0.532158464 + 4 \\ 0.532158464 \times 16 = 0.514535424 + 8 \\ 0.514535424 \times 16 = 0.232566784 + 8 \\ 0.232566784 \times 16 = 0.721068544 + 3 \\ 0.721068544 \times 16 = 0.537096704 + (11 = B) \\ 0.537096704 \times 16 = 0.593547264 + 8 \\ 0.593547264 \times 16 = 0.496756224 + 9 \\ 0.496756224 \times 16 = 0.948099584 + 7 \\ 0.948099584 \times 16 = 0.169593344 + (15 = F) \end{array} \\
16 \overline{) 94} + \left\{ \begin{array}{l} (10 = A) \uparrow \\ (14 = E) \end{array} \right. & \\
16 \overline{) 5} + \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 5 \end{array} \right. & = 5EA_{16} \\
0 + 5 & \\
\therefore 1FA.U066_{32} &= 1514.937698364_{16} \\
&= 5EAF00CFFFEE4883B897F..._{16} \\
&= 0.F00CFFFEE4883B897F..._{16}
\end{aligned}$$

4. Convert  $3031004_5$  to hexadecimal

i. decimal:  $(3 \times 5^6) + (0 \times 5^5) + (3 \times 5^4) + (1 \times 5^3) + (0 \times 5^2) + (0 \times 5^1) + (4 \times 5^0)$   
 $= 46875 + 0 + 1875 + 125 + 0 + 0 + 4 = 48879_{10}$

ii. hexadecimal:  $3031004_5 = 48879_{10}$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 16 \overline{)48879} & \\ 16 \overline{)3054} & + (15 = F) \uparrow \\ 16 \overline{)190} & + (14 = E) \\ 16 \overline{)11} & + (14 = E) \\ 0 & + (11 = B) \end{array} = BEEF_{16}$$

5. Convert  $-4128786_{10}$  to a 24 bit signed binary number using 2's complement (and then to hexadecimal in 6 symbols)

i.  $-4128786_{10}$  to binary:

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 2 \overline{)4128786} & \\ 2 \overline{)2064393} & + 0 \uparrow \\ 2 \overline{)1032196} & + 1 = 001111100000000000010010_2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 2 \overline{)516098} & + 0 \\ 2 \overline{)258049} & + 0 = 1100000011111111101101_2 + 1_2 \\ 2 \overline{)129024} & + 1 = 11000000111111111101110_2 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r|l} 2 \overline{)64512} & + 0 \\ 2 \overline{)32256} & + 0 \\ 2 \overline{)16128} & + 0 \\ 2 \overline{)8064} & + 0 \\ 2 \overline{)4032} & + 0 \\ 2 \overline{)2016} & + 0 \\ 2 \overline{)1008} & + 0 \\ 2 \overline{)504} & + 0 \\ 2 \overline{)252} & + 0 \\ 2 \overline{)126} & + 0 \\ 2 \overline{)63} & + 0 \\ 2 \overline{)31} & + 1 \\ 2 \overline{)15} & + 1 \\ 2 \overline{)7} & + 1 \\ 2 \overline{)3} & + 1 \\ 2 \overline{)1} & + 1 \\ 0 & + 1 \end{array}$$

ii. Two's Complement:

iii. hexadecimal:

$$\begin{array}{cccccc} 1100 & 0000 & 1111 & 1111 & 1110 & 1110 \\ \hline C & 0 & F & F & E & E \\ = C0FFEE_{16} \end{array}$$

6.  $-2.625_{10}$  as an IEEE single precision floating number (in both binary and hex)... is this representation exact?

$$1 - 2.625_{10} = 2 \overline{12}_{10} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} 2 \overline{11} + 0 \uparrow \\ 0 + 1 \uparrow = 10_2 \end{array} \right.$$

$$|-2.625_{10}| = 10.101_2 \xrightarrow{\text{normalize}} 1.0101_2 \times 2^1$$

exponent = 1  $\xrightarrow{\text{bias notation}}$   $127 + 1 = 128$   $2 \sqrt{128}_{10}$

normalized mantissa: 01010000...

IEEE single precision = 11000000010100000000000000000000

→ hexadecimal:  $\underbrace{1100}_{C} \underbrace{0000}_{0} \underbrace{0010}_{2} \underbrace{1000}_{8} \underbrace{0000}_{0} \underbrace{0000}_{0} \underbrace{0000}_{0} \underbrace{0000}_{0}$   
 $= C0280000_{16}$

## ② Seven Segment Decoder

## 1. Truth Table

[illegible]

Karnaugh Maps: special form of truth table which enables easier pattern recognition

K-maps for the circuit:

$S_0$ :  $A_3 A_2$  00 01 11 10  $A_3 \cdot A_0$

00	1	1	1	0
01	1	1	1	1
11	X	X	X	X
10	0	0	X	X

$A_2$

$$S_0 = A_2 + \overline{A_3} \overline{A_1} + \overline{A_3} A_0$$

$S_1$ :  $A_3 A_2$  00 01 11 10  $A_3 \cdot A_0$

00	1	1	0	1
01	1	1	1	1
11	X	X	X	X
10	1	0	X	X

$A_2$

$$S_1 = A_2 + \overline{A_0} + \overline{A_3} \overline{A_1}$$

$S_2$ :  $A_3 A_2$  00 01 11 10  $A_3 \cdot A_0$

00	1	0	0	1
01	1	1	0	1
11	X	X	X	X
10	0	0	X	X

$A_2 \cdot \overline{A_1}$

$$S_2 = \overline{A_3} \overline{A_0} + A_2 \overline{A_1}$$

$S_3$ :  $A_3 A_2$  00 01 11 10  $A_3 \cdot A_0$

00	1	0	1	0
01	0	0	0	1
11	X	X	X	X
10	0	1	X	X

$A_2 \cdot A_1 \cdot \overline{A_0}$

$A_3 \cdot A_0$

$$S_3 = A_3 A_0 + \overline{A_2} A_1 A_0 + A_2 A_1 \overline{A_0} + \overline{A_3} \overline{A_2} \overline{A_1} A_0$$

$S_4$ :  $A_3 A_2$  00 01 11 10  $A_3 \cdot A_0$

00	1	1	1	1
01	1	1	1	0
11	X	X	X	X
10	1	1	X	X

$\overline{A_2}$

$$S_4 = \overline{A_2} \overline{A_1} + A_0$$

\* a grouping can only contain  $2^k$  members

\* as few groups as possible

$S_5$ :  $A_3 A_2$  00 01 11 10  $A_3 \cdot A_0$

00	0	1	1	1
01	1	0	0	1
11	X	X	X	X
10	0	1	X	X

$A_2 \cdot \overline{A_0}$

$$S_5 = \overline{A_1} A_0 + \overline{A_2} A_1 + A_2 \overline{A_0}$$

$S_6$ :  $A_3 A_2$  00 01 11 10  $A_3 \cdot A_0$

00	1	1	1	0
01	0	0	1	1
11	X	X	X	X
10	0	1	X	X

$A_2 \cdot A_1$

$$S_6 = \overline{A_3} \overline{A_2} \overline{A_1} + \overline{A_2} A_0 + A_2 A_1$$