

ELEN-0060: Information and Coding Theory

Project 2 - Source coding, data compression and
channel coding

Maxime Goffart
180521

Olivier Joris
182113

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1 Channel coding

1.1 Question 16

In order to implement a function to read and display the given image, we used the methods `imread` and `imshow` provided by OpenCV.

1.2 Question 17

To encode the image signal, we used a fixed-length binary code of 8 bits. We have chosen 8 bits because there are 256 (from 0 to 255) possible values, so we need $\lceil \log_2(256) \rceil = 8$. The code is the binary representation of the grayscale value of each pixel.

1.3 Question 18

By simulating the channel effect on the binary signal of the image, we get the following image:



Figure 1: Image after simulating the channel effect

As we can see in the picture, after simulating the channel effect, there are a lot of small dots that are pixels with different grayscale values compared to their very close neighbors. This is due to the fact that we are simulating a potential loss bit by bit and we are not using any sort of redundancy. Thus, if one of the most significant bits is modified, it completely changes the grayscale value for the pixel.