Clinical Visualization

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2025-09-25

Aim

The aim of this project is to develop a visualization gallery that demonstrates the power of data visualization in summarizing and interpreting clinical trial data. Using the colon dataset from the survival R package, the project seeks to highlight how different visualization techniques can uncover patterns, communicate trial results, and support evidence-based decision-making in oncology research.

Objectives

- 1. Showcase diverse visualization methods: Implement at least 10 different plots, including survival curves, subgroup analyses, and exploratory graphics, to present the colon dataset from multiple perspectives.
- 2. Communicate clinical insights effectively: Use plots to explain treatment effects, recurrence and survival patterns, and relationships between demographic, clinical, and outcome variables.
- 3. Bridge statistics and storytelling: Translate statistical outputs (e.g., hazard ratios, cumulative incidence, survival probabilities) into intuitive graphics that can be understood by both technical and non-technical audiences.
- 4. Highlight best practices in reproducibility: Use R (ggplot2, survminer, etc.) to build reproducible visualization pipelines for clinical trial data analysis.
- 5. Create a portfolio-ready deliverable: Assemble the collection into a cohesive visualization gallery (markdown/Quarto notebook or GitHub repo) to serve as a demonstration of technical, statistical, and communication skills.

liberies

Loading of Data

Data Cleaning and Restructing

```
new_data<-mydata %>%
mutate(
    sex = ifelse(sex == 1, "Male", "Female"),
    obstruct = ifelse(obstruct == 0, "No obstruction", "Obstruction present"),
    perfor = ifelse(perfor == 0, "No", "Yes"),
    adhere = ifelse(adhere == 0, "No", "Yes"),
    status = ifelse(status == 0, "Censored",
```

```
ifelse(status == 1, "Recurrence", "Death")),
    differ = ifelse(differ == 1, "Well-differentiated",
            ifelse(differ == 2, "Moderately differentiated", "Poorly differentiated")),
    extent = ifelse(extent == 1, "Submucosa",
            ifelse(extent == 2, "Muscle",
            ifelse(extent == 3, "Serosa", "Contiguous structures"))),
   surg = ifelse(surg == 0, "Short (<8 weeks)", "Long (8 weeks)"),</pre>
   node4 = ifelse(node4 == 0, "< 4 nodes", " 4 nodes"),</pre>
   etype = ifelse(etype == 1, "Recurrence", "Death")
# Creating a Data Dictionary
# Relabel dictionary for colon dataset
var_labels <- c(</pre>
         = "Patient ID",
 id
  study = "Study ID",
         = "Treatment Group",
          = "Sex (0=Female, 1=Male)",
  sex
  age = "Age (years)",
  obstruct = "Colon Obstruction (Yes/No)",
 perfor = "Colon Perforation (Yes/No)",
  adhere = "Tumor Adherence (Yes/No)",
  nodes = "Positive Lymph Nodes",
  status = "Event Status (0=Censored, 1=Recurrence, 2=Death)",
 differ = "Tumor Differentiation (1=Well, 2=Moderate, 3=Poor)",
  extent = "Extent of Spread (1=Submucosa, 4=Contiguous)",
 surg = "Surgery to Registration (0=<8wks, 1=8wks)",</pre>
 node4 = " 4 Positive Lymph Nodes (Yes/No)",
 time = "Follow-up Time (days)",
  etype = "Event Type (1=Recurrence, 2=Death)"
```

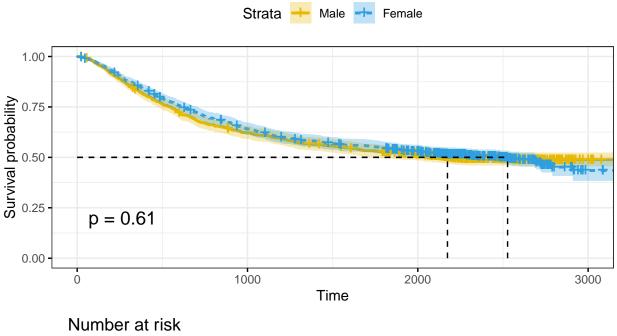
Visualization Gallery Plan

```
fit_1 <- survfit(Surv(time, status) ~ sex, data = mydata)

ggsurvplot(fit_1,
    pval = TRUE, conf.int = TRUE,
    risk.table = TRUE, # Add risk table
    risk.table.col = "strata", # Change risk table color by groups
    linetype = "strata", # Change line type by groups
    surv.median.line = "hv", # Specify median survival
    ggtheme = theme_bw(), # Change ggplot2 theme
    palette = c("#E7B800", "#2E9FDF"),
    legend.labs = c("Male", "Female"))</pre>
```

1. Kaplan-Meier Curve

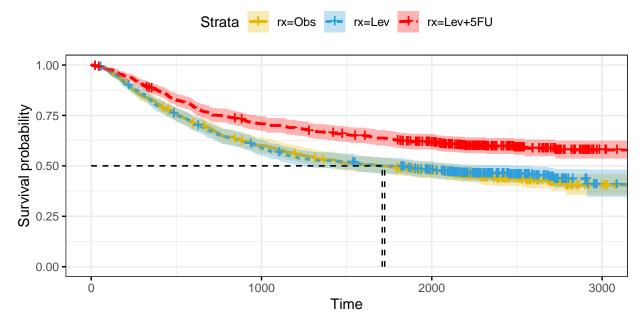
```
## Warning: Using `size` aesthetic for lines was deprecated in ggplot2 3.4.0.
## i Please use `linewidth` instead.
## i The deprecated feature was likely used in the ggpubr package.
## Please report the issue at <a href="https://github.com/kassambara/ggpubr/issues">https://github.com/kassambara/ggpubr/issues</a>.
## This warning is displayed once every 8 hours.
## Call `lifecycle::last_lifecycle_warnings()` to see where this warning was
## generated.
## Warning in geom_segment(aes(x = 0, y = max(y2), xend = max(x1), yend = max(y2)), : All aesthetics ha
## i Please consider using `annotate()` or provide this layer with data containing
     a single row.
## All aesthetics have length 1, but the data has 2 rows.
## i Please consider using `annotate()` or provide this layer with data containing
     a single row.
##
## All aesthetics have length 1, but the data has 2 rows.
## i Please consider using `annotate()` or provide this layer with data containing
     a single row.
## All aesthetics have length 1, but the data has 2 rows.
## i Please consider using `annotate()` or provide this layer with data containing
     a single row.
```



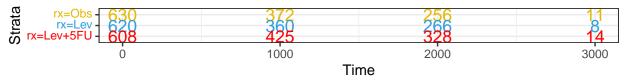


```
risk.table = TRUE, # Add risk table
risk.table.col = "strata", # Change risk table color by groups
linetype = "strata", # Change line type by groups
surv.median.line = "hv", # Specify median survival
ggtheme = theme_bw(), # Change ggplot2 theme
palette = c("#E7B800", "#2E9FDF", "red"))
```

```
## Warning in geom_segment(aes(x = 0, y = max(y2), xend = max(x1), yend = max(y2)), : All aesthetics ha
## i Please consider using `annotate()` or provide this layer with data containing
## a single row.
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## a single row.
## All aesthetics have length 1, but the data has 2 rows.
## i Please consider using `annotate()` or provide this layer with data containing
## a single row.
```



Number at risk



```
pval = TRUE,  # set to FALSE if don't want p-value
           pval.coord = c(270, 0.05), # can delete this line if don't want p-value
           risk.table = TRUE,
           legend.title = "Popn",
           legend.labs = c("Male", "Female"),
           palette = c("#E7B800", "#2E9FDF"),
           break.time.by = 300,
           xlab = "Days from Initial Visit",
           ylab = "Cumulative Incidence of Follow-up",
           axes.offset = TRUE,
           ylim = c(0, 1),
           tables.theme = theme_void(),
           tables.height = 0.15,
           tables.col = "strata",
           surv.scale = "percent")
## Warning: ggtheme is not a valid theme.
## Please use `theme()` to construct themes.
```

```
## Warning: ggtheme is not a valid theme.
## Please use `theme()` to construct themes.

## Ignoring unknown labels:
## * fill : "Popn"

## Warning: ggtheme is not a valid theme.
## Please use `theme()` to construct themes.

## Ignoring unknown labels:
## * fill : "Popn"

## * linetype : "1"

## Ignoring unknown labels:
## * fill : "Popn"

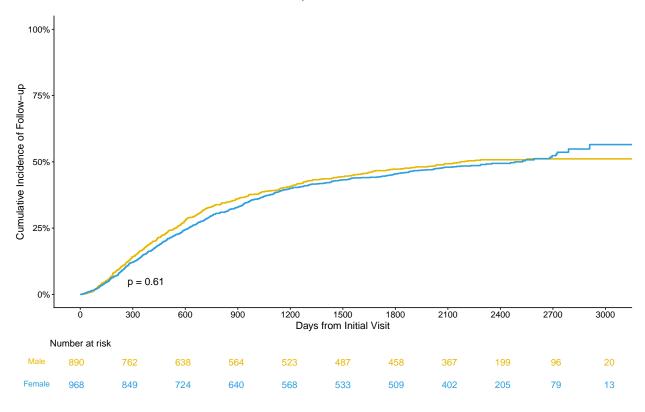
## * fill : "Popn"

## * fill : "Popn"

## * fill : "Popn"
```

* linetype : "1"





```
ggsurvplot(fit_2,
           data = mydata,
           fun = "event",
           censor = FALSE,
           pval = TRUE,
                           # set to FALSE if don't want p-value
           pval.coord = c(270, 0.05), # can delete this line if don't want p-value
           risk.table = TRUE,
           legend.title = "Popn",
           palette = c("#E7B800", "#2E9FDF", "red"),
           break.time.by = 300,
           xlab = "Days from Initial Visit",
           ylab = "Cumulative Incidence of Follow-up",
           axes.offset = TRUE,
           ylim = c(0, 1),
           tables.theme = theme_void(),
           tables.height = 0.15,
           tables.col = "strata",
           surv.scale = "percent")
```

```
## Warning: ggtheme is not a valid theme.
## Please use `theme()` to construct themes.
## Ignoring unknown labels:
## * fill : "Popn"
## * linetype : "1"
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```

```
## Please use `theme()` to construct themes.
```

```
## Ignoring unknown labels:
## * fill : "Popn"
## * linetype : "1"
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## * fill : "Popn"
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## * fill : "Popn"
## * linetype : "1"
```

