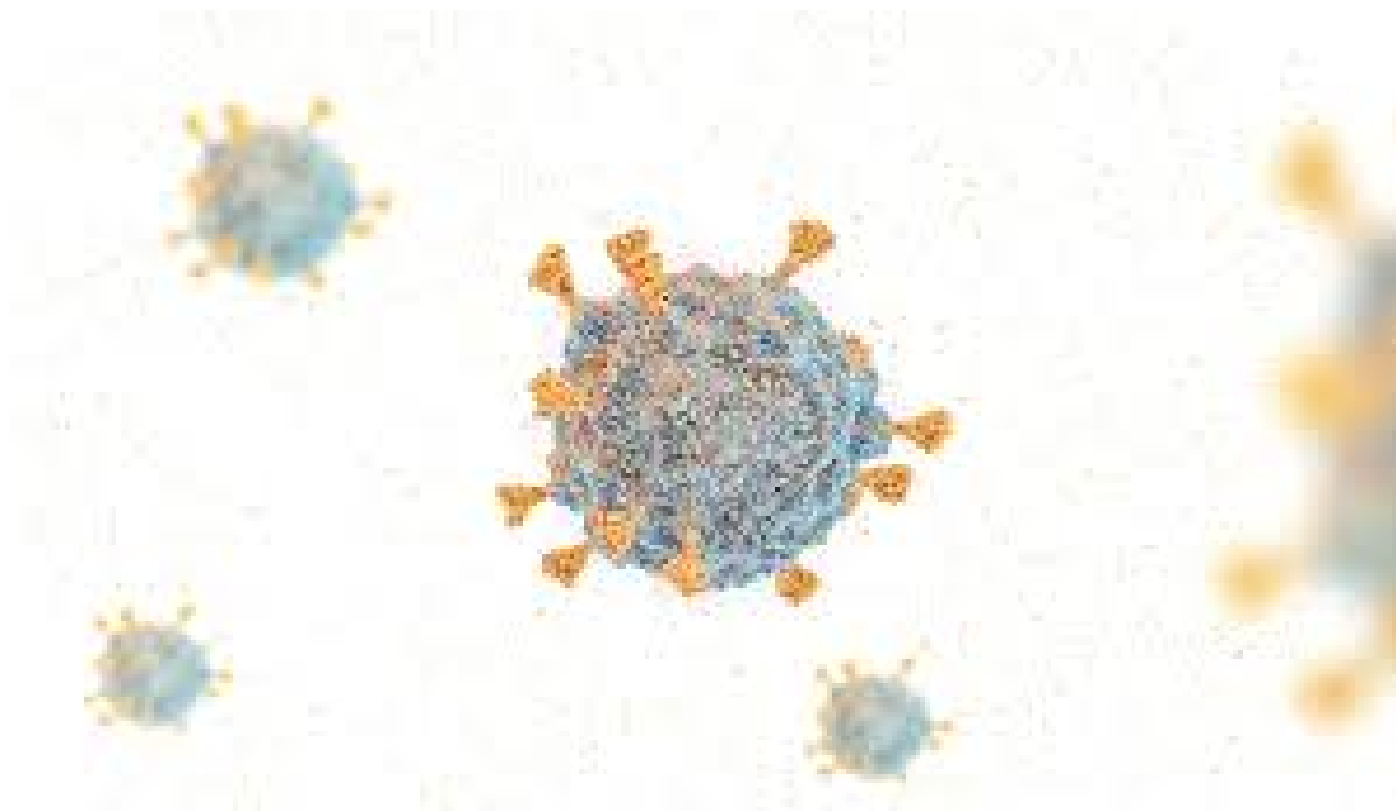


the Dataset was gotten from Kaggle on Omicron daily cases by country (COVID-19 variant)
the last update and download for this exercise was on 03/02/2022



```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
```

```
In [2]: cvd=pd.read_csv('covid-variants.csv')
```

```
In [49]: cvd.head()
```

Out[49]:

	location	variant	num_sequences	perc_sequences	num_sequences_total	month	year	day
0	Angola	Alpha	0	0.0	3	7	2020	6
1	Angola	B.1.1.277	0	0.0	3	7	2020	6
2	Angola	B.1.1.302	0	0.0	3	7	2020	6
3	Angola	B.1.1.519	0	0.0	3	7	2020	6
4	Angola	B.1.160	0	0.0	3	7	2020	6

In [22]:

cvd.info()

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 100416 entries, 0 to 100415
Data columns (total 6 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   location              100416 non-null object
1   date                  100416 non-null datetime64[ns]
2   variant               100416 non-null object
3   num_sequences         100416 non-null int64
4   perc_sequences        100416 non-null float64
5   num_sequences_total   100416 non-null int64
dtypes: datetime64[ns](1), float64(1), int64(2), object(2)
memory usage: 4.6+ MB
```

In [5]:

cvd.variant.value_counts()

Out[5]:

```
Alpha          4184
B.1.1.277      4184
others         4184
S:677P.Pelican 4184
S:677H.Robin1  4184
Omicron        4184
Mu             4184
Lambda         4184
Kappa          4184
Iota           4184
Gamma          4184
Eta            4184
```

```

Epsilon      4184
Delta        4184
Beta          4184
B.1.620      4184
B.1.367      4184
B.1.258      4184
B.1.221      4184
B.1.177      4184
B.1.160      4184
B.1.1.519    4184
B.1.1.302    4184
non_who      4184
Name: variant, dtype: int64

```

```
In [6]: cvd.num_sequences.value_counts()
```

```

Out[6]: 0      84173
        1      2753
        2      1405
        3       905
        4       631
        ...
        1690      1
        1719      1
        2156      1
        1184      1
        862       1
Name: num_sequences, Length: 1563, dtype: int64

```

```
In [7]: cvd.isnull().any()
```

```

Out[7]: location      False
        date          False
        variant       False
        num_sequences  False
        perc_sequences False
        num_sequences_total False
        dtype: bool

```

```
In [8]: cvd.describe()
```

Out[8]:

	num_sequences	perc_sequences	num_sequences_total
count	100416.000000	100416.000000	100416.000000
mean	72.171676	6.154355	1509.582457
std	1669.262169	21.898989	8445.291772
min	0.000000	-0.010000	1.000000
25%	0.000000	0.000000	12.000000
50%	0.000000	0.000000	59.000000
75%	0.000000	0.000000	394.000000
max	142280.000000	100.000000	146170.000000

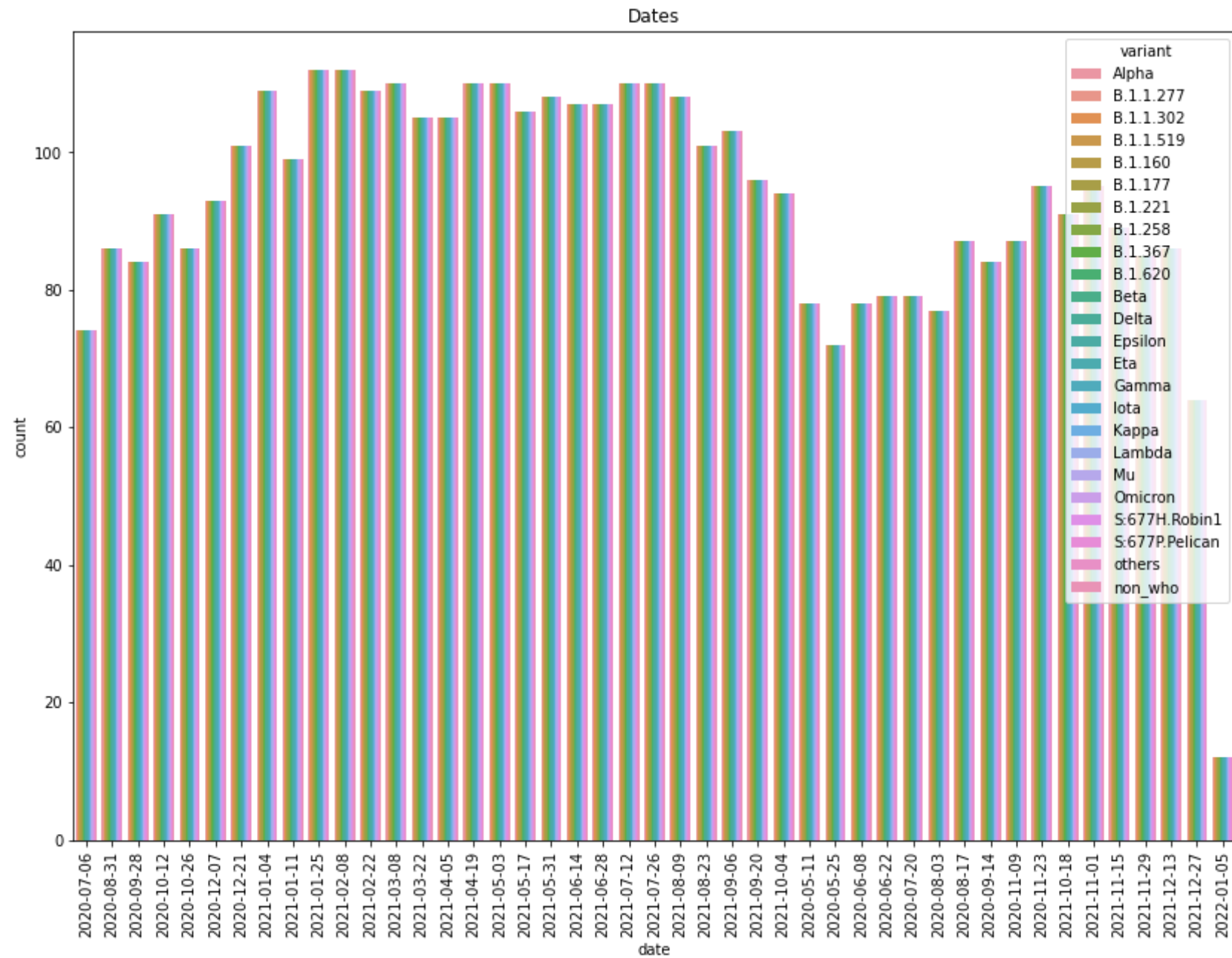
The Exploratory Data Analysis [EDA]

In [9]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=(14,10))
plt.xticks(rotation=90)
sns.countplot(data=cvd,x='date',hue='variant')
plt.title('Dates')
```

Out[9]:

Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Dates')



```
In [10]: # Let's check the variant wise with top 10 countries with maximum virus
```

```

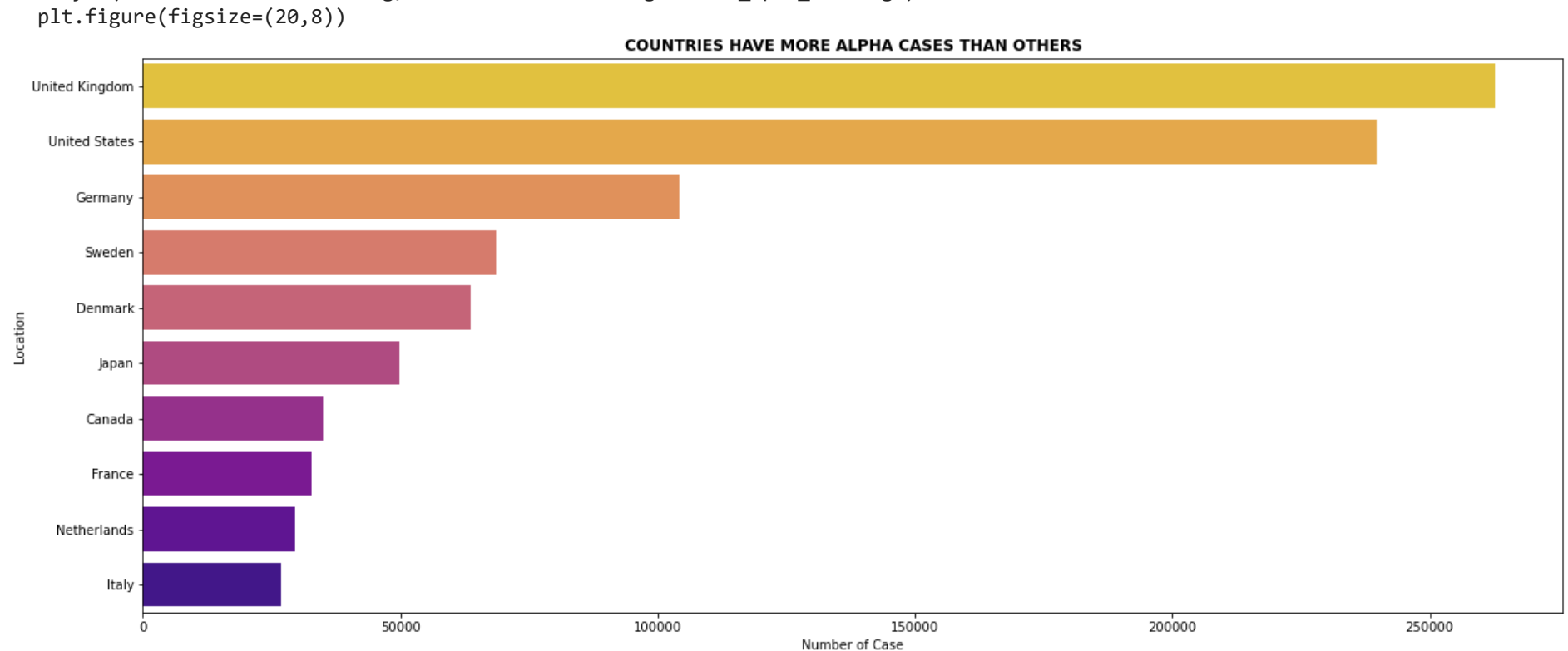
for virus in cvd.variant.unique():
    most_cases = cvd.loc[cvd['variant'] == virus].groupby('location')['num_sequences'].agg('sum').sort_values(ascending=False)[:10]

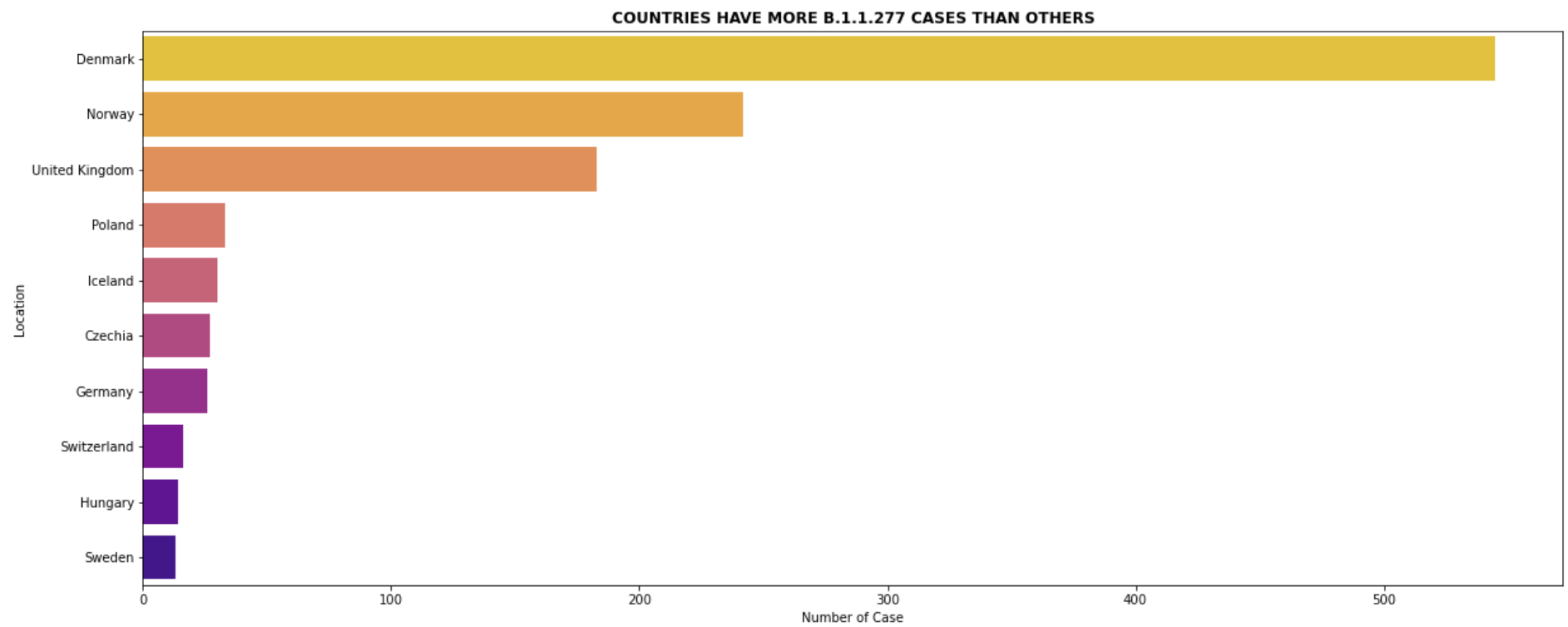
    most_cases = pd.DataFrame({'Location':most_cases.index, 'Number of Case':most_cases.values})

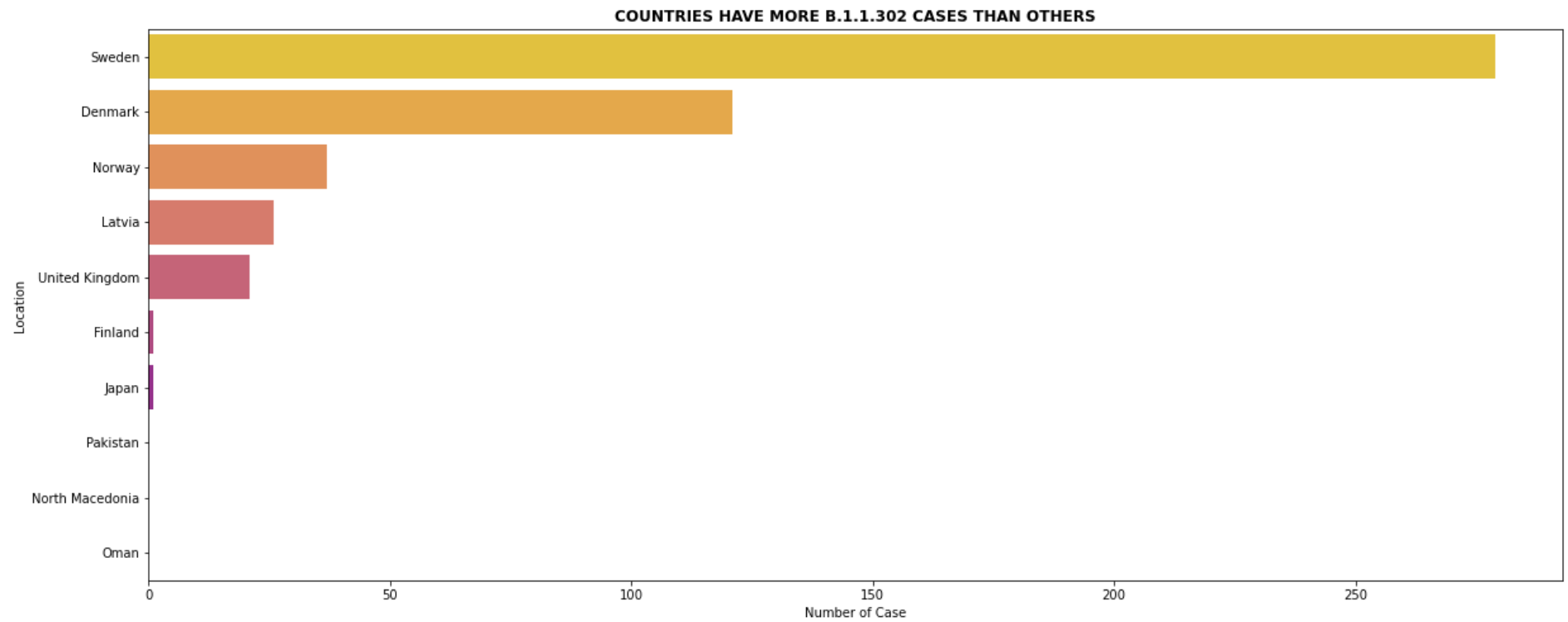
    plt.figure(figsize=(20,8))
    sns.barplot(y='Location',x="Number of Case",data=most_cases,palette="plasma_r")
    plt.title('COUNTRIES HAVE MORE {} CASES THAN OTHERS'.format(virus).upper(),loc='center',fontweight="bold")

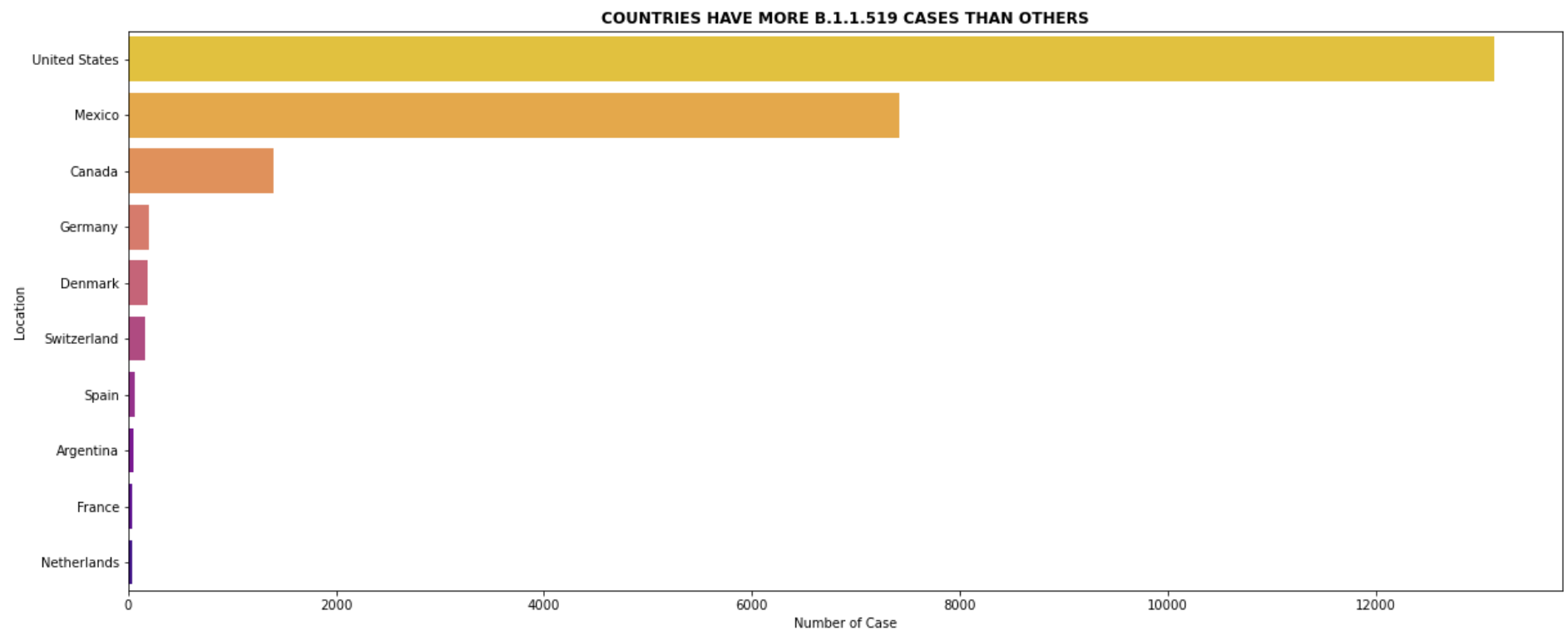
```

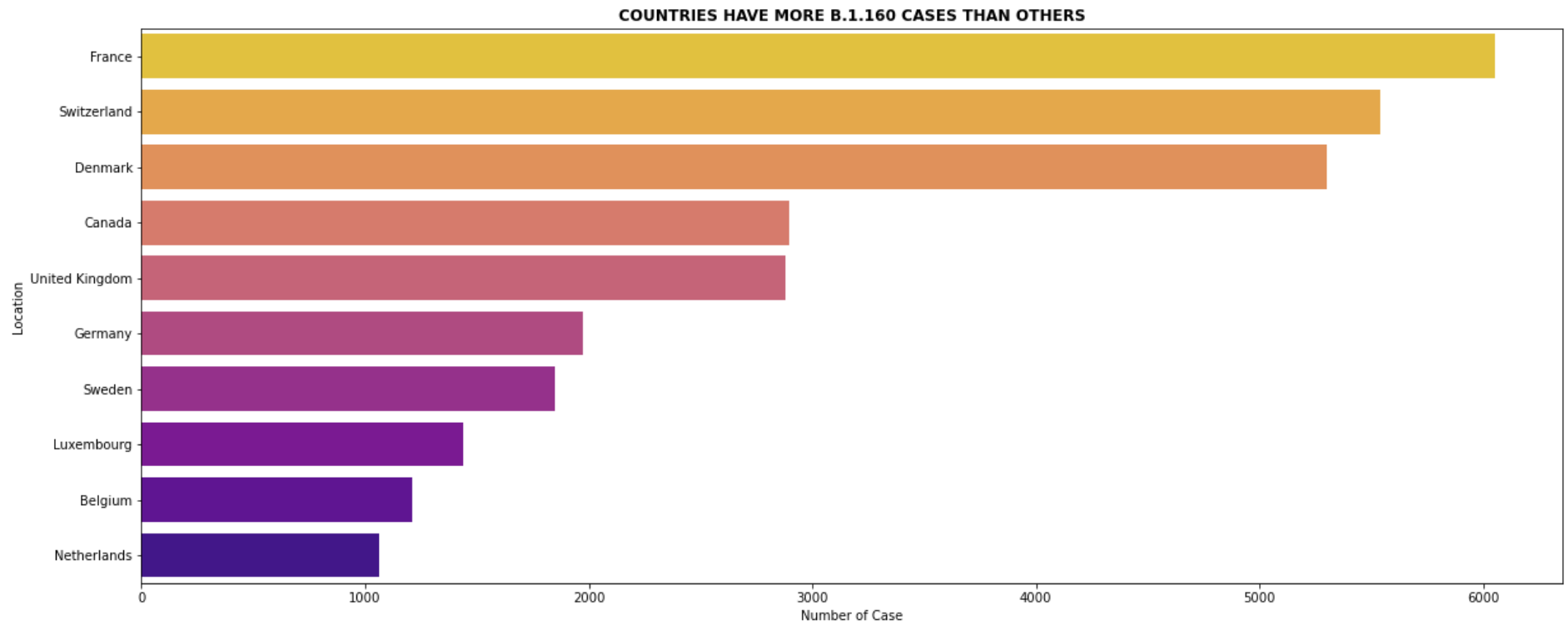
C:\Users\BUSINE~2\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_18476\186801648.py:9: RuntimeWarning: More than 20 figures have been opened. Figures created through the pyplot interface (`matplotlib.pyplot.figure`) are retained until explicitly closed and may consume too much memory. (To control this warning, see the rcParam `figure.max_open_warning`).

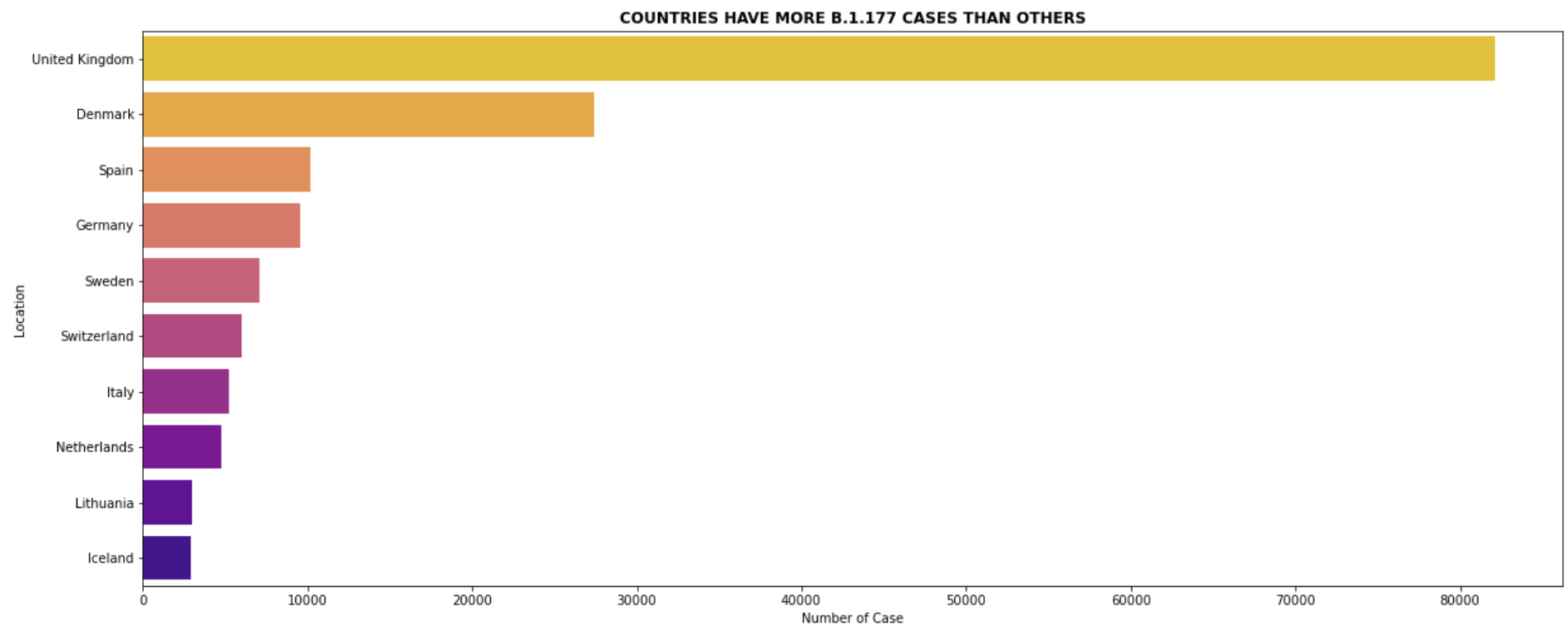


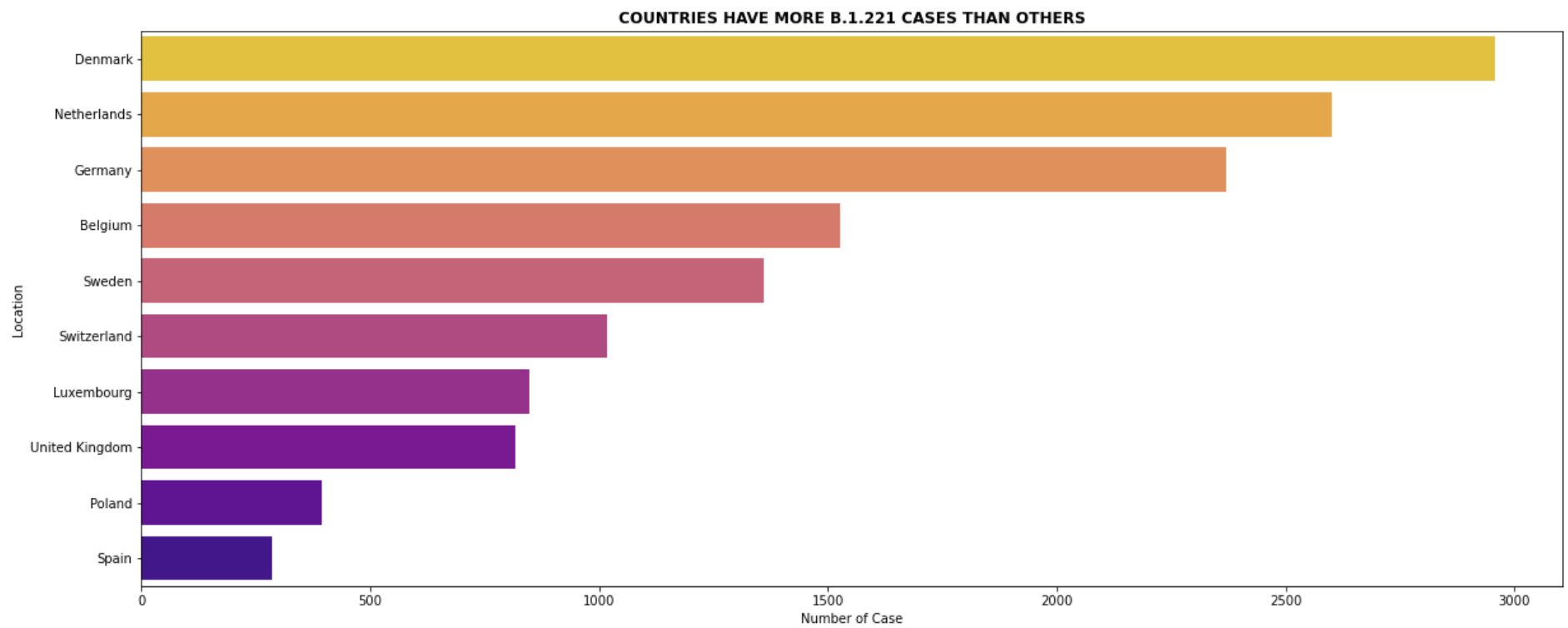


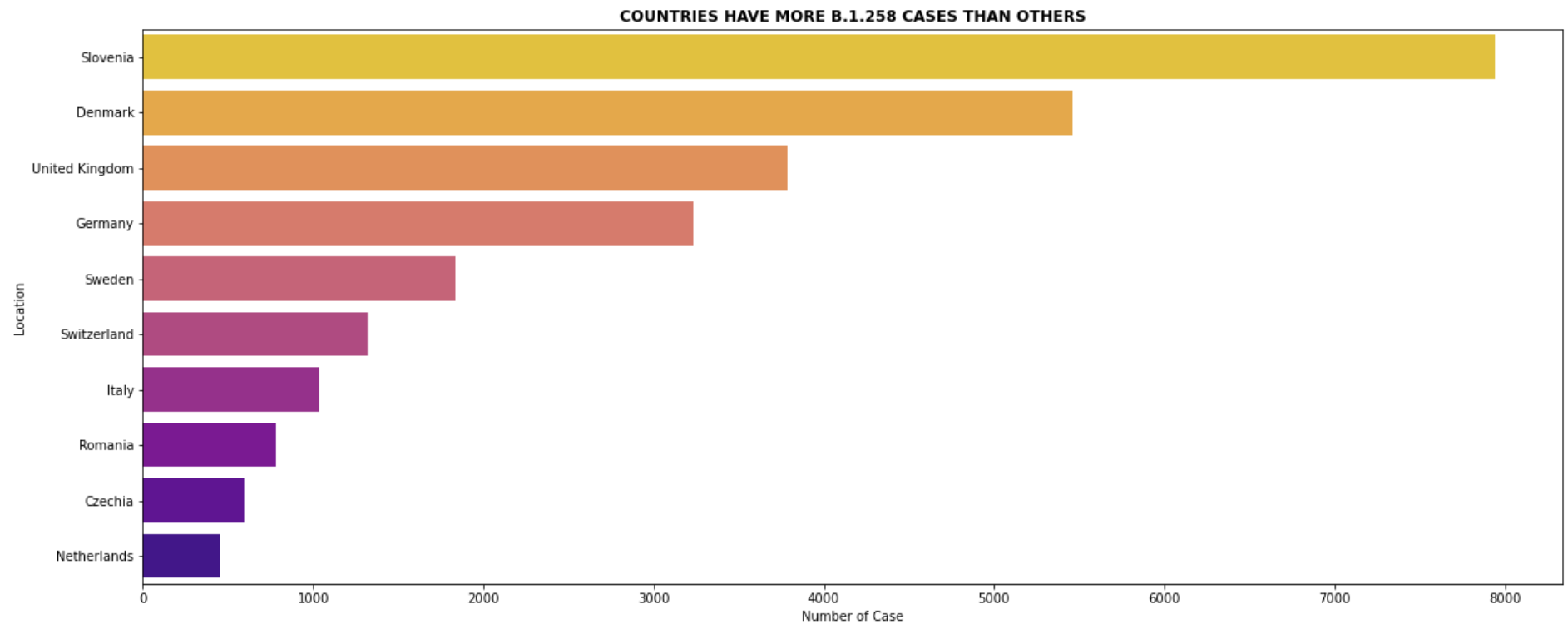


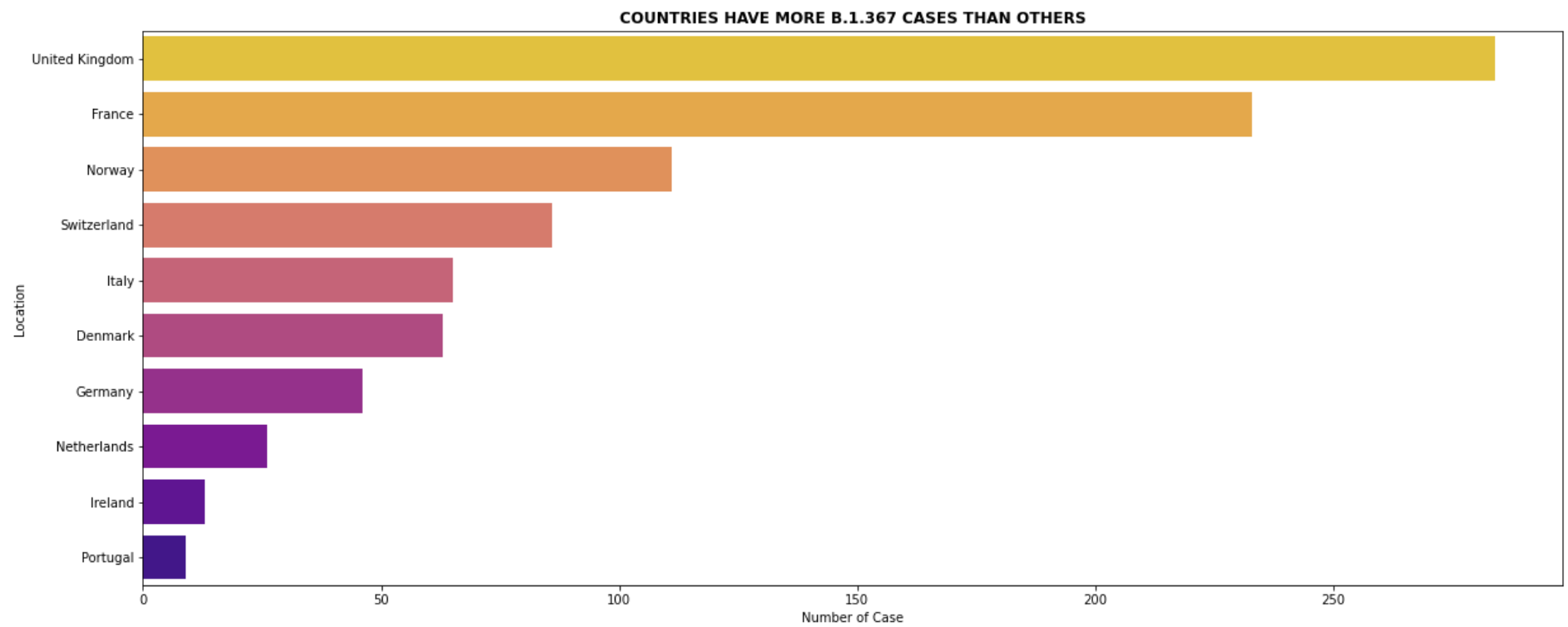


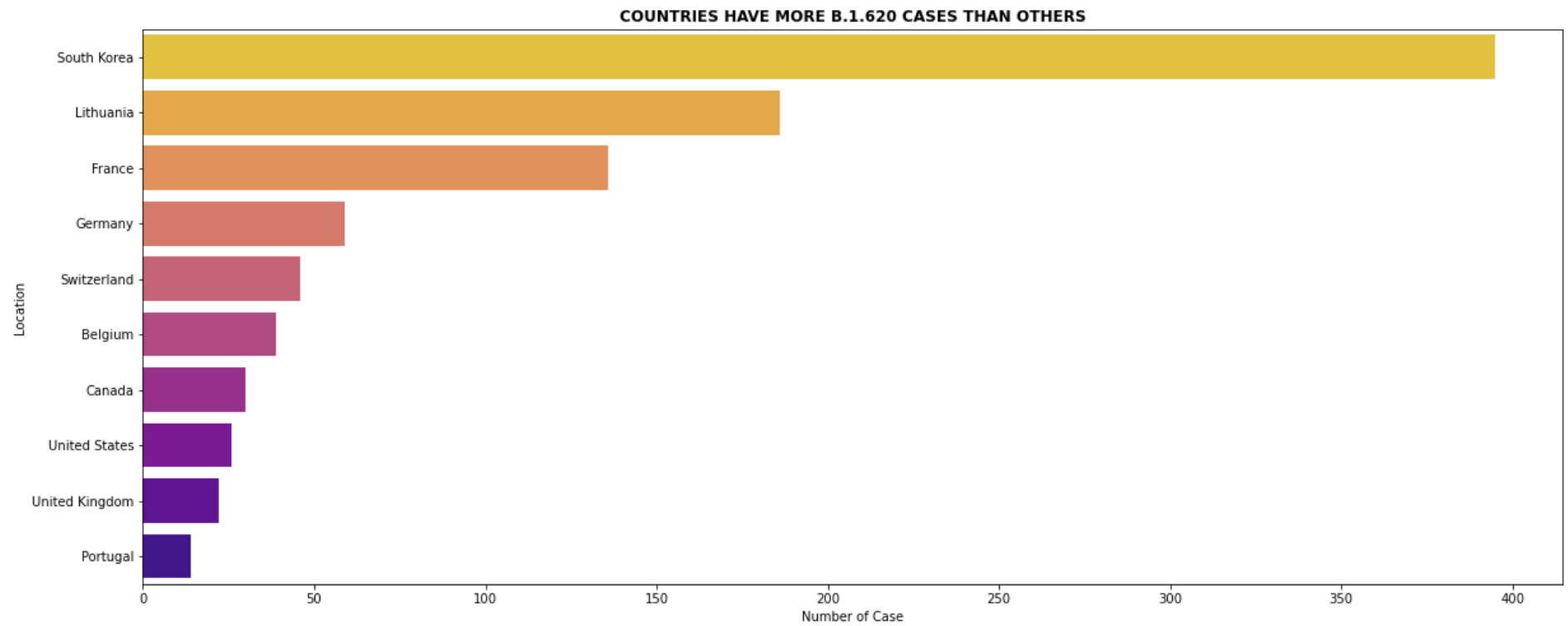


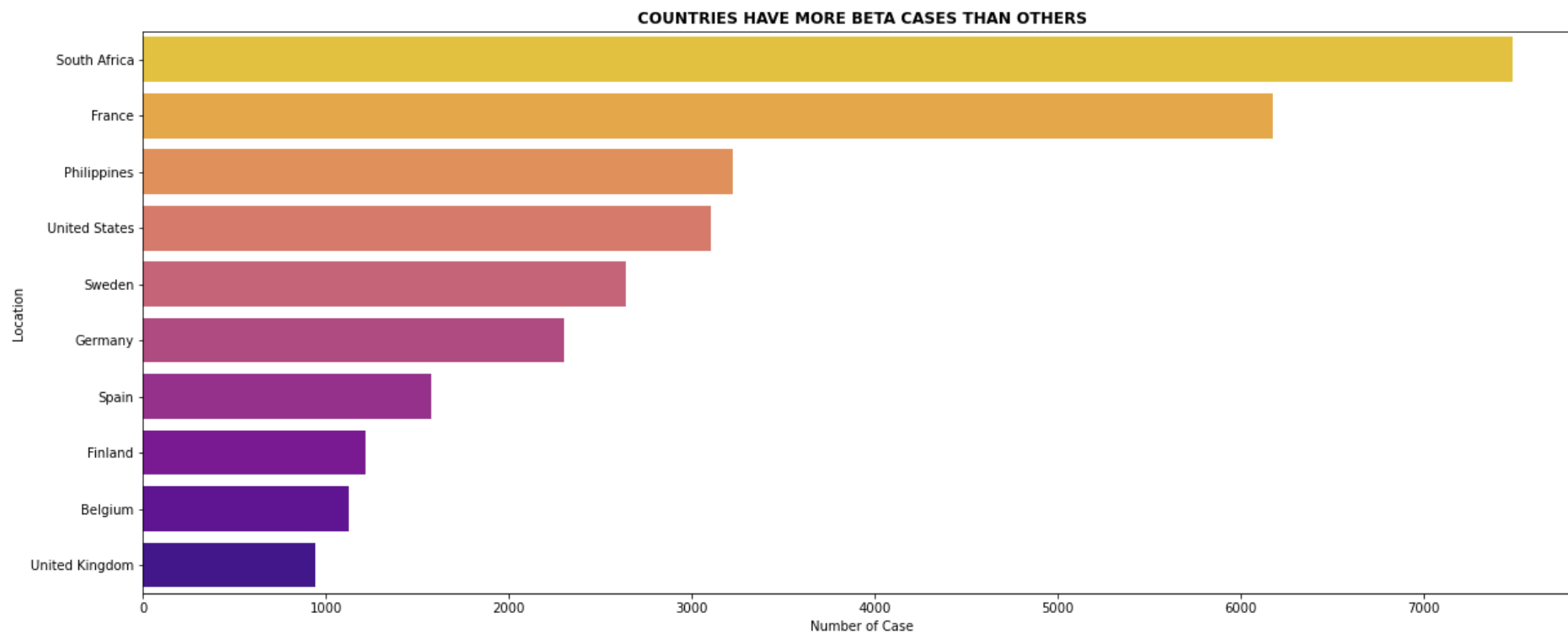


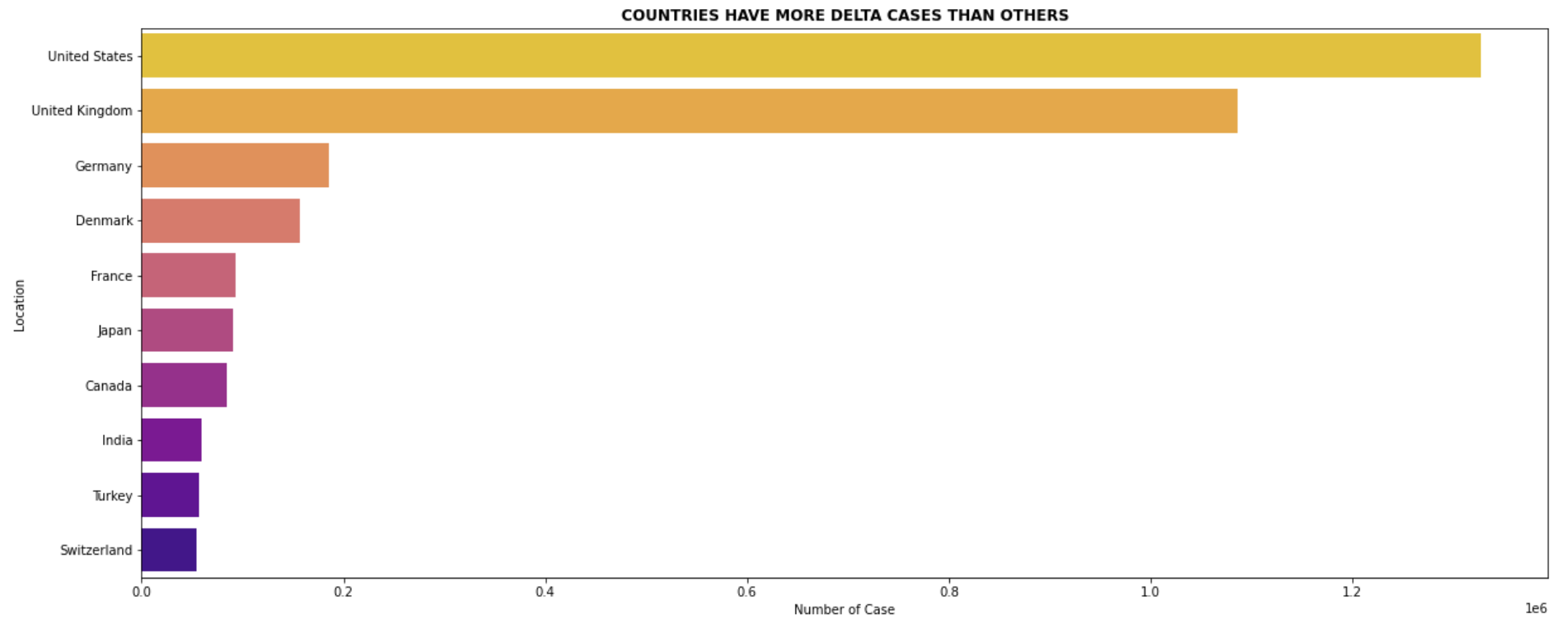


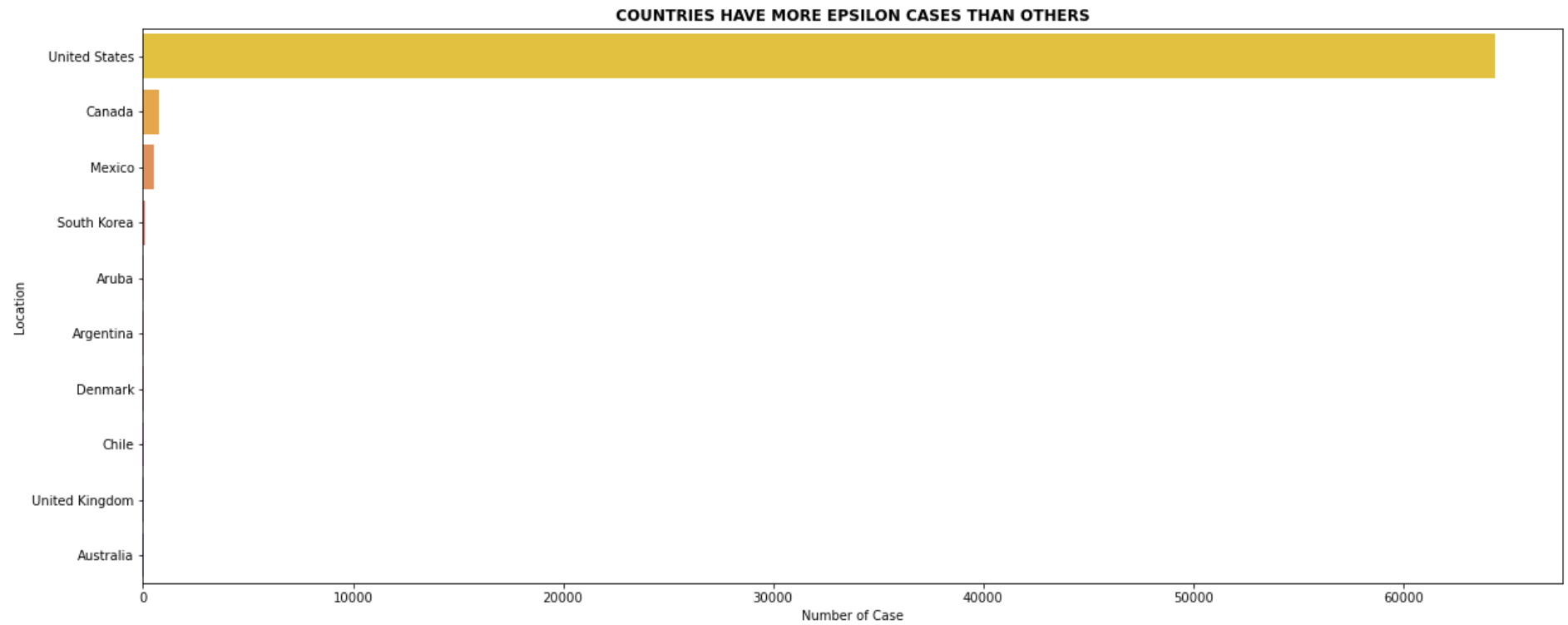


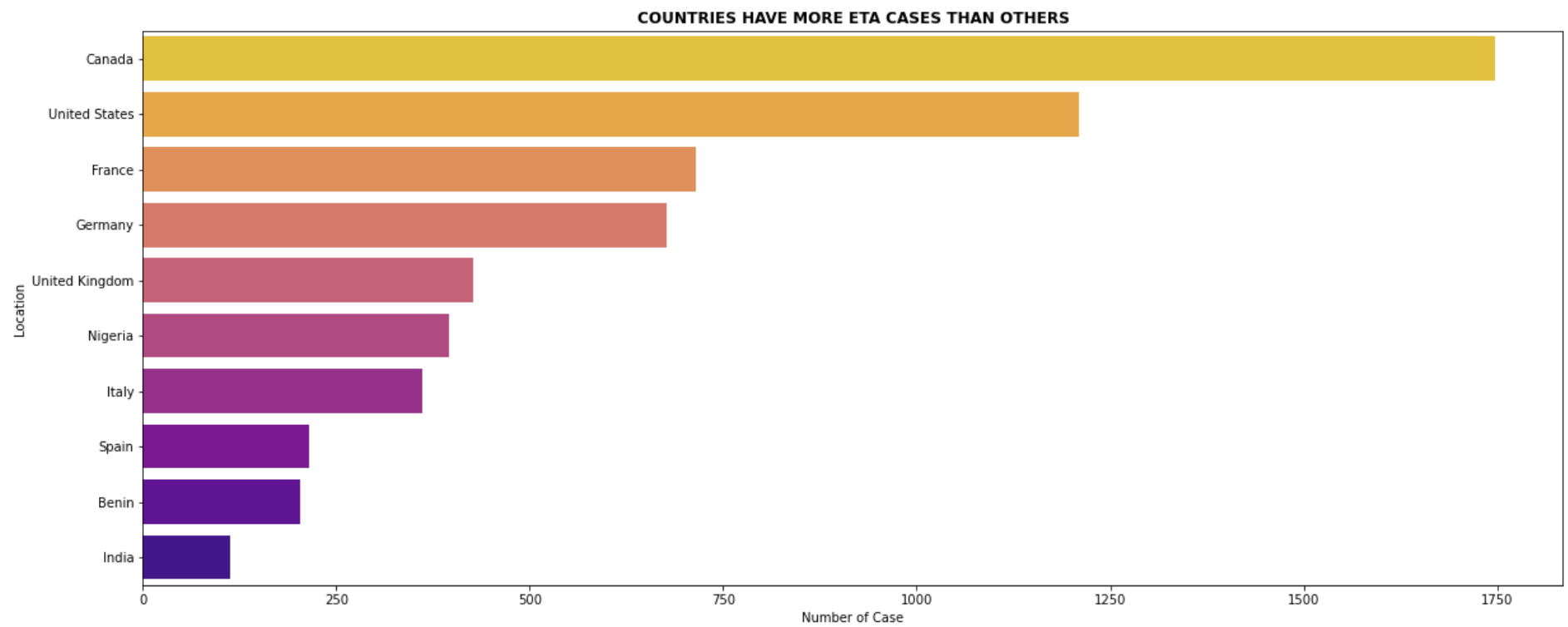


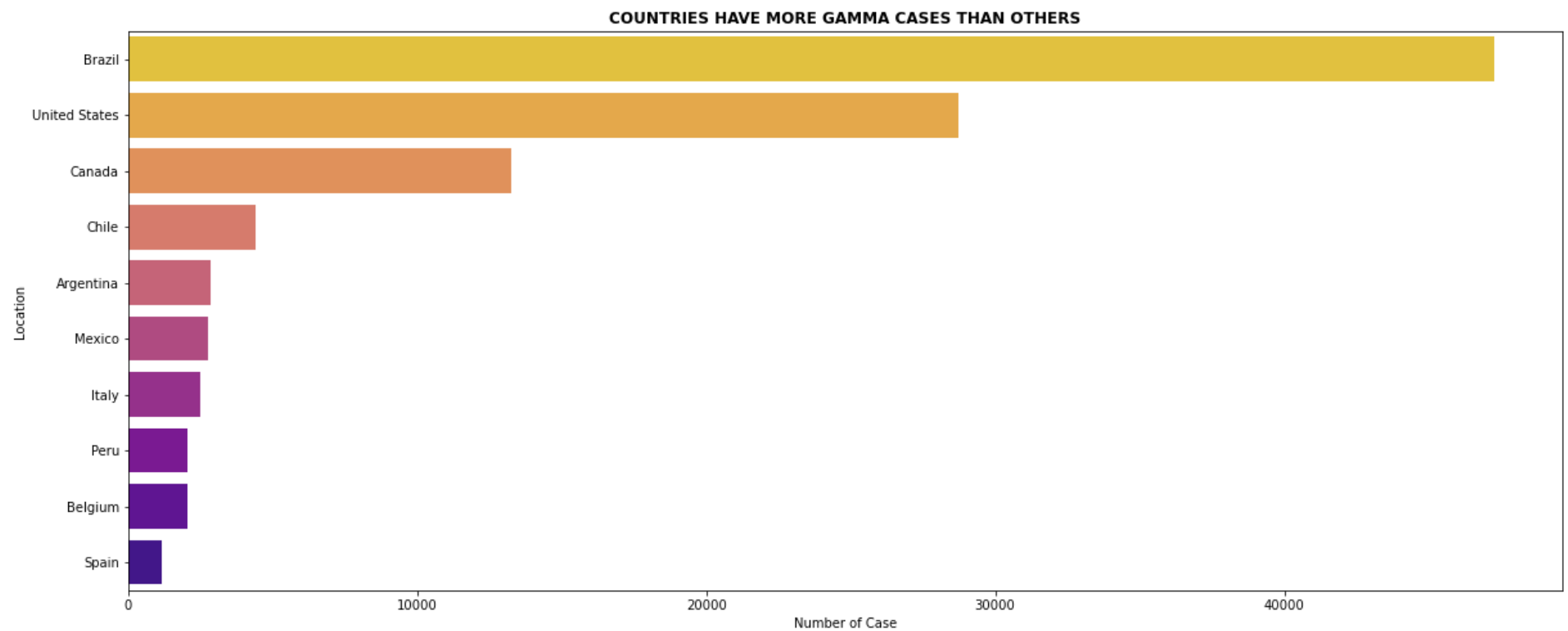


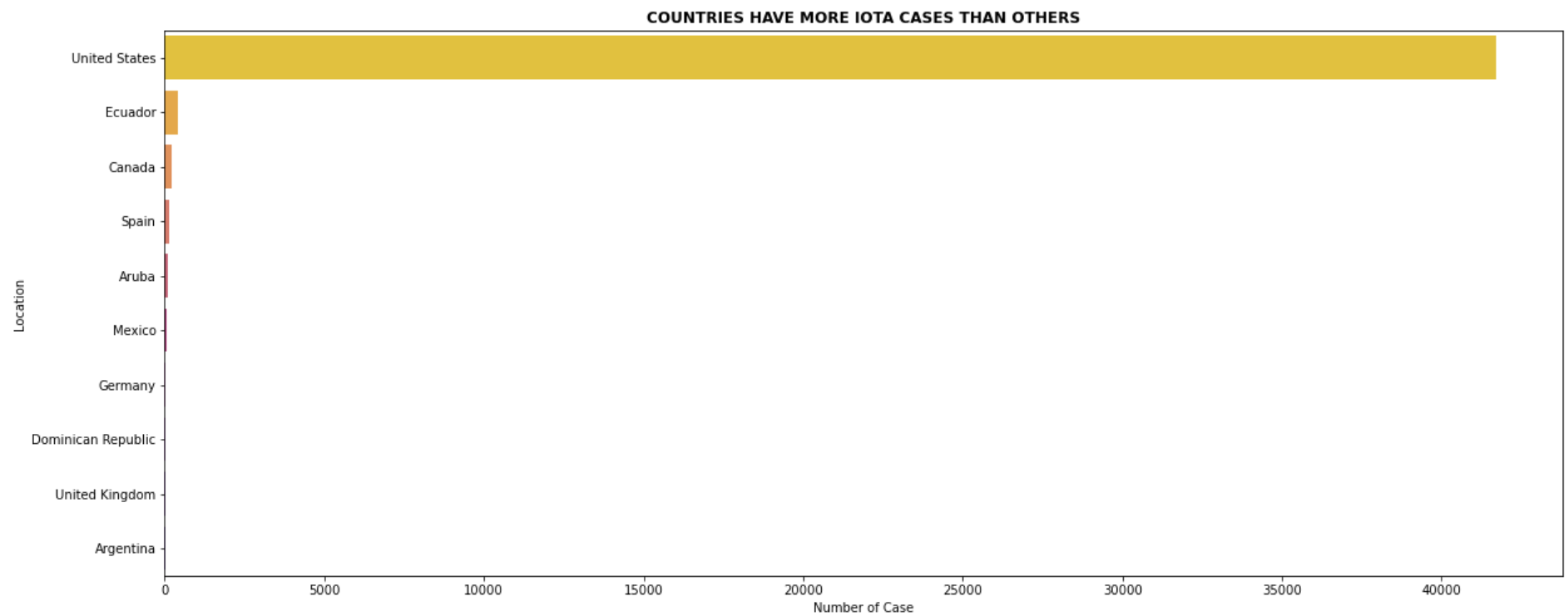


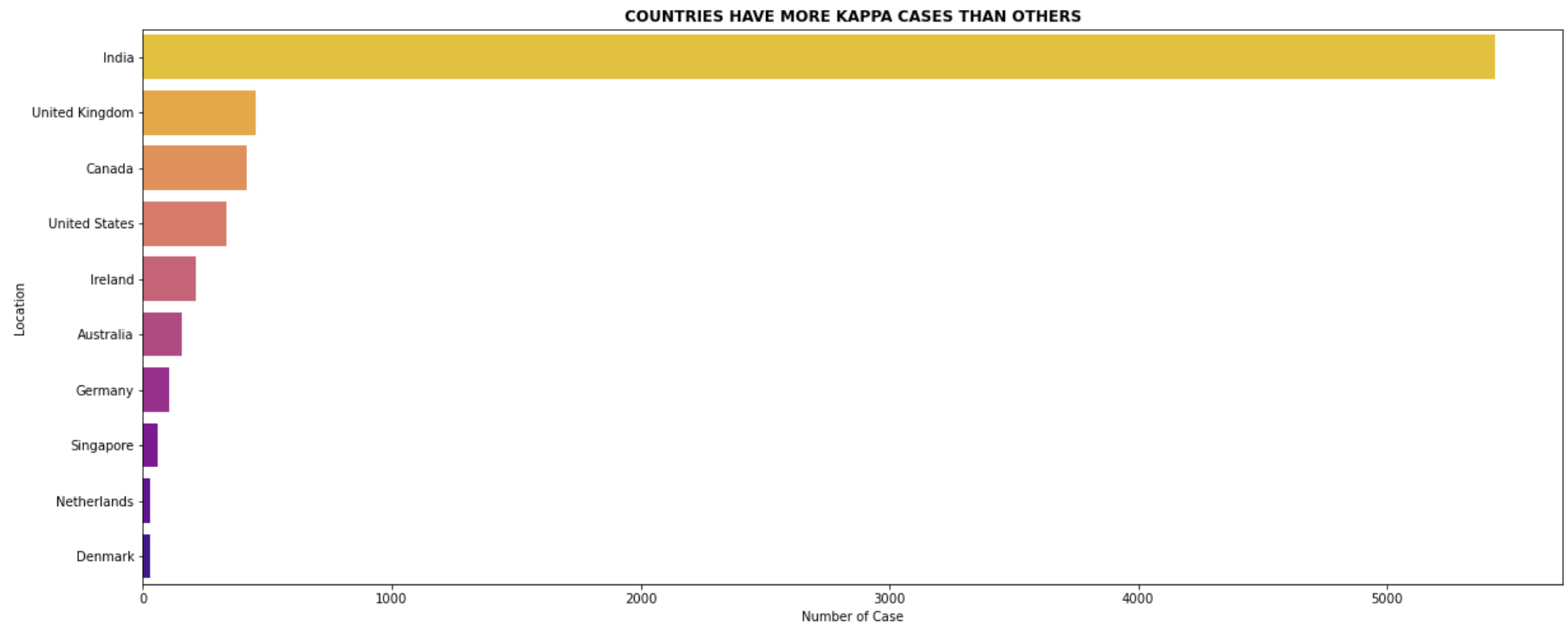


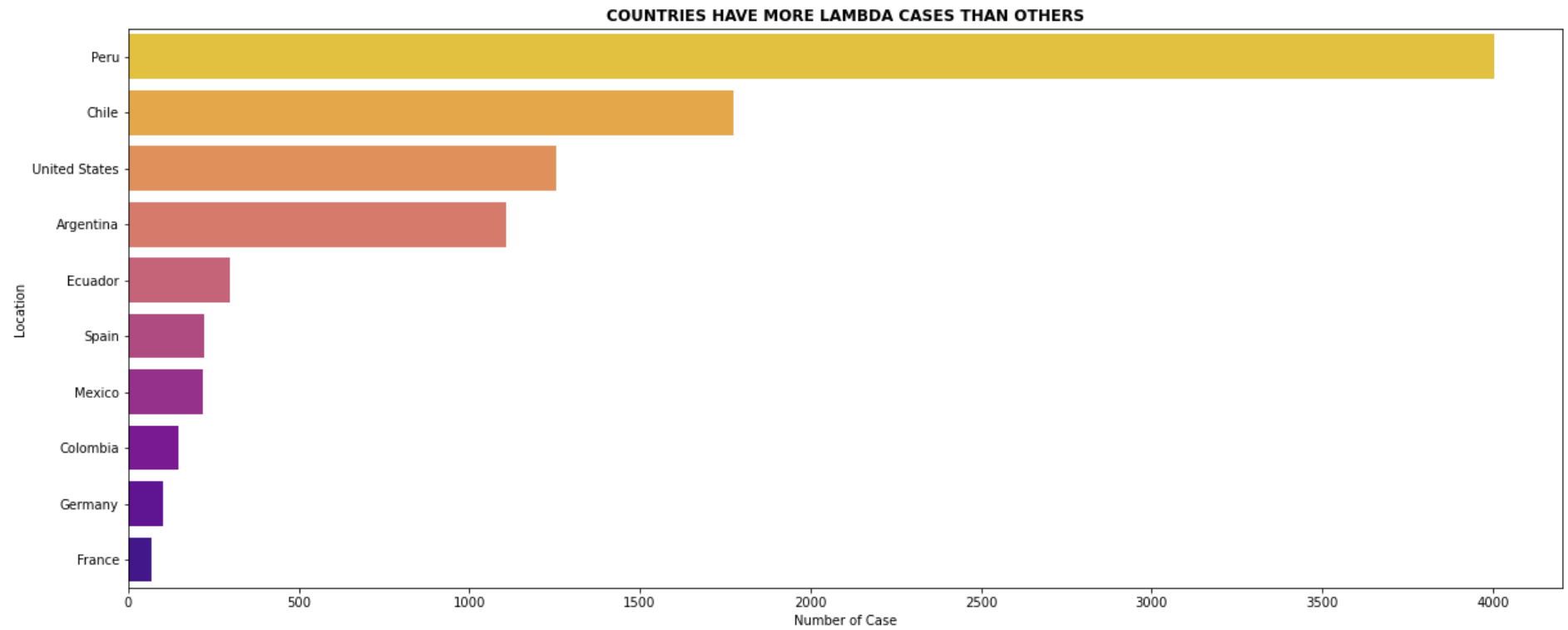


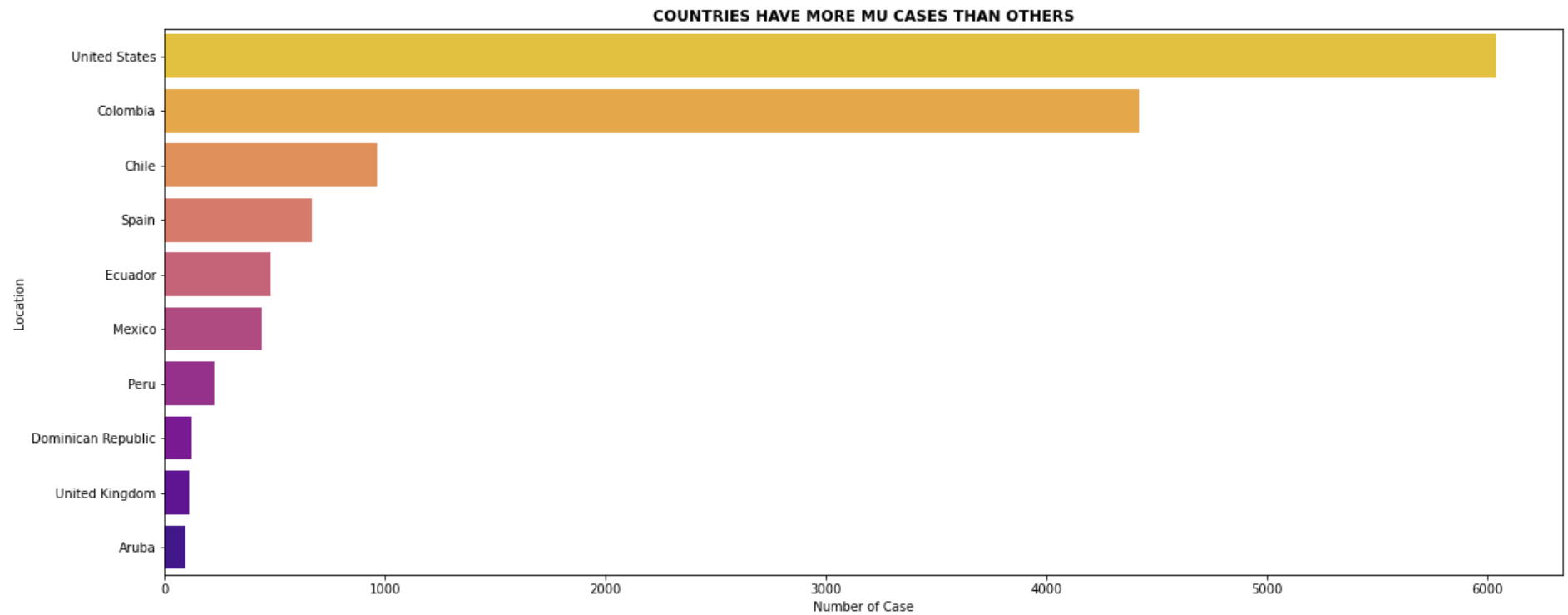


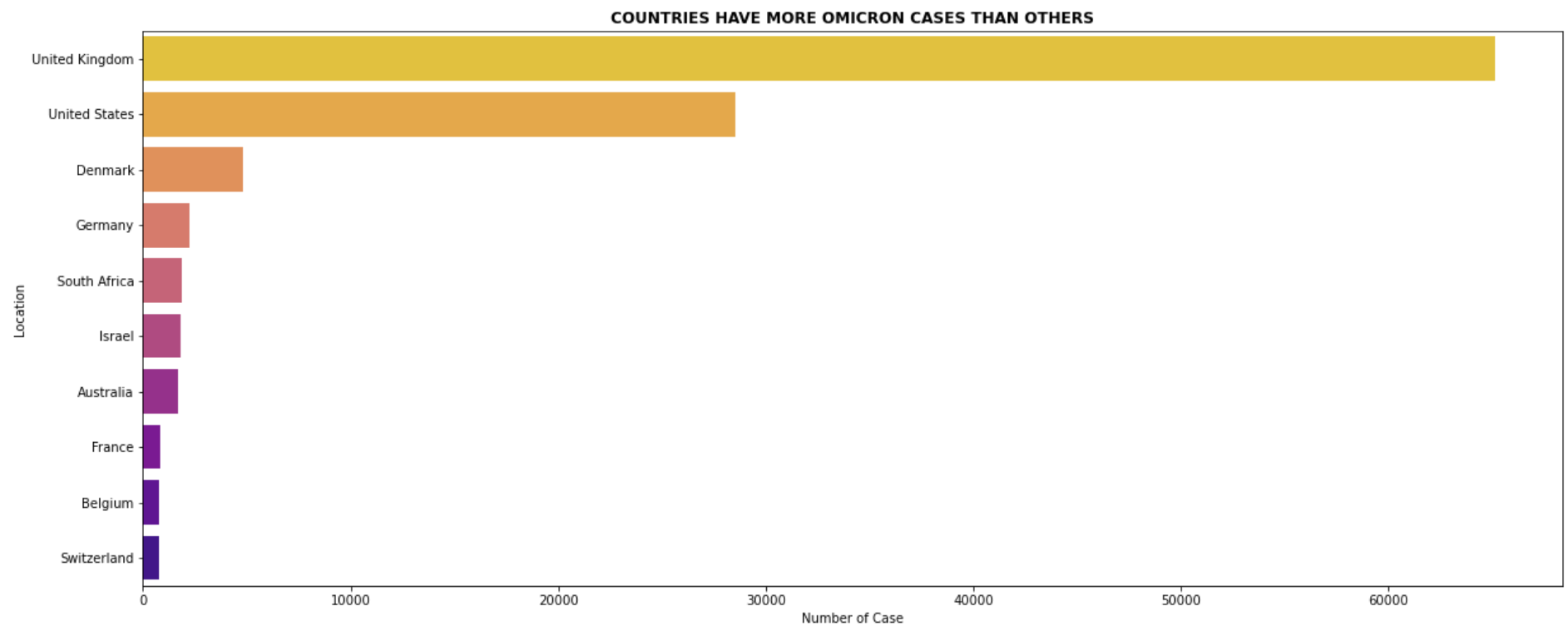


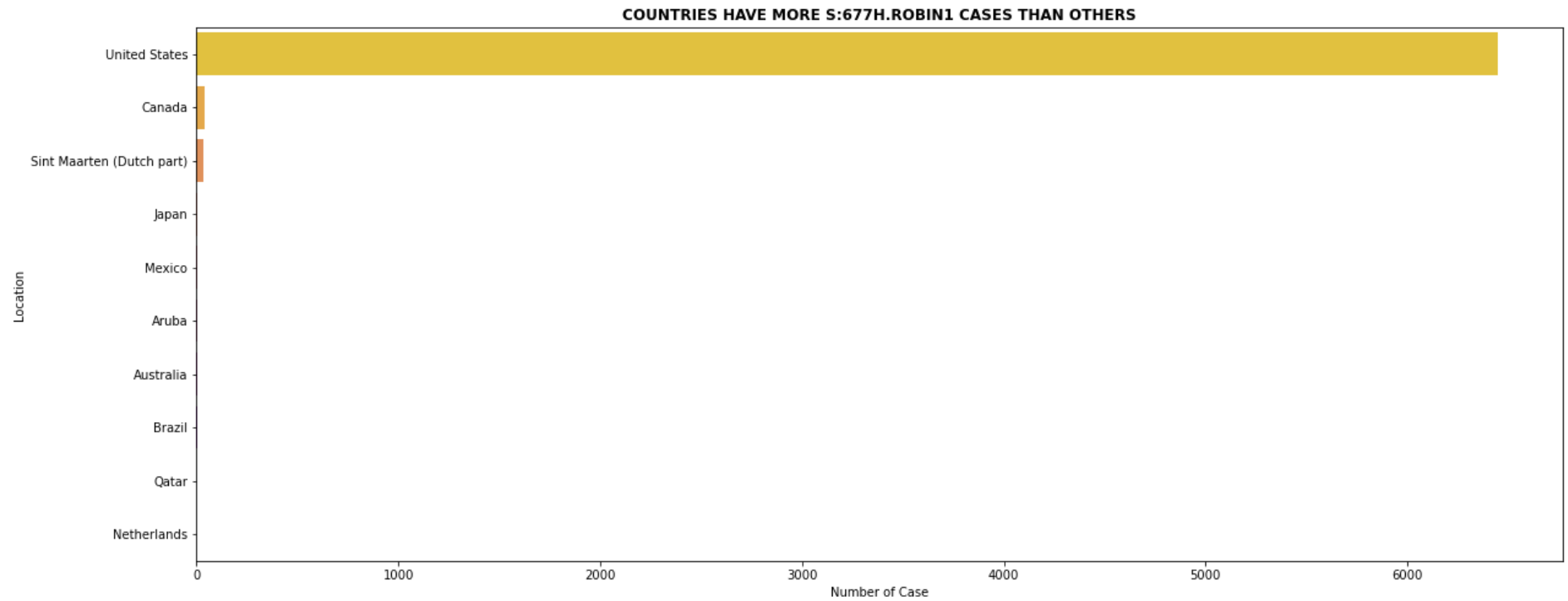


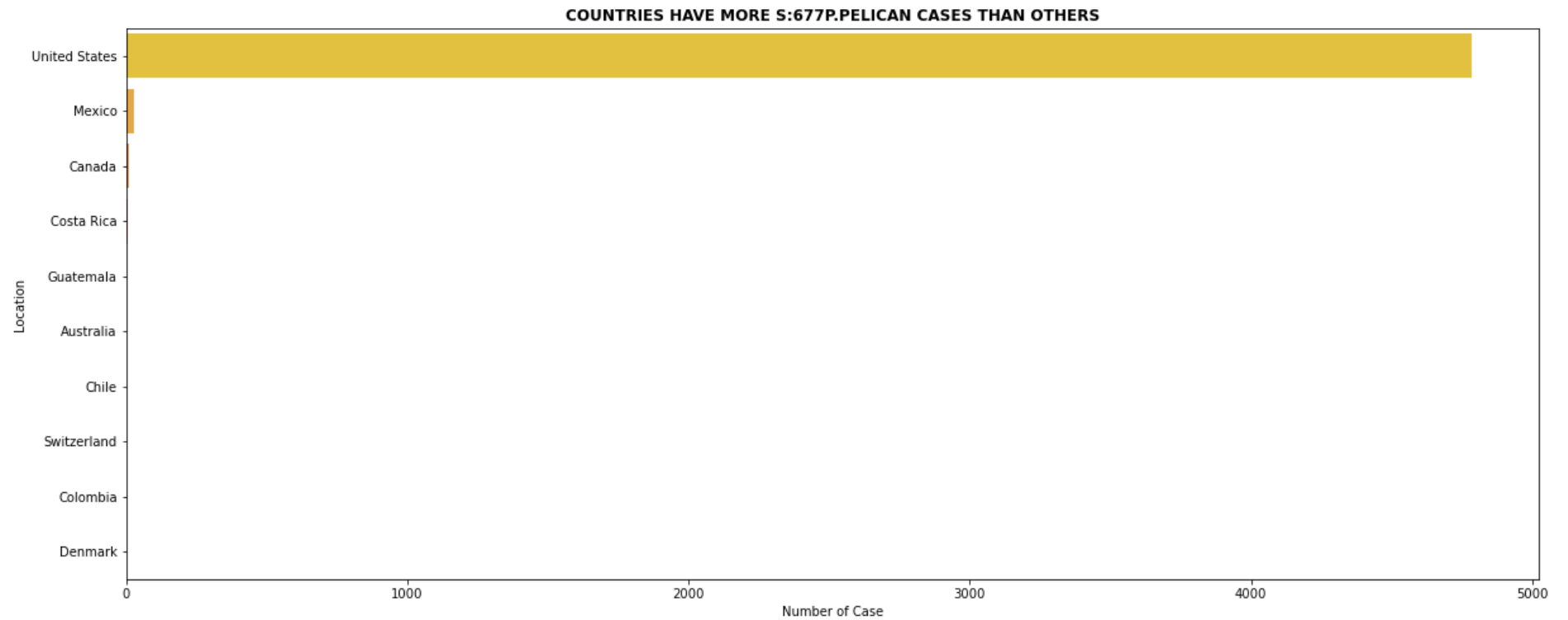


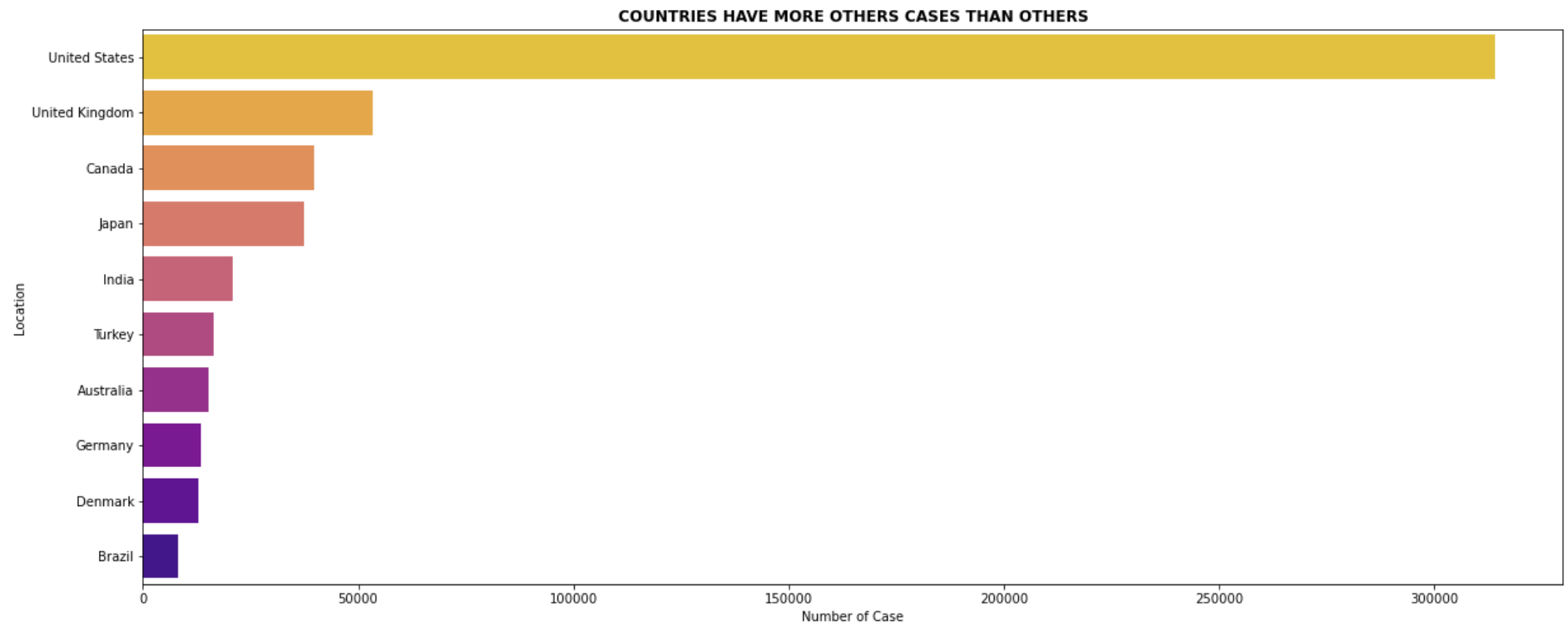


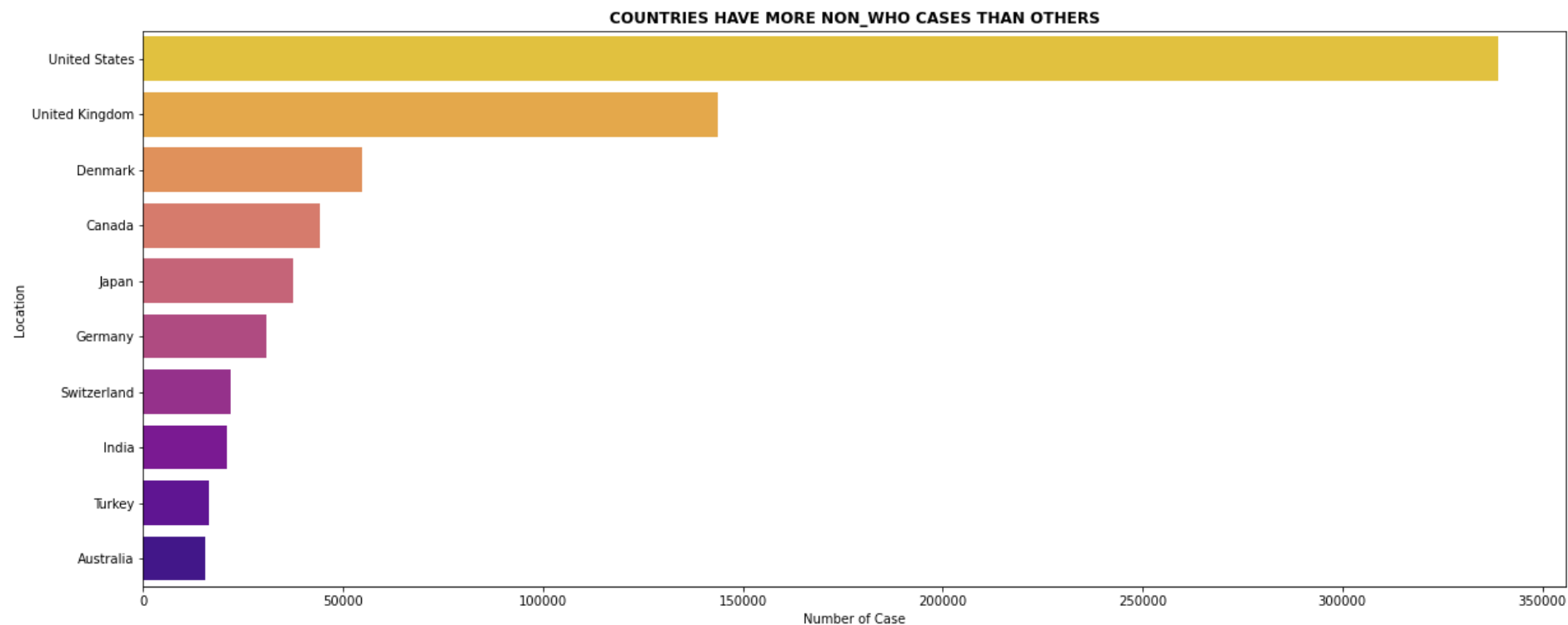






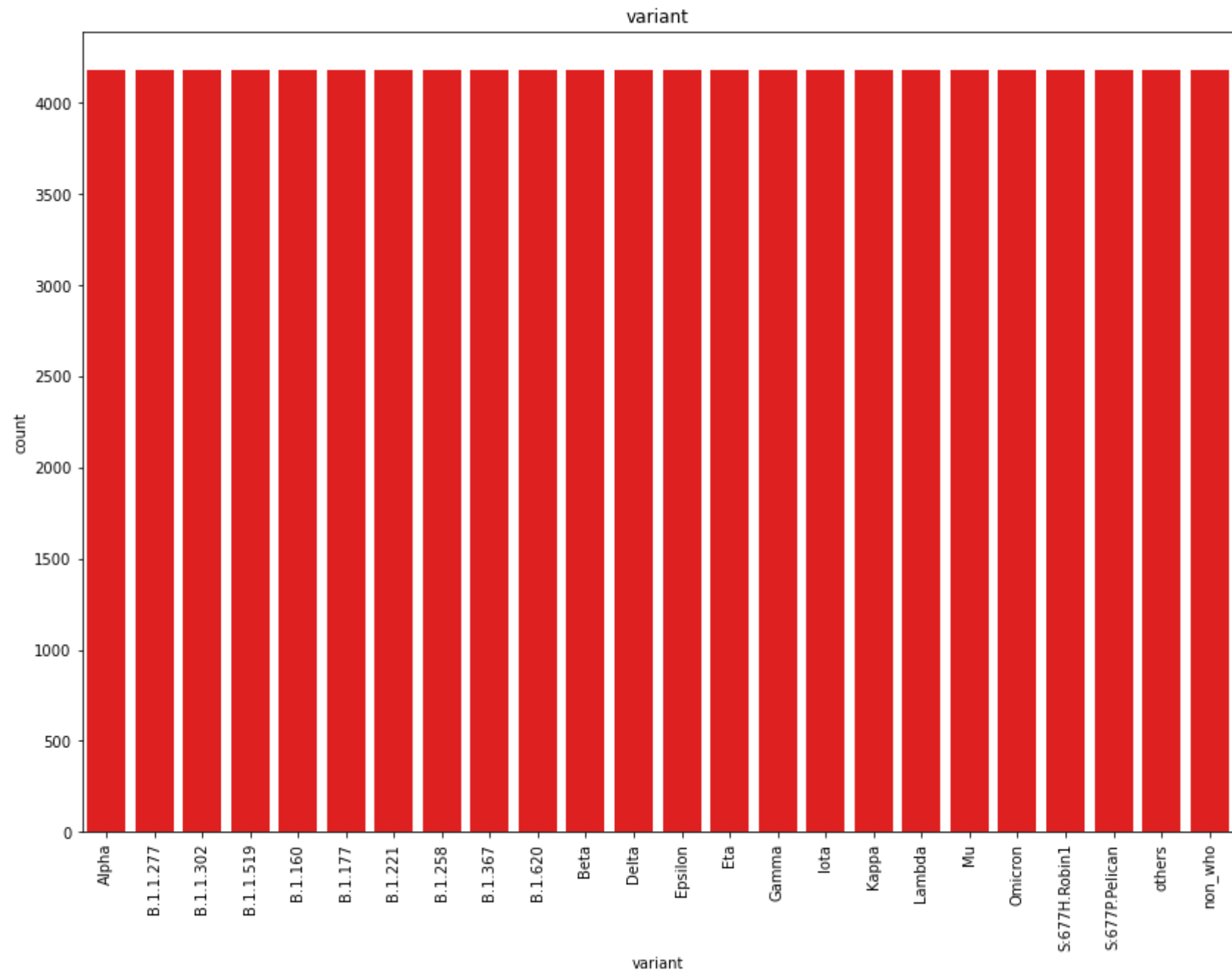






```
In [11]: plt.figure(figsize=(14,10))
plt.xticks(rotation=90)
sns.countplot(data=cvd,x='variant', color='Red')
plt.title('variant')
```

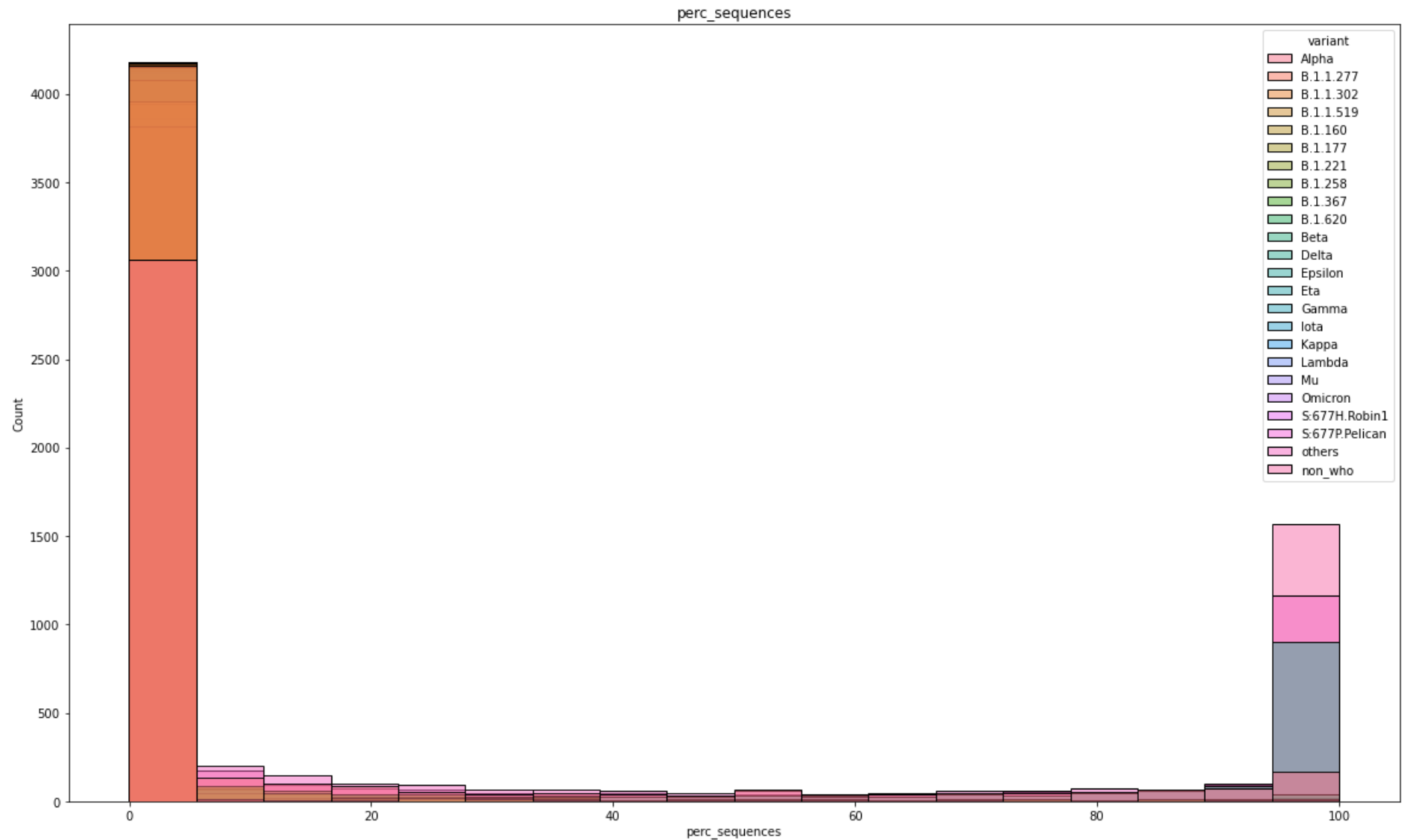
```
Out[11]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'variant')
```



```
In [12]: plt.figure(figsize=(20,12))
```

```
sns.histplot(data=cvd,x='perc_sequences',hue='variant')  
plt.title('perc_sequences')
```

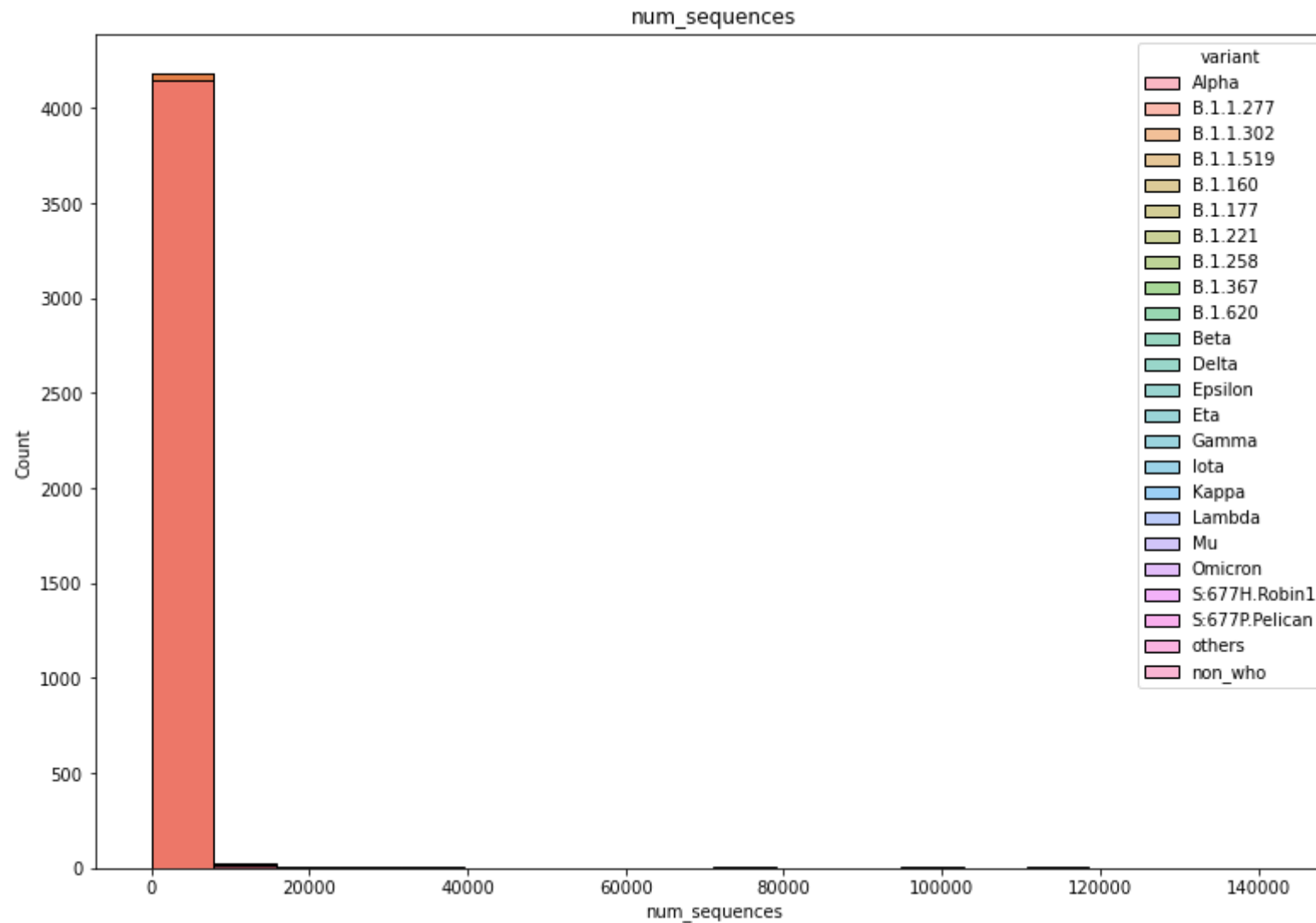
Out[12]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'perc_sequences')



```
In [13]: plt.figure(figsize=(13,9))  
sns.histplot(data=cvd,x='num_sequences',hue='variant')
```

```
plt.title('num_sequences')
```

Out[13]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'num_sequences')



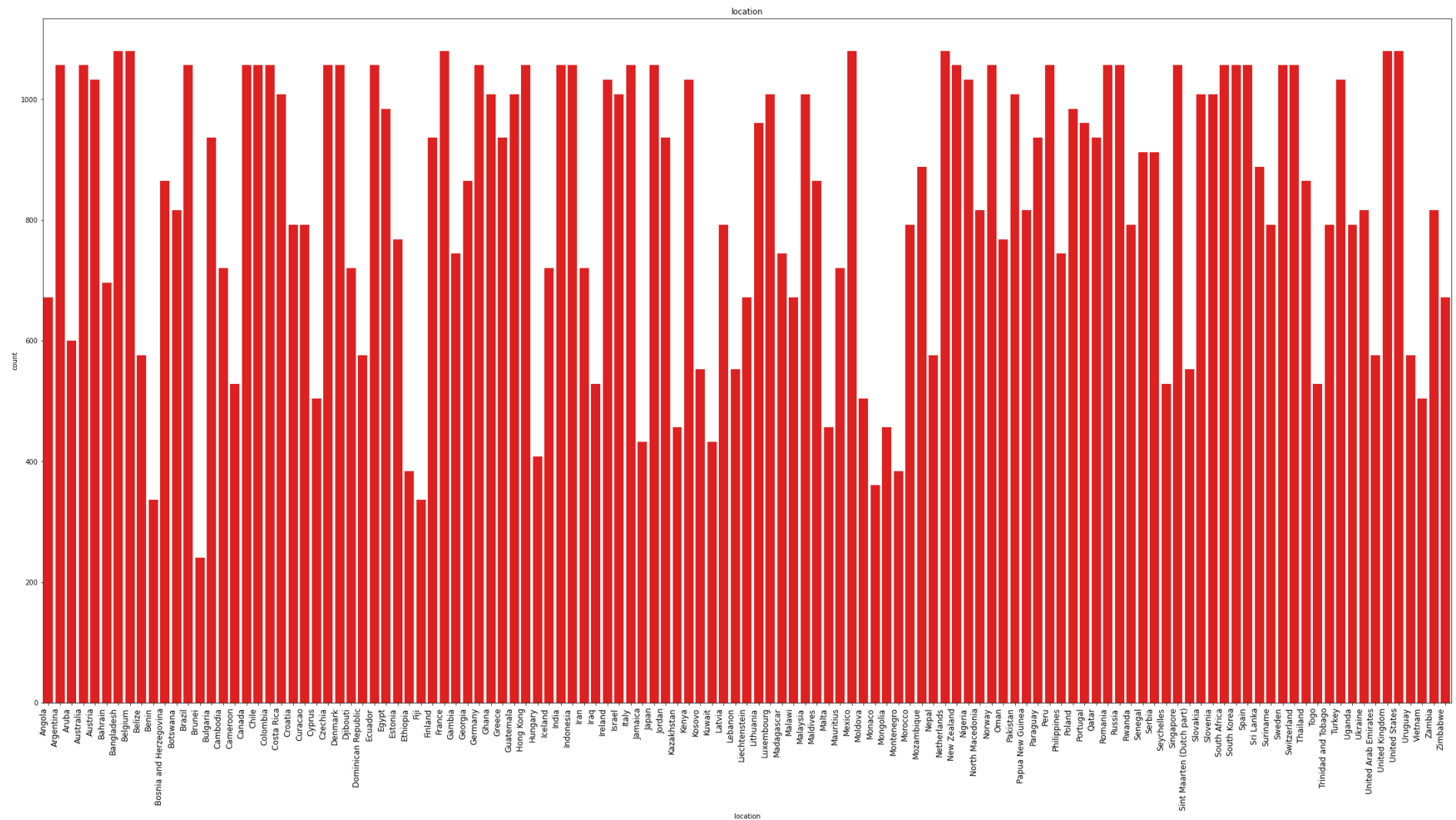
```
In [14]: plt.figure(figsize=(30,15))
plt.xticks(rotation=89, horizontalalignment='right', fontsize=12)
plt.tight_layout()
#sns.histplot(data=cvd,x='Location',bins=50)
```



```
#sns.set_context('notebook')
sns.countplot(data=cvd,x='location',color='Red')

plt.title('location')
```

Out[14]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'location')



In [37]: `#cvd['start date'] =pd.to_datetime(cvd['start date'])`

```
#cvd['date'] = pd.to_datetime(cvd['date'], errors='ignore')
cvd
```

Out[37]:

	location	variant	num_sequences	perc_sequences	num_sequences_total	month	year	day
0	Angola	Alpha	0	0.0	3	7	2020	6
1	Angola	B.1.1.277	0	0.0	3	7	2020	6
2	Angola	B.1.1.302	0	0.0	3	7	2020	6
3	Angola	B.1.1.519	0	0.0	3	7	2020	6
4	Angola	B.1.160	0	0.0	3	7	2020	6
...
100411	Zimbabwe	Omicron	0	0.0	6	11	2021	1
100412	Zimbabwe	S:677H.Robin1	0	0.0	6	11	2021	1
100413	Zimbabwe	S:677P.Pelican	0	0.0	6	11	2021	1
100414	Zimbabwe	others	0	0.0	6	11	2021	1
100415	Zimbabwe	non_who	0	0.0	6	11	2021	1

100416 rows × 8 columns

In [48]:

```
# Seprate date with apply function

#cvd['month'] = cvd['date'].apply(lambda date: date.month)
#cvd['year'] = cvd['date'].apply(lambda date: date.year)
#cvd['day'] = cvd['date'].apply(lambda date: date.day)

# We will drop date column as we don't need keep it in our dataframe

#cvd.drop('date',axis=1, inplace=True)
cvd.head()
```

Out[48]:

	location	variant	num_sequences	perc_sequences	num_sequences_total	month	year	day
0	Angola	Alpha	0	0.0	3	7	2020	6
1	Angola	B.1.1.277	0	0.0	3	7	2020	6
2	Angola	B.1.1.302	0	0.0	3	7	2020	6
3	Angola	B.1.1.519	0	0.0	3	7	2020	6
4	Angola	B.1.160	0	0.0	3	7	2020	6

In [47]:

```
cvd.head()
```

Out[47]:

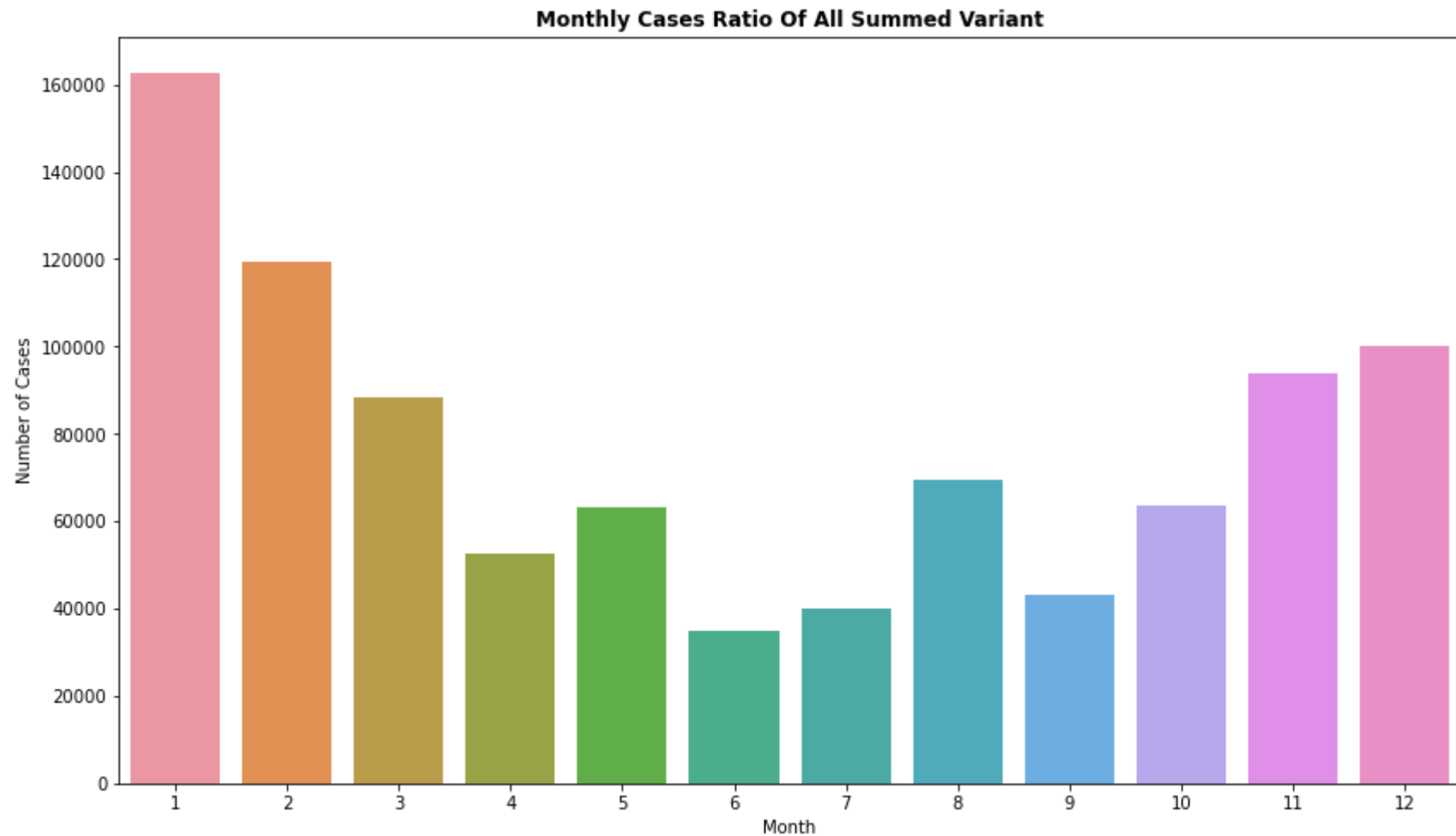
	location	variant	num_sequences	perc_sequences	num_sequences_total	month	year	day
0	Angola	Alpha	0	0.0	3	7	2020	6
1	Angola	B.1.1.277	0	0.0	3	7	2020	6
2	Angola	B.1.1.302	0	0.0	3	7	2020	6
3	Angola	B.1.1.519	0	0.0	3	7	2020	6
4	Angola	B.1.160	0	0.0	3	7	2020	6

In [50]:

```
# Let's check all summed variant with montly ratio
```

```
cvd_val1 = cvd.loc[cvd["variant"]== virus].groupby('month')['num_sequences'].agg('sum').sort_values(ascending=False)
cvd_val1 = pd.DataFrame({'Month':cvd_val1.index, 'Number of Cases':cvd_val1.values})
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(14,8))
sns.barplot(x='Month', y='Number of Cases',data=cvd_val1);
plt.title('Monthly Cases Ratio Of All Summed Variant',fontweight="bold");
```

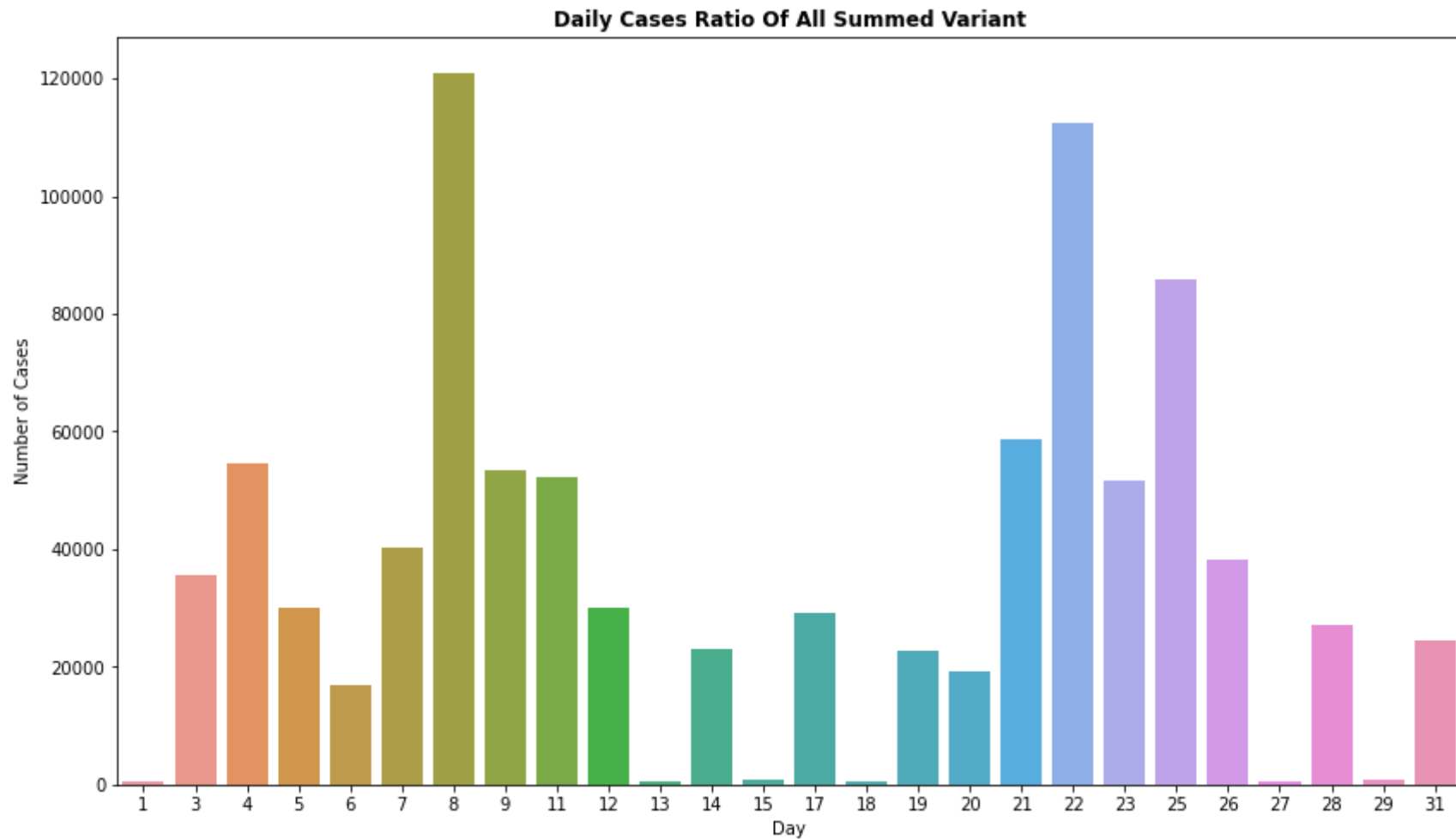


In [52]:

```
# Let's check all summed variant with daily ratio
```

```
cvd_val1 = cvd.loc[cvd["variant"]== virus].groupby('day')['num_sequences'].agg('sum').sort_values(ascending=False)
cvd_val1 = pd.DataFrame({'Day':cvd_val1.index, 'Number of Cases':cvd_val1.values})
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(14,8))
sns.barplot(x='Day', y='Number of Cases',data=cvd_val1);
plt.title('Daily Cases Ratio Of All Summed Variant',fontweight="bold");
```

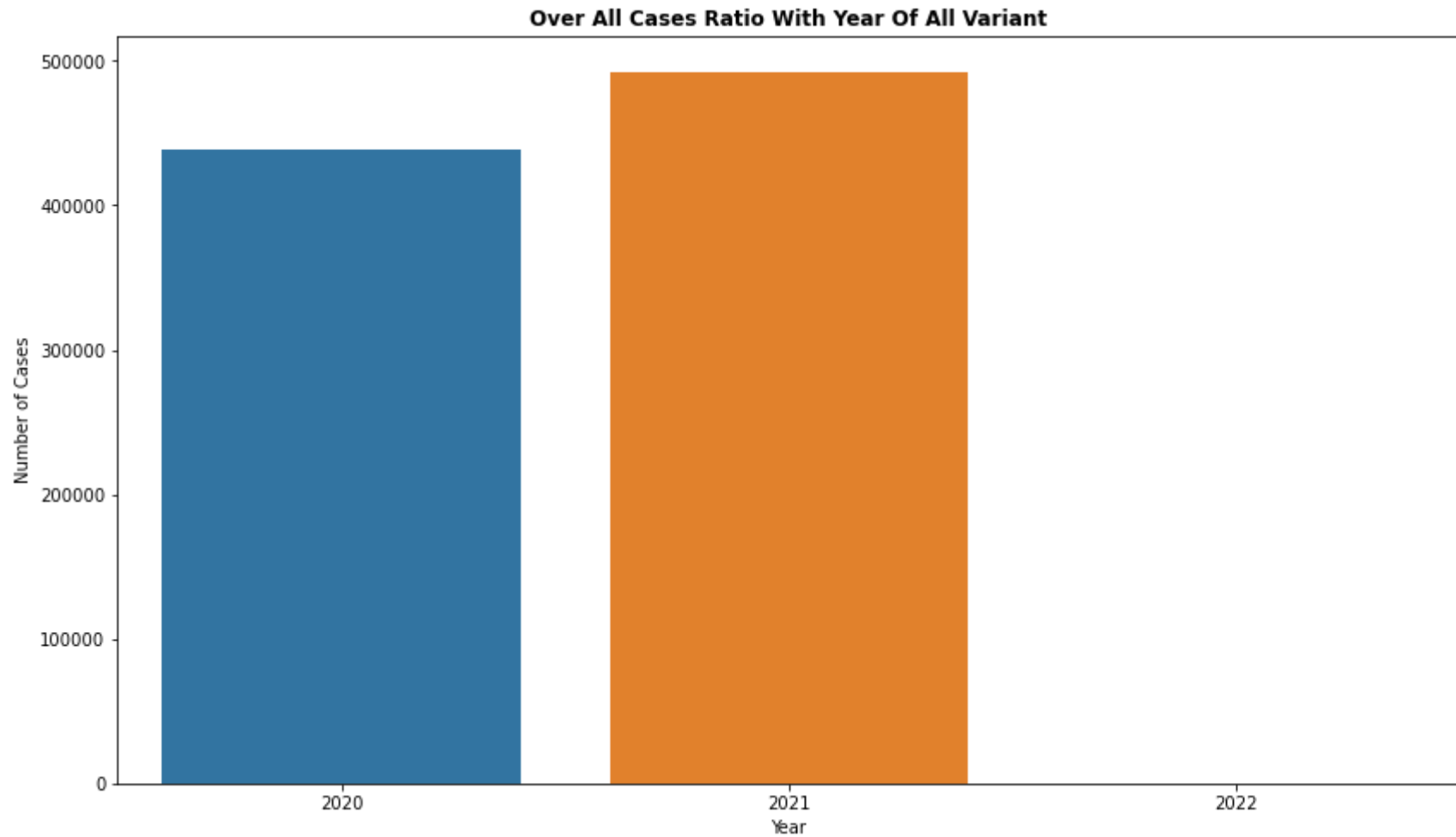


In [54]:

```
# Let's check all summed variant with yearly ratio
```

```
cvd_val1 = cvd.loc[cvd["variant"]== virus].groupby('year')['num_sequences'].agg('sum').sort_values(ascending=False)
cvd_val1 = pd.DataFrame({'Year':cvd_val1.index, 'Number of Cases':cvd_val1.values})
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(14,8))
sns.barplot(x='Year', y='Number of Cases',data=cvd_val1);
plt.title('Over All Cases Ratio With Year Of All Variant',fontweight="bold");
```

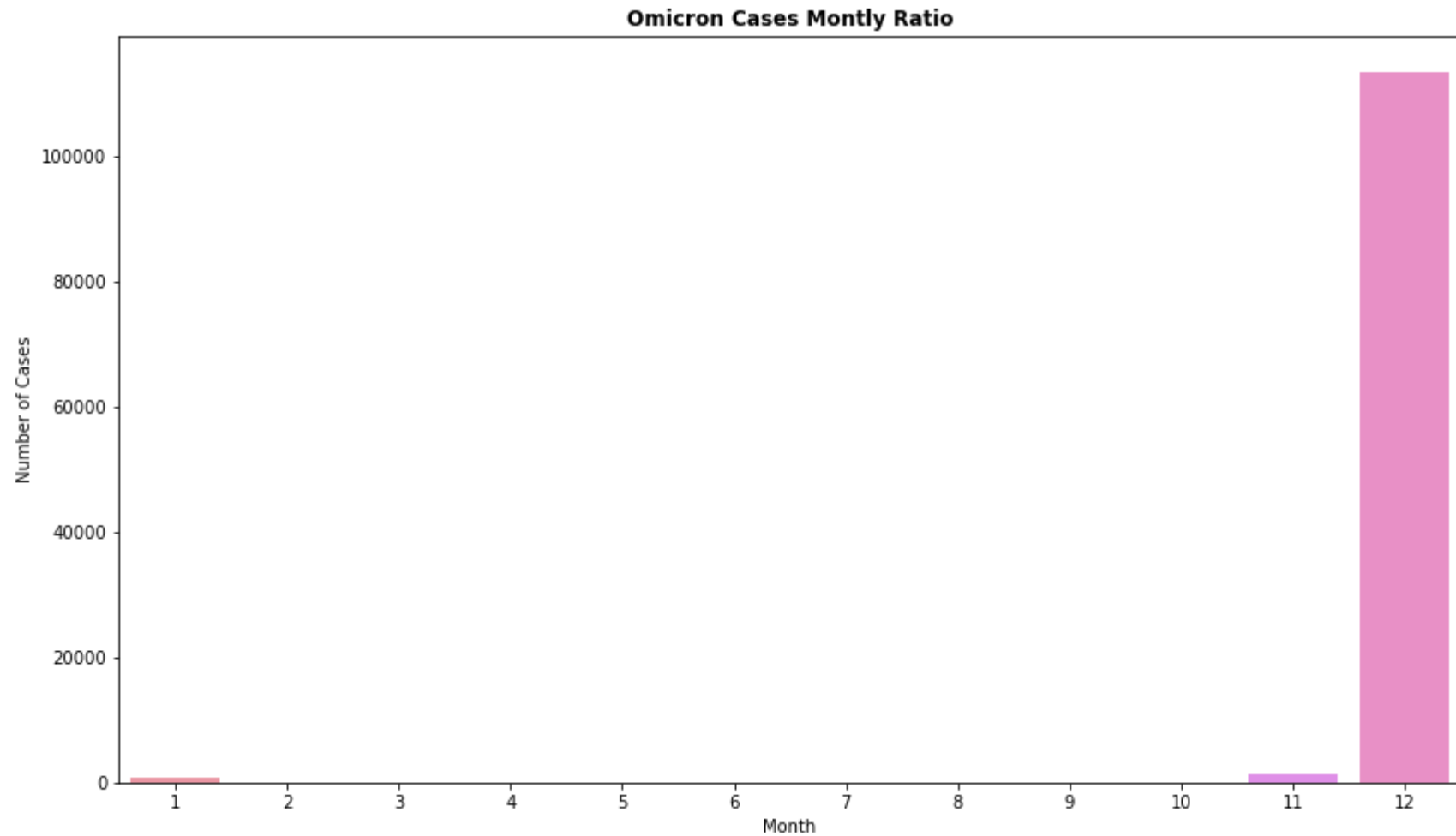


Now Let's check the Omicron variant

In [57]:

```
cvd_val1 = cvd.loc[cvd["variant"] == 'Omicron'].groupby('month')['num_sequences'].agg('sum').sort_values(ascending=False)
cvd_val1 = pd.DataFrame({'Month':cvd_val1.index, 'Number of Cases':cvd_val1.values})

plt.figure(figsize=(14,8))
sns.barplot(x='Month', y='Number of Cases', data=cvd_val1);
plt.title('Omicron Cases Montly Ratio', fontweight="bold");
```

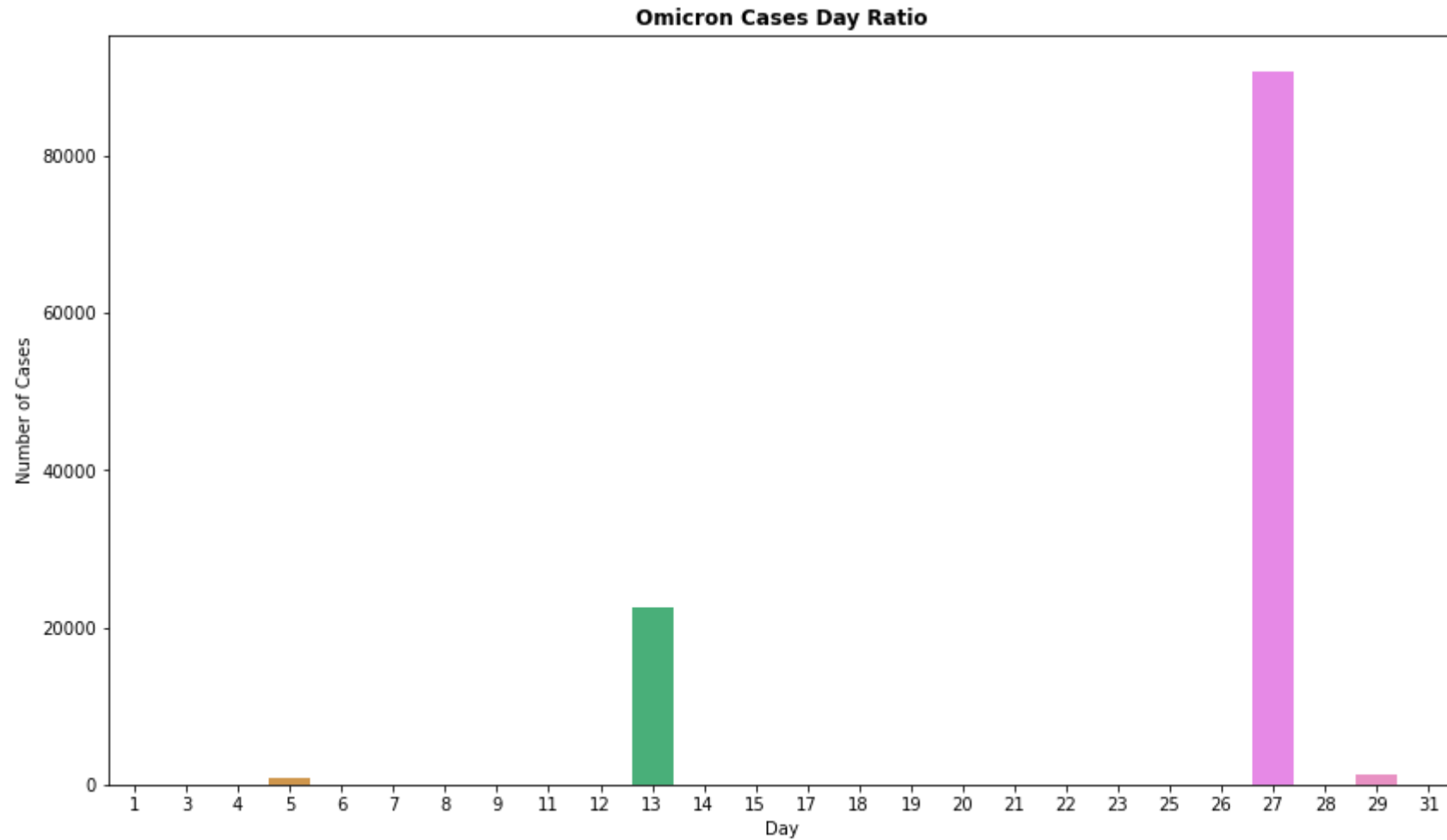


Days

```
In [58]: cvd_val1 = cvd.loc[cvd["variant"]== 'Omicron'].groupby('day')['num_sequences'].agg('sum').sort_values(ascending=False)
cvd_val1 = pd.DataFrame({'Day':cvd_val1.index, 'Number of Cases':cvd_val1.values})

plt.figure(figsize=(14,8))
sns.barplot(x='Day', y='Number of Cases',data=cvd_val1);
plt.title('Omicron Cases Day Ratio',fontweight="bold")
```

```
Out[58]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Omicron Cases Day Ratio')
```

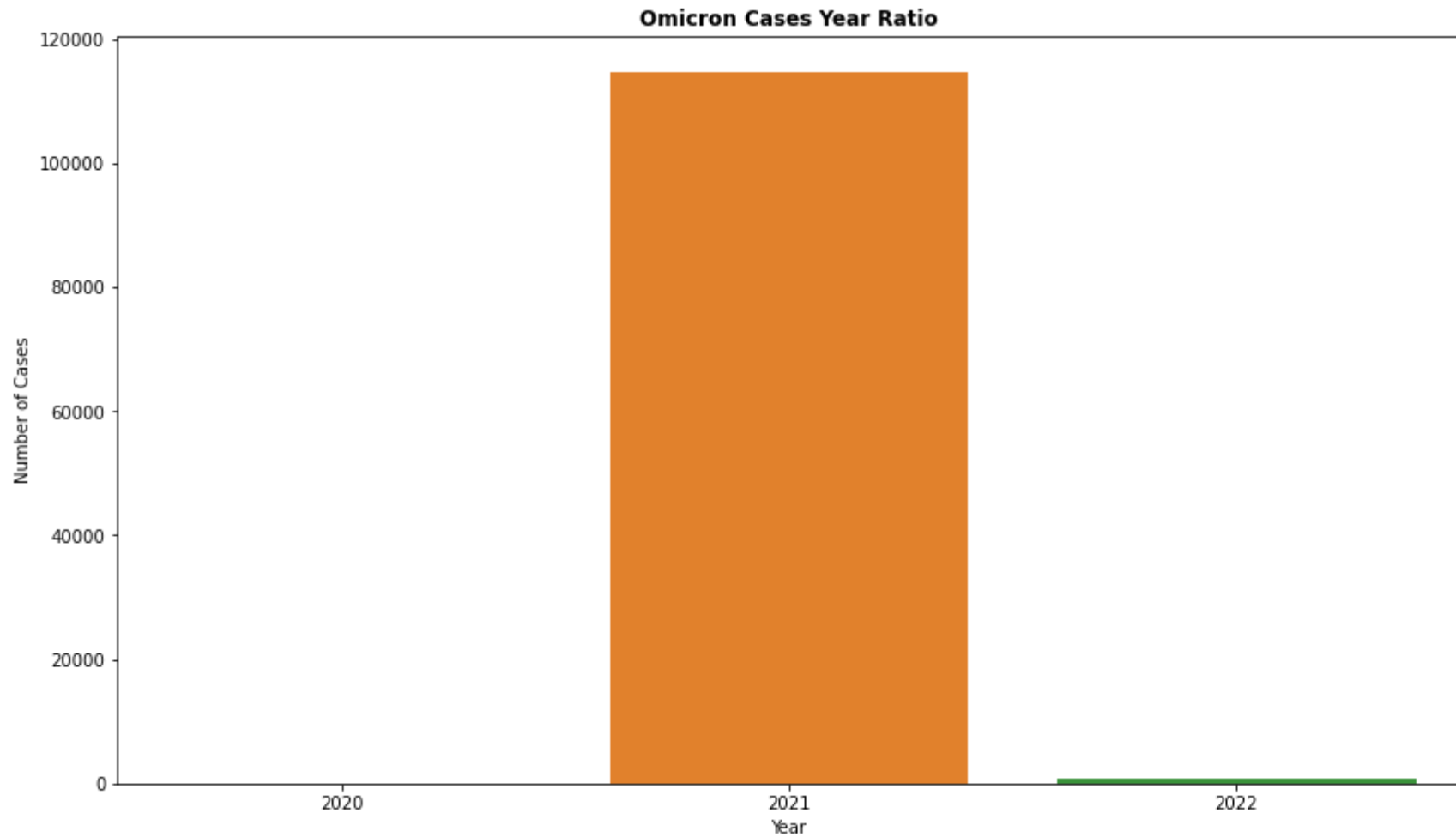


year

```
In [60]: cvd_val1 = cvd.loc[cvd["variant"]== 'Omicron'].groupby('year')['num_sequences'].agg('sum').sort_values(ascending=False)
cvd_val1 = pd.DataFrame({'Year':cvd_val1.index, 'Number of Cases':cvd_val1.values})

plt.figure(figsize=(14,8))
sns.barplot(x='Year', y='Number of Cases',data=cvd_val1);
plt.title('Omicron Cases Year Ratio',fontWeight="bold")
```

```
Out[60]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Omicron Cases Year Ratio')
```

In [66]:

```
cvd_val1 = cvd.loc[cvd["variant"]== 'Omicron'].groupby('location')['num_sequences'].agg('sum').sort_values(ascending=False)[:12]
cvd_val1 = pd.DataFrame({'Location':cvd_val1.index, 'Number of Cases':cvd_val1.values})

plt.figure(figsize=(16,8))
sns.barplot(x='Location', y='Number of Cases',data=cvd_val1);
plt.title('Highest Omicron Cases Location',fontweight="bold");
plt.xticks(rotation=90);
```

