

- When interest is compounded, the annual rate of interest ( $R$ ) is called the **nominal rate**
- The **effective rate,  $R_e$**  is the simple interest rate that would yield the same amount of interest after 1 year.
- When a bank advertises a "7% annual interest rate compounded daily and yielding 7.25%", the nominal interest rate is 7% and the effective rate is 7.25%.

$$R_e = \left[ \left( 1 + \frac{R}{n} \right)^n - 1 \right] * 100 \quad (1)$$

The effective rate is useful for comparing rates with different compounding periods.