PROJECT 1

OpenFoam Development Om Mihani

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Project Description:

Use the icoFoam solver in the applications/solvers/incompressible/icoFoam directory to create your own solver - scalarFoam.

The scalar transport equation is defined as:

дs

$$\partial s + \nabla \cdot (\mathbf{u}s) = 0$$

where s is the scalar quantity being transported by the velocity u.

Changes in the solver:

- Replace the main working equation with
- What change will you make in the createFields.H file (Hint: the p field is originally created here)
- What change will you make in the UEqn.H file? (Hint: replace the solve function)
- Compile scalarFoam using wmake. How are the Make/files modified?

Changes in the case:

- Use the \$FOAM_TUTORIALS/incompressible/icoFoam/cavity case to test out your solver. Rename it scalarCavity.
- The scalar transport equation has no pressure p to solve, instead a scalar s. What changes will you make in the 0 folder?
- You will have to change the interpolation scheme in fvSchemes to account for the ∇ · (us) term. How will you do this?
- In fvSolutions, a solver has to be specified for the quantity s. Can you just replace this with the solver used for p?
- Run this case by making the appropriate change in controlDict

Please turn to the next page for the solution

SOLUTION

Code: GitHub link

Report:

Target

To develop our own solver using the icoFoam template.

Procedure:

- 1) Copy the aforementioned solver into your user directory in the folder application.
- 2) Rename the solver to scalarFoam
- 3) Now open the folder and rename icoFoam.C to scalarFoam.C
- 4) Open the Make/file and change the .C file name and executable name to scalarFoam
- 5) Change the address to FOAM_USER_APPBIN (Note: This step is prone to mistakes)
- 6) Open the scalarFoam.C file and do the following changes in the given order:
 - a) Covert PISO loop to a SIMPLE loop since it is much easier to deal with
 - b) We do not need a p corrector equation anymore so comment out that entire region.
 - c) Here, our working variable is s, not U, so rename the equation as sEqn instead of the UEqn.
 - d) Also, phi is U not s. So the sEqn changes to the following:
 - fvm::ddt(s) + fvm::div(phi,s)
 - e) We do not need any fvOptions file here, so do changes accordingly.
 - f) Save and exit
- 7) Open the createFields.H and do the following changes:
 - a) We don't need to read transport properties anymore. Remove that section
 - b) Similarly, remove nu
 - c) Change p to s
- 8) Now execute wmake. The executable is saved in the bin of the user directory.
- 9) Now copy the case from the given directory
- 10) Take only the cavity and delete the other folders. Rename it to scalarCavity
- 11) Open 0 folder:
 - a) Rename p as s
 - b) S can be of any dimensions. I have considered metres
 - c) Set an initial value and boundary conditions. I have used the original case.
 - d) U file is unaltered
- 12) Open constant folder:
 - a) Delete the transportProperties file as we do not need it
- 13) Open the system folder:
 - a) No change in the blockMeshDict folder
 - b) fvSchemes:
 - i) We do not need a laplacian and grad but the program doesn't work without them.

- ii) Change the div from (phi, U) to (phi, s).
- iii) Let other things be identical
- c) fvSolution:
 - i) Change from PISO to SIMPLE. Make the other changes likewise.
 - ii) Remove the p_final parameter
 - iii) Change from p to s
 - iv) Change the solver for s to PBiCGStab and tol to 0
- d) controlDict:
 - i) Change solver name to scalarFoam and endTime to 1s
- 14) Run blockMesh
- 15) Run scalarFoam
- 16) The code converges pretty quickly since in the initial few steps itself, the DE is satisfied.

Results:

It is observed that in the initial few iterations itself, the differential equation is satisfied and the code runs pretty fast. Let's see how.

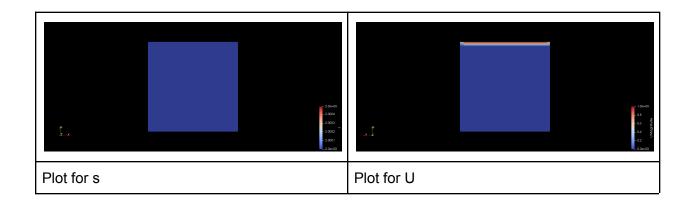
We had set initial condition as uniform s = 2. Let's substitute in the differential equation.

given:
$$\frac{\partial s}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (\mathbf{U}s) = 0$$

 $\implies \frac{\partial 2}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (2\mathbf{U}) = 0$
 $\implies \nabla \cdot (\mathbf{U}) = 0$

which is essentially the mass conservation equation

The condition of zero divergence for U can be achieved quite quickly. When visualised in paraView, the figures look like this:



Following are some notes on procedure which describe the details of the challenges faced and the methods used to tackle them:

Notes on procedure:

- 1. While copying, the complete path needs to be specified. This can be done by going to the particular solver and using the pwd command to get the path.
- 2. Copy the icoFoam solver in the applications folder and name it scalarFoam.
- 3. Make changes in the Make/files
 - a. Change .C file to scalarFoam
 - b. Change the path to FOAM_USER_APPBIN
 - c. Change the executable name to scalarFoam
- 4. Now we need to change the main equation. Considerations:
 - a. Piso Loop is no longer needed
 - b. UEqn should give me fvm::ddt(s) + fvm::div(phi,U)
 - c. This should be equated to zero
 - d. Rename icoFoam.C to scalarFoam.C
- 5. Now we move on to createFields.H
 - a. We are not using nu. So comment it
 - b. Change p to s
- 6. Note that since we copied an icoFoam solver, there is no UEqn.H file created. The role of the UEqn file is done by the .C file itself.
- 7. There was an error in using the PISO loop. Trying to get some motivation from a SIMPLE loop and laplacianFoam
- 8. Observe that since s is a scalar, ddt of s won't give a vector matrix
- 9. Also, since a PISO loop is not required, using the SIMPLE loop of LaplacianFoam
 - a. Used simpleControl.H instead of pisoControl.H
 - b. While loop based on simple parameters instead of PISO parameters
 - c. Name UEqn changed to sEqn
- 10. Even the changes in the createFields.H now are copied from laplacianFoam:
 - a. volScalarField s is read instead of transport properties
 - b. Instance changed to runTime.timeName()
 - c. Read changed to MUST_READ and write to AUTO_WRITE
 - d. nu field is commented out
 - e. sRefCell and all related commands are commented out

Even after doing this and a few other combinations, I was unable to form the correct .C file So, I discarded the entire folder and started over. Turn to next page for notes

Attempt #2

- 1. Try and take motivation from the scalar Transport foam. Observe that in this case, phi is U and not s in the TEqn (and not UEqn)
- 2. While copying, the complete path needs to be specified. This can be done by going to the particular solver and using the pwd command to get the path.
- 3. Copy the icoFoam solver in the applications folder and name it scalarFoam.
- 4. Change the icoFoam.C file name to scalarFoam.C
- 5. In the Make/files:
 - a. Change .C File name
 - b. Change the address to FOAM USER APPBIN
 - c. Change the executable name to scalarFoam
- 6. In the scalarFoam.C file:
 - a. Switch from piso to Simple
 - b. Switch from fvVectorMatric to fvScalarMatrix
 - c. Remove the pCorrecter loop
- 7. In the CreateFields.H file:
 - a. Change p to s
 - b. Do not read transport properties
 - c. Remove nu
- 8. Now try wmake
- 9. It worked ...

Now trying to edit the case file:

- 1. Copy the case from the above mentioned path
- 2. Delete the other two cavity cases. Rename p to s in the zero folder
- 3. S can have any dimensions. Let's assume it has dimensions of length. Change the file accordingly
- 4. No change in the U file
- 5. In the constant file, we don't need anything. So delete transportProperties file
- 6. In the system folder:
 - a. blockMeshDict: No change
 - b. fvSchemes:
 - i. We don't need laplacian. So comment it out
 - ii. We don't need a grad scheme as well. So lets comment it out
 - iii. Let ddt scheme be Euler only
 - iv. divSchemes: Let's move ahead with Gauss Linear only, but for div(phi,s) not div(phi,U)
 - c. fvSolution:
 - i. Change from PISO to Simple: Change arguments likewise
 - ii. Not changing anything for U solver
 - iii. For s, using PBiCGStab (inspired from scalarTransportFoam)
 - d. controlDict:
 - i. Change solver to scalarFoam
 - ii. Change endTime to 1 s
- 7. It flagged an error. Says grad scheme undefined. Let's put that back and retry
- 8. Same for laplacian.
- 9. It worked...
- 10. Solution: uniform value of s