

# TEST-II - SOLUTION / Marking Scheme

Aug - Nov 2018

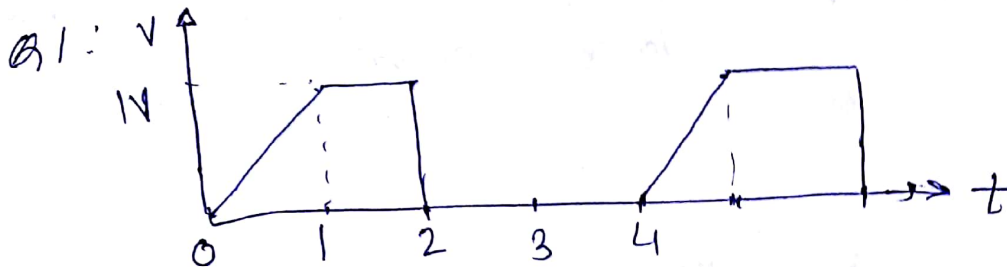
Class: F.Y. B.Tech

Sub: EERE

Date: 14.11.2018

Max Marks: 40

Duration: 1 hr 30 min.



Soln:

$$\begin{aligned} V &= t & ; & \quad 0 < t < 1 \\ V &= 1V & ; & \quad 1 < t < 2 \\ V &= 0 & ; & \quad 2 < t < 4 \end{aligned}$$

(0.2M)

i) Average value:

$$V_{avg} = \frac{1}{T} \int_0^T V(t) \cdot dt$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left[ \int_0^1 t \cdot dt + \int_1^2 1 \cdot dt + \int_2^4 0 \cdot dt \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left[ \left[ \frac{t^2}{2} \right]_0^1 + [t]_1^2 + 0 \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \left[ \frac{1}{2} + 2 - 1 \right] = \frac{1.5}{4} = 0.375V$$

$$\therefore \boxed{V_{avg} = 0.375V}$$

(0.3M)

ii) RMS Value:

$$V_{rms} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{T} \int_0^T V^2(t) \cdot dt} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{4} \left[ \int_0^1 t^2 \cdot dt + \int_1^2 1 \cdot dt + 0 \right]}$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{1}{4} \left[ \left[ \frac{t^3}{3} \right]_0^1 + [t]_1^2 \right]} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{4} \left[ \frac{1}{3} - 0 + 2 - 1 \right]} = \sqrt{0.333}$$

$$= 0.577V$$

1000

$$\therefore V_{rms} = 0.577 \text{ V}$$

0.3 M

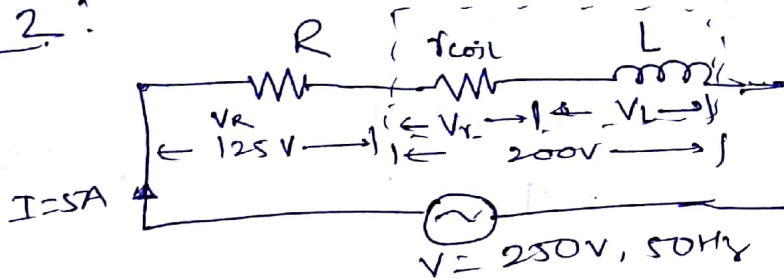
$$\text{Crest factor} = \frac{V_m}{V_{rms}} = \frac{1}{0.577} = 1.733$$

0.1 M

$$\text{Form factor} = \frac{V_{rms}}{V_{avg}} = \frac{0.577}{0.375} = 1.538$$

0.1 M

Que 2:



$$i) \text{ Resistance } R = \frac{V_R}{I} = \frac{125}{5} = 25 \Omega$$

0.1 M

$$Z_{coil} = \frac{V_{coil}}{I} = \frac{200}{5} = 40 \Omega$$

0.1 M

$$\text{Total impedance of ckt} = Z_T = \frac{V}{I} = \frac{250}{5} = 50 \Omega$$

$$Z_{coil} = \sqrt{R^2 + X_L^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow (40)^2 = R^2 + X_L^2 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$\text{also, } Z_T = \sqrt{(R+R)^2 + X_L^2}$$

$$\Rightarrow (50)^2 = (R+R)^2 + X_L^2$$

$$(50)^2 = (25+R)^2 + X_L^2 \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

From eqn (1) & (2)

$$R = 5.5 \Omega ; X_L = 39.62 \Omega$$

0.2 M

ii)

$$\text{Power consumed by coil} = P_{coil} = I^2 R = 5^2 \times 5.5 = 137.5 \text{ W}$$

$$\therefore P_{coil} = 137.5 \text{ W}$$

0.2 M

$$\text{Total power consumed by ckt} = I^2 (R+R) = 5^2 (5.5+25)$$

$$P_{total} = 762.5 \text{ W}$$

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(iii) P.f. of coil =  $\frac{r}{Z_{coil}} = \frac{5.5}{40} = 0.1375$

$\therefore P.f. coil = 0.1375$  Lagging

02M

Phasor diagram:

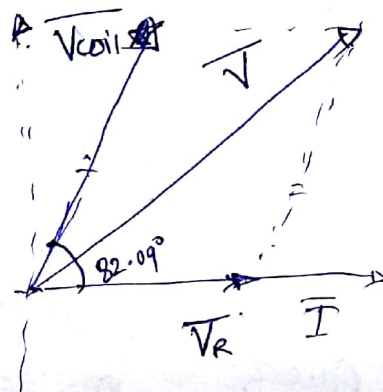
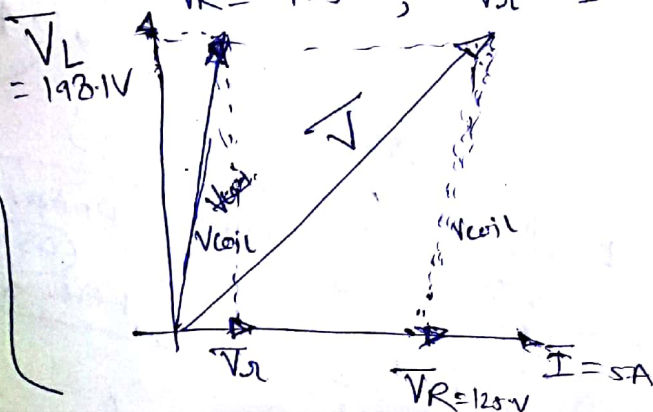
$\phi_{coil}$

$$\vec{V} = \vec{V}_R + \vec{V}_{coil}$$

$$= \vec{V}_R + \vec{V}_L + \vec{V}_C$$

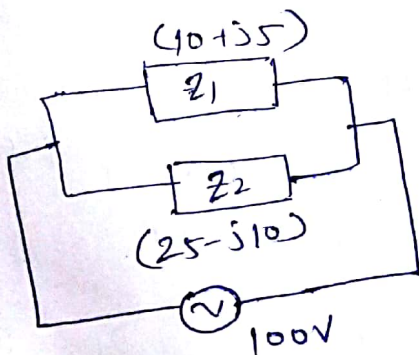
$\phi_{coil} = \cos^{-1}(0.1375)$   
 $= 82.09^\circ$

$V_R = 125$ ,  $V_L = I \cdot X_L = 27.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_C = I \cdot X_C = 198.1 \text{ V}$



OR

Q2:



Soln:-

Total Admittance:  $(Y)$

$\gamma_1 = \frac{1}{Z_1} = \frac{1}{10 + j5} = \frac{1}{11.18 \angle 26.565^\circ} = 0.0894 \angle -26.565^\circ$

$\gamma_2 = \frac{1}{Z_2} = \frac{1}{25 - j10} = \frac{1}{26.925 \angle -21.801^\circ} = 0.0371 \angle 21.801^\circ$

$Y = \gamma_1 + \gamma_2$

$Y = 0.1144 - j0.0262$

i.e.

$Y = 0.1145 \angle -12.9^\circ$

02M

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$$\text{Total Current } I = \frac{V}{Z_{\text{total}}}$$

$$Z_{\text{total}} = \frac{1}{Y_{\text{total}}} = \frac{1}{0.1175 \angle -12.9}$$

$$Z_{\text{total}} = 8.510 \angle 12.9 \Omega$$

$$Z_{\text{total}} = 8.295 + j1.899 \Omega$$

$$\therefore I = \frac{100}{8.510 \angle 12.9} = 11.750 \angle -12.9 \text{ A}$$

$$\therefore I = 11.750 \angle -12.9 \text{ A}$$

$$\text{(iii) } P = I^2 R = 1448.22 \text{ W}$$

$$= (11.750)^2 \times 8.295 = 1145.22 \text{ W}$$

Que 3:



Soln: - Current is max at 400Hz freq,  
i.e.  $f_r = 400 \text{ Hz}$ , &  $I_r = 0.5 \text{ A}$ .

at resonance,  $I_r = \frac{V}{R + \cancel{X_L} - \cancel{X_C}}$

$$0.5 = \frac{50}{(30 + \cancel{X_L})}$$

$$\Rightarrow (R + \cancel{X_L}) = 100 \Rightarrow \boxed{R = 70 \Omega}$$

$$V_C = I_r X_C$$

$$X_C = \frac{V_C}{I_r} = \frac{150}{0.5} = 300 \Omega$$

at resonance  $X_C = X_L = 300 \Omega$

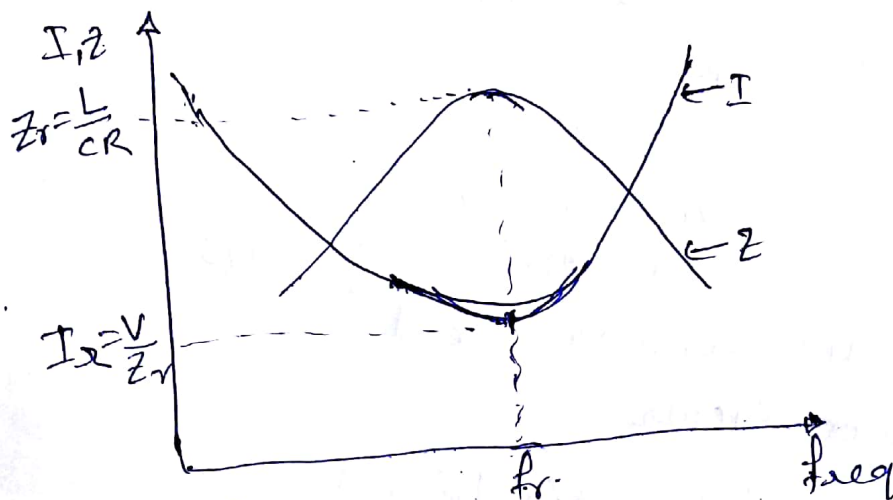
$$\therefore 2\pi f L = 300 \Omega \Rightarrow L = \frac{300}{2\pi \times 400} = 119.42 \text{ mH}$$

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$$\boxed{L = 119.42 \text{ mH}}$$



Q3: (ii) Parallel Resonance curve



(02M)

Q4: Given:  $V_L = 415 \text{ V}$   
 $f = 50 \text{ Hz}$   
 $I_{ph} = 20 \text{ A}$   
 $\phi = 30^\circ$

for star connected load,

i) phase voltage  $V_{ph} = \frac{V_L}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{415}{\sqrt{3}} = 239.6 \text{ V}$  } (02M)

$\therefore \boxed{V_{ph} = 239.6 \text{ V}}$

ii) power :

$I_L = I_{ph} = 20 \text{ A}$

$P = \sqrt{3} V_L I_L \cos \phi = 12.45 \text{ kW}$  } (03M)

iii) Circuit Parameters:

$Z_{ph} = \frac{V_{ph}}{I_{ph}} = \frac{239.6}{20} = 11.98 \Omega$  } (02M)

$\bar{Z}_{ph} = 11.98 \angle 30^\circ \Omega = 10.37 + j6 \Omega$  } (02M)

$\therefore \boxed{R_{ph} = 10.37 \Omega}, \quad X_{ph} = 6 \Omega = 2\pi f L_{ph}$  } (02M)

$\therefore \boxed{L_{ph} = 19.1 \text{ mH}}$  } (01M)

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OR

Q4:

Given:  $L = 50 \text{ mH}$

$R = 50 \Omega$

$C = 50 \mu\text{F}$

$V_L = 550 \text{ V}$

$\omega = 2\pi f = 800 \text{ rad/s}$

For a delta connected Load,

i) Power factor

$$\bar{Z}_{ph} = jX_L + (R \parallel (-jX_C))$$

$$= jX_L + \frac{R(-jX_C)}{R - jX_C}$$

$$X_L = \omega L = 40 \Omega$$

$$X_C = \frac{1}{\omega C} = 25 \Omega$$

$$\therefore \bar{Z}_{ph} = j40 + \frac{50(-j25)}{50 - j25} = j40 + \frac{1250 \angle -90^\circ}{55.901 \angle -26.565^\circ}$$

$$= j40 - 10.00 - j20.00$$

$$= +10 + j20 \Omega$$

$$\bar{Z}_{ph} = 22.36 \angle 63.43^\circ \Omega$$

$$\Rightarrow \phi = 63.43^\circ$$

$$\therefore \text{P.f.} = \cos \phi = 0.447 \text{ Lagging}$$

(ii) Phase current:

$$V_L = V_{ph} = 550 \text{ V}$$

$$I_{ph} = \frac{V_{ph}}{\bar{Z}_{ph}} = \frac{550}{22.36} = 24.6 \text{ A}$$

(iii) Line current

$$I_L = \sqrt{3} I_{ph} = 42.6 \text{ A}$$

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(iv) power consumed:

$$P = \sqrt{3} V_L I_L \cos \phi$$

$$= \sqrt{3} \times 550 \times 42.61 \times 0.442 = 18.14 \text{ kW}$$

(v) Reactive power

$$P = 18.14 \text{ kW}$$

$$Q = \sqrt{3} V_L I_L \sin \phi = \sqrt{3} \times 550 \times 42.61 \times \sin(63.43)$$

$$Q = 36.3 \text{ KVAR}$$

03M

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Q: 2:  
(0.5)

Phasor diagram: →

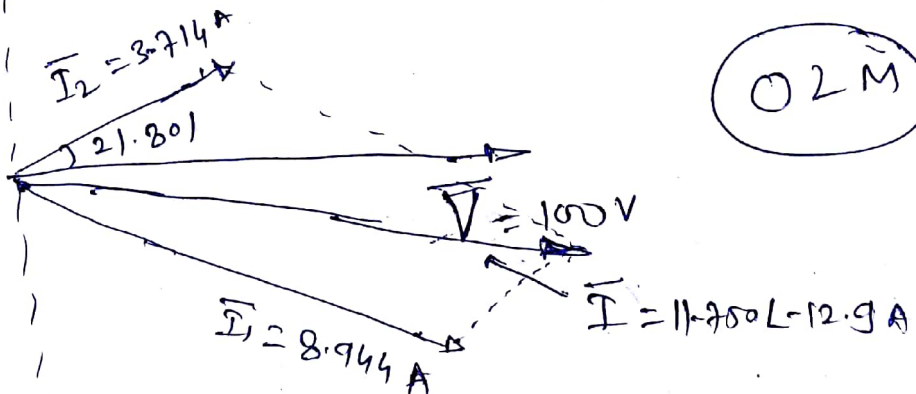
$$\bar{I}_1 = \frac{V}{Z_1} = \frac{100}{10 + j5} = \frac{100}{11.18 \angle 26.565}$$

$$\Rightarrow \bar{I}_1 = 8.944 \angle -26.565 \text{ A}$$

$$\bar{I}_2 = \frac{V}{Z_2} = \frac{100}{26.925 \angle -21.801} = 3.714 \angle 21.801 \text{ A}$$

$$\bar{I}_2 = 3.714 \angle 21.801 \text{ A}$$

$$\bar{I} = \bar{I}_1 + \bar{I}_2$$



02M

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