# PRACTICE PROBLEMS ON FIRST ORDER FIRST DEGREE DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

### TYPE-I

Solve the following equations.

1. 
$$(2x^2 + 3y^2 - 7) x dx + (3x^2 + 2y^2 - 8) y dy = 0$$

2. 
$$(y^2e^{xy^2} + 4x^3)dx + (2xy e^{xy^2} - 3y^2)dy = 0$$

3. 
$$\left[y\left(1+\frac{1}{x}\right)+\cos y\right]dx+(x+\log x-x\sin y)dy=0$$

$$4. \qquad \frac{ydx - xdy}{(x+y)^2} = \frac{dx}{2\sqrt{1-x^2}}$$

5. 
$$(x^2 - x \tan^2 y + \sec^2 y) dy = (\tan y - 2xy - y) dx$$

**6.** 
$$[y \sin(xy) + xy^2 \cos(xy)]dx + [x \sin(xy) + x^2 y \cos(xy)]dy = 0$$

7. 
$$x dx + y dy = \frac{a(x dy - y dx)}{x^2 + y^2}$$

8. 
$$(2xy\cos x^2 - 2xy + 1) dx + (\sin x^2 - x^2) dy = 0$$

$$9. \qquad \frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{y\cos x + \sin y + y}{\sin x + x\cos y + x} = 0$$

**10.** 
$$2(1+x^2\sqrt{y})ydx + (x^2\sqrt{y}+2)x dy = 0$$

**11.** 
$$\left(x\sqrt{1-x^2y^2}-y\right)dy + \left(x+y\sqrt{1-x^2y^2}\right)dx = 0$$

**12.** 
$$\frac{y}{x^2}\cos\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)dx - \frac{1}{x}\cos\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)dy + 2xdx = 0$$

**13.** 
$$\left(1 + e^{x/y}\right)dx + e^{x/y}\left(1 - \frac{x}{y}\right)dy = 0$$
, given  $y(0) = 4$ 

**14.** 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{4x^3y^2 + y\cos(xy)}{2x^4y + x\cos(xy)}$$

**15.** 
$$(2x^2 + 3y^2 - 7) x dx + (3x^2 + 2y^2 - 8) y dy = 0$$

**16.** 
$$(\tan y + x)dx + (x \sec^2 y - 3y)dy = 0$$

17. 
$$[1 + \log(xy)]dx + (1 + \frac{x}{y})dy = 0$$

#### **ANSWERS**

1. 
$$x^4 + y^4 + 3x^2y^2 - (7x^2 + 8y^2) = c$$

$$3. \quad xy + y \log x + x \cos y = c$$

5. 
$$x \tan y - x^2y - xy - \tan y = c$$

7. 
$$\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{y^2}{2} + a \tan^{-1} \left( \frac{x}{y} \right) = c$$

$$9. \quad y \sin x + x \sin y + xy = c$$

**11.** 
$$x^2 - y^2 + xy\sqrt{1 - x^2y^2} + sin^{-1}xy = c$$

**13.** 
$$x + ye^{x/y} = 4$$

**15.** 
$$x^4 + 3x^2y^2 - 7x^2 + y^4 - 8y^2 = 0$$

**17.** 
$$y + x \log(xy) = c$$

$$2. e^{xy^2} + x^4 - y^3 = c$$

4. 
$$\frac{y}{x+y} + \frac{1}{2} sin^{-1} x = c$$

$$6. \quad xy \sin(xy) = c$$

8. 
$$y \sin x^2 - x^2 y + x = c$$

**10.** 
$$2xy + \frac{2}{3}x^3y^{3/2} = c$$

**12.** 
$$x^2 - \sin\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) = c$$

**14.** 
$$x^4y^2 + \sin xy = c$$

**16.** 
$$2x \tan y + x^2 - 3y^2 = c$$

## TYPE - II

Solve the following equations.

1. 
$$\left(y + \frac{1}{3}y^3 + \frac{1}{2}x^2\right)dx + \frac{1}{4}(x + xy^2)dy = 0$$

2. 
$$(x^4e^x - 2mxy^2) dx + 2mx^2 y dy = 0$$

3. 
$$(x^2 + y^2 + 1)dx - 2xy dy = 0$$
 4.  $(y - 2x^3)dx - x(1 - xy) dy = 0$ 

5. 
$$(2x \log x - xy)dy + 2ydx = 0$$

6. 
$$(4xy + 3y^2 - x)dx + x(x + 2y)dy = 0$$

7. 
$$(xy^2 - e^{1/x^3})dx - x^2ydy = 0$$
  
8.  $(x^4 + y^4) dx - xy^3 dy = 0$ 

9. 
$$(2xy^4e^y + 2xy^3 + y)dx + (x^2y^4e^y - x^2y^2 - 3x)dy = 0$$

**10.** 
$$y(xy + e^x)dx - e^x dy = 0$$

**11.** 
$$(y^4 + 2y)dx + (xy^3 + 2y^4 - 4x)dy = 0$$

**12.** 
$$(xy^3 + y)dx + 2(x^2y^2 + x + y^4)dy = 0$$
 **13.**  $(2xy^2 - y)dx + xdy = 0$ 

**14.** 
$$y(1 + xy) dx + x(1 - xy) dy = 0$$
 **15.**  $(y - xy^2) dx - (x + x^2y) dy = 0$ 

**16.** 
$$y(1 + xy) dx + x(1 + xy + x^2y^2) dy = 0$$
 **17.**  $\frac{dy}{dx} = -\frac{x^2y^3 + 2y}{2x - 2x^3y^2}$ 

**18.** 
$$(xy \sin xy + \cos xy) y dx + (xy \sin xy - \cos xy) x dy = 0$$

**19.** 
$$(x^4 + y^4)dx - xy^3 dy = 0$$

**20.** 
$$(x^2y - 2xy^2)dx - (x^3 - 3x^2y)dy = 0$$

**21.** 
$$y(x + y)dx - x(y - x)dy = 0$$
 **22.**  $(x^2 + y^2)dx - (x^2 + xy)dy = 0$ 

**23.** 
$$(x^2 - xy + y^2)dx - xydy = 0$$

**24.** 
$$\left[2x \sin h\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) + 3y \cos h\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)\right] dx - 3x \cdot \cos h\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) \cdot dy = 0$$

**25.** 
$$\left(\frac{y}{x}secy - tan y\right)dx - (x - secylog x)dy = 0$$

**26.** If  $y^n$  is an integrating factor of  $y(2x^2y + e^x)dx - (e^x + y^2)dy = 0$  find n and solve the equation.

27. If  $y^n$  is an integrating factor of  $(2xy^2 + e^xy)dx - e^xdy = 0$  then find n and solve the equation.

**28.** If  $y^n$  is an integrating factor of  $(2xy^4e^y + 2xy^3 + y)dx + (x^2y^4e^y - x^2y^2 - 3x)dy = 0$ . Find n and solve the equation.

**29.** If  $x^n$  is an integrating factor of  $y dx - x dy + (1 + x^2) dx + x^2 \sin y dy = 0$  Find n and solve the equation.

**30.** If  $x^n$  is an integrating factor of  $(y - 2x^3)dx - x(1 - xy)dy = 0$  then find n and solve the equation.

**31.** If  $x^n$  is an integrating factor of  $(x^4e^x - 2mxy^2)dx + 2mx^2y dy = 0$  find n and solve the equation.

**32.** If f(x) a function of x only is an integrating factor of  $(x^4e^x - 2mxy^2)dx + 2mx^2ydy = 0$ . Find f(x) and then solve the equation.

- If  $(x+y)^k$  is an integrating factor of  $(4x^2 + 2xy + 6y) dx + (2x^2 + 9y + 3x) dy = 0$ . find k and solve the equation.
- If  $(x+y+1)^n$  is an integrating factor of  $(2xy-y^2-y)dx+(2xy-x^2-x)dy=0$  find n and 34. solve the equation.

#### **ANSWERS**

1. 
$$x^6 + 3x^4y + x^4y^3 = c$$

3. 
$$x^2 - y^2 - 1 = cx$$

5. 
$$2y \log x - \frac{y^2}{2} = c$$

7. 
$$\frac{1}{3}e^{1/x^3} - \frac{y^2}{2x^2} = c$$

**9.** 
$$x^2 e^y + \frac{x^2}{y} + \frac{x}{y^3} = c$$

**11.** 
$$x\left(y+\frac{2}{v^2}\right)+y^2=c$$

**13.** 
$$x^2y - x = cy$$

$$15. \quad \log\frac{x}{y} = c + xy$$

**17.** 
$$\frac{1}{3}\log\frac{x}{v^2} - \frac{1}{3x^2v^2} = c$$

**19.** 
$$4x^4 \log x - y^4 = cx^4$$

21. 
$$log\sqrt{xy} - \frac{y}{2x} = c$$

**23.** 
$$\log(x - y) + \frac{y}{x} = c$$

**25.** 
$$ylog x - xsiny = c$$

**27.** 
$$n = -2, x^2y + e^x = cy$$

**29.** 
$$n = -2, y + 1 - x^2 + x \cos y = cx$$

**31.** 
$$n = -4 \cdot e^x + mv^2x^{-2} = c$$

31. 
$$n = -4, e^x + my^2x^2 = c$$

**34.** 
$$n = -4, \frac{xy}{(x-x)^2} = c$$

2. 
$$x^2e^x + mv^2 = cx^2$$

**4.** 
$$-\frac{y}{x} - x^2 + \frac{y^2}{2} = c$$

$$4x^4y + 4x^3y^2 - x^4 = c$$

8. 
$$4x^4 \log x - y^4 = cx^4$$

**10.** 
$$\frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{e^x}{v} = c$$

$$3x^2y^4 + 6xy^2 + 2y^6 = c$$

$$14. \quad \frac{1}{xy} - \log\left(\frac{x}{y}\right) = c$$

**16.** 
$$\frac{1}{2x^2y^2} + \frac{1}{xy} - \log y = c$$

**18.** 
$$x \sec xy = cy$$

**20.** 
$$\frac{cy^3}{x^2} = e^{-x/y}$$

**22.** 
$$\frac{y}{x} = \log \frac{x}{(x-y)^2} + c$$

**24.** 
$$x^{-2/3} \cdot \sinh\left(\frac{y}{x}\right) = c$$

**26.** 
$$n = -2, \frac{2x^3}{3} + \frac{e^x}{y} - y = c$$

**28.** 
$$n = -4$$
,  $x^2y^3e^y + x^2y^2 + x = cy^3$ 

**30.** 
$$n = -2$$
,  $\frac{y}{x} + x^2 - \frac{y^2}{2} = c$ 

**32.** 
$$f(x) = x^{-4}, e^x + my^2x^{-2} = c$$

**33.** 
$$k = 1$$
,  $x^4 + 2x^3y + 3x^2y + x^2y^2 + 6y^2x + 3y^3 = c$ 

**34.** 
$$n = -4, \frac{xy}{(x+y+1)^3} = c$$

#### TYPE - III

## Solve the following differential equations.

1. 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{4x}{x^2 + 1} \cdot y = \frac{1}{(x^2 + 1)^3}$$

3. 
$$(1-x^2)\frac{dy}{dx} + 2xy = x\sqrt{1-x^2}$$

5. 
$$\frac{dy}{dx}coshx = 2cosh^2x.sinhx - ysin hx$$

7. 
$$(1 + x + xy^2)dy + (y + y^3)dx = 0$$

$$2. \qquad \frac{dy}{dx} + \left(\frac{1-2x}{x^2}\right)y = 1$$

**4.** 
$$x(x-1)\frac{dy}{dx} - (x-2)y = x^3(2x-1)$$

6. 
$$x\cos x \frac{dy}{dx} + y(x\sin x + \cos x) = 1$$

8. 
$$(1+y^2)dx = (e^{tan^{-1}y} - x)dy$$

9. 
$$(y + 1) dx + [x - (y + 2)e^y]dy = 0$$

**10.** 
$$(1 + \sin y) \frac{dx}{dy} = [2y \cos y - x(\sec y + \tan y)]$$

**11.** 
$$(1+y^2)dx = (\tan^{-1} y - x)dy$$

**13.** 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{2x}{x^2 + 1}$$
.  $y = \frac{1}{(x^2 + 1)^2}$  given that  $y = 0$  when  $x = 1$ 

**14.** 
$$x \log x \cdot \frac{dy}{dx} + y = 2 \log x$$

$$16. \quad \frac{dy}{dx} + x\sin 2y = x^3 \cos^2 y$$

**18.** 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} + x^3 \sin^2 y + x \sin 2y = x^3$$

**20.** 
$$y \frac{dy}{dx} + \frac{4x}{3} - \frac{y^2}{3x} = 0$$

$$22. \quad \frac{dx}{dy} = e^{y-x}(e^y - e^x)$$

**24.** 
$$3y^2 \frac{dy}{dx} + 2y^3 x = 4x^3 e^{x^2}$$

**26.** 
$$(xy^2 - e^{1/x^3})dx - x^2y dy = 0$$

**28.** 
$$\left( \frac{e^{-2\sqrt{x}}}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{y}{\sqrt{x}} \right) \frac{dx}{dy} = 1$$

**12.** 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} + 2y \tan x = \sin x \text{ at } y = 0, x = \frac{\pi}{3}$$

12. 
$$\frac{1}{dx} + 2y \tan x = \sin x \text{ at } y = 0, x = \frac{1}{3}$$

**15.** 
$$dr + (2r \cot \theta + \sin 2\theta)d\theta = 0$$

$$17. \quad \frac{dy}{dx} = e^{x-y}(e^x - e^y)$$

**19.** 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} + (2xtan^{-1}y - x^3)(1 + y^2) = 0$$

**21.** 
$$e^x(x+1)dx + (y^2e^{2y} - xe^x)dy = 0$$

**23.** 
$$x\cos y \frac{dy}{dx} + \sin y = x\sin^2 y$$

**25.** 
$$\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{e^y}{x^2} - \frac{1}{x}$$

$$27. \qquad \frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{y^3}{e^{2x} + y^2}$$

**29.** 
$$(x+1)\frac{dy}{dx} - y = e^x(x+1)^2$$

#### ANSWERS

1. 
$$y(x^2+1)^2 = tan^{-1}x + c$$

3. 
$$y = \sqrt{(1-x^2)} + c(1-x^2)$$

5. 
$$y. cos hx = \frac{2}{3} cosh^3 x + c$$

7. 
$$xy + tan^{-1}y = c$$

9. 
$$(y + 1)(x - e^y) = c$$

**11.** 
$$x = tan^{-1} y - 1 + ce^{-tan^{-1}y}$$

**13.** 
$$y(x^2+1) = tan^{-1}x - \frac{\pi}{4}$$

**15.** 
$$2 r sin^2 \theta + sin^4 \theta = c$$

17. 
$$e^y = e^x - 1 + ce^{-e^x}$$

**19.** 
$$tan^{-1}y = \frac{(x^2-1)}{2} + ce^{-x^2}$$

**21.** 
$$xe^{x-y} = -(y^2 - 2y + 2)e^y + c$$

**23.** 
$$cosecy + x (log x + c) = 0$$

**25.** 
$$2x e^{-y} = 2cx^2 + 1$$

**27.** 
$$e^{-2x}y^2 + 2\log y = c$$

**29.** 
$$y = (x + 1)(e^x + c)$$

2. 
$$y = x^2 + ce^{1/x}.x^2$$

**4.** 
$$y = x^3 + \frac{cx^2}{x-1}$$

**6.** 
$$yx secx = tan x + c$$

8. 
$$xe^{tan^{-1}y} = \frac{1}{2}e^{2tan^{-1}y} + c$$

**10.** 
$$x.(1 + \sin y) = y^2 \cos y + c \cos y$$

**12.** 
$$v \sec^2 x = \sec x - 2$$

**14.** 
$$y \log x = (\log x)^2 + c$$

**16.** 
$$tan y = \frac{1}{2}(x^2 - 1) + ce^{-x^2}$$

**18.** 
$$tan y. e^{x^2} = \frac{1}{2}e^{x^2}(x^2 - 1) + c$$

**20.** 
$$y^2x^{-2/3} + 2x^{4/3} = c$$

**22.** 
$$e^x = e^y - 1 + ce^{-e^y}$$

**24.** 
$$2y^3e^{x^2} = e^{2x^2}(2x^2 - 1) + c$$

**26.** 
$$\frac{y^2}{x^2} = \frac{2}{3}e^{1/x^3} + c$$

**28.** 
$$ye^{2\sqrt{x}} = 2\sqrt{x} + c$$