

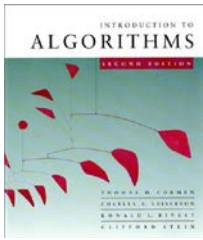
# Single-source shortest paths (nonnegative edge weights)

**Problem.** Assume that  $w(u, v) \geq 0$  for all  $(u, v) \in E$ . (Hence, all shortest-path weights must exist.) From a given source vertex  $s \in V$ , find the shortest-path weights  $\delta(s, v)$  for all  $v \in V$ .

---

**IDEA:** Greedy.

1. Maintain a set  $S$  of vertices whose shortest-path distances from  $s$  are known.
2. At each step, add to  $S$  the vertex  $v \in V - S$  whose distance estimate from  $s$  is minimum.
3. Update the distance estimates of vertices adjacent to  $v$ .



# Dijkstra's algorithm

$d[s] \leftarrow 0$

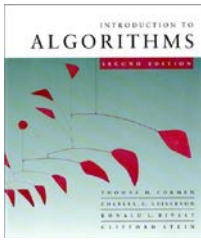
**for** each  $v \in V - \{s\}$

**do**  $d[v] \leftarrow \infty$

$S \leftarrow \emptyset$

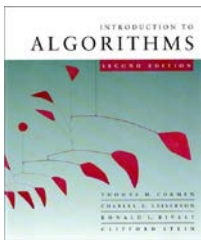
$Q \leftarrow V$

▷  $Q$  is a priority queue maintaining  $V - S$ ,  
keyed on  $d[v]$



# Dijkstra's algorithm

```
 $d[s] \leftarrow 0$ 
for each  $v \in V - \{s\}$ 
  do  $d[v] \leftarrow \infty$ 
 $S \leftarrow \emptyset$ 
 $Q \leftarrow V$        $\triangleright$   $Q$  is a priority queue maintaining  $V - S$ ,
                     keyed on  $d[v]$ 
while  $Q \neq \emptyset$ 
  do  $u \leftarrow \text{EXTRACT-MIN}(Q)$ 
      $S \leftarrow S \cup \{u\}$ 
     for each  $v \in \text{Adj}[u]$ 
       do if  $d[v] > d[u] + w(u, v)$ 
         then  $d[v] \leftarrow d[u] + w(u, v)$ 
```



# Dijkstra's algorithm

$d[s] \leftarrow 0$

**for** each  $v \in V - \{s\}$

**do**  $d[v] \leftarrow \infty$

$S \leftarrow \emptyset$

$Q \leftarrow V$

▷  $Q$  is a priority queue maintaining  $V - S$ ,  
keyed on  $d[v]$

**while**  $Q \neq \emptyset$

**do**  $u \leftarrow \text{EXTRACT-MIN}(Q)$

$S \leftarrow S \cup \{u\}$

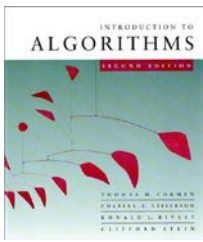
**for** each  $v \in \text{Adj}[u]$

**do if**  $d[v] > d[u] + w(u, v)$

**then**  $d[v] \leftarrow d[u] + w(u, v)$

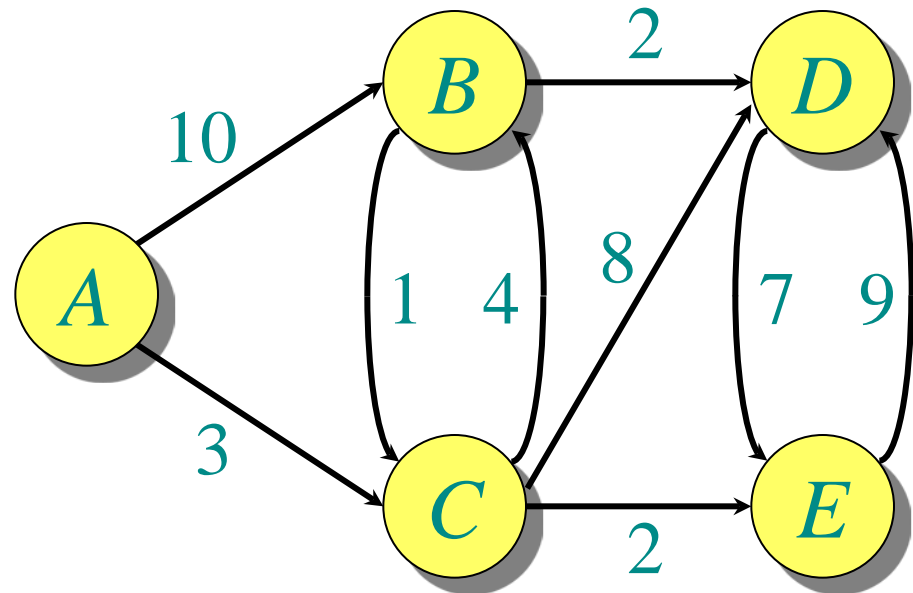
*relaxation  
step*

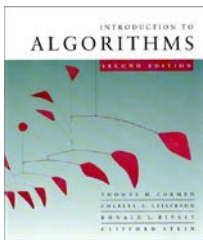
↑ Implicit DECREASE-KEY



# Example of Dijkstra's algorithm

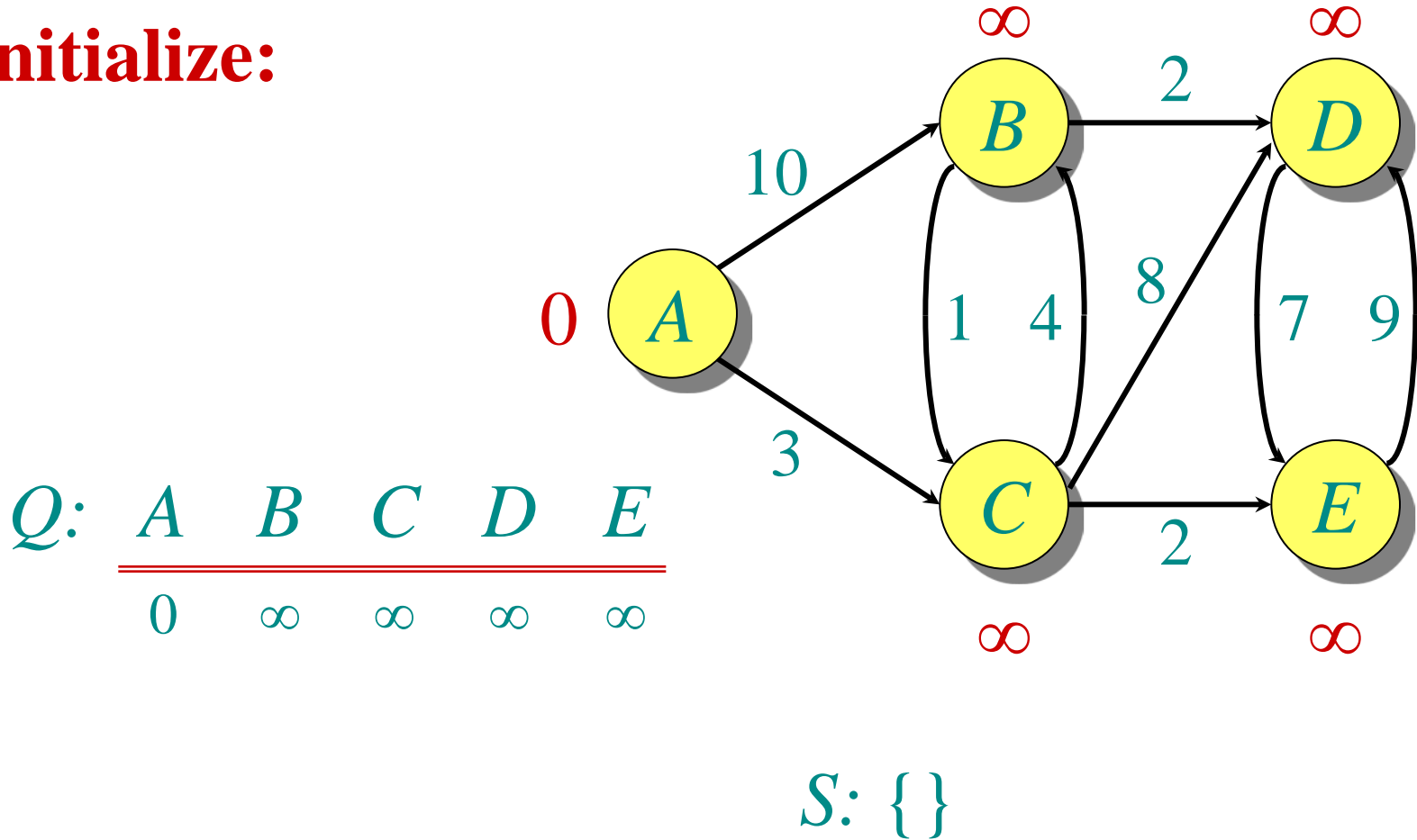
**Graph with  
nonnegative  
edge weights:**

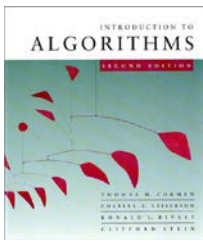




# Example of Dijkstra's algorithm

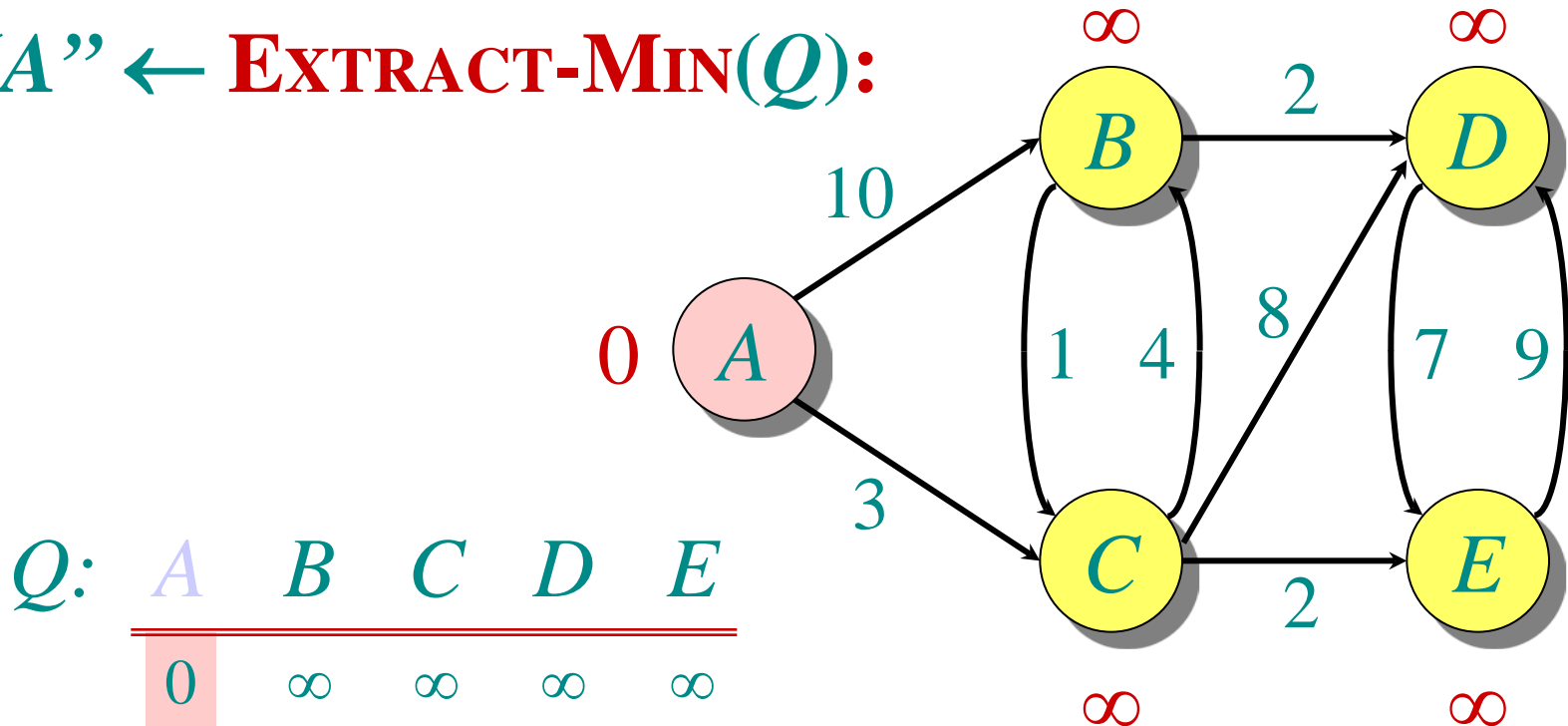
**Initialize:**



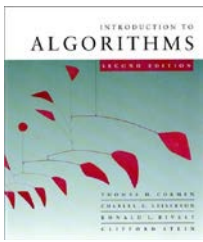


# Example of Dijkstra's algorithm

“A”  $\leftarrow$  **EXTRACT-MIN**(Q):

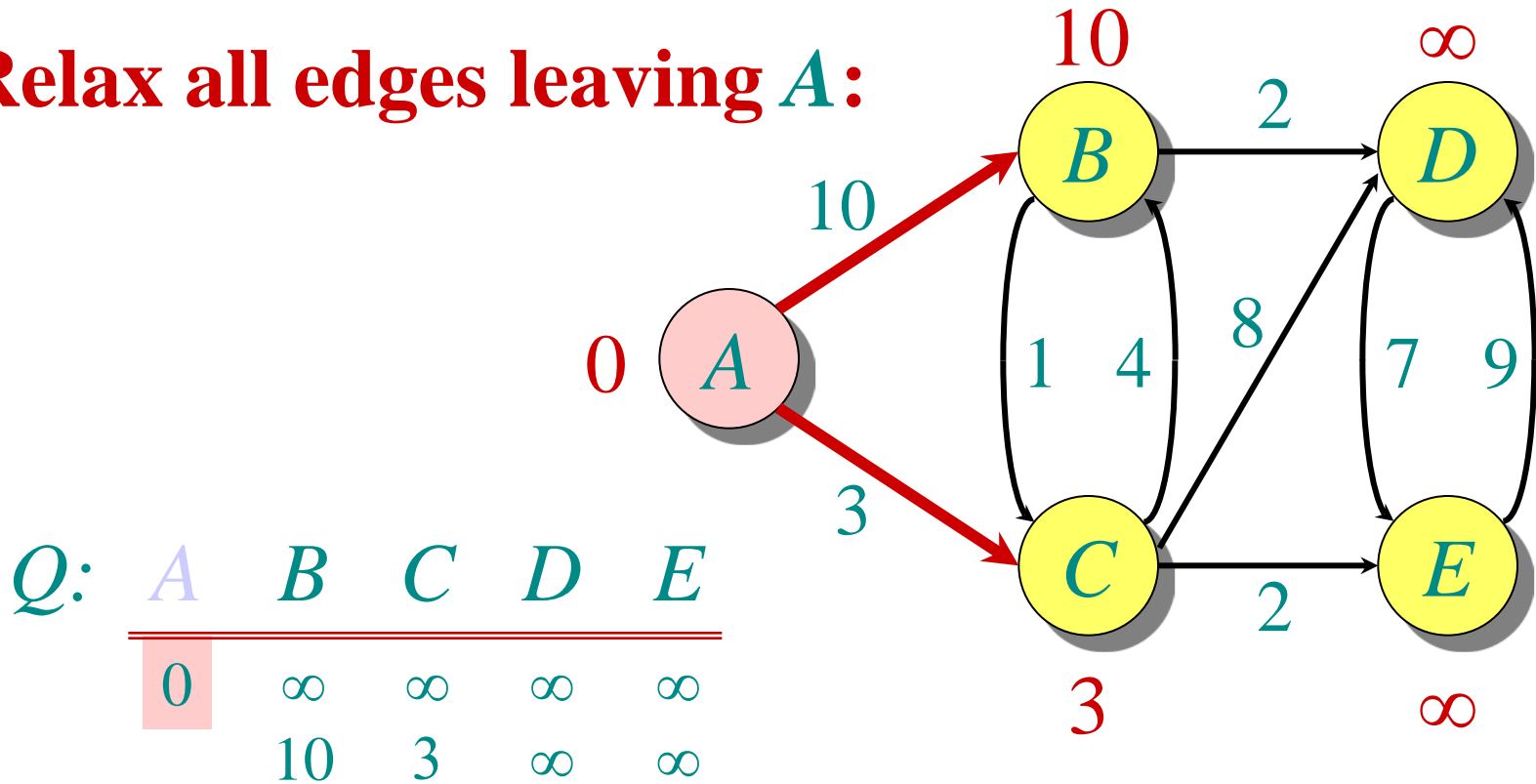


S: { A }



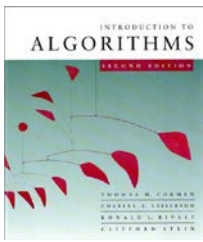
# Example of Dijkstra's algorithm

Relax all edges leaving  $A$ :



$S: \{ A \}$



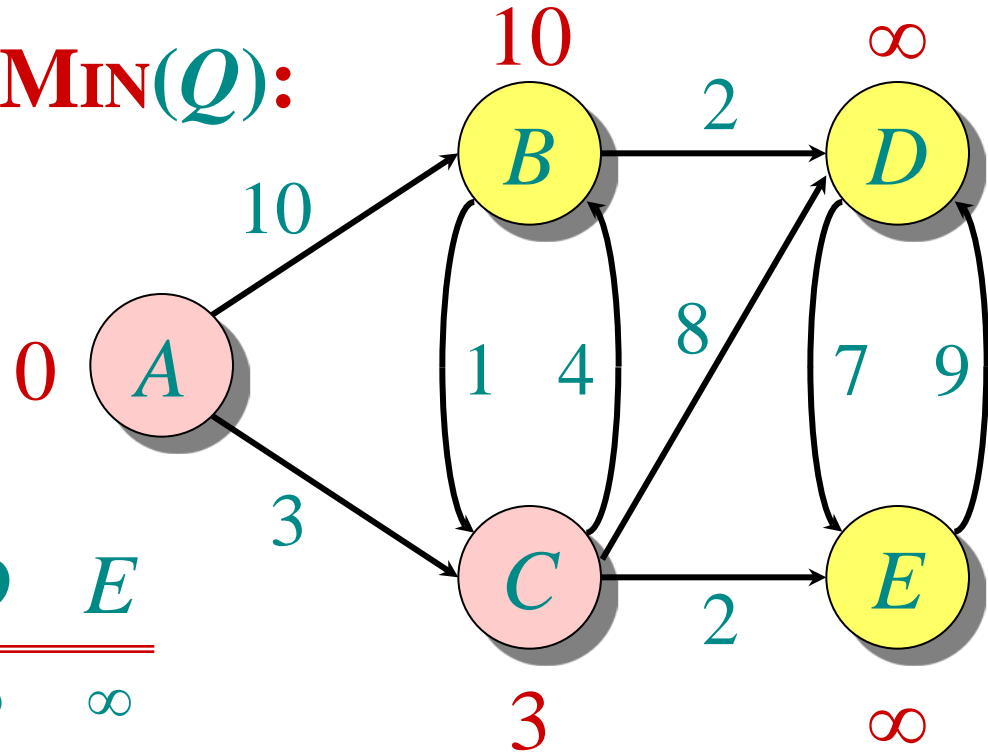


# Example of Dijkstra's algorithm

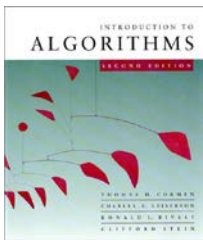
“C” ← **EXTRACT-MIN**(Q):

Q:

A	B	C	D	E
0	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$
	10	3	$\infty$	$\infty$

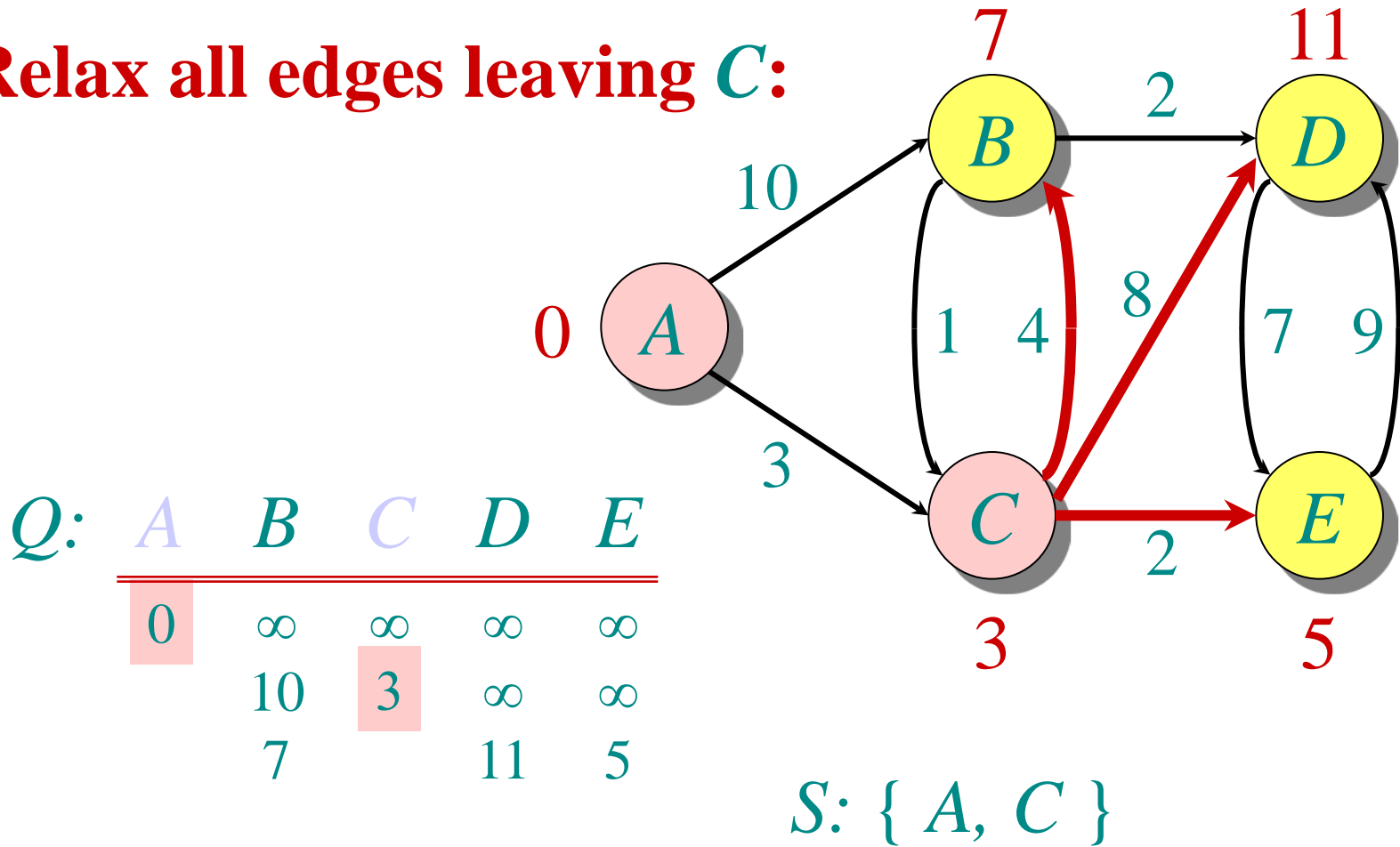


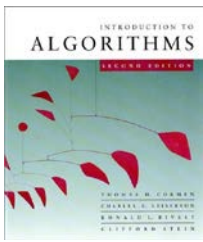
S: { A, C }



# Example of Dijkstra's algorithm

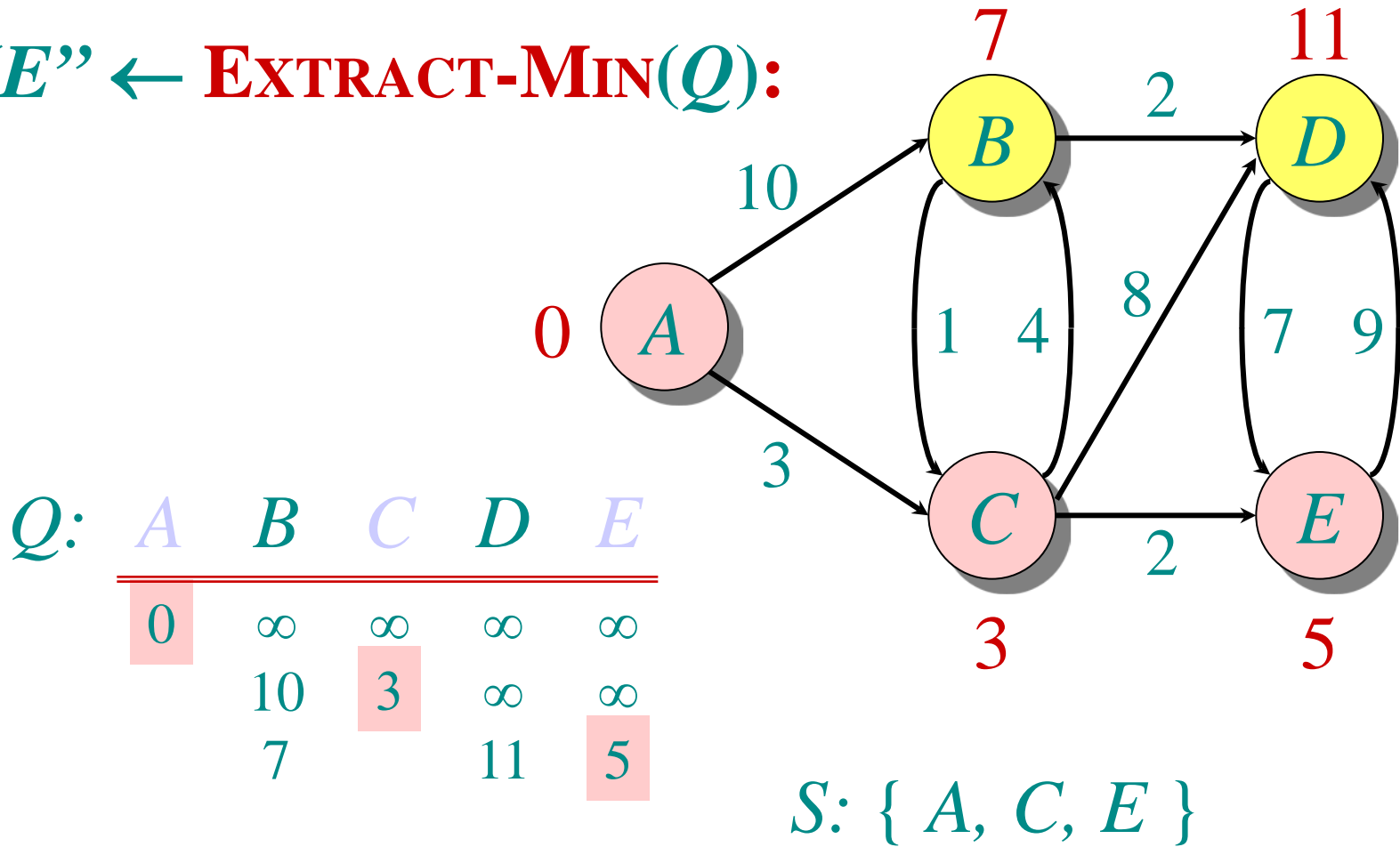
Relax all edges leaving  $C$ :

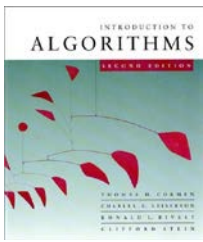




# Example of Dijkstra's algorithm

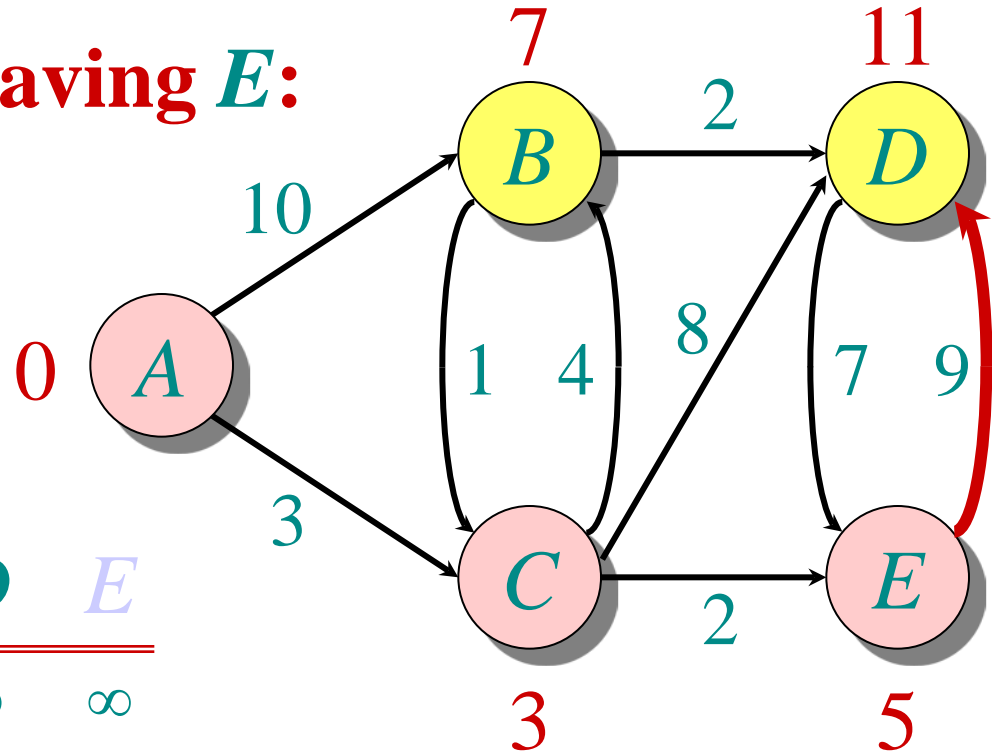
“*E*”  $\leftarrow$  **EXTRACT-MIN**(*Q*):





# Example of Dijkstra's algorithm

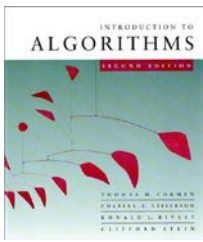
Relax all edges leaving  $E$ :



$Q$ :

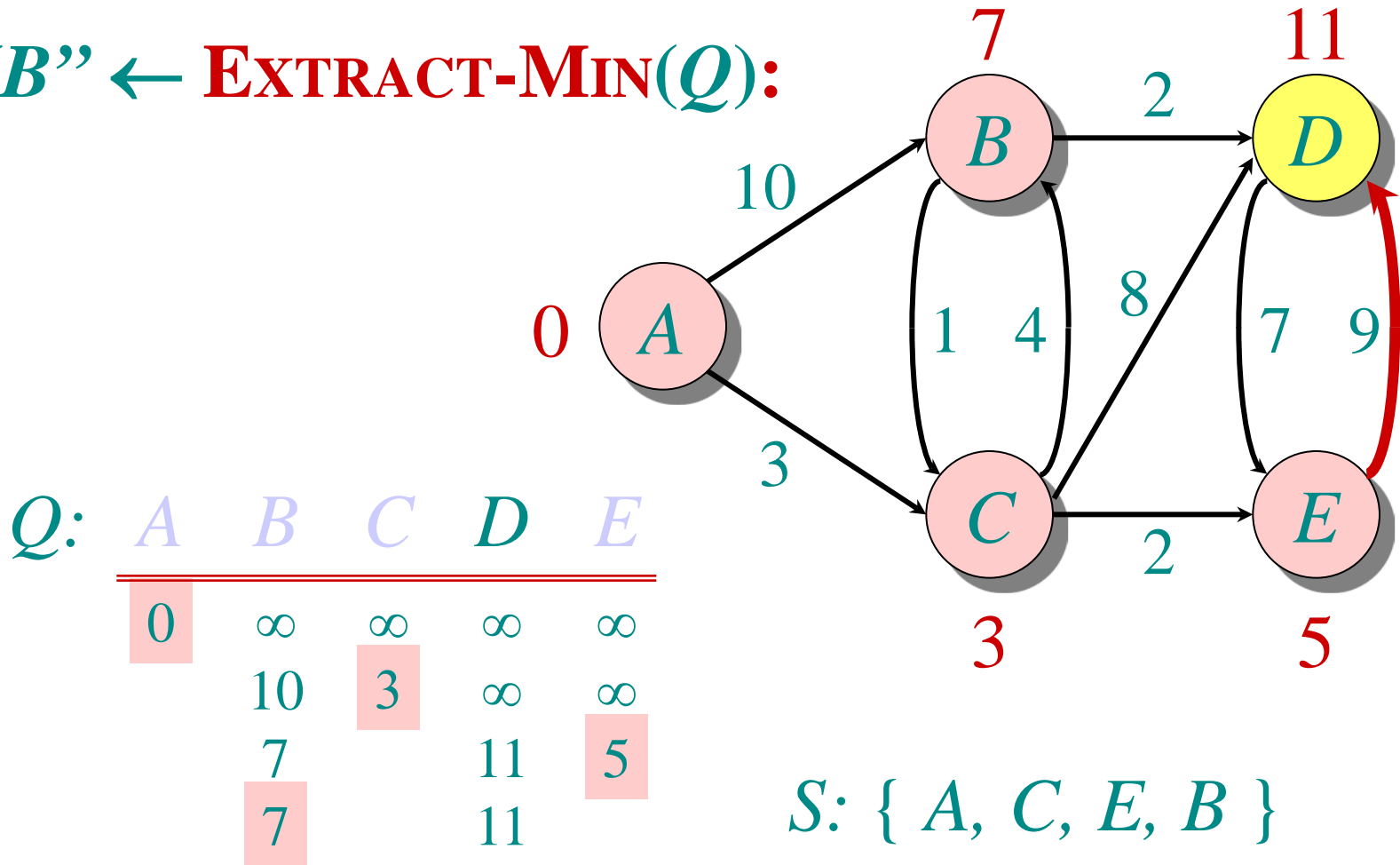
$A$	$B$	$C$	$D$	$E$
0	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$
	10	3	$\infty$	$\infty$
	7		11	5
	7		11	

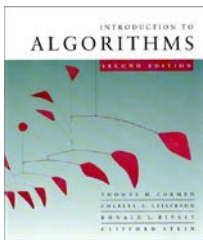
$S: \{ A, C, E \}$



# Example of Dijkstra's algorithm

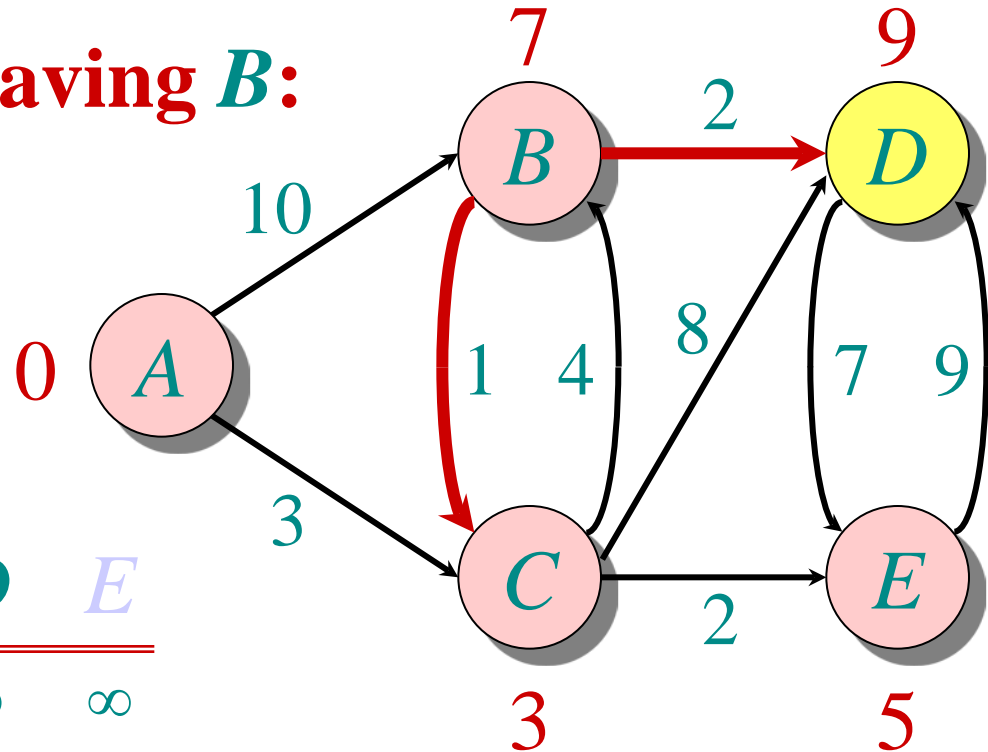
“*B*”  $\leftarrow$  **EXTRACT-MIN**(*Q*):





# Example of Dijkstra's algorithm

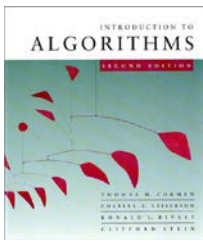
Relax all edges leaving **B**:



*Q*:

<i>A</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>C</i>	<i>D</i>	<i>E</i>
0	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$	$\infty$
	10	3	$\infty$	$\infty$
	7		11	5
	7		11	
			9	

*S*: { *A*, *C*, *E*, *B* }



# Example of Dijkstra's algorithm

**“D”**  $\leftarrow$  **EXTRACT-MIN**(*Q*):

