

Java Programming

CSE 1007

Lab Assignment 1

Arrays and Loops

Submitted by
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Question 1

Write a Java program to display all the prime numbers within a range.

Code

```
import java.util.*;
class Question1
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        int a, b, c;
        int i, j;
        System.out.println("Enter the
range");
        a=sc.nextInt();
        b=sc.nextInt();

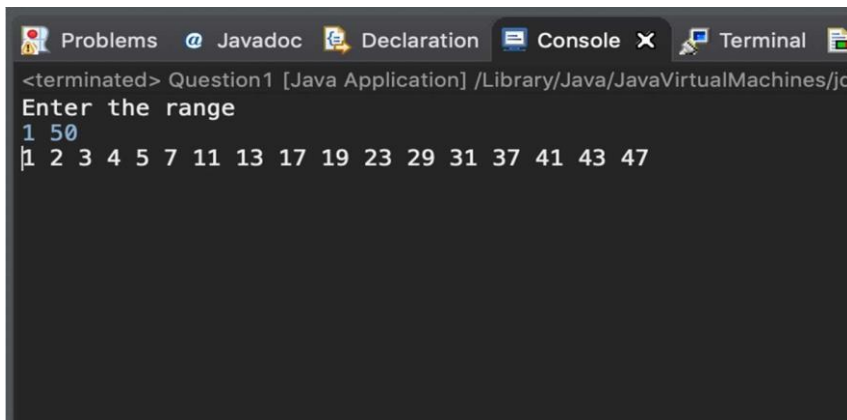
        for(i=a;i<=b;i++)
        {
            c=0;
            for(j=2;j<=i/2;j++)
            {
                if(i%j==0)
                {
                    c=1;
                    break;
                }
            }
            if(c==0)
            {
                System.out.print(i+" ");
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```

    }
}

```

Output



```

<terminated> Question1 [Java Application] /Library/Java/JavaVirtualMachines/jd
Enter the range
1 50
1 2 3 4 5 7 11 13 17 19 23 29 31 37 41 43 47

```

Question 2

Write a Java program to convert a decimal number to its equivalent binary number.

Eg: $25_{10} = 11001_2$

Code

```

import java.util.*;
public class Question2
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        //Program to convert a decimal number into its equivalent binary number
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        int num;
        System.out.println("Enter a number");
        num =
sc.nextInt();        String
bin="";              int rem,
temp=num;
        while(temp>0)
        {
            rem = temp%2;
            bin = Integer.toString(rem)+bin;
            temp/=2;

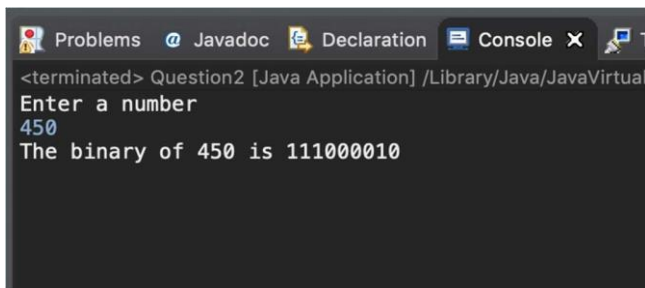
```

```

    }
    System.out.println("The binary of "+num+" is "+bin);
}
}

```

Output



Question 3

Write a Java program to print the following patterns by reading the number of lines from the user.

1.

```

*
**
***
**** *****

```

2.

```

      *
    * *
  * * *
* * * *
* * * * *

```

3.

```
      *
    * *
  * * *
* * * *
* * *
* *
      *
```

Code

```
import java.util.*;
public class Question3
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        //Printing Patterns
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        int n,c;
        System.out.println("Enter the number of
lines");
        n = sc.nextInt();
        int
i,j,k;
        //Printing pattern1

        for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
        {
            for(j=1;j<=i;j++)
            {
                System.out.print("*");
            }
            System.out.println();
        }
        //Printing Pattern 2
        System.out.println("\n\n");
        c=n;
        for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
        {
            for(k=1;k<=c;k++)
            {
                System.out.print(" ");
            }
            c-=1;
            for(j=1;j<=i;j++)
            {
                System.out.print("* ");
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```

        }
        System.out.println();
    }
    System.out.println("\n\n\n");

    //Printing Pattern 3
    c=n;
    for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
    {
        for(k=1;k<=c;k++)
        {
            System.out.print(" ");
        }
        c-=1;
        for(j=1;j<=i;j++)
        {
            System.out.print("* ");
        }
        System.out.println();
    }

    c=2;

    for(i=n-1;i>=1;i--)
    {
        for(k=1;k<=c;k++)
        {
            System.out.print(" ");
        }
        c+=1;
        for(j=1;j<=i;j++)
        {
            System.out.print("* ");
        }
        System.out.println();
    }
}
}

```

Output

```
Problems Javadoc Dec
<terminated> Question3 [Java Appli
Enter the number of lines
5
*
**
***
****
*****

  *
 * *
* * *
* * * *
* * * * *

    *
   * *
  * * *
 * * * *
* * * * *
 * * * *
  * * *
   * *
    *
```

Question 4

Write a Java program to sum up all the digits of an integer till the sum is a single digit. Eg: INPUT = 9985 $9+9+8+5 = 31$

$3+1 = 4$ OUTPUT = 4

Code

```
import java.util.*;
```

```
public class Question4 { public static void
main(String args[])
{
```

```
    Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
    int n;
    System.out.println("Enter a number");
    n = sc.nextInt();
```

```
    //Finding the sum of digits till the number is a single digit
    int num=n;
    int digit, sum=num;
    do
    {
```

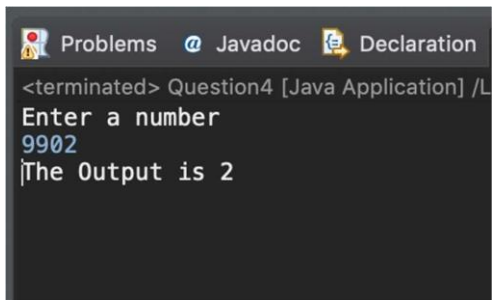
```

        num = sum;
        sum=0;
        while(num>0)
        {
            digit = num%10;
            sum+=digit;
            num/=10;
        }
        while(sum>=10);

        System.out.println("The Output is "+sum);
    }
}

```

Output



```

<terminated> Question4 [Java Application] /L
Enter a number
9902
The Output is 2

```


Question 5

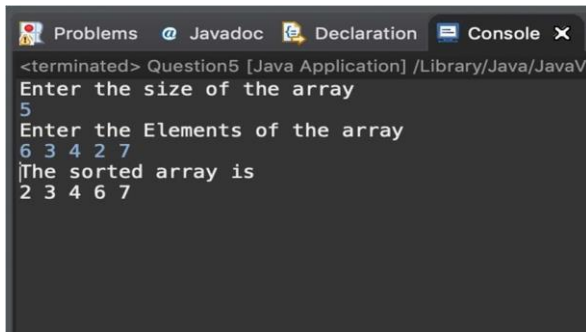
Write a Java program to sort a numerical array using selection sort algorithm and remove all the duplicates from the same array. [Hint: Use single array]

Code

```
import java.util.*;
public class Question5
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        //Selection sort
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        int len;
        int i, j, temp;
        System.out.println("Enter the size of the array"); len =
sc.nextInt();
        System.out.println("Enter the Elements of the array");
        int a[] = new int[10];
        for(i=0;i<len;i++)
        {
            a[i] = sc.nextInt();
        }

        //Selection sort algorithm
        int minpos = 0;
        for(i=0;i<len-1;i++)
        {
            minpos=i;
            for(j=i+1;j<len;j++)
            {
                if(a[j]<a[minpos])
                    minpos = j;
            }
            //Swapping
            temp = a[minpos]; a[minpos] = a[i];
            a[i] = temp;
        }
        System.out.println("The sorted array is ");
        for(i=0; i<len;i++)
        {
            System.out.print(a[i]+" ");
        }
        System.out.println();
    }
}
```

Output



```
<terminated> Question5 [Java Application] /Library/Java/JavaV
Enter the size of the array
5
Enter the Elements of the array
6 3 4 2 7
The sorted array is
2 3 4 6 7
```

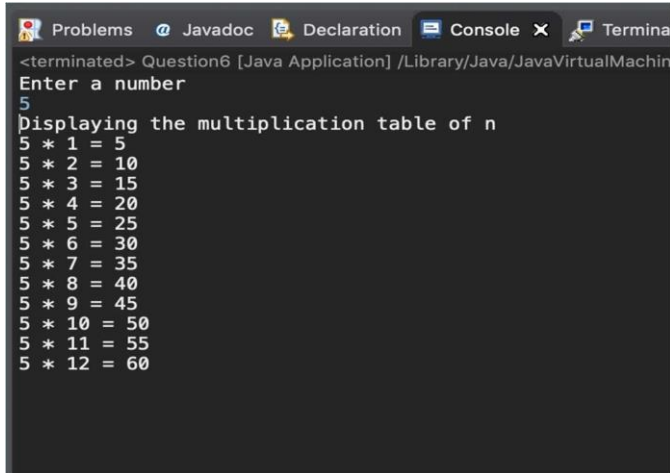
Question 6

Write a Java program to read an integer 'n' from the user and display the multiplication table of 'n'.

Code

```
import java.util.*; public class Question6 {
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        int n;
        System.out.println("Enter a number");
        n = sc.nextInt();
        System.out.println("Displaying the multiplication table of n");
        for(int i=1;i<=12;i++)
        {
            System.out.println(n+" * "+i+" = "+(n*i));
        }
    }
}
```

Question 7



```
<terminated> Question6 [Java Application] /Library/Java/JavaVirtualMachin
Enter a number
5
Displaying the multiplication table of n
5 * 1 = 5
5 * 2 = 10
5 * 3 = 15
5 * 4 = 20
5 * 5 = 25
5 * 6 = 30
5 * 7 = 35
5 * 8 = 40
5 * 9 = 45
5 * 10 = 50
5 * 11 = 55
5 * 12 = 60
```

Output

Write a Java program to list out the elements in an array having mid property. An element in an array is said to have the mid property if its left element is lesser than it and also the right element is greater than it. Eg: , 3, 5, 9,
5 is having mid property.

Code

```
import java.util.*;
public class Question7
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        int len;
        //System.out.println();
        System.out.println("Enter the size of the array");
        len = sc.nextInt();
        int a[] = new int[len];
        int i;
        System.out.println("Enter the elements of the array");
        for(i=0;i<len;i++)
        {
            a[i] = sc.nextInt();
        }
        for(i=1;i<len-1;i++)
        {
            if(a[i-1]<a[i] && a[i+1]>a[i])
            {
                System.out.println(a[i]+" in position "+(i+1)+" has mid property");
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```
Problems @ Javadoc Declaration Console X
<terminated> Question7 [Java Application] /Library/Java/JavaVirtu
Enter the size of the array
8
Enter the elements of the array
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8
2 in position 2 has mid property
3 in position 3 has mid property
4 in position 4 has mid property
5 in position 5 has mid property
6 in position 6 has mid property
7 in position 7 has mid property
```

Output

Question 9

Print Hailstone sequence for a number.

(Note: Take any positive integer n . If n is even, divide it by 2 to get $n / 2$. If n is odd, multiply it by 3 and add 1 to obtain $3n + 1$. Repeat the process indefinitely. The conjecture is that no matter what number you start with, you will always eventually reach 1.)

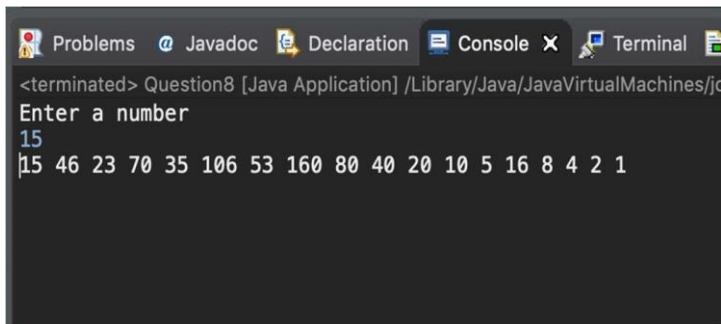
Eg. Hailstone sequence of 15 is

15, 46, 23, 70, 35, 106, 53, 160, 80, 40, 20, 10, 5, 16, 8, 4, 2, 1

Code

```
import java.util.*;
public class Question8
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        int n;
        System.out.println("Enter a number");
        n = sc.nextInt();
        //Printing the hailstone sequence
        int num = n;
        while(num!=1)
        {
            if(num%2 == 0)
            {
                num/=2;
            }
            else
            {
                num = 3*num + 1;
            }
            System.out.print(num+" ");
        }
    }
}
```

Output



```
<terminated> Question8 [Java Application] /Library/Java/JavaVirtualMachines/jc
Enter a number
15
15 46 23 70 35 106 53 160 80 40 20 10 5 16 8 4 2 1
```

Find whether an entered number is CIRCULAR PRIME or not. Display YES if it is a circular prime, otherwise display NO. A circular prime number is a number that remains prime on any cyclic rotation of its digits (in base 10).

For example 1193 is circular prime because 1931, 9311, 3119 and 1193 are all prime numbers.

Code

```
import java.util.*;
public class Question9
{
    static boolean isprime(int num)
    {
        int i, c=0;
        for(i=2;i<num/2;i++)
        {
            if(num%i==0)
            {
                c+=1;
                break;
            }
        }
        if(c==0)
            return true;
        else
            return false;
    }
    static String permute(String s)
    {
        return s.substring(1)+ s.substring(0,1);
    }

    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);  int n;
```

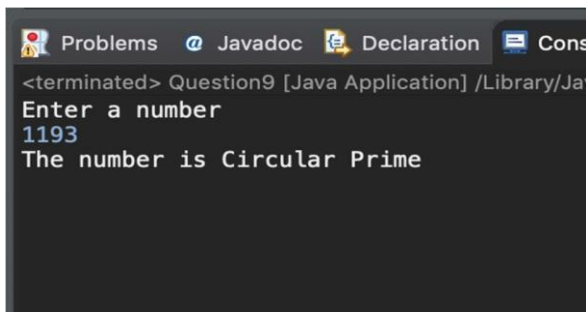
Question 11

```
        System.out.println("Enter a number");
        n = sc.nextInt();
        //Step 1: Permuting the numbers
        int i, num, c=0;

        String s = Integer.toString(n);
        for(i=0;i<s.length();i++)
        {
            num = Integer.parseInt(s);
            if(!isprime(num))
            {
                c+=1;

                break;
            }
            //Permute
            s = permute(s);
        }
        if(c==0)
            System.out.println("The number is Circular Prime");
        else
            System.out.println("The number is not Circular Prime");
    }
}
```

Output



```
<terminated> Question9 [Java Application] /Library/Jav
Enter a number
1193
The number is Circular Prime
```

Question 10

Write a Java program to find out the greatest common divisor of two input values using a function.

Code

```
import java.util.*;
public class Question10
{
    //Function to return the GCD of two numbers
    static int gcd(int a, int b)
```

```
        {
            int rem=1;
while(rem!=0)
        {
            rem = b%a;
            b=a;
            a=rem;
        }
        return b;

    }
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        int a, b;
        System.out.println("Enter two numbers");
a = sc.nextInt();
b = sc.nextInt();
```

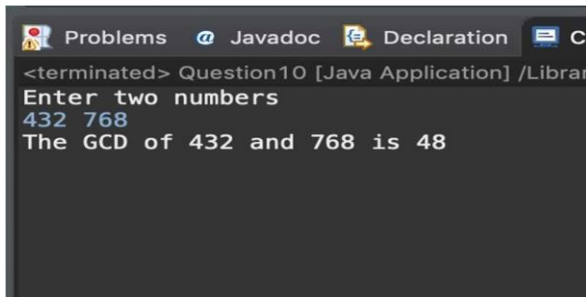


```

        System.out.println("The GCD of "+a+" and "+b+" is "+ gcd(a,b));
    }
}

```

Output



```

<terminated> Question10 [Java Application] /Librar
Enter two numbers
432 768
The GCD of 432 and 768 is 48

```

Question 11

Write a Java program to reverse the contents of the array using different functions for different types of array (without using any secondary array for reversing).

Code

```

import java.util.*;

public class Question11
{
    static int[] revint(int a[])
    {
        int len = a.length;
        int end = len-1, temp;

        for(int i=0;i<len/2;i++)
        {
            temp = a[i];
            a[i]=a[end];
            a[end]=temp;
            end-=1;
        }

        return a;
    }

    static char[] revchar(char a[])
    {
        int len = a.length;  int end =
len-1;  char temp;

        for(int i=0;i<len/2;i++)

```

```

        {
            temp = a[i];
            a[i]=a[end];
a[end]=temp;
            end-=1;
        }

        return a;
    }

    static String[] revstring(String a[])
    {
        int len = a.length;
        int end = len-1;
String temp;

        for(int i=0;i<len/2;i++)
        {
            temp = a[i];
            a[i]=a[end];
a[end]=temp;
            end-=1;
        }

        return a;
    }

    static double[] revdouble(double a[])
    {
        int len = a.length;
        int end = len-1;
double temp;

        for(int i=0;i<len/2;i++)
        {
            temp = a[i];
            a[i]=a[end];
a[end]=temp;
            end-=1;
        }

        return a;
    }

    public static void main(String args[])

```

```

{
    Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.println("Enter the type of the array:\nEnter 1 for Integer \nEnter 2 for
Character \nEnter 3 for String \nEnter 4 for Double");
    int ch=sc.nextInt();
    System.out.println("Enter the size of the array");
    int len = sc.nextInt();

    int i;

    System.out.println("Enter the elements of the array");
    switch(ch)
    {
        case 1:
            int a[] = new int[len];
            for(i=0;i<len;i++)
                a[i] = sc.nextInt();
            System.out.println("Printing the array in reverse order: ");
a        = revint(a);
            for(i=0;i<len;i++)
                System.out.print(a[i]+" ");
            break;
        case 2:
            char b[] = new char[len];
            for(i=0;i<len;i++)
                b[i] = sc.next().charAt(0);
            System.out.println("Printing the array in reverse order: ");
b        = revchar(b);
            for(i=0;i<len;i++)
                System.out.print(b[i]+" ");
            break;
        case 3:
            sc.nextLine();
            String c[] = new
String[len];
                for(i=0;i<len;i++)
                    c[i] = sc.nextLine();
            for(i=0;i<len;i++)
                System.out.print(c[i]+" ");
            System.out.println();
            System.out.println("Printing the array in reverse order: ");
c        = revstring(c);
            for(i=0;i<len;i++)
                System.out.print(c[i]+" ");

```

```

        break;

    case 4:

        double d[] = new double[len];

        d[i] = sc.nextDouble();
        System.out.println("Printing the array in reverse order:");
        d = revdouble(d);
        System.out.print(d[i]+" ");

    });
    for(i=0;i<len;i++)
        break;
    }
}
}

```

Output

```

<terminated> Question11 [Java Application] /Library/Java/JavaVirtu
Enter the type of the array:
Enter 1 for Integer
Enter 2 for Character
Enter 3 for String
Enter 4 for Double
1
Enter the size of the array
5
Enter the elements of the array
1 2 3 4 5
Printing the array in reverse order:
5 4 3 2 1

```

```

<terminated> Question11 [Java Application] /Library/Java/JavaV
Enter the type of the array:
Enter 1 for Integer
Enter 2 for Character
Enter 3 for String
Enter 4 for Double
2
Enter the size of the array
5
Enter the elements of the array
a b c d e
Printing the array in reverse order:
e d c b a

```

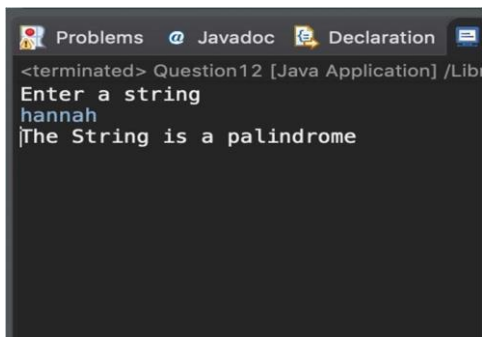

Question 12

Write a Java program to check the given string is palindrome or not.

Code

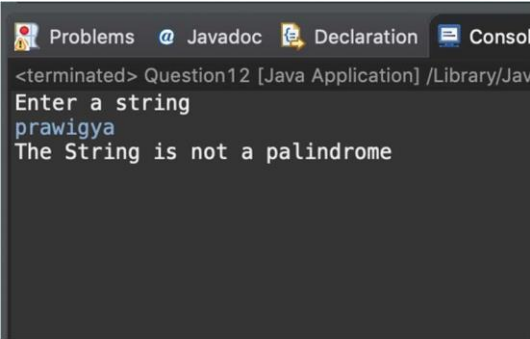
```
import java.util.*;
public class Question12
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter a string");
        String s= sc.nextLine();
        String s2="";
        //Reverse the string
        for(int i=0;i<s.length();i++)
        {
            s2=s.charAt(i)+s2;
        }
        if(s.compareTo(s2)==0)
            System.out.println("The String is a palindrome");
        else
            System.out.println("The String is not a palindrome");
    }
}
```

Output



```
<terminated> Question12 [Java Application] /Lib
Enter a string
hannah
The String is a palindrome
```

Question 13



```
<terminated> Question12 [Java Application] /Library/Jav
Enter a string
prawigya
The String is not a palindrome
```

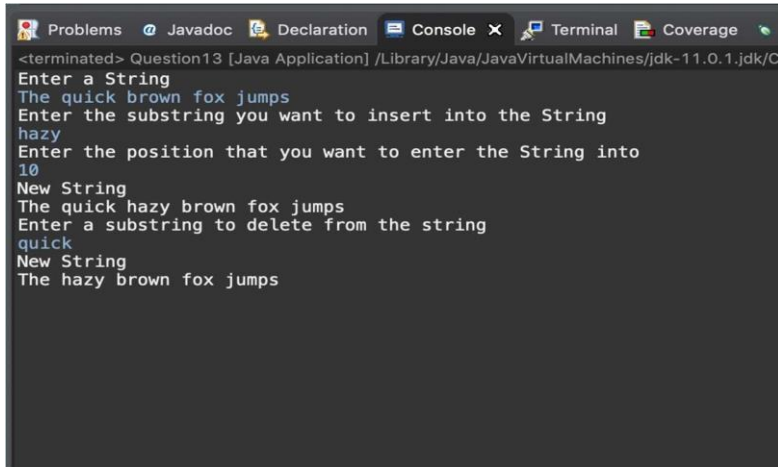
Write a Java program to insert a string into another string and delete a substring from a string.

Code

```
import java.util.*;
public class Question13
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter a String");
        String s = sc.nextLine();
        System.out.println("Enter the substring you want to insert into the String");
        String s1 = sc.nextLine();
        System.out.println("Enter the position that you want to enter the String into");
        int pos = sc.nextInt();
        //Enter the substring into the string
        String sub1="", sub2="";
        sub1 = s.substring(0,pos);
        sub2=s.substring(pos);
        s = sub1 + s1 + sub2;
        System.out.println("New String \n"+s);
        //Part 2
        sc.nextLine();
        System.out.println("Enter a substring to delete from the string");
        String s2= sc.nextLine();
        int pos2 = s.indexOf(s2);
        s = s.substring(0,pos2) + s.substring(pos2+s2.length());
        System.out.println("New String \n"+s);
    }
}
```

Output

Question 14



```
<terminated> Question13 [Java Application] /Library/Java/JavaVirtualMachines/jdk-11.0.1.jdk/C
Enter a String
The quick brown fox jumps
Enter the substring you want to insert into the String
hazy
Enter the position that you want to enter the String into
10
New String
The quick hazy brown fox jumps
Enter a substring to delete from the string
quick
New String
The hazy brown fox jumps
```

Write a Java program to find out the number of occurrences of a pattern string in a given text.

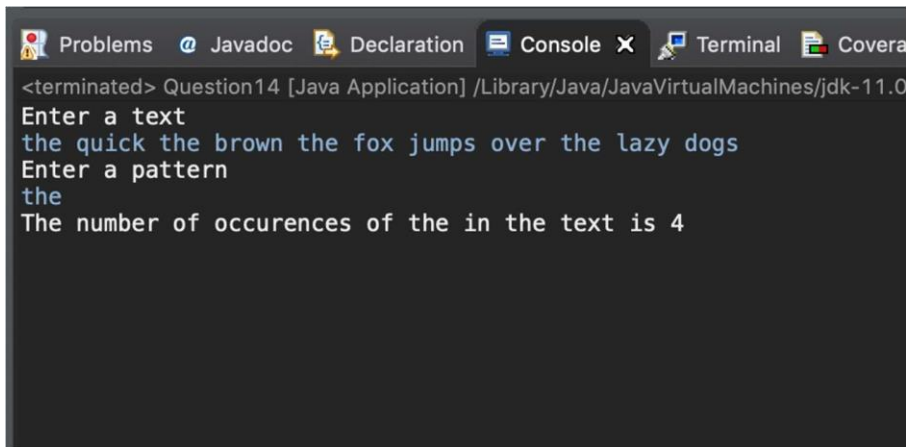
Code

```
import java.util.*;
public class Question14
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter a text");
        String s = sc.nextLine();
        //sc.nextLine();
        System.out.println("Enter a pattern ");
        String p = sc.nextLine();
        int c=0,pos=0;

        while(true)
        {
            pos = s.indexOf(p,pos);
            if(pos==-1)
                break;
            c+=1;
            pos+=1;
        }
        System.out.println("The number of occurrences of "+p+" in the text is "+c);
    }
}
```

Output

Question 15



```
<terminated> Question14 [Java Application] /Library/Java/JavaVirtualMachines/jdk-11.0
Enter a text
the quick the brown the fox jumps over the lazy dogs
Enter a pattern
the
The number of occurrences of the in the text is 4
```

Write a Java program to swap two values in a SWAP() method using wrapper classes.

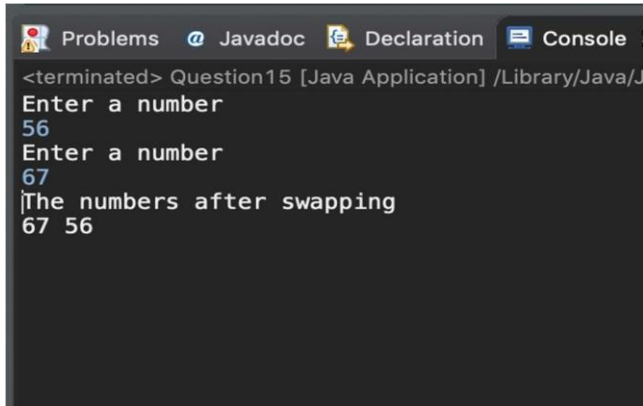
Code

```
import java.util.*; public
class Question15 {
    int a;
    Question15()
    {
a=0;
    }
    //swap 2 values in a method using wrapper class
    static void swap(Question15 ob1, Question15 ob2)
    {
        int temp = ob1.a;
        ob1.a = ob2.a;
        ob2.a = temp;
    }
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter a number");
        Question15 ob1 = new Question15();
        ob1.a = sc.nextInt();
        System.out.println("Enter a number");
        Question15 ob2 = new Question15();
        ob2.a = sc.nextInt();
        swap(ob1, ob2);
        System.out.println("The numbers after swapping");
        System.out.println(ob1.a+" "+ob2.a);
    }
}
```

Question 16

```
    }  
}
```

Output



```
<terminated> Question15 [Java Application] /Library/Java/J  
Enter a number  
56  
Enter a number  
67  
The numbers after swapping  
67 56
```

Write a Java program to convert the decimal number to binary, octal, and hexadecimal numbers using wrapper class methods. [Hint: Integer and Long classes]

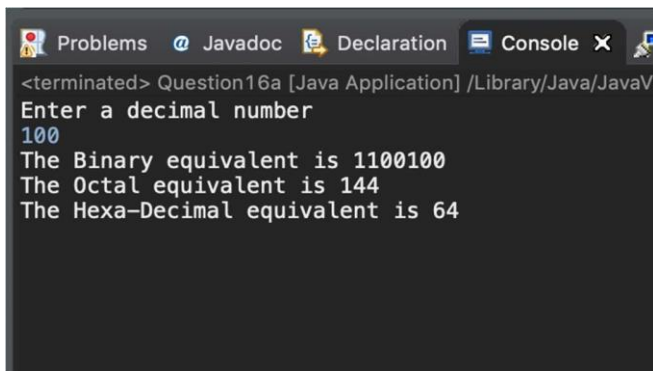
Code

```
import java.util.*;  
public class  
Question16a  
{  
    int dec, oct, hex; long bin;  
    Question16a()  
    {  
        dec=0;  
        oct=0;  
hex=0;  
        bin=0;  
    }  
    static long decToBinary(int d)  
    {  
        long b = Long.parseLong(Integer.toBinaryString(d));  
        return b;  
    }  
  
    static int decToOct(int d)  
    {  
        int a = Integer.parseInt(Integer.toOctalString(d));  
        return a;  
    }  
}
```

Question 17

```
static int decToHex(int d)
{
    int a = Integer.parseInt(Integer.toHexString(d));
    return a;
}
public static void main(String args[])
{
    Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.println("Enter a decimal
number");
    Question16a ob = new
Question16a();
    ob.dec = sc.nextInt();
    ob.oct = decToOct(ob.dec);
    ob.hex =
decToHex(ob.dec);
    ob.bin =
decToBinary(ob.dec);
    System.out.println("The Binary equivalent is "+ob.bin);
    System.out.println("The Octal equivalent is "+ob.oct);
    System.out.println("The Hexa-Decimal equivalent is "+ob.hex);
}
}
```

Output



```
<terminated> Question16a [Java Application] /Library/Java/JavaV
Enter a decimal number
100
The Binary equivalent is 1100100
The Octal equivalent is 144
The Hexa-Decimal equivalent is 64
```

Question 17

Write a class definition for 'stu' with name, regno, and cgpa values and required methods as members of the class. Create an array of objects of 'stu' for 'n' number of students in G2 slot. Write a Java program to display the name and registration numbers of the students who have CGPA less than 4 in G2 slot.

Code

```
import java.util.*;
public class Question17
{
    String name, regno;
    double cgpa;
    Question17()
    {
        name = "";
        regno = "";
        cgpa = 0.0;
    }
    void init(Question17 ob)
    {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter the name of the Student");
        ob.name = sc.nextLine();
        System.out.println("Enter the Registration number of "+ob.name);
        ob.regno = sc.nextLine();
        System.out.println("Enter the CGPA of "+ob.name);
        ob.cgpa = sc.nextDouble();
    }
}
```

```

public static void main(String args[])
{

    int n;
    Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
    System.out.println("Enter the number of Students");
    n = sc.nextInt();

    Question17[] StudentArray = new Question17[n];
    int i;
    for(i = 0;i<n;i++)
    {
        StudentArray[i] = new Question17();
        StudentArray[i].init(StudentArray[i]);
    }

    System.out.println("Students with CGPA more than 4");
    for(i = 0;i<n;i++)
    {
        if(StudentArray[i].cgpa>4)
            System.out.println(StudentArray[i].name+" "+StudentArray[i].regno);
    }
}
}

```

Output

```
Problems Javadoc Declaration Console X Termi
<terminated> Question17 [Java Application] /Library/Java/JavaVirtualMach
Enter the number of Students
3
Enter the name of the Student
Tom Hanks
Enter the Registration number of Tom Hanks
16BCE001
Enter the CGPA of Tom Hanks
5.6
Enter the name of the Student
John Doe
Enter the Registration number of John Doe
16BCE002
Enter the CGPA of John Doe
3.5
Enter the name of the Student
Gina Frank
Enter the Registration number of Gina Frank
16BCE003
Enter the CGPA of Gina Frank
5
Students with CGPA more than 4
Tom Hanks 16BCE001
Gina Frank 16BCE003
```

Question 18

Write a Java program to implement complex number arithmetic using classes and use multiple constructors for initialising the complex numbers.

Code

```
import java.util.*;
public class Question18
{
    int real; int
    imag;

    Question18()
    {
        real = 0;
        imag = 0;
    }

    Question18(int real, int imag)
    {
        this.real = real;
        this.imag = imag;
    }

    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        Question18 ob1 = new Question18();
```

```

    Question18 ob2 = new Question18(); int r, i;
    System.out.println("Enter the real part of first complex number"); r =
sc.nextInt();
    System.out.println("Enter the imaginary part of first complex number"); i =
sc.nextInt();

    ob1 = new Question18(r,i);
    System.out.println("The first complex number is "+ob1.real+"("+ob1.imag+"i)");

    System.out.println("Enter the real part of second complex number"); r =
sc.nextInt();
    System.out.println("Enter the imaginary part of second complex
number"); i = sc.nextInt(); ob2 = new Question18(r,i);
    System.out.println("The second complex number is
"+ob2.real+"("+ob2.imag+"i)");
    int tempr, tempi; //Adding the
two numbers tempr = ob1.real +
ob2.real; tempi = ob1.imag +
ob2.imag;
    System.out.println("Sum of two numbers = "+tempr+"("+tempi+"i)");
    //Subtracting the two numbers
    tempr = ob1.real - ob2.real;
    tempi = ob1.imag - ob2.imag;
    System.out.println("Difference of two numbers = "+tempr+"("+tempi+"i)");
    //Multiplying the two numbers
    tempr = ob1.real*ob2.real - ob1.imag*ob2.imag;
    tempi = ob1.imag*ob2.real + ob1.real*ob2.imag;
    System.out.println("Product of two numbers = "+tempr+"("+tempi+"i)");

}

}

```

Output

```
Problems Javadoc Declaration Console X Terminal Cov
<terminated> Question18 [Java Application] /Library/Java/JavaVirtualMachines/jdk-1
Enter the real part of first complex number
4
Enter the imaginary part of first complex number
5
The first complex number is 4+(5i)
Enter the real part of second complex number
6
Enter the imaginary part of second complex number
7
The second complex number is 6+(7i)
Sum of two numbers = 10+(12i)
Difference of two numbers = -2+(-2i)
Product of two numbers = -11+(58i)
```

Question 19

Write a Java program to print a pattern using a method PRINT() as follows: *

```
**
***
****
*****
```

The type of the character and/or the number of lines to be printed can be taken as input from the user. The default values are '*' and 5. Using the concept of method overloading write different definitions for PRINT() with different argument list.

Code

```
import java.util.*;
public class Question19 {

    static void PRINT(char p, int n)
    {
        int i,j;
        for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
        {
            for(j=1;j<=i;j++)
                System.out.print(p);
            System.out.println();
        }
    }
    static void PRINT(char p)
    {
        int i, j;
        for(i=1;i<=5;i++)
        {
```



```

        for(j=1;j<=i;j++)
        System.out.print(p);
        System.out.println();
    }
}
static void PRINT(int n)
{
    int i, j;
for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
    {
        for(j=1;j<=i;j++)
        System.out.print('*');
        System.out.println();
    }
}
static void PRINT()
{
    int i, j;
for(i=1;i<=5;i++)
    {
        for(j=1;j<=i;j++)
        System.out.print('*');
        System.out.println();
    }
}
public static void main(String args[])
{
    Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in); int n=0, ch;
    boolean nc=false,np=false;
    char p='-';
    System.out.println("Do you want to enter value of n? 1/0");
    ch=sc.nextInt();
if(ch==1)
    {
        System.out.println("Enter the value of n");
        n=sc.nextInt();
        nc=true;
    }
    System.out.println("Do you want to enter value of p? 1/0");
    ch=sc.nextInt();
if(ch==1)
    {
        System.out.println("Enter the value of p");
        p=sc.next().charAt(0);
        np=true;
    }
}

```

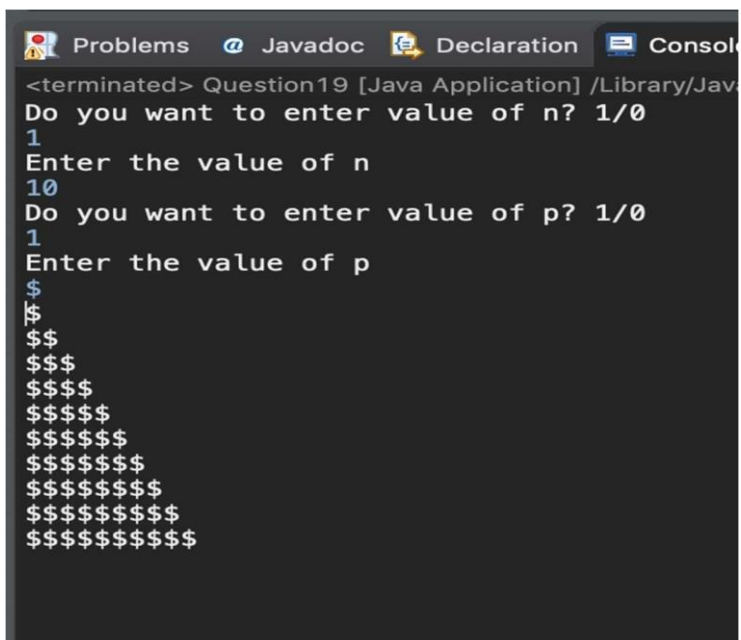
```

        }
        if(nc && np)
PRINT(p,n);
        else if(nc && !np)
            PRINT(n);
        else if(!nc && np)
            PRINT(p);
        else
            PRINT();

    }
}

```

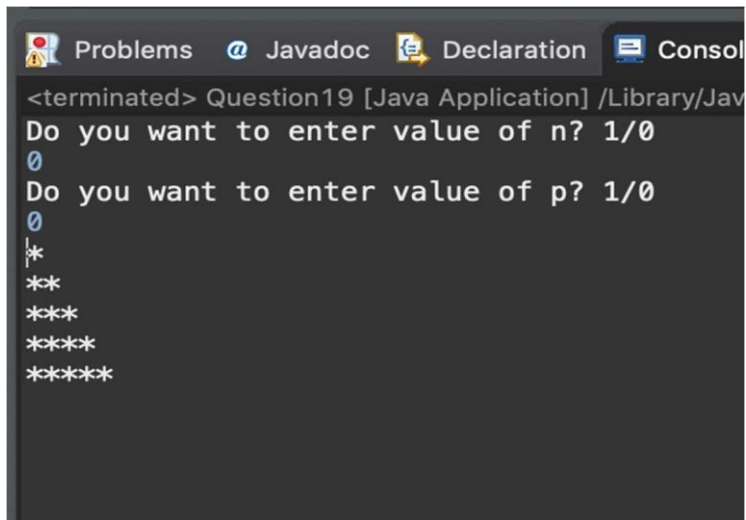
Output



```

<terminated> Question19 [Java Application] /Library/Jav
Do you want to enter value of n? 1/0
1
Enter the value of n
10
Do you want to enter value of p? 1/0
1
Enter the value of p
$
$
$$
$$$
$$$$
$$$$$
$$$$$$
$$$$$$$
$$$$$$$$
$$$$$$$$$
$$$$$$$$$
$$$$$$$$$
$$$$$$$$$
$$$$$$$$$
$$$$$$$$$

```



```
<terminated> Question19 [Java Application] /Library/Jav
Do you want to enter value of n? 1/0
0
Do you want to enter value of p? 1/0
0
*
**
***
****
*****
```

Question 20

Assume the following Doctor class definition is already available. Now, write a Java classes to allot patients for doctors in different departments such as Paediatric, ENT, and Dermatology depending on patient's choice. Test the functionalities of these classes using a Java program.

```
class Doctor
{
    int doc_ID; char
    doc_name[30]; float
    yrs_exp;
    char curr_shift[2];
public:
    void
    Read_data()
    {
    }
    void
    Write_data()
    {
    }
}
```

The Code:

```
import java.util.*;
class Doctor
{
    int doc_ID;
    char doc_name[];
    float yrs_exp;
    char curr_shift[];
    String dept;
    void Read_data()
    {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter the name of the Doctor");

        doc_name = sc.next().toCharArray();
        System.out.println("Enter the ID number");
        doc_ID = sc.nextInt();
        System.out.println("Enter the years of experience");
        yrs_exp = sc.nextFloat();
        System.out.println("Enter the current shift");
        curr_shift = sc.next().toCharArray();

    }
    void Write_data()
    {
        System.out.println("Doctor name: "+new String(doc_name));
        System.out.println("Doctor ID: "+doc_ID);
        System.out.println("Years of experience is "+yrs_exp);

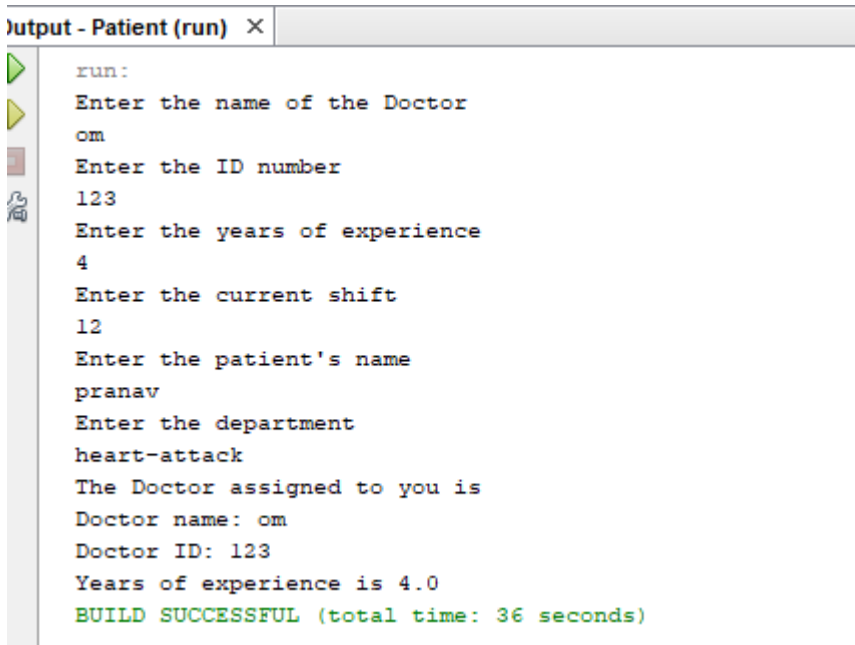
    }
}

public class Patient extends Doctor {
    String patient_name;
    String type_disease;
    //Paediatric, ENT, and Dermatology depending on patient's choice
    void getDetails()
    {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter the patient's name");
        patient_name = sc.nextLine();
        System.out.println("Enter the department");
        type_disease = sc.nextLine();
        Doctor ob = new Doctor();
        System.out.println("The Doctor assigned to you is ");
        Write_data();
    }
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        Patient ob = new Patient();
        ob.Read_data();
        ob.getDetails();
    }
}
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

Output:



```
run:
Enter the name of the Doctor
om
Enter the ID number
123
Enter the years of experience
4
Enter the current shift
12
Enter the patient's name
pranav
Enter the department
heart-attack
The Doctor assigned to you is
Doctor name: om
Doctor ID: 123
Years of experience is 4.0
BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 36 seconds)
```

Question 21

With the existing abstract class 'Employee' derive another class called 'Developer' with required specifications. Create an array of 'Java_Developer' objects of size 'n'. For the Java_Developers who have more than 5 years of experience give an increment of 10000INR. Write a Java program to test this and display the details of the employees who got the increment.

```
import java.util.*;
import java.lang.*;
```

```
abstract class Employee{
    String name;
    float salary;    int
    experience;    int
    getExperience();
    float getsalary();
}
```

```

class Java_developer extends Employee{
    Java_developer(String n, float s, int
exp){          name = n;      experience
= exp;
        if (exp>5) {
salary = s+ 5000;}
        else
salary = s;
    }
    int getExperience() {
        return experience;
    }
    float getsalary() {
        return salary;
    }
}

```

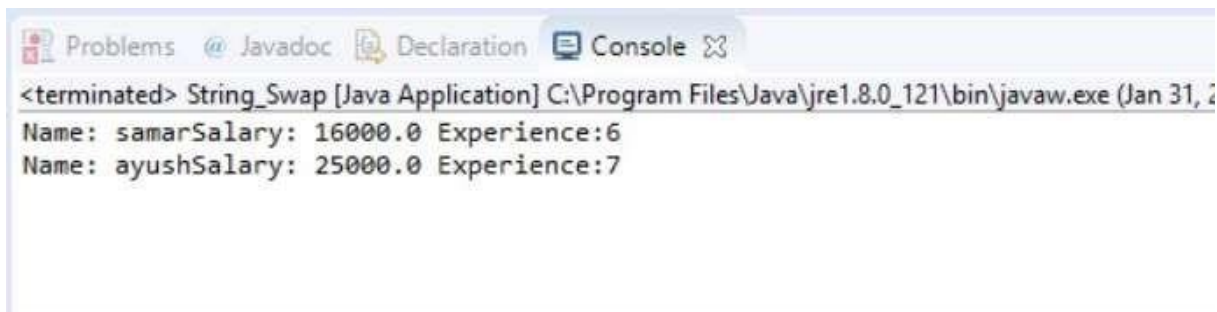
```

public class String_Swap {
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        Java_developer jv[] = new Java_developer[3]; // to
test        jv[0] = new Java_developer("Raj",5000,3);
jv[1] = new Java_developer("samar",11000,6);
        jv[2] = new Java_developer("ayush",20000,7);

        for ( int i=0;i<3;i++) {
            if (jv[i].getExperience()>5) {
                System.out.println("Name: " + jv[i].name + "Salary: " + jv[i].salary + "
Experience:" + jv[i].getExperience());
            }
        }
    }
}

```

Output



```

<terminated> String_Swap [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jre1.8.0_121\bin\javaw.exe (Jan 31, 2020)
Name: samarSalary: 16000.0 Experience:6
Name: ayushSalary: 25000.0 Experience:7

```

Question 22

Assume you have a class 'Vehicle' with all basic information and a method to display its details. Using the class create new classes like Bike, Car, Bus, and Truck with their own specific information. A discount in the road tax is allowed for all the vehicle which are purchased in the year 2018 and later. Redefine the display method in the new classes to display updated details.

```
import java.io.*;
import java.util.*;
class Vehicle
{
    int maxSpeed = 120;
    String use="Petrol";
}

class Bike extends Vehicle
{
    String type="bike";
    int wheels=2;
    String manufacturer="Honda";
    int year;
    void display()
    {
        System.out.println("Maximum Speed: " + super.maxSpeed+" use: "+super.use);
        System.out.println("type= "+type+" "+"wheels= "+wheels+" manufacturer= "+manufacturer);
        if(year>2018)
        {
            System.out.println("new car discount on road tax");
        }
        else
        {
            System.out.println("old car road tax");
        }
    }
}

class Car extends Vehicle
{

```

```

        String type="car";
int wheels=4;
        String manufacturer="Tesla";
int year;
        void display()
        {
            System.out.println("Maximum Speed: " + super.maxSpeed+" use: "+super.use);
            System.out.println("type= "+type+" "+"wheels= "+wheels+" manufacturer= "+manufacturer);
if(year>2018)
        {
            System.out.println("new bike discount on road tax");
        }
else
        {
            System.out.println("old bike road tax");
        }
    }
}

```

```

class Truck extends Vehicle
{
    String type="truck";
int wheels=8;
    String manufacturer="TATA";
    int year;
    void display()
    {
        System.out.println("Maximum Speed: " + super.maxSpeed+" use: "+super.use);
        System.out.println("type= "+type+" "+"wheels= "+wheels+" manufacturer= "+manufacturer);
if(year>2018)
        {
            System.out.println("new truck discount on road tax");
        }
else
        {
            System.out.println("old truck road tax");
        }
    }
}

```

```

class Bus extends Vehicle
{
    String type="bus";
int wheels=6;    String
manufacturer="Ashok
Layland";    int year;

```



```

void display()
{
    System.out.println("Maximum Speed: " + super.maxSpeed+" use: "+super.use);
    System.out.println("type= "+type+" "+"wheels= "+wheels+" manufacturer= "+manufacturer);
    if(year>2018)
    {
        System.out.println("new bus discount on road tax");
    }
    else
    {
        System.out.println("old bus road tax");
    }
}
}

```

```

class q21
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        Scanner in=new Scanner(System.in);
        Bus small = new Bus();
        System.out.println("enter the purchase
year");    small.year=in.nextInt();
        small.display();

    }
}

```

Output

```

enter the purchase year
2020
Maximum Speed: 120 use: Personal
type= bus wheels= 6 manufacturer= Ashok Layland
new bus discount on road tax

```