# **DBMS** Lab Experiment

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Slot: D1+Td1

1 Creation of the tables

```
SQL*Plus: Release 11.2.0.1.0 Production on Tue Sep 12 10:09:53 2017

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Enter user-name: 16BCE0789@vitORA
Enter password:

Connected to:
Oracle Database 11g Enterprise Edition Release 11.1.0.7.0 - Production With the Partitioning, OLAP, Data Mining and Real Application Testing opt:

SQL> CREATE TABLE BOOKING(
2 ID DECIMAL NOT NULL,
3 BOOKING_NUMBER DECIMAL NOT NULL,
4 VERSION DECIMAL NOT NULL,
5 STATE CHAR(10) NOT NULL,
6 ENTER_IS TIMESTAMP NOT NULL,
7 ENTER_BY CHAR(20) NOT NULL,
8 CONSTRAINT BOOKING_PK PRIMARY KEY(ID),
9 CONSTRAINT BOOKING_UNIQUE UNIQUE(BOOKING_NUMBER, VERSION>);

Table created.

SQL>
```

2 Adding values to the table:

```
SQL Plus
     ENTER_TS TIMESTAMP NOT NULL,
ENTER_BY CHAR(20) NOT NULL,
CONSTRAINT BOOKING_PK PRIMARY KEY(ID),
CONSTRAINT BOOKING_UNIQUE UNIQUE(BOOKING_NUMBER,UERSION));
                                                                                                ٨
Table created.
SQL> INSERT INTO BOOKING VALUES<1,4711,1,'CREATED',TIMESTAMP'2014-02-02 10:01:01
 ,'EMILY');
 row created.
SQL> INSERT INTO BOOKING VALUES<2,4711,2,'MODIFIED',TIMESTAMP'2014-02-03 11:01:0
1','EMILY');
1 row created.
SQL> INSERT INTO BOOKING VALUES<3,4711,3,'CANCELED',TIMESTAMP'2014-02-10 09:01:0
1','JOHN'>;
1 row created.
SQL> INSERT INTO BOOKING UALUES(4,4712,1,'CREATED',TIMESTAMP'2014-03-10 12:12:12
  'EMILY');
1 row created.
SQL> INSERT INTO BOOKING VALUES(5,4712,2,'DELIVERED',TIMESTAMP'2014-03-12 06:01:00','CHARLES');
1 row created.
SQL> INSERT INTO BOOKING UALUES<6,4713,1,'CREATEDE',TIMESTAMP'2014-03-11 08:50:0
2','EMILY');
1 row created.
SQL> INSERT INTO BOOKING VALUES(7,4713,2,'CANCELED',TIMESTAMP'2014-03-12 08:40:1
2','EMILY');
1 row created.
SQL> INSERT INTO BOOKING VALUES(8,4713,3,'REOPENED',TIMESTAMP'2014-03-13 10:04:3
2','JACK');
1 row created.
SQL> INSERT INTO BOOKING VALUES(9,4713,4,'DELIVERED',TIMESTAMP'2014-03-15 06:40:
12','JACK');
1 row created.
SQL> COMMIT;
Commit complete.
SQL>
```

3 Practise the following sub query

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM BOOKING B
2 WHERE(BOOKING_NUMBER,VERSION)IN
3 (SELECT BOOKING_NUMBER,MAX(VERSION) FROM BOOKING SQ GROUP BY BOOKING_NUMBER
  4 ORDER BY BOOKING_NUMBER;
          ID BOOKING_NUMBER
                                     UERSION STATE
ENTER_TS
ENTER_BY
3 4711
10-FEB-14 09.01.01.000000 AM
JOHN
                                             3 CANCELED
4712
12-MAR-14 06.01.00.000000 AM
CHARLES
                                             2 DELIVERED
          ID BOOKING_NUMBER
                                     UERSION STATE
ENTER_TS
ENTER_BY
9 4713
15-MAR-14 06.40.12.000000 AM
                                             4 DELIVERED
sqL>
```

3b

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM BOOKING B

2 WHERE UERSION!=(SELECT MAX(UERSION) FROM BOOKING)

3 AND BOOKING_NUMBER = 4711

4 ORDER BY UERSION;
           ID BOOKING_NUMBER
                                       UERSION STATE
ENTER_TS
ENTER_BY
                            4711
                                               1 CREATED
02-FEB-14 10.01.01.000000 AM
EMILY
2 4711
03-FEB-14 11.01.01.000000 AM
EMILY
                                               2 MODIFIED
          ID BOOKING_NUMBER
                                       UERSION STATE
ENTER_TS
ENTER_BY
                                               3 CANCELED
10-FEB-14 09.01.01.000000 AM
JOHN
SQL>
```

```
3 CANCELED
10-FEB-14 09.01.01.000000 AM
JOHN
SQL> SELECT * FROM BOOKING B
2 WHERE UERSION?=<SELECT MAX<UERSION> FROM BOOKING SQ WHERE SQ.BOOKING_NUMBER
=B.BOOKING_NUMBER> AND BOOKING_NUMBER=4711 ORDER BY UERSION;
           ID BOOKING_NUMBER
                                        VERSION STATE
ENTER_TS
ENTER_BY
1 4711
02-FEB-14 10.01.01.000000 AM
                                                 1 CREATED
2 4711
03-FEB-14 11.01.01.000000 AM
EMILY
                                                 2 MODIFIED
           ID BOOKING_NUMBER
                                        UERSION STATE
ENTER_TS
ENTER_BY
q_{L}
```

4. Practise the following using sub queries a) Find the booking with the most versions. b) Find all bookings with are canceled (in the latest version).

4a

```
SQL> SELECT MAX(VERSION) FROM BOOKING;

MAX(VERSION)

4

SQL> SELECT * FROM BOOKING WHERE VERSION = (SELECT MAX(VERSION) FROM BOOKING);

ID BOOKING_NUMBER VERSION STATE

ENTER_TS

ENTER_BY

9 4713 4 DELIVERED

15-MAR-14 06.40.12.000000 AM

JACK
```

#### Joins

#### 1Creation of tables:

```
Cable created.

CQL> CREATE TABLE HINDICTAG INT, INENGLISH UARCHAR(255>);

Cable created.

CQL> CREATE TABLE HINDICTAG INT, INHINDI UARCHAR(255>);

Cable created.

CQL> CREATE TABLE DEPARTMENT(
2 DEPARTMENT_ID NUMBER(10) NOT NULL,
3 DEPARTMENT_NAME UARCHAR2(50) NOT NULL,
4 CONSTRAINT DEPARTMENT_PK PRIMARY KEY(DEPARTMENT_ID>);

Cable created.
```

```
SQL> CREATE TABLE EMPLOYEES(
2 EMPLOYEE_ID NUMBER(10) NOT NULL,
3 LAST_NAME VARCHAR2(50) NOT NULL,
4 EMAIL VARCHAR2(30),
5 HIRE_DATE DATE,
6 JOB_ID VARCHAR2(30),
7 DEPARTMENT_ID NUMBER(10),
8 salary number(6),
9 MANAGER_ID NUMBER(6),
10 CONSTRAINT EMPLOYEES_PK PRIMARY KEY(EMPLOYEE_ID),
11 CONSTRAINT FK_DEPARTMENTS FOREIGN KEY(DEPARTMENT_ID) REFERENCES DEPARTMENT(
DEPARTMENT_ID));
Table created.

SQL>
```

### 2 Adding values into the tables

```
Table created.

SQL> INSERT INTO ENGLISH VALUES(1,'ONE');

1 row created.

SQL> INSERT INTO ENGLISH VALUES(2,'TWO');

1 row created.

SQL> INSERT INTO ENGLISH VALUES(3,'THREE');

1 row created.
```

```
SQL> INSERT INTO HINDI VALUES(2,'DO');

1 row created.

SQL> INSERT INTO HINDI VALUES(3,'TEEN');

1 row created.

SQL> INSERT INTO HINDI VALUES(4,'CHAR');

1 row created.

SQL>
```

```
SQL> INSERT INTO DEPARTMENT VALUES(1,'DATA GROUP');

1 row created.

SQL> INSERT INTO DEPARTMENT VALUES(2,'PURCHASING');

1 row created.

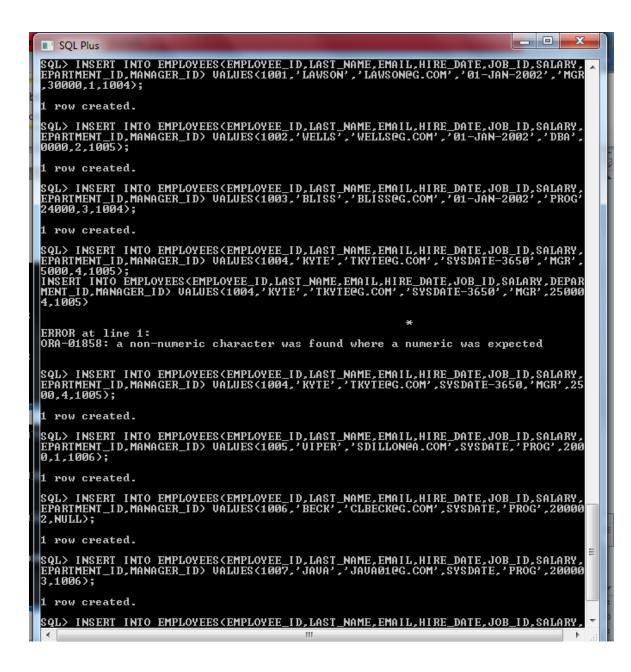
SQL> INSERT INTO DEPARTMENT VALUES(3,'CALL CENTER');

1 row created.

SQL> INSERT INTO DEPARTMENT VALUES(4,'COMMUNICATION');

1 row created.

SQL> CREATED.
```



SQL> INSERT INTO EMPLOYEES(EMPLOYEE\_ID,LAST\_NAME,EMAIL,HIRE\_DATE,JOB\_ID,SALARY, EPARTMENT\_ID,MANAGER\_ID> VALUES(1003,'BLISS','BLISS@G.COM','01-JAN-2002','PROG' 24000,3,1004); 1 row created. SQL> INSERT INTO EMPLOYEES(EMPLOYEE\_ID,LAST\_NAME,EMAIL,HIRE\_DATE,JOB\_ID,SALARY, EPARTMENT\_ID,MANAGER\_ID> VALUES(1004,'KYTE','TKYTE@G.COM','SYSDATE-3650','MGR', ETHRITICAL 5000,4,1005); INSERT INTO EMPLOYEES(EMPLOYEE\_ID,LAST\_NAME,EMAIL,HIRE\_DATE,JOB\_ID,SALARY,DEPAR MENT\_ID,MANAGER\_ID> VALUES(1004,'KYTE','TKYTEQG.COM','SYSDATE-3650','MGR',25000 4.1005) × ERROR at line 1: ORA-01858: a non-numeric character was found where a numeric was expected SQL> INSERT INTO EMPLOYEES(EMPLOYEE\_ID,LAST\_NAME,EMAIL,HIRE\_DATE,JOB\_ID,SALARY, EPARTMENT\_ID,MANAGER\_ID> VALUES(1004,'KYTE','TKYTE0G.COM',SYSDATE-3650,'MGR',25 00,4,1005); 1 row created. SQL> INSERT INTO EMPLOYEES(EMPLOYEE\_ID,LAST\_NAME,EMAIL,HIRE\_DATE,JOB\_ID,SALARY, EPARTMENT\_ID,MANAGER\_ID> VALUES(1005,'VIPER','SDILLONGA.COM',SYSDATE,'PROG',200 0,1,1006); 1 row created. SQL> INSERT INTO EMPLOYEES(EMPLOYEE\_ID,LAST\_NAME,EMAIL,HIRE\_DATE,JOB\_ID,SALARY, EPARTMENT\_ID,MANAGER\_ID> VALUES(1006,'BECK','CLBECK@G.COM',SYSDATE,'PROG',20000 2,NULL); 1 row created. SQL> INSERT INTO EMPLOYEES<EMPLOYEE\_ID,LAST\_NAME,EMAIL,HIRE\_DATE,JOB\_ID,SALARY, EPARTMENT\_ID,MANAGER\_ID> VALUES<1007,'JAVA','JAVA01@G.COM',SYSDATE,'PROG',20000 3.1006); 1 row created. SQL> INSERT INTO EMPLOYEES(EMPLOYEE\_ID,LAST\_NAME,EMAIL,HIRE\_DATE,JOB\_ID,SALARY, EPARTMENT\_ID,MANAGER\_ID> VALUES(1008,'ORACLE','WVELASQ@G.COM',SYSDATE,'DBA',200 0,4,1006); 1 row created. SQL>

3 Give the result for Cartesian join for the first two tables

```
SQL> SELECT * FROM ENGLISH, HINDI;
       TAG
INENGLISH
       TAG
INHINDI
         1
ONE
         2
DO
       TAG
INENGLISH
       TAG
INHINDI
         2
TWO
         2
DO
       TAG
INENGLISH
       TAG
INHINDI
THREE
         2
DO
       TAG
INENGLISH
```

TAG	٨
INENGLISH	
TAG	
INHINDI	
DO 2 DO 2	
TAG TAG INENGLISH	
TAG INHINDI	
3 TEEN 2	
TAG INENGLISH	
TAG INHINDI	
4 CHAR 2 DO	
TAG INENGLISH	
TAG	÷

INENGLISH	
TAG	
INHINDI	
ONE 1	
TEEN 3	
TAG	
INENGLISH	
TAG	
INHINDI	
TWO 2	
TEEN 3	
TAG	
INENGLISH	
TAG	
INHINDI	
3	
THREE 3	
TEEN	
TAG	
INENGLISH	
TAG	
INHINDI	
•	III

INENGLISH		
TAG		
INHINDI		
2 DO 3 TEEN		
TAG		
INENGLISH		
TAG TAG INHINDI		
3 TEEN 3 TEEN		
TAG		
INENGLISH		
TAG		
INHINDI		۲
CHAR 3 TEEN		
TAG INENGLISH		
TAG INHINDI	III	•

CHAR 4		^	
TAG			
INENGLISH			
TAG			
INHINDI			
DO 2			
CHAR 4			
TA0			
TAG			
INENGLISH			
TAG			
INHINDI			
3			
TEEN 4			
CHAR			
TAG			
INENGLISH			
TAG			
INHINDI			
4			
CHAR 4		ш	
CHAR			
18 rows se	lected.		
SQL>			
4	III.		

## 4 Practise the following queries

4a

SQL> 2 3	FROM	ANKHOWN COMMAND DEGINING WHERE ENGL PEST OF THE IGHTER. I HINDI.TAG, ENGLISH.INENGLISH, HINDI.INHINDI ENGLISH, HINDI ENGLISH.TAG=HINDI.TAG;	
	TAG		
INEN	GLISH		
IHHI	NDI		
IWO DO	2		
THRE TEEN	E 3		
	TAG		
INEN	GLISH		
INHI	NDI		
DO DO	2		
TEEN			
I NEN	TAG GLISH		
I NH I	NDI		
TEEN			
CHAR CHAR	4		
SQL>		III	- 1-

```
SELECT HINDI.TAG,ENGLISH.INENGLISH,HINDI.INHINDI
FROM ENGLISH INNER JOIN HINDI
ON ENGLISH.TAG=HINDI.TAG;
          TAG
INENGLISH
INHINDI
              2
TWO
DO
              3
THREE
TEEN
          TAG
INENGLISH
INHINDI
              2
DO
DO
              3
TEEN
          TAG
INENGLISH
INHINDI
TEEN
              4
CHAR
CHAR
SQL>
4
```

```
SQL> SELECT E.EMPLOYEE_ID,E.LAST_NAME,D.DEPARTMENT_NAME
2 FROM EMPLOYEES E RIGHT OUTER JOIN DEPARTMENT D
3 ON E.DEPARTMENT_ID = D.DEPARTMENT_ID
4 WHERE D.DEPARTMENT_NAME='PURCHASING';

EMPLOYEE_ID LAST_NAME

_______
DEPARTMENT_NAME

_______
1002 WELLS
PURCHASING

1006 BECK
PURCHASING

SQL>
```

4d

4e

```
SQL> SELECT E.EMPNO, E.ENAME, D.DNAME

2 FROM EMP E RIGHT OUTER JOIN DEPT D

3 ON E.DEPTNO=D.DEPTNO

4 WHERE D.LOC='CHICAGO'
5 ORDER BY D.DNAME, E.ENAME;

EMPNO ENAME DNAME

7499 ALLEN Sales
7698 BLAKE Sales
7698 BLAKE Sales
7900 JAMES Sales
7844 TURNER Sales
7844 TURNER Sales
7521 WARD Sales
6 rows selected.
```

```
SQL> SELECT E.EMPNO,E.ENAME,D.DNAME
2 FROM EMP E LEFT OUTER JOIN DEPT D
3 ON E.DEPTNO=D.DEPTNO
4 WHERE E.JOB='MANAGER';

EMPNO ENAME DNAME
7698 BLAKE Sales
7782 CLARK Accounting
7566 JONES Research
```

4g

```
SQL> select e.empno.e.ename.d.dname
2 from emp e right outer join dept d
3 on e.deptno=d.deptno
4 where d.loc='CHICAGO';

EMPNO ENAME DNAME

7521 WARD Sales
7654 MARTIN Sales
7844 TURNER Sales
7900 JAMES Sales
7499 ALLEN Sales
7698 BLAKE Sales
```

**Thank You**