



Basics of Java

Rules for this lovely bful batch

Rule no. 1 → Do not annotate

Rule no. 2 → Chup rehna hai

Rule no. 3 → Chat sirf tab karna hai jab main bolunga

Rule no. 4 → Trust Raghar → 100%.

Rule no. 5 → Do not watch any DSA Roadmap

Rule no. 6 → Basic se padhunga

Rule no. 7 → Never miss any live class

Rule no. 8 → Class Duration → Bhindi actor song nahi dega

Poll:

8:30

Telegram

Video off karke rehna

Pls do not ask questions
which are irrelevant

I am not Sandeep
Mahesh

Boys

→ Respect maintain

Chappi Pana mat Karo

DSA

Java

'Roast' kar raha hoon.

Rule No. 9

Is class ka ek hi gunda hai

↓

Raghav



Contents

1. Output
2. Variables & Data Types
3. Operators
4. Input

Area/Formula on Google

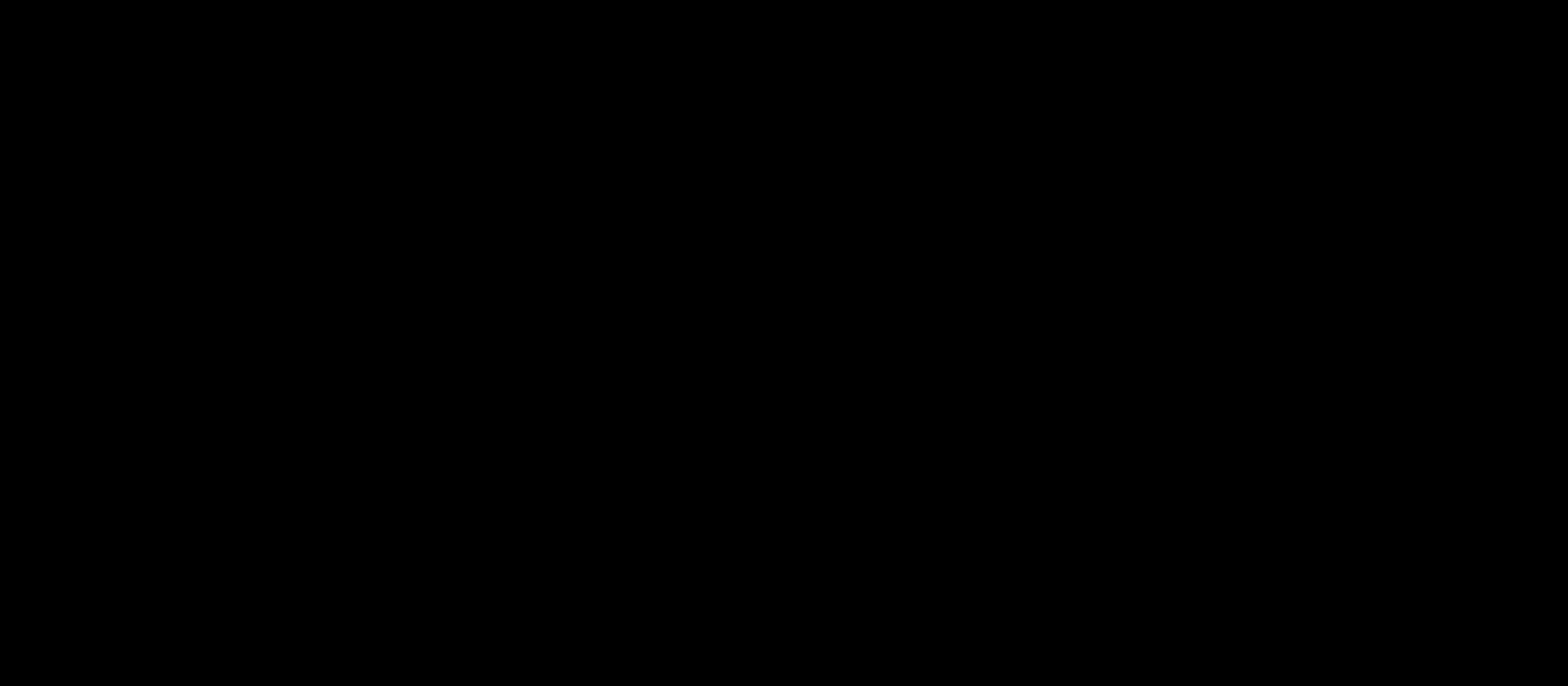


IntelliJ Idea and JDK Installation



Basic Program in Java

How to move in next line

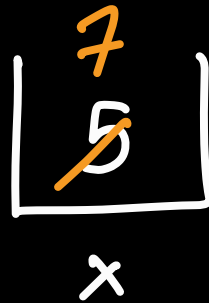




Printing Text and Numbers

Variables (int)

✓ `int x = 5;`



✓ `Sout(x);`

✓ `x = 7;`

✓ `Sout(x);`

✓ `Sout("Hello Niharika");`

Output

· 5

· 7

· Niharika

Modifying values of Variables

✓ `int x = 7;`

✓ `cout(x);`

✓ `x = x + 2;`

✓ `cout(x);`



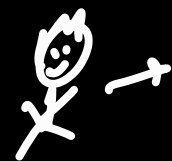
`x = (x + 2);`

Output

7

9

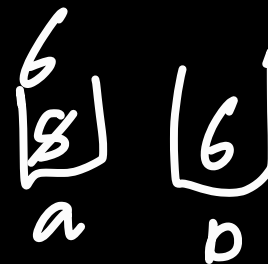
idhar dekho



✓ `a = 5`

✓ `b = 6`

✓ `a = b`



Arithmetic Operations on int



Arithmetic Operations on double



Example: Calculate area of Circle

Homework:¹ Calculate Volume of Sphere

HW²: Calculate T.S.A. of a cuboid l, b, h

```
double l, b, h;
```

```
double tsa = 2(l*b + b*h + l*h);
```

```
cout (tsa)
```


Variable Naming Rules

1. Variables can start from alphabet or _ or \$
2. Special characters except _ and \$ are not allowed
3. Blanks, Commas not allowed
4. Keywords not allowed

int x = 5;



variable name

int raghav = 100;



Ques: Find out the **invalid** variables names

1. GEEKYRAGHAV

2. _basic

3. raghav-garg

4. #MEAN

5. group@

6. geeks for geeks

7. INT

8. Raghav's_students

9. 420

10. x1

11. 1x

12. Public

13. raghav,garg

14. accheVariableNames

//Comments
/*Comments*/
control command slash

Input in Java // square of a number

↓
HW

Output

```
int x = sc.nextInt();
```

```
System.out.println(x*x);
```

Enter Value : 5

Square Is : 25



Example: Take ~~4~~2,3 numbers input and print their sum

Example: Calculate Simple Interest

Modulus Operator

$+$, $-$, $*$, $/$, $\%$

$a \% b$ is the remainder when a is divided by b .

$$37 \% 6 = 1$$

$$5 \% 3 = 2$$

Properties of Modulus Operator

$$1) \quad a \% b = a \quad (\text{if } a < b)$$

$$2) \quad a \% (-b) = a \% b$$

$$3) \quad (-a) \% b = -(a \% b)$$

$$5 \% (-2) = 5 \% 2 = 1$$

$$(-39) \% (-10) = (-39) \% 10 = -(39 \% 10) = -9$$

int/int \rightarrow int
double/int

```
double x = 5/2;  
cout(x);
```

int/double
double/double

2.0
x

5/2 \rightarrow 2

5.0/2.0 \rightarrow 2.5

5.0/2 \rightarrow 2.5

5/2.0 \rightarrow 2.5



char Data Type

```
char x = 'a';
```

ASCII Values

a - 97

b - 98

c - 99

⋮

z - 122

A - 65

B - 66

C - 67

⋮

Z - 90

0 - 48

1 - 49

2 - 50

3

4

5

6

7

9 - 57

Typecasting

What is typecasting?

What is the difference between typecasting and stereotyping?

What are the consequences of typecasting?

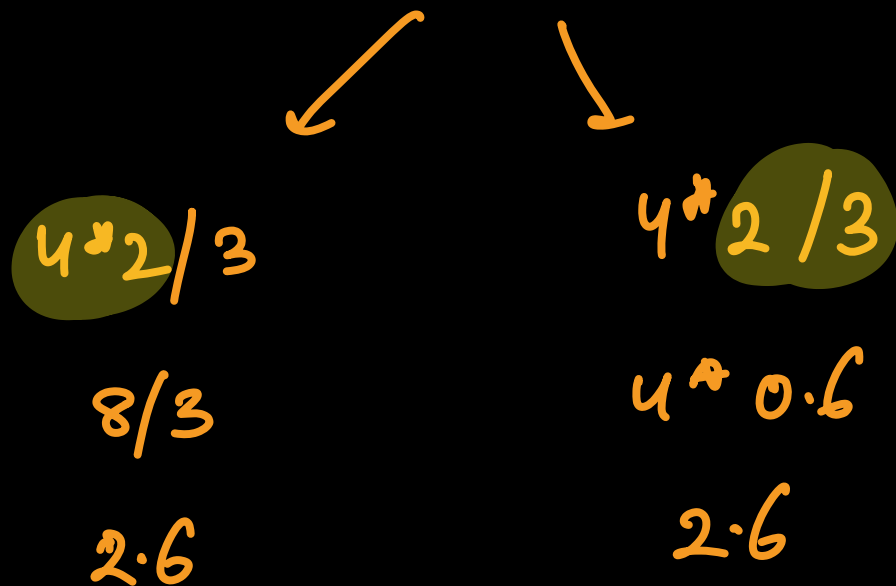
BODMAS

$/, *, \% > +, -$



`int x = 4 * 2 / 3 ;`

Math



left to right

Java

$4 * 2 / 3$
 $8 / 3$
 $2 \checkmark$

$4 * 2 / 3$
 $4 * 0$
 $0 \times$

BODMAS

$$x = 2 * 4 + 6 / 7$$

$$8 + 6 / 7$$

$$8 + 0$$

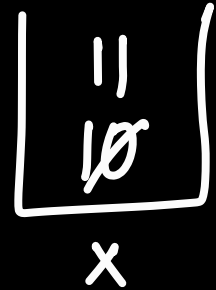
$$8$$

++x, x++, --x, x--

✓ `int x = 10;`

✓ `cout (x++);`

✓ `cout (x);`



Output

• 10

• 11

`x++`

↓

post increment

pehle use karo then badhao

++x, x++, --x, x--

✓ int x = 10;

✓ cout(++x);

✓ cout(x);

11
10
x

Output

• 11

• 11

Mark True or False

1. Each new Java instruction has to be written on a separate line **F**
2. Usually all Java statements are entered in small case letters **T**
3. Blank spaces may be inserted b/w 2 words in a Java Statement **T**



THANKYOU

Cuties