```
In [2]: import re

def filter_regional_language(text, language_pattern):
    filtered_text = re.sub(language_pattern, '', text)
    return filtered_text

hindi_pattern = re.compile(r'[\u0900-\u097F]+')
input_sentence = input("Enter a sentence: ")
print("Input Sentence:", input_sentence)
filtered_sentence = filter_regional_language(input_sentence, hindi_pattern)
print("Filtered Sentence:", filtered_sentence)
```

Enter a sentence: Hello प्रसाद जावळे Input Sentence: Hello प्रसाद जावळे Filtered Sentence: Hello

Filtered Sentence: Hello

```
In [4]: #Stop word Filtraton
        import re
        def filter stop words(sentence) :
            stop_words = set([
                "i", "me", "my", "myself", "we", "our", "ours", "you", "your",
                "yours", "he", "him", "his", "himself", "she", "her", "hers", "it",
                "its", "itself", "they", "them", "their", "theirs", "what",
                 "which", "who", "whom", "this", "that", "these", "those", "am",
                 "is", "are", "was", "were", "be", "been", "being", "have", "has",
                "had", "having", "do", "through", "during", "before", "after", "above",
                "below", "to", "from", "up", "down", "in", "out", "on", "off", "over", "und
                "again", "further", "then", "once", "here", "there", "when", "where",
                "why", "how", "all", "any", "both", "each", "few", "more", "most",
                "other", "some", "such", "no", "nor", "not", "only", "own", "same",
                "so", "than", "too", "very", "s", "t", "can", "will", "just", "don",
                 "should", "now"
            1)
            word pattern = re.compile(r'\b\w+\b')
            filtered_sentence = word_pattern.sub(lambda match: match.group() if match.group
            return filtered_sentence
        input sentence = input("Enter a sentence: ")
        filtered_sentence = filter_stop_words(input_sentence)
        print("Filtered Sentence:", filtered_sentence)
```

Enter a sentence: Despite their high frequency in language, these words carry lit tle substantial meaning on their own. Their primary purpose is to facilitate the g rammatical structure of sentences and paragraphs. However, when conducting text an alysis, it is common practice to filter out these stop words to focus on the more informative content words and phrases. This helps improve the quality and relevance of the extracted information for various NLP tasks.

Filtered Sentence: Despite high frequency language, words carry little substantial meaning . primary purpose facilitate the grammatical structure of sentences and paragraphs. However, conducting text analysis, common practice filterstop words focus the informative content words and phrases. helps improve the quality and relevance of the extracted information for various NLP tasks.

```
In [3]: # Punctuation FIltration
        import re
        def filter_punctuation(sentence) :
            filtered_sentence = re.sub(r'[^\w\s]', '', sentence)
            return filtered sentence
        input_sentence = input("Enter a sentence: ")
        filtered sentence = filter punctuation(input sentence)
        print("Filtered Sentence:", filtered_sentence)
        Enter a sentence: Hello! Welcome world, how are you? Have a good day.
        Filtered Sentence: Hello Welcome world how are you Have a good day
In [6]: #Email verification
        import re
        def is valid email(email) :
            pattern = r'^{a-zA-Z0-9._%+-}+@[a-zA-Z0-9.-]+\.[a-zA-Z]{2,}$'
            return re.match(pattern, email)
        input_email = input("Enter an email address: ")
        if is_valid_email(input_email) :
           print("Email is valid.")
        else :
           print("Email is not valid.")
        Enter an email address: prasad.32
        Email is not valid.
In [5]: # Phone no validation
        import re
        def is_valid_phone_number(phone_number) :
            # Regular expression for basic phone number format validation
            pattern = r'^{2-9}\d{2}-\d{3}-\d{4}
            return re.match(pattern, phone number)
        input_phone_number = input("Enter a phone number : ")
        if is_valid_phone_number(input_phone_number) :
          print("Phone number is valid.")
        else :
          print("Phone number is not valid.")
        Enter a phone number: 145879632a
        Phone number is not valid.
In [7]: # Name validation
        import re
        def is valid name(name) :
```

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# Regular expression for name validation (letters and spaces only)
            pattern = r'^[a-zA-Z\s]+$'
            return re.match(pattern, name)
        input_name = input("Enter a name : ")
        if is_valid_name(input_name) :
            print("Name is valid.")
        else :
            print("Name is not valid.")
        Enter a name : Prasad
        Name is valid.
In [7]: input = input("Enter a sentence : ")
        Enter a sentence : hello how are you
In [8]: # Tokenization
        list = []
        for item in input.split(" ") :
        list.append(item)
        print(list)
        ['hello', 'how', 'are', 'you']
```