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## EXPERIMENT NO . 04

▪ **Title:-** Implementation of Symmetric (AES) and Asymmetric (RSA) Cryptography using Python

▪ **Objective :-**

- To study symmetric encryption (AES) and asymmetric encryption (RSA).
- To implement AES encryption/decryption using PyCryptodome library.
- To implement RSA key generation, encryption, and decryption using PKCS1\_OAEP padding.

▪ **Resources used :-** PC / Laptop with Python 3 , PyCryptodome Library (pip install pycryptodome)

▪ **Theory :-**

AES (Advanced Encryption Standard)

- AES is a symmetric encryption algorithm (same key for encryption and decryption).
- Operates on 128-bit blocks with keys of size 128, 192, or 256 bits.
- Provides confidentiality + integrity when used in AEAD modes (EAX/GCM).

AES Working Steps (simplified):

1. Key Expansion – generates round keys from original key.
2. Initial Round – AddRoundKey.
3. Rounds – SubBytes, ShiftRows, MixColumns, AddRoundKey.
4. Final Round – without MixColumns.
5. Decryption reverses the above steps.

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RSA (Rivest–Shamir–Adleman)

- RSA is an asymmetric encryption algorithm (public key → encryption, private key → decryption).
- Security based on difficulty of factoring large numbers.

- Uses padding schemes like PKCS1\_OAEP for secure encryption.

RSA Working (simplified):

1. Key generation – generate two primes ( $p, q$ ), compute  $n = p \times q$ , totient  $\phi(n)$ , and keys (public, private).
2. Encryption –  $c = m^e \text{ mod } n$ .
3. Decryption –  $m = c^d \text{ mod } n$ .

- **Code**

```
!pip install pycryptodome
```

```
from Crypto.Cipher import AES, PKCS1_OAEP
from Crypto.PublicKey import RSA
from Crypto.Random import get_random_bytes
import base64

# -----
# AES (Symmetric) Encryption
# -----
def aes_encrypt(key, plaintext):
    cipher = AES.new(key, AES.MODE_EAX)
    ciphertext, tag = cipher.encrypt_and_digest(plaintext.encode('utf-8'))
    return base64.b64encode(cipher.nonce + tag + ciphertext).decode('utf-8')

def aes_decrypt(key, encrypted_data):
    raw = base64.b64decode(encrypted_data)
    nonce, tag, ciphertext = raw[:16], raw[16:32], raw[32:]
    cipher = AES.new(key, AES.MODE_EAX, nonce=nonce)
    return cipher.decrypt_and_verify(ciphertext, tag).decode('utf-8')

# -----
# RSA (Asymmetric) Encryption
# -----
def generate_rsa_keys():
    key = RSA.generate(2048)
    private_key = key.export_key()
    public_key = key.publickey().export_key()
    return private_key, public_key

def rsa_encrypt(public_key_data, plaintext):
    public_key = RSA.import_key(public_key_data)
    cipher = PKCS1_OAEP.new(public_key)
    encrypted = cipher.encrypt(plaintext.encode('utf-8'))
    return base64.b64encode(encrypted).decode('utf-8')
```

```

def rsa_decrypt(private_key_data, encrypted_data):
    private_key = RSA.import_key(private_key_data)
    cipher = PKCS1_OAEP.new(private_key)
    decrypted = cipher.decrypt(base64.b64decode(encrypted_data))
    return decrypted.decode('utf-8')

# -----
# Example Usage
# -----
if __name__ == "__main__":
    text = "Hello, this is a secret message!"

    # AES Encryption / Decryption
    print("== AES Encryption ==")
    aes_key = get_random_bytes(16) # 128-bit key
    aes_encrypted = aes_encrypt(aes_key, text)
    print("Encrypted (AES):", aes_encrypted)
    aes_decrypted = aes_decrypt(aes_key, aes_encrypted)
    print("Decrypted (AES):", aes_decrypted)

    # RSA Encryption / Decryption
    print("\n== RSA Encryption ==")
    private_key, public_key = generate_rsa_keys()
    rsa_encrypted = rsa_encrypt(public_key, text)
    print("Encrypted (RSA):", rsa_encrypted)
    rsa_decrypted = rsa_decrypt(private_key, rsa_encrypted)
    print("Decrypted (RSA):", rsa_decrypted)

```

- **Output**

```

== AES Encryption ==
Encrypted (AES): Q0FJRUQyNzRj...==
Decrypted (AES): Hello, this is a secret message!

== RSA Encryption ==
Encrypted (RSA): bXJzYWtldWpzzWZod29qZGZ...==
Decrypted (RSA): Hello, this is a secret message!

```

- **Conclusion:**

- Successfully implemented **AES (symmetric encryption)** and **RSA (asymmetric encryption)** using Python.
- AES provided fast and secure block-level encryption with integrity check.

- RSA successfully generated keys, encrypted and decrypted messages using PKCS1\_OAEP.