



DHARMSINH DESAI UNIVERSITY, NADIAD
FACULTY OF TECHNOLOGY
B.TECH. SEMESTER VII [CE]
SUBJECT: (CE-718) COMPILER CONSTRUCTION

Examination : Second Internal
Date : 06/09/2019
Time : 01:45 P.M.-03:00 P.M.

Seat No : CE-84
Day :
Max. Marks : 36

INSTRUCTIONS:

1. Figures to the right indicate maximum marks for that question.
2. The symbols used carry their usual meanings.
3. Assume suitable data, if required & mention them clearly.
4. Draw neat sketches wherever necessary.

Q.1 Do as directed.

(a) For a CFG: $S \rightarrow SS+ | SS* | a$ identify if is in LL(1) or not? [2]

(b) Remove Left recursion from the given grammar (if present) [2]

$E \rightarrow E+T | T ; T \rightarrow T*F | F ; F \rightarrow (E) | id$ [2]

(c) Remove left factoring from the given grammar (if present) [2]

$S \rightarrow iEtS | iEtSeS | a$

$E \rightarrow b$ [2]

(d) Consider the following code.

```
int fact(int n)
{
    return (n*fact(n-1));
}
```

If I call fact(4) then show the static link and dynamic link on the Run time stack.

(e) Justify with example: Static scope based language paradigm is more intuitive than Dynamic scope based paradigm. [2]

(f) Compute the total storage space required for the following nested block structure with the size of data member as given in the comments. [2]

```
B1{a,b,c; /*sizes 10 20 20;*/
  B2{d,e,f; /*sizes 100 180 40}
    B3{g,h,i; /*sizes 50 20 10*/
      B4{j,k,l; /*sizes 70 150 20*/}
      B5{m,n,p; /*sizes 20 50 30*/}
    }
  }
}
```

Q.2 Answer any TWO of the following.

(a) Give a detailed trace of run time stack during the execution of a block structured segment of program as given below. [6]

```
1 BBLOCK
  REAL X,Y; STRING NAME;
  2 M1.PBLOCK(INTEGER IND);
    INTEGER X;
    CALL M2(IND+1);
  END M1;
  3 M2.PBLOCK(INTEGER I);
    4 BBLOCK
      ARRAY INT F(I); LOGICAL TEST1;
    END;
  END M2;
  CALL M1(X/Y);
END;
```

(b) (i) What is Boundary Tag Method? Why is it used? Explain each of the 4 case with necessary figure. [4]

(ii) Assume that reference x points to object O and reference y points to object P. Assume current reference count values for O and P are 1 and 2 respectively. [2]

- What will be the value of reference count values for assignment of type $x=y$?
- When will space allocated to the object be freed? After $x=y$ is there any object which is possible candidate of garbage collection? Justify.

(c) Explain Mark and Sweep based Garbage Collector with algorithm and example. [6]

Q.3 Answer the following.

(a) Write an algorithm for recursive descent parser for the grammar: [8]

$f \rightarrow (e) \mid id$; $t \rightarrow f * t \mid f$; $e \rightarrow t + e \mid t$

(b) Consider CFG as : [4]

$Stmt \rightarrow \text{if Expr then Stmt} \mid \text{if Expr then Stmt else Stmt} \mid S1 \mid S2$.

$Expr \rightarrow E1 \mid E2$

according to this grammar generate all possible parse trees for the statement "if E1 then if E2 then S1 else S2".

OR

(a) $C \rightarrow P F \text{ class id } X Y$ [8]

$P \rightarrow \text{public} \mid \epsilon$

$F \rightarrow \text{final} \mid \epsilon$

$X \rightarrow \text{extends id} \mid \epsilon$

$Y \rightarrow \text{implements } I \mid \epsilon$

$I \rightarrow \text{id } J$

$J \rightarrow , I \mid \epsilon$

Find FIRST and FOLLOW sets of all non terminals.

(b) Generate predictive parsing table for the grammar given in above question. [4]