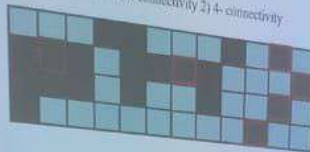


- For image of shown in figure below , segment foreground and background using region growing method. Seed pixels are shown with red boundary and condition for similarity is $|seed - f(x,y)| = 1$
- Show your results for 1) 8 connectivity 2) 4- connectivity



Q3. Histogram of a 3 bit image is shown in the following table

Gray level	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
number of pixels	2	3	2	1	2	3	2	1

Find optimal threshold using Otsu.

$$p_1 = \frac{2}{16} + \frac{3}{16} + \frac{2}{16} + \frac{1}{16} = \frac{8}{16} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$p_2 = 1 - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$m_1 = \sum_{i=0}^3 i \cdot p_i = \frac{0 \times 2}{16} + \frac{1 \times 3}{16} + \frac{2 \times 2}{16} + \frac{3 \times 1}{16} = \frac{10}{16} = \frac{5}{8}$$

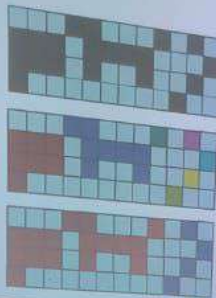
$$m_2 = \sum_{i=4}^7 i \cdot p_i = \frac{4 \times 2}{16} + \frac{5 \times 3}{16} + \frac{6 \times 2}{16} + \frac{7 \times 1}{16} = \frac{42}{16} = \frac{21}{8}$$

$$\sigma_B^2 = p_1 p_2 (m_2 - m_1)^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{42}{8} - \frac{10}{8} \right)^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{82}{8} \times \frac{32}{8} = 4$$

Solution:



Front view
Left view
Top view

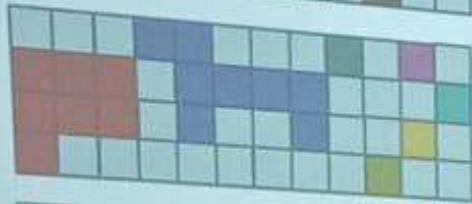
Back view
Right view
Bottom view

Isometric view
Orthographic view
Perspective view

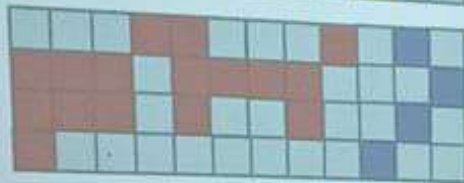
Solution:



Binary image:
0 - objects;
1 - background



4-connected
objects +
8-connected
background



8-connected
objects +
8-connected
background

Q2. Apply region growing on the following image. Initial point at (2,2). Threshold is 2. Use 4 connectivity.

		X			
Y		0	1	2	3
	0	0	1	2	0
	1	2	5	6	1
	2	1	4	7	3
	3	0	2	5	1

Q3. Histogram of a 3 bit image is shown in the following table

Gray level	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
number of pixels	2	3	2	1	2	3	2	1

Find optimal threshold using Otsu.

$$p_1 = \frac{2}{16} + \frac{3}{16} + \frac{2}{16} + \frac{1}{16} = \frac{8}{16} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$p_2 = 1 - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$m_1 = \frac{\sum_{i=0}^3 i p_i}{p_1} = \frac{(0 \times \frac{2}{16} + 1 \times \frac{3}{16} + 2 \times \frac{2}{16} + 3 \times \frac{1}{16})}{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$= \frac{10/16 \times 2/1}{1} = \frac{10}{8}$$

$$m_2 = \frac{\sum_{i=4}^7 i p_i}{p_2} = \frac{4 \times \frac{2}{16} + 5 \times \frac{3}{16} + 6 \times \frac{2}{16} + 7 \times \frac{1}{16}}{\frac{1}{2}}$$

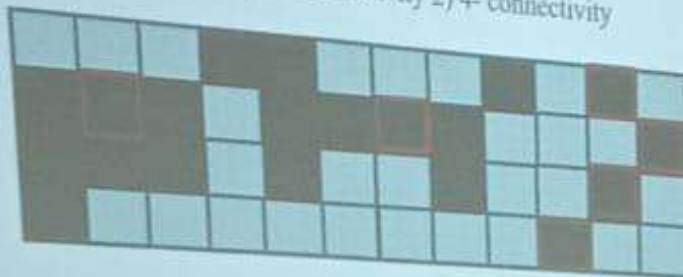
$$= \frac{42}{16} \times \frac{2}{1} = \frac{42}{8}$$

$$\sigma_B^2 = p_1 p_2 (m_2 - m_1)^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{42}{8} - \frac{10}{8} \right)^2$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} \times \frac{32}{8} \times \frac{32}{8} = 4$$

- For image of shown in figure below , segment foreground and background using region growing method. Seed pixels are shown with red boundary and condition for similarity is $|seed-f(x,y)| < 1$
- Show your results for 1) 8 connectivity 2) 4- connectivity



Binary image:
 0 - objects;
 1 -background

Q3. Histogram of a 3 bit image is shown in the following table

Gray level	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
number of pixels	2	3	2	1	2	3	2	1

Find optimal threshold using Otsu.



Q3. Histogram of a 3 bit image is shown in the following table

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$$P_1 = \frac{2}{16} + \frac{3}{16} + \frac{2}{16} + \frac{1}{16} = \frac{8}{16} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$P_2 = 1 - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\mu_1 = \frac{\sum_{i=0}^3 i p_i}{P_1} = \frac{(0 \times \frac{2}{16} + 1 \times \frac{3}{16} + 2 \times \frac{2}{16} + 3 \times \frac{1}{16})}{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\mu_1 = \frac{10/16 \times 2/1}{10/8} = \frac{10}{8}$$

$$\mu_2 = \frac{\sum_{i=4}^7 i p_i}{P_2} = \frac{4 \times \frac{2}{16} + 5 \times \frac{3}{16} + 6 \times \frac{2}{16} + 7 \times \frac{1}{16}}{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$= \frac{42}{16} \times \frac{2}{1} = \frac{42}{8}$$

