

# ADOActiveX Data Objects.NET

Prepared for V<sup>th</sup> semester DDU-CE students  
2022-23 WAD

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# Memory

- \_\_\_\_\_ is the capital of India.
- Which of the following city is not part of Gujarat?
  - Amdavad
  - Baroda
  - Pune
  - Rajkot
- Day before exam



# What is ADO.NET ?

- It is a part of the base class library that is included with the Microsoft .NET framework.
- It is used by programmers to access and modify data stored in relational database systems.
- ADO.NET is a technology designed to let an ASP.NET program (or any other .NET program, for that matter) access data .

# Cont.

- ADO.NET relies on the functionality in a small set of core classes
  - Container Class
    - Used to contain and manage data
      - DataSet, DataTable, DataRow and DataRelation
  - Connector Class
    - Used to connect to a specific data source
      - Connection, Command and DataReader

# Important Namespaces

- `System.Data`
- `System.Data.SqlClient`
- `System.Data.SqlTypes`

# Interaction with Database

- Direct Database Access
  - You don't keep a copy of the information in memory.
  - Instead, you work with it for a brief period of time while the database connection is open, and then close the connection as soon as possible.



# Cont.

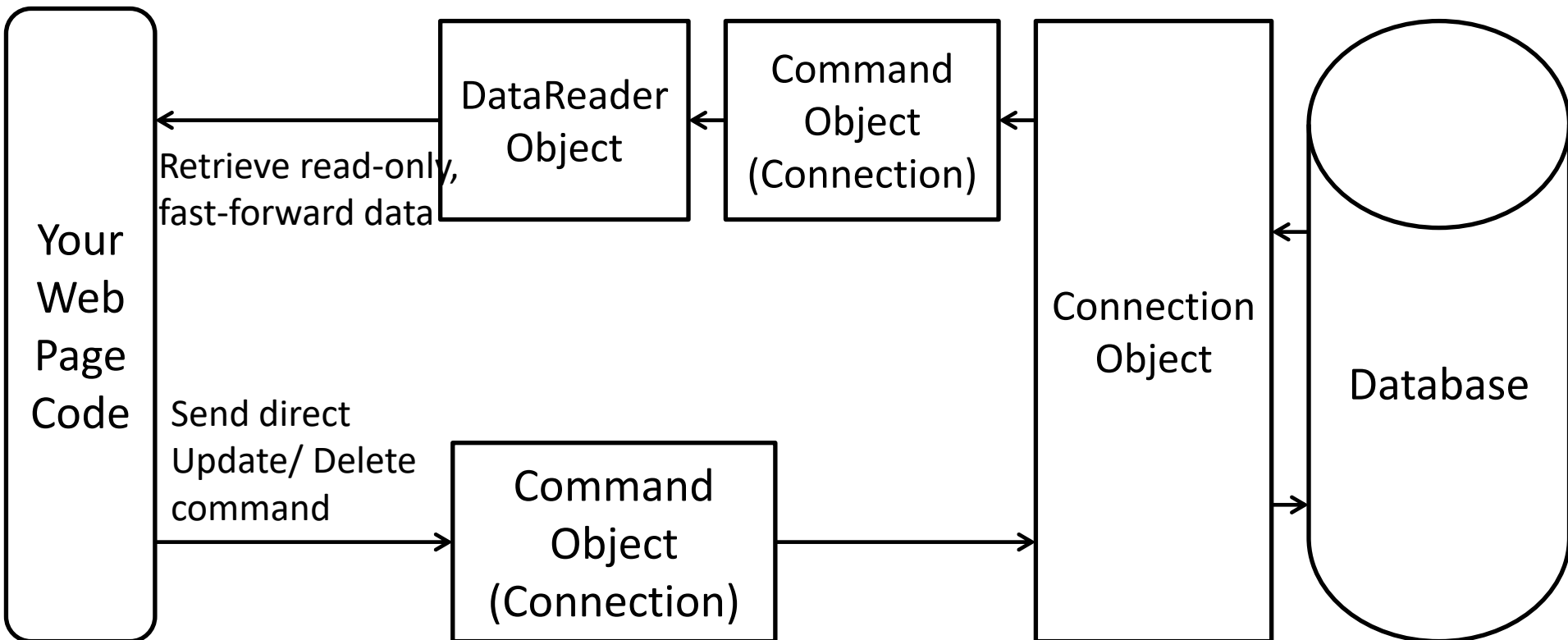
- Disconnected Access
  - You keep a copy of the data in the Dataset object so you can work with it after the database connection has been closed.

# Cont.

- The direct data model is well suited to ASP.NET web pages
  - No need to keep a copy of their data in memory for long periods of time
  - ASP.NET Page Load → Request
  - ASP.NET Page Shutdown → Response
- Performance improvement with Disconnected access
  - Could get the product catalog from a database once, and keep that data in memory on the web server so you can reuse it when someone else requests the same page
    - Caching



# Direct Data Access



# Steps Involved

- To query information
  - Create Connection, Command, and DataReader objects.
  - Use the DataReader to retrieve information from the database, and display it in a control on a web form.
  - Close your connection
  - Send the page to the user.
    - At this point, the information your user sees and the information in the database no longer have any connection, and all the ADO.NET objects have been destroyed.

# Steps Involved

- To add/ update information
  - Create new Connection and Command objects.
  - Execute the command

# Connection Object

- The first thing that we will have to do, when working with databases is to create a connection object.
- 2 Ways of creating connection object
- Do not hard code connection string: Web.config

# Ways to Specify Connection String

```
SqlConnection con = new SqlConnection(@"Data
Source=(LocalDB)\MSSQLLocalDB;AttachDbFilename=D:\Personal\WDDN\C# Codes 2019-
20\ADONET_Demo1\ADONET_Demo1\App_Data\Test.mdf;Integrated Security=True");
```

```
SqlConnection con = new SqlConnection();
con.ConnectionString = @"Data
Source=(LocalDB)\MSSQLLocalDB;AttachDbFilename=D:\Personal\WDDN\C# Codes 2019-
20\ADONET_Demo1\ADONET_Demo1\App_Data\Test.mdf;Integrated Security=True";
```

```
<configuration>
  <connectionStrings>
    <add name="ConTest" connectionString="Data Source=(LocalDB)\MSSQLLocalDB;
      AttachDbFilename=D:\Personal\WDDN\C# Codes 2019-20\ADONET_Demo1\ADONET_Demo1\App_Data\Test.mdf;
      Integrated Security=True"/>
  </connectionStrings>
  <system.web>
    <compilation debug="true" targetFramework="4.5.2"/>
    <httpRuntime targetFramework="4.5.2"/>
  </system.web>
  <system.codedom>
```

## <connectionStrings>

<add name="ConTest"

connectionString="Data

Source=(LocalDB)\MSSQLLocalDB;AttachDbFilename=D:\Personal\W  
DDN\C# Codes 2019-

20\ADONET\_Demo1\ADONET\_Demo1\App\_Data\Test.mdf;Integrated  
Security=True"/>

</connectionStrings>

# Access Connection String from Web.config

using System.Web.Configuration;

```
SqlConnection con = new SqlConnection();  
con.ConnectionString =  
    WebConfigurationManager.ConnectionStrings[  
        "ConTest"].ConnectionString;
```

```
SqlConnection con = new SqlConnection();  
con.ConnectionString = WebConfigurationManager.ConnectionStrings["ConTest"].ConnectionString;
```

# ConnectionString and Properties

- Key/Value pairs that has the information required to create a connection object
- Properties
  - Data Source
  - Initial Catalog
  - SSIP
  - Connection Timeout



# Open and Close Connection

- Create Connection
  - `SqlConnection con = new SqlConnection();`
- Open Connection
  - `con.Open()`
- Do your tasks
  - //
- Close your Connection
  - `con.Close()`

# Alternatives

```
using(object)
{
    ...
}
```

- Disposable Object
- CLR
  - Dispose()
- Dispose()  $\leftrightarrow$  Close()
- Shorten database code
- No need of finally block

# Command Object

- A Command object executes the SQL statement

```
string command = "Select * from Food";  
SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand(command,  
    con);
```

OR

```
SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand()  
cmd.Connection = con;  
cmd.CommandText = "Select * from Food"
```

```

SqlConnection con = new SqlConnection();
con.ConnectionString = WebConfigurationManager.ConnectionStrings["ConTest"].ConnectionString;
try
{
    using (con)
    {
        string command = "Select * from Food";
        SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand(command, con);
        con.Open();
        lblInfo.Text = "<b> Server Version: </b>" + con.ServerVersion;
        lblInfo.Text += "<br/> <b> Connection was: </b>" + con.State.ToString();
        SqlDataReader rdr = cmd.ExecuteReader();
        GridViewFood.DataSource = rdr;
        GridViewFood.DataBind();
    }
}
catch (Exception err)
{
    //Handle execeptions if any
    lblInfo.Text = "Error reading the datastore: ";
    lblInfo.Text += err.Message;
}
lblInfo.Text += "<b> Now Connection is: </b>";
lblInfo.Text += con.State.ToString();

```

```

<configuration>
  <connectionStrings>
    <add name="ConTest" connectionString="Data Source=(LocalDB)\MSSQLLocalDB;
      AttachDbFilename=D:\Personal\WDDN\C# Codes 2019-20\ADONET_Demo1\ADONET_Demo1\App_Data\Test.mdf;
      Integrated Security=True"/>
  </connectionStrings>
  <system.web>
    <compilation debug="true" targetFramework="4.5.2"/>
    <httpRuntime targetFramework="4.5.2"/>
  </system.web>
  <system.codedom>
    <compilers>
      <compiler language="c#;cs;csharp" extension=".cs"
        type="Microsoft.CodeDom.Providers.DotNetCompilerPlatform.CSharpCodeProvider, Microsoft.CodeDom.Pr
        warningLevel="4" compilerOptions="/langversion:6 /nowarn:1659;1699;1701"/>
      <compiler language="vb;vbs;visualbasic;vbscript" extension=".vb"
        type="Microsoft.CodeDom.Providers.DotNetCompilerPlatform.VBCodeProvider, Microsoft.CodeDom.Provid

```

Web.config WebForm1.aspx

asp:GridView#GridViewFood

Column0	Column1	Column2
abc	abc	abc
abc	abc	abc
abc	abc	abc
abc	abc	abc
abc	abc	abc

[lblInfo]

Server Explorer

- Azure (apurvamehta2015@hotmail.com)
  - Data Connections
    - Publication.mdf
      - Test.mdf
        - Tables
          - Food
            - Id
            - Name
            - Day
            - Type
          - Views
          - Stored Procedures
          - Functions
          - Synonyms
          - Types
          - Assemblies

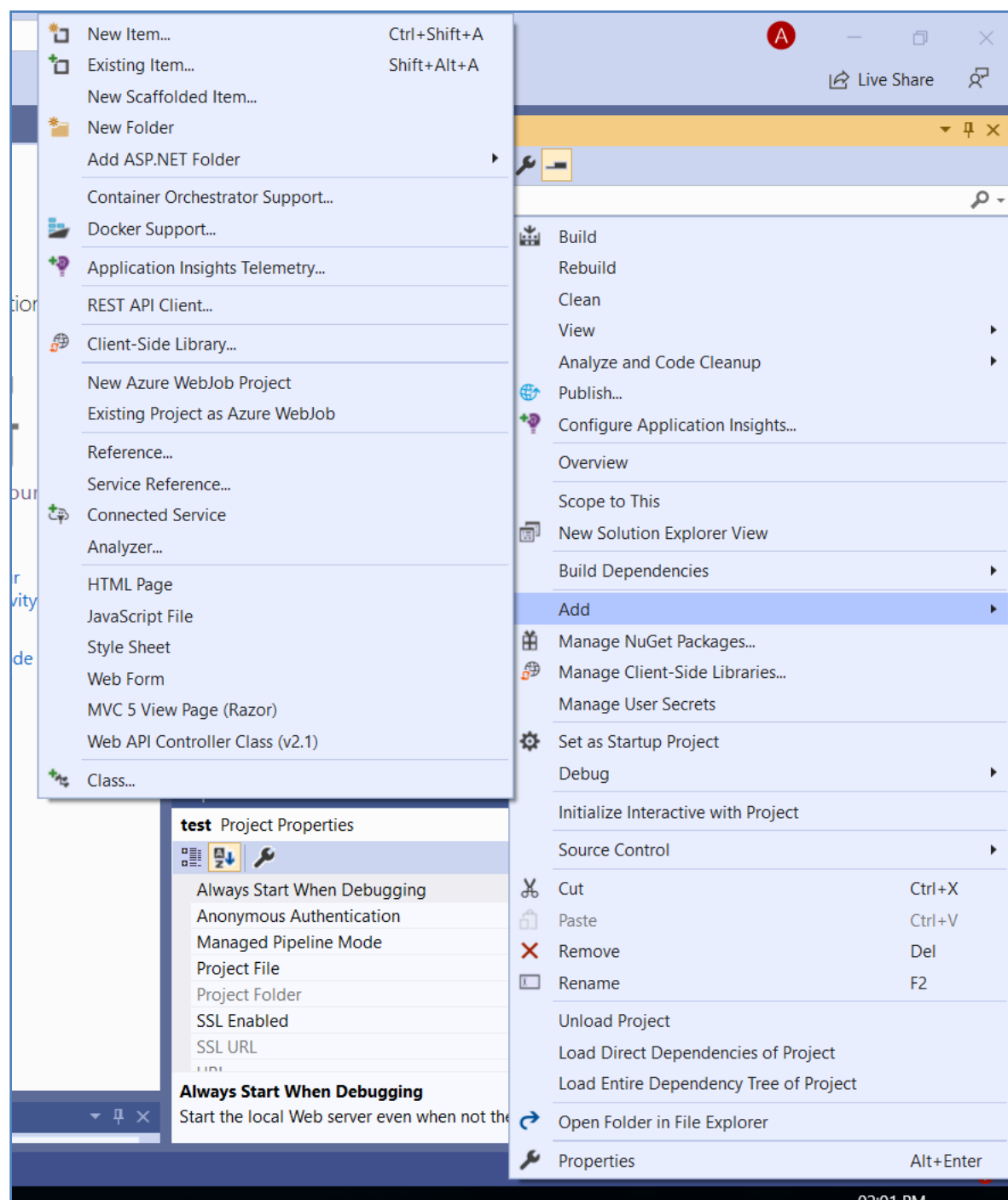
dbo.Food [Data] | Web.config | WebForm1.aspx | WebForm1

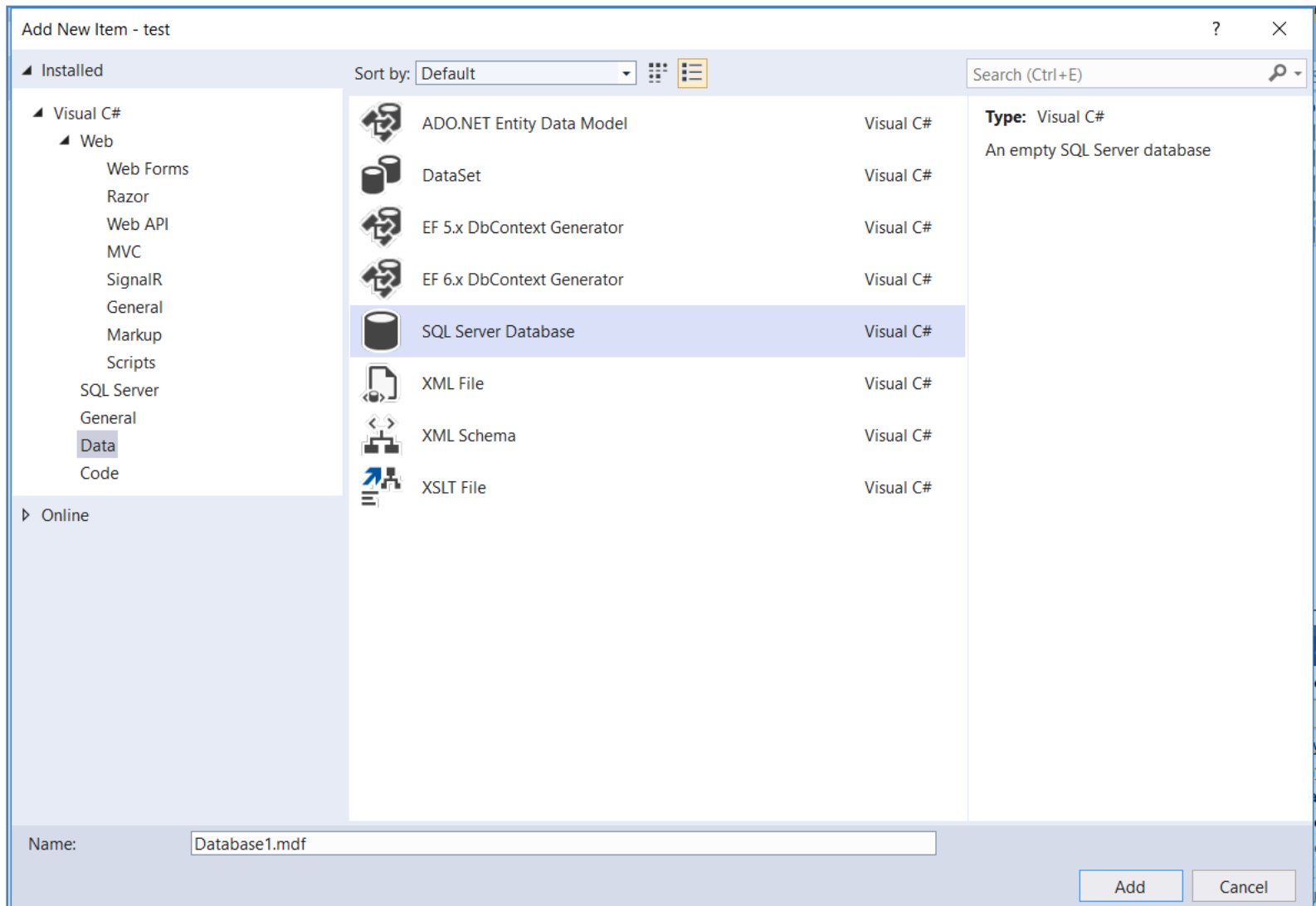
Max Rows: 1000

	Id	Name	Day	Type
▶	1	Potato Variation...	Monday	Lunch
	2	Chola	Tuesday	Lunch
	3	Moong	Wednesday	Lunch
	4	Leafy Vegetable	Thursday	Lunch
	5	Chana	Friday	Lunch
	6	Mixdal	Saturday	Lunch
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

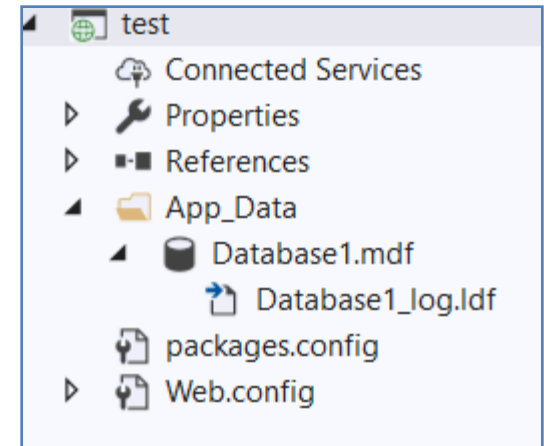
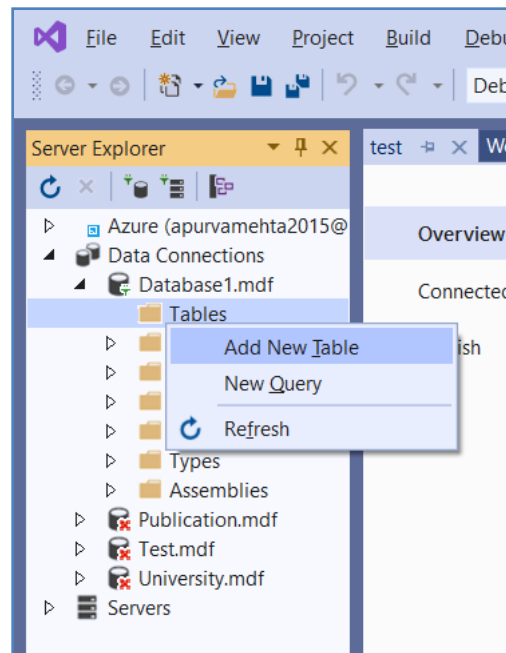
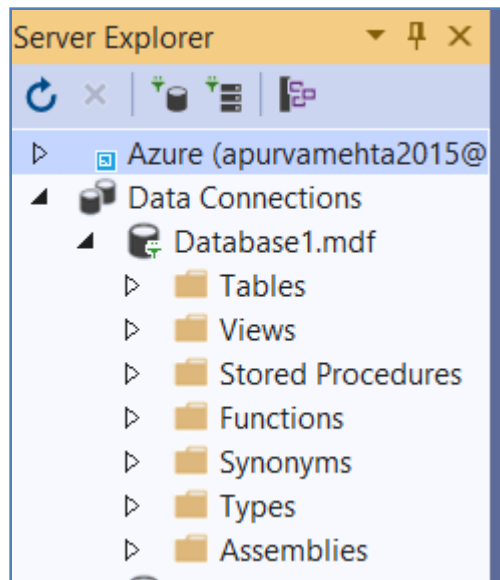
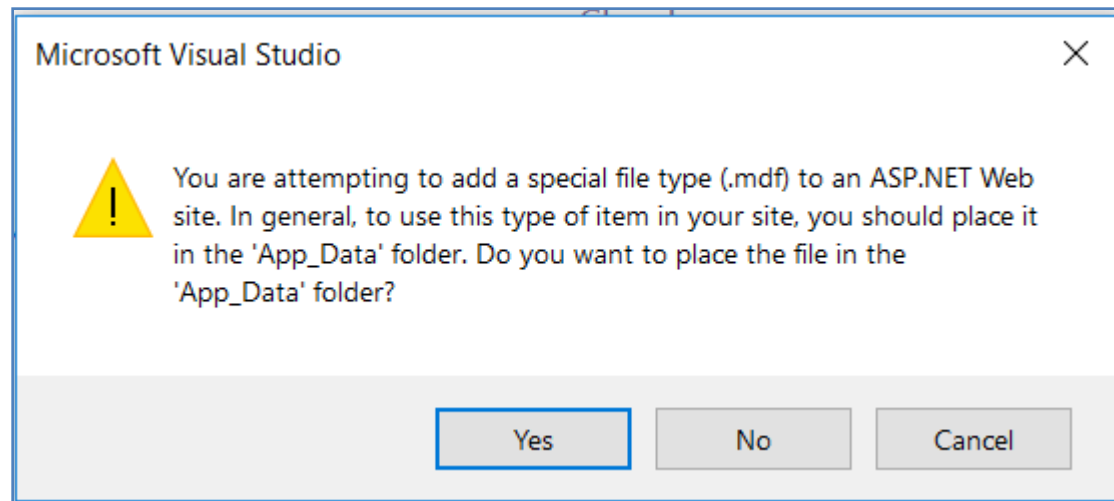
ADONET\_Demo1


- Connected Services
- Properties
- References
- App\_Data
  - Test.mdf
  - packages.config
  - Web.config
  - WebForm1.aspx
    - WebForm1.aspx.cs
    - WebForm1.aspx.designer.cs









dbo.Customer [Design] ↗ ✕ WebForm1.aspx.cs		Output		
Update		Script File: dbo.Customer.sql		
	Name	Data Type	Allow Nulls	Default
	CustomerId	int	<input type="checkbox"/>	
	Name	nvarchar(50)	<input type="checkbox"/>	
			<input type="checkbox"/>	

Test.mdf
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Tables           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Customer               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>CustomerId</li> <li>Name</li> </ul> </li> <li>Inventory               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>CarId</li> <li>Make</li> <li>Color</li> </ul> </li> <li>Order               <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>OrderId</li> <li>CarId</li> <li>CustomerId</li> </ul> </li> </ul> </li> </ul>

Properties	
<b>CustomerId</b> Column	
Allow Nulls	<b>False</b>
Collation	
Computed Column Specific	
Data Classification	
Data Type	<b>int</b>
Default Value or Binding	
Description	
Full Text Specification	False
Identity Specification	True
(Is Identity)	<b>True</b>
Identity Increment	<b>1</b>
Identity Seed	<b>1</b>
Is Column Set	False
Is File Stream	False
Is ROWGUID Column	False
Is Sparse	False
Not For Replication	False
Primary Key	True

dbo.Order [Design]\*

dbo.Customer [Design]

WebForm1.aspx.cs

Output

Update

Script File: 

dbo.Order.sql\*

	Name	Data Type	Allow Nulls	Default
	OrderId	int	<input type="checkbox"/>	
	CarId	int	<input type="checkbox"/>	
	CustomerId	int	<input type="checkbox"/>	
			<input type="checkbox"/>	

Keys (1)

<unnamed> (Primary Key, Clustered: OrderId)

Check Constraints (0)

Indexes (0)

Foreign Keys (2)

FK\_Order\_Customer (CustomerId)

FK\_Order\_Inventory (CarId)

Triggers (0)

Design

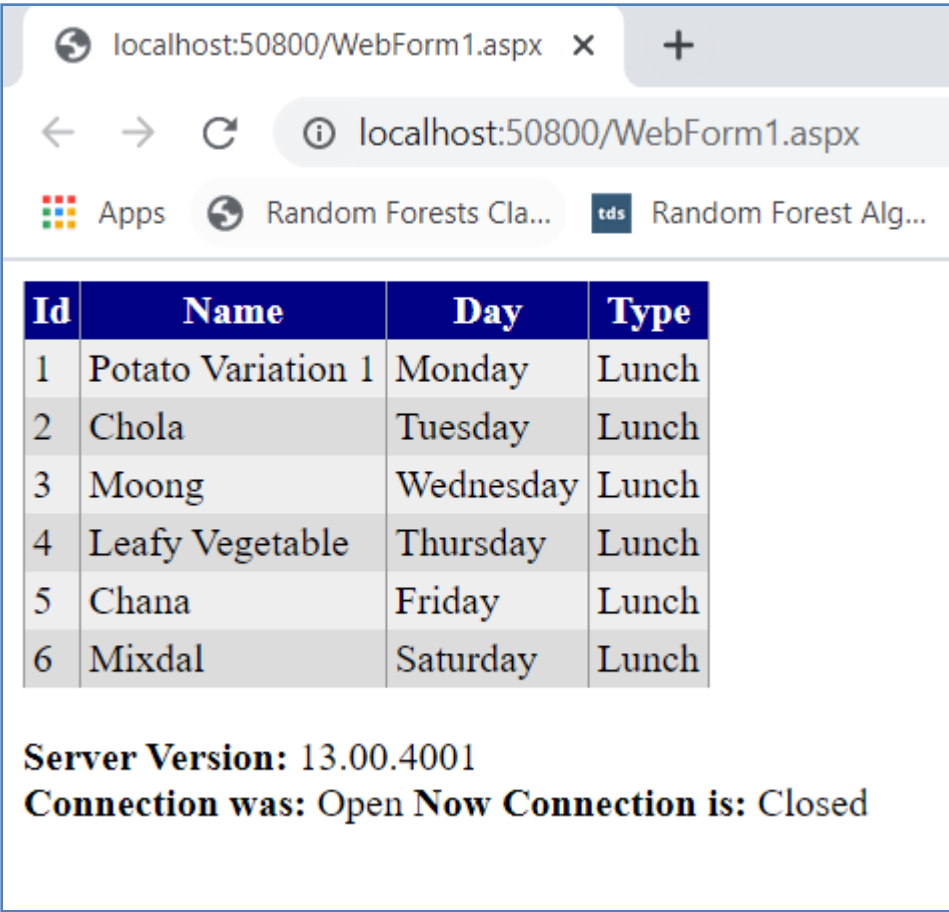
T-SQL

```

1 CREATE TABLE [dbo].[Order] (
2     [OrderId]    INT IDENTITY (1, 1) NOT NULL,
3     [CarId]      INT NOT NULL,
4     [CustomerId] INT NOT NULL,
5     PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED ([OrderId] ASC),
6     CONSTRAINT [FK_Order_Customer] FOREIGN KEY ([CustomerId]) REFERENCES [dbo].[Customer] ([CustomerId]),
7     CONSTRAINT [FK_Order_Inventory] FOREIGN KEY ([CarId]) REFERENCES [dbo].[Inventory] ([CarId])
8 );
9

```

```
SqlConnection con = new SqlConnection();
con.ConnectionString = WebConfigurationManager.ConnectionStrings["ConTest"].ConnectionString;
try
{
    using (con)
    {
        string command = "Select * from Food";
        SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand(command, con);
        con.Open();
        lblInfo.Text = "<b> Server Version: </b>" + con.ServerVersion;
        lblInfo.Text += "<br/> <b> Connection was: </b>" + con.State.ToString();
        SqlDataReader rdr = cmd.ExecuteReader();
        GridViewFood.DataSource = rdr;
        GridViewFood.DataBind();
    }
}
catch (Exception err)
{
    //Handle execeptions if any
    lblInfo.Text = "Error reading the datastore: ";
    lblInfo.Text += err.Message;
}
lblInfo.Text += "<b> Now Connection is: </b>";
lblInfo.Text += con.State.ToString();
```



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the address bar displaying 'localhost:50800/WebForm1.aspx'. Below the address bar, there are tabs for 'Apps', 'Random Forests Cla...', and 'Random Forest Alg...'. The main content area displays a table with four columns: 'Id', 'Name', 'Day', and 'Type'. The table contains six rows of data. Below the table, the text 'Server Version: 13.00.4001' and 'Connection was: Open Now Connection is: Closed' is displayed.

Id	Name	Day	Type
1	Potato Variation 1	Monday	Lunch
2	Chola	Tuesday	Lunch
3	Moong	Wednesday	Lunch
4	Leafy Vegetable	Thursday	Lunch
5	Chana	Friday	Lunch
6	Mixdal	Saturday	Lunch

Server Version: 13.00.4001  
Connection was: Open Now Connection is: Closed

- Connection is closed first and then exception-handling code is triggered
- It's always good to close database connections as soon as possible

# DataReader

- After command is defined
- Quickly retrieve all your results
  - Fast-forward-only read-only access

```
con.Open();
```

```
SqlDataReader rdr = cmd.ExecuteReader();
```

```
rdr.Read();
```

```

<configuration>
  <connectionStrings>
    <add name="Connection1" connectionString="Data Source=(LocalDB)\MSSQLLocalDB;
      AttachDbFilename=D:\C# Codes 2019-20\ADONET_Demo1\ADONET_Demo1\App_Data\Test.mdf;
      Integrated Security=True"/>
  </connectionStrings>
  <system.web>
    <compilation debug="true" targetFramework="4.5.2"/>
    <httpRuntime targetFramework="4.5.2"/>
  </system.web>
  <system.codedom>

```

```

<tr>
  <td>Food items for lunch:</td>
  <td>
    <asp:DropDownList ID="ddlLunch" runat="server">
    </asp:DropDownList>
  </td>
</tr>
<tr>
  <td>&nbsp;</td>
  <td>
    <asp:Button ID="btnCheck" runat="server" OnClick="btnCheck_Click"
      Text="Check the Day" />
    <asp:TextBox ID="txtDay" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
  </td>
</tr>
<tr>
  <td>
    <asp:Label ID="lblInfo" runat="server"></asp:Label>
  </td>
  <td>&nbsp;</td>
</tr>

```

```
protected void Page_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    if (!IsPostBack)
    {
        SqlConnection con = new SqlConnection();
        con.ConnectionString =
            WebConfigurationManager.ConnectionStrings["Connection1"].ConnectionString;
        try
        {
            using (con)
            {
                string command = "Select * from Food";
                SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand(command, con);
                con.Open();
                SqlDataReader rdr = cmd.ExecuteReader();
                while (rdr.Read())
                {
                    ListItem item = new ListItem();
                    item.Text = rdr["Name"].ToString();
                    ddlLunch.Items.Add(item);
                }
                rdr.Close();
            }
        }
    }
}
```

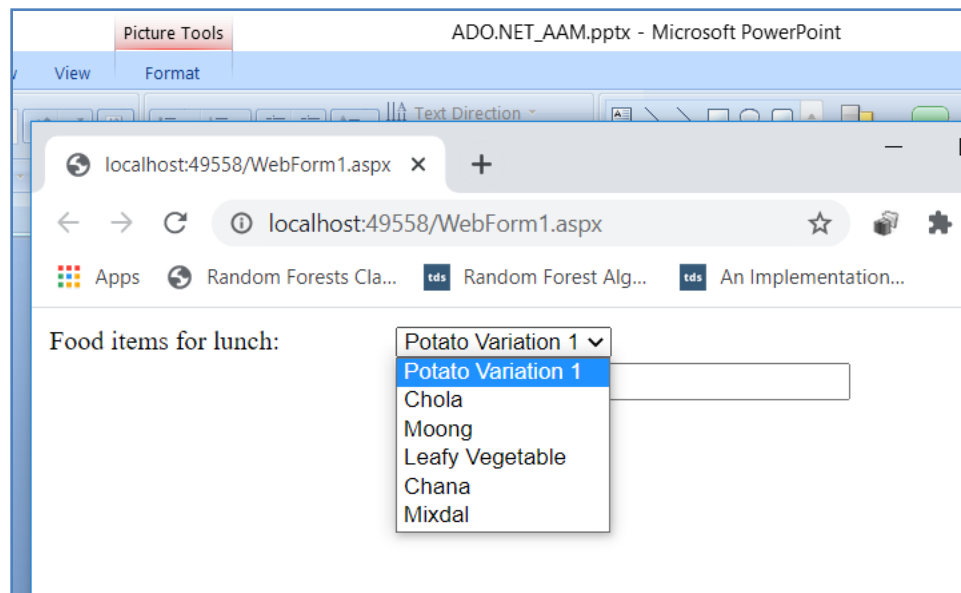
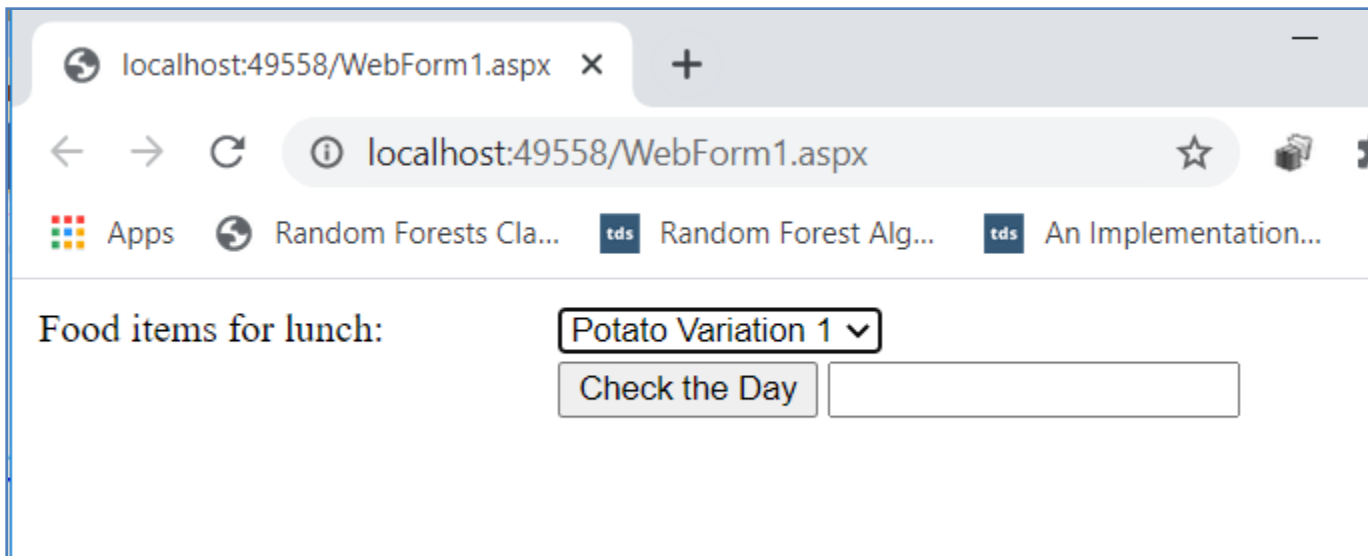
```
        catch (Exception err)
        {
            //Handle execeptions if any
            lblInfo.Text = "Error reading the datastore: ";
            lblInfo.Text += err.Message;
        }
    }
}
```



```
protected void btnCheck_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    string input = ddlLunch.SelectedItem.Text;
    SqlConnection con = new SqlConnection();
    con.ConnectionString =
        WebConfigurationManager.ConnectionStrings["Connection1"].ConnectionString;
    try
    {
        using (con)
        {
            string command = "Select Day from Food where Name='" + input + "' ";
            SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand(command, con);
            con.Open();
            SqlDataReader rdr = cmd.ExecuteReader();
            while (rdr.Read())
            {
                txtDay.Text = rdr["Day"].ToString();
            }
            rdr.Close();
        }
    }
}
```

```
catch (Exception err)
{
    //Handle execeptions if any
    lblInfo.Text = "Error reading the datastore: ";
    lblInfo.Text += err.Message;
}
}
```

```
}
```



localhost:49558/WebForm1.aspx x +

← → ↻ ⓘ localhost:49558/WebForm1.aspx ☆ 📁

🌐 Apps 🔄 Random Forests Cla... tds Random Forest Alg... tds An Implementation.

Food items for lunch:  ▼

# Application

Select Department

Select ▼

Display Faculty Count

No. of Faculty

None

Server Explorer

- Azure
- Data Connections
  - Publication.mdf
  - Test.mdf
  - University.mdf
    - Tables
      - Department
      - Views
      - Stored Procedures
      - Functions
      - Synonyms
      - Types

dbo.Department [Data]

	Id	Name	NoOfFaculty
▶	1	CE	24
	2	EC	32
	3	MH	22
*	NULL	NULL	NULL

Select Department

CE ▼

Display Faculty Count

No. of Faculty

24

# Application

Select Department

Select ▼

No. of Students

None

Display Student Count

Students Information

The screenshot shows two parts of the application. On the left is the SQL Server Enterprise Manager 'Server Explorer' window. It displays a tree view under 'Data Connections' > 'University.mdf' > 'Tables'. The 'Students' table is selected, showing its columns: SId, Name, Department, and Semester. On the right is a web application window titled 'dbo.Students [Data]'. It has a toolbar with a filter icon, a 'Max Rows' dropdown set to '1000', and a table of student data. The table has columns SId, Name, Department, and Semester. The first 11 rows contain student data, and the last row is a summary row with NULL values.

SId	Name	Department	Semester
1	Vivek	CE	3
2	Virali	CE	5
3	Nitara	CE	7
4	Laxmi	IT	3
5	Raj	IT	5
6	Anjali	IT	7
7	Manan	MH	3
8	Manthan	MH	5
9	Suraj	MH	7
10	Nikunj	EC	3
11	Jaydeep	EC	5
*	NULL	NULL	NULL

Select Department

EC ▼

No. of Students

2

Display Student Count

Students Information

SId	Name	Department	Semester
10	Nikunj	EC	3
11	Jaydeep	EC	5

# ExecuteReader()

- **ExecuteReader** gives you a data reader back which will allow you to read all of the columns of the results a row at a time.
- Return type is DataReader.
- Return value is compulsory and should be assigned to an another object DataReader.

# ExecuteNonQuery()

- ExecuteNonQuery is used to execute SQL Statement and it returns number of rows affected.
- We cannot use ExecuteNonQuery while we are expecting some data from the SQL query.
- We can use ExecuteNonQuery in INSERT, UPDATE AND DELETE queries where they are not returning any result.
- Return type is int.
- Return value is optional and can be assigned to an integer variable.

# Sample Sql Statements

```
string query = "INSERT INTO Products (Name,  
    Price, Date) VALUES(@Name, @Price,  
    @Date)";
```

```
cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@Name",  
    "USB Keyboard");
```

```
cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@Price",  
    "20");
```

```
cmd.Parameters.AddWithValue("@Date", "25  
    May 2017");
```



# Cont.

```
UPDATE Customers SET Name = @Name,  
    Country = @Country WHERE CustomerId =  
    @CustomerId
```

```
DELETE FROM Customers WHERE CustomerId =  
    @CustomerId
```

# Disconnected Data Access

- Use the DataSet to keep a copy of your data in memory
  - You need to do something time-consuming with the data
    - By dumping it into a DataSet first, you ensure that the database connection is kept open for as little time as possible.
  - You want to navigate backward and forward through your data while you're processing it.
    - This isn't possible with the DataReader, which goes in one direction only—forward.

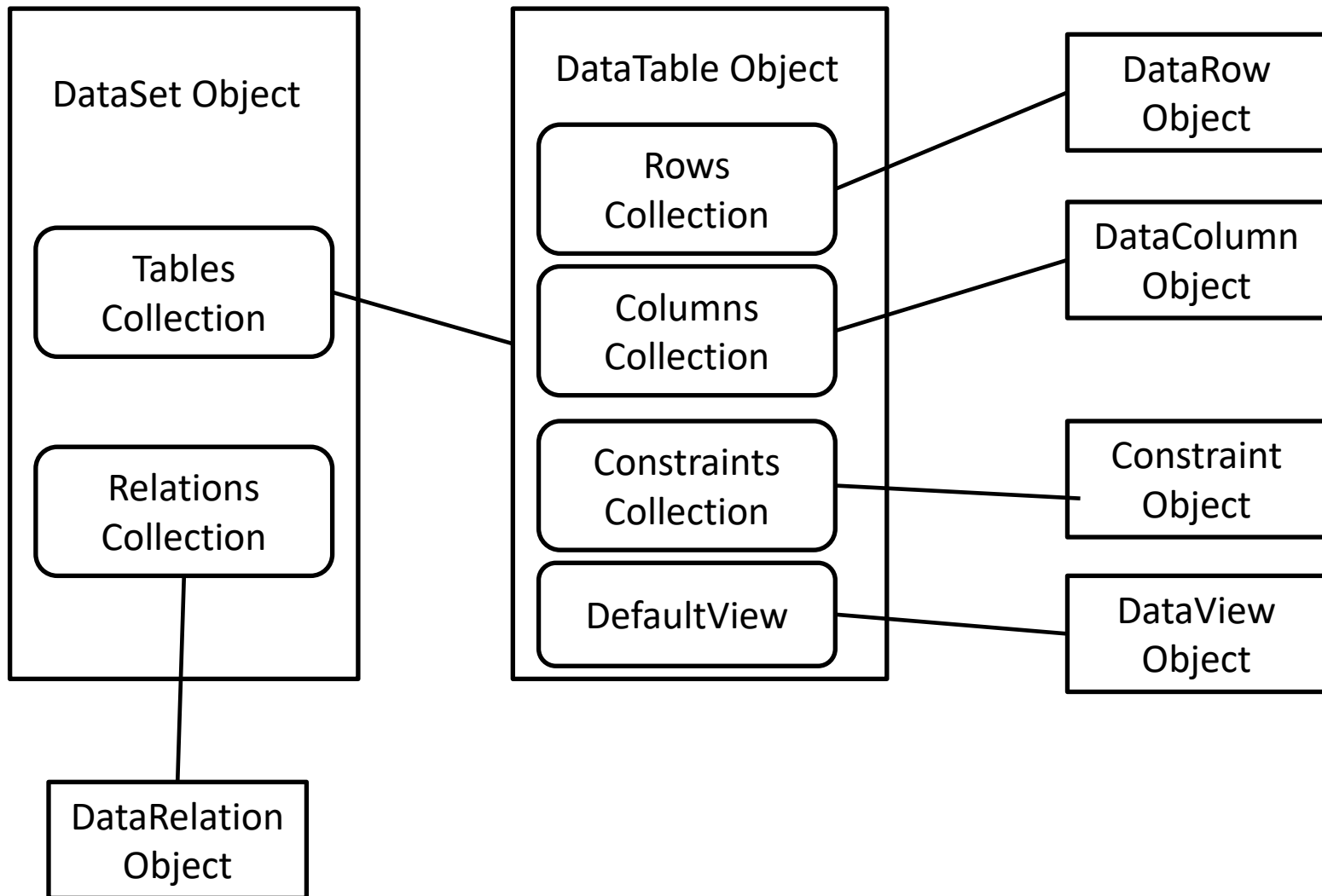
# Cont.

- You want to navigate from one table to another.
  - Using the DataSet, you can store several tables of information.
  - You can even define relationships that allow you to browse through them more efficiently.
- You want to save the data to a file for later use.
  - The DataSet includes two methods—
    - WriteXml() and ReadXml()—that allow you to dump the content to a file and convert it back to a live database object later

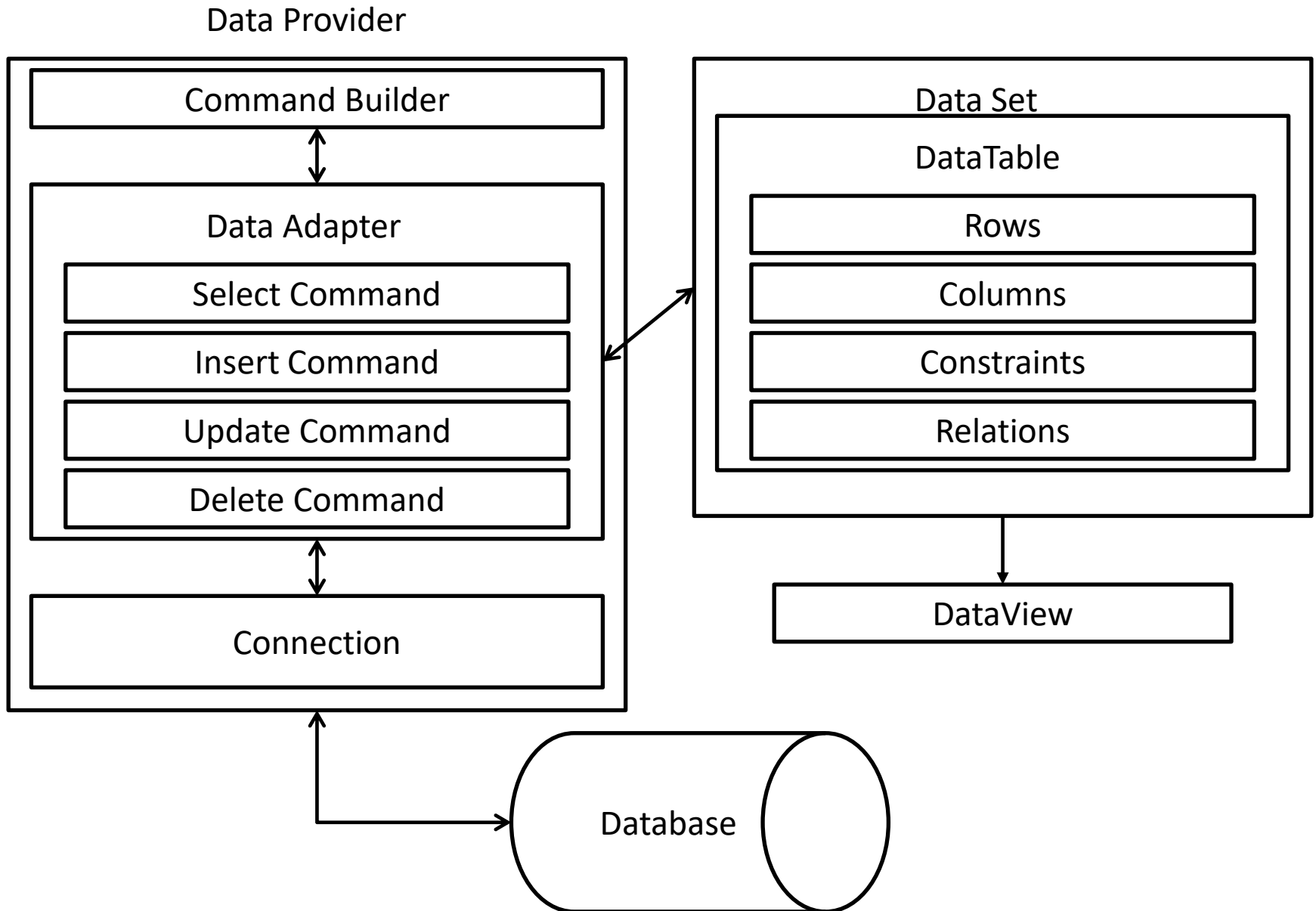
# Updating Disconnected Data

- The DataSet tracks the changes you make to the records inside.
  - This allows you to use the DataSet to update records.
  - The basic principle is simple.
    - You fill a DataSet in the normal way, modify one or more records, and then apply your update by using a DataAdapter.

# Dataset family of Objects



# Architecture



```
<configuration>
  <connectionStrings>
    <add name="Connection1" connectionString="Data Source=(LocalDB)\MSSQLLocalDB;
      AttachDbFilename=
      D:\C# Codes 2019-20\ADO_Disconnected_Class_Demo\ADO_Disconnected_Class_Demo
      \App_Data\Test.mdf;
      Integrated Security=True"/>
  </connectionStrings>
  <system.web>
    <compilation debug="true" targetFramework="4.5.2"/>
    <httpRuntime targetFramework="4.5.2"/>
  </system.web>
  <system.codedom>
    <compilers>
      <compiler language="c#;cs;csharp" extension=".cs"
        type="Microsoft.CodeDom.Providers.DotNetCompilerPlatform.CSharpCodeProvider, M
```

```
public partial class WebForm1 : System.Web.UI.Page
{
    DataSet ds;
    0 references
    protected void Page_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
        string constring = WebConfigurationManager.
            ConnectionStrings["Connection1"].ConnectionString;
        SqlConnection con = new SqlConnection(constring);
        SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand();
        cmd.Connection = con;
        cmd.CommandText = "select * from Info";
        SqlDataAdapter da = new SqlDataAdapter(cmd);
        ds = new DataSet();
        try
        {
            using (con)
            {
                con.Open();
                da.Fill(ds, "Info");
            }
        }
    }
}
```



```
        catch(Exception ex)
        {
            Console.WriteLine(ex.Message);
        }
        //GridViewDetails.DataSource = ds;
        GridViewDetails.DataSource = ds.Tables["Info"];
        GridViewDetails.DataBind();
    }
```

0 references

```
protected void btnCity_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    ddlCity.Items.Clear();
    foreach (DataRow row in ds.Tables["Info"].Rows)
    {
        ddlCity.Items.Add(row["City"].ToString());
    }
}
}
```

```
<tr>
    <td>
        <asp:GridView ID="GridViewDetails" runat="server">
            </asp:GridView>
        </td>
    <td>&nbsp;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
    <td>&nbsp;</td>
    <td>&nbsp;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
    <td>
        <asp:Button ID="btnCity" runat="server" OnClick="btnCity_Click" Text="City" />
    </td>
    <td>
        <asp:DropDownList ID="ddlCity" runat="server">
            </asp:DropDownList>
        </td>
</tr>
<tr>
```

localhost:53311/WebForm1.aspx

localhost:53311/WebForm1.aspx

Apps

<b>Id</b>	<b>Name</b>	<b>City</b>
2	Bhavi	Jetpur
3	Lakshmi	Kadi
5	Test	Nadiad
6	Jyoti	Modasa
7	Vyom	Kheda

City

▼

Apps

<b>Id</b>	<b>Name</b>	<b>City</b>
2	Bhavi	Jetpur
3	Lakshmi	Kadi
5	Test	Nadiad
6	Jyoti	Modasa
7	Vyom	Kheda

City

Jetpur ▼  
Jetpur  
Kadi  
Nadiad  
Modasa  
Kheda

Output				WebForm2.aspx.cs	Web.config	dbo.Info [Data]
				Max Rows: 1000		
	Id	Name	City			
	2	Bhavi	Jetpur			
	3	Lakshmi	Kadi			
	5	Test	Nadiad			
	6	Jyoti	Modasa			
▶	7	Vyom	Kheda			
*	NULL	NULL	NULL			

```
<tr>
  <td>
    <asp:Button ID="btnAdd" runat="server" OnClick="btnAdd_Click" Text="Add" />
    <asp:TextBox ID="txtId" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
    <asp:Button ID="btnModify" runat="server" Text="Modify"
      OnClick="btnModify_Click" />
  </td>
  <td>&nbsp;</td>
  <td>&nbsp;</td>
</tr>
```

```
<asp:Panel ID="Panel1" runat="server">
    <table class="auto-style1">
        <tr>
            <td>Name</td>
            <td>
                <asp:TextBox ID="txtName" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
            </td>
        </tr>
        <tr>
            <td>City</td>
            <td>
                <asp:TextBox ID="txtCity" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
            </td>
        </tr>
        <tr>
            <td colspan="2">
                <asp:Button ID="btnSubmit" runat="server" Text="Submit"
                    OnClick="btnSubmit_Click" />
            </td>
        </tr>
    </table>
</asp:Panel>
```

```
<asp:Panel ID="Panel2" runat="server">
    <table class="auto-style1">
        <tr>
            <td>Name:</td>
            <td>
                <asp:TextBox ID="txtName1" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
            </td>
        </tr>
        <tr>
            <td>City:</td>
            <td>
                <asp:TextBox ID="txtCity1" runat="server"></asp:TextBox>
            </td>
        </tr>
        <tr>
            <td>
                <asp:Button ID="btnUpdate" runat="server" OnClick="btnUpdate_Click" Text="Update">
                <asp:Button ID="btnDelete" runat="server" OnClick="btnDelete_Click" Text="Delete">
            </td>
            <td>
                <asp:DetailsView ID="DetailsView1" runat="server" Height="50px" Width="125px">
                </asp:DetailsView>
            </td>
        </tr>
    </table>
</asp:Panel>
```

```
public partial class WebForm2 : System.Web.UI.Page
{
    DataSet ds;
    SqlConnection con;
    SqlCommand cmd;
    SqlDataAdapter da;
    string constring;
    SqlCommandBuilder builder;
    0 references
    protected void Page_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
    {
        Panel1.Visible = false;
        Panel2.Visible = false;
    }

    3 references
    void db_init()
    {
        constring = WebConfigurationManager.
            ConnectionStrings["Connection1"].ConnectionString;
        con = new SqlConnection(constring);
        cmd = new SqlCommand();
        cmd.Connection = con;
    }
}
```



```

void db_init()
{
    constring = WebConfigurationManager.
        ConnectionStrings["Connection1"].ConnectionString;
    con = new SqlConnection(constring);
    cmd = new SqlCommand();
    cmd.Connection = con;
    cmd.CommandText = "select * from Info where Id='" + txtId.Text + "'";
    da = new SqlDataAdapter(cmd);
    ds = new DataSet();
    builder = new SqlCommandBuilder(da);
}

```

0 references

```

protected void btnAdd_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    Panel1.Visible = true;
}

```

0 references

```

protected void btnSubmit_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    string constring = WebConfigurationManager.
        ConnectionStrings["Connection1"].ConnectionString;
    SqlConnection conn = new SqlConnection(constring);
}

```

```
protected void btnSubmit_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    string constring = WebConfigurationManager.
        ConnectionStrings["Connection1"].ConnectionString;
    SqlConnection conn = new SqlConnection(constring);
    SqlCommand cmd = new SqlCommand();
    cmd.Connection = conn;
    cmd.CommandText = "select * from Info";
    SqlDataAdapter da = new SqlDataAdapter(cmd);
    ds = new DataSet();
    SqlCommandBuilder builder = new SqlCommandBuilder(da);
    conn.Open();
    da.Fill(ds, "Info");
    conn.Close();
    DataTable dt = ds.Tables["Info"];
    DataRow dr = dt.NewRow();
    dr["Name"] = txtName.Text;
    dr["City"] = txtCity.Text;
    dt.Rows.Add(dr);
    da.Update(ds, "Info");
}
```

```
protected void btnUpdate_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    db_init();
    con.Open();
    da.Fill(ds, "Info");
    con.Close();
    DataTable dt = ds.Tables["Info"];
    DataRow row = dt.Rows[0];
    row["City"] = txtCity1.Text;
    row["Name"] = txtName1.Text;
    da.Update(ds, "Info");
}
```

0 references

```
protected void btnModify_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    Panel2.Visible = true;
    db_init();
    string filter = @"id=" + txtId.Text; // If you are selecting whole table
    con.Open();
    da.Fill(ds, "Info");
    con.Close();
    DataTable dt = ds.Tables["Info"];
    DataRow row = dt.Rows[0];
    txtCity1.Text = row["City"].ToString(); // Text Box value
    txtName1.Text = row["Name"].ToString();
}
```

```
protected void btnDelete_Click(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    db_init();
    con.Open();
    da.Fill(ds, "Info");
    con.Close();
    int id = Convert.ToInt32(txtId.Text);
    DataRow rowToDelete = ds.Tables["Info"].
        AsEnumerable().FirstOrDefault(row => row.Field<int>("Id") == id);
    if (rowToDelete != null)
        rowToDelete.Delete();
    da.Update(ds, "Info");
    ds.AcceptChanges();
}
```

localhost:53311/WebForm2.aspx x +

← → ↻ ⓘ localhost:53311/WebForm2.aspx

Apps

Add  Modify

localhost:53311/WebForm2.aspx x +

← → ↻ ⓘ localhost:53311/WebForm2.aspx

Apps

Add  Modify

Name

City

Submit

localhost:53311/WebForm2.aspx x +

← → ↻ ⓘ localhost:53311/WebForm2.aspx

Apps

Add  Modify

Name

City

Submit

Output	WebForm2.aspx	WebForm2.aspx.cs	Web.config	dbo.Info [Data]
■ ↻	⚙	⚙	⚙	Max Rows: 1000
	Id	Name	City	
▶	2	Bhavi	Jetpur	
	3	Lakshmi	Kadi	
	5	Test	Nadiad	
	6	Jyoti	Modasa	
	7	Vyom	Kheda	
	15	Sur	Varanasi	
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	

localhost:53311/WebForm2.aspx x +

localhost:53311/WebForm2.aspx

Apps

Add 15 Modify

Name: Sur

City: Varanasi

Update Delete

localhost:53311/WebForm2.aspx x +

localhost:53311/WebForm2.aspx

Apps

Add 15 Modify

Name: Sur

City: Banaras

Update Delete

Max Rows: 1000			
	Id	Name	City
	2	Bhavi	Jetpur
	3	Lakshmi	Kadi
	5	Test	Nadiad
	6	Jyoti	Modasa
	7	Vyom	Kheda
	15	Sur	Banaras
*	NULL	NULL	NULL

	Id	Name	City
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	7	Vyom	Kheda
	15	Sur	Banaras
*	NULL	NULL	NULL

localhost:53311/WebForm2.aspx x +

← → ↻ ⓘ localhost:53311/WebForm2.aspx

Apps

Add 5 Modify

Name: Test

City: Nadiad

Update Delete

	Id	Name	City
	2	Bhavi	Jetpur
	3	Lakshmi	Kadi
	6	Jyoti	Modasa
	7	Vyom	Kheda
	15	Sur	Banaras
	NULL	NULL	NULL