Digit Classification based on HOG features of MNIST Dataset Om Singh

Objective

The goal of the attached Python notebook is to apply the Histogram of Oriented Gradients (HOG) feature extraction algorithm on the MNIST dataset and build a robust classification system to recognize handwritten digits. We aim to include the following:

- Experimenting with different HOG parameters (cell size, block size, orientation bins) to optimize feature representation.
- Comparing multiple common machine learning classifiers using grid search for hyperparameter tuning.
- Achieving high classification accuracy through systematic parameter optimization.

HOG Feature Extraction Methodology

- Extracted ZIP file downloaded from the provided GitHub link programmatically using Python's zipfile library.
- Loaded 28x28 grayscale images with PIL (Python Imaging Library).
- Implemented HOG using OpenCV's HOGDescriptor with the following parameters:
 - winSize: (28,28) Full image dimensions.
 - cell_size: (7,7) or (8,8) pixels were tried.
 - block_size: (14,14), (16,16) and (21,21) pixels were tried.
 - nbins: 9 orientation bins were tried.

We performed a GridSearch for the best set of parameters. We ensured that at each point of time, the relations between the various parameters are intact as per the dimensions of the input image.

• Generated HOG feature vectors for all images.

Machine Learning Model Choice

- Split data into 80% training and 20% test sets.
- Evaluated 3 popular classifiers, each optimized with grid search:
 - Support Vector Machines (SVM)
 - Logistic Regression
 - Linear Discriminant Analysis (LDA)
- Tuned hyperparameters of each of those models using 3-fold cross-validation. For an exhaustive list of the hyperparameters tested, refer to the attached Python notebook.
- Measured accuracy on test set for all combinations.
- Recorded best parameters for both HOG and classifiers.

Conclusion

On performing Grid Search through the various HOG Features and hyperparameters, the best ML model from the ones tested was found to be the Support Vector Classifier. The details of the hyperparameters which yielded this are the following:

- Accuracy of the model: **99.05**%.
- cell_size: (7, 7).
- block_size: (14,14).
- nbins: 9.
- For SVC, C: 10, gamma: scale.

References to Datasets and Libraries

- MNIST Dataset: https://github.com/teavanist/MNIST-JPG
- OpenCV HOG Documentation: https://docs.opencv.org/4.x/d5/d33/structcv_1_1HOGDescriptor.html
- Scikit-learn GridSearchCV: https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.model_selection.GridSearch

```
# Importing required libraries.
import zipfile
import os
import cv2
import numpy as np
from PIL import Image
from sklearn.model selection import train test split, GridSearchCV
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score
from sklearn.svm import SVC
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier,
AdaBoostClassifier
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.discriminant analysis import LinearDiscriminantAnalysis
from sklearn.naive bayes import GaussianNB
# Loading the MNIST dataset from the local folder.
def extract zip(zip path, extract to='Data'):
    if not os.path.exists(extract to):
        with zipfile.ZipFile(zip path, 'r') as zip ref:
            zip ref.extractall(extract to)
    return extract to
def load data(root dir):
    images, labels = [], []
    for root, dirs, files in os.walk(root dir):
        if os.path.basename(root).isdigit():
            label = int(os.path.basename(root))
            for img file in os.listdir(root):
                img path = os.path.join(root, img file)
                if os.path.isfile(img path):
                    img = Image.open(img path).convert('L')
                    image = np.array(img)
                    images.append(image)
                    labels.append(label)
    return np.array(images), np.array(labels)
# Central code employing HOG Feature extraction and using classifier
models on it.
if <u>__name__</u> == "__main ":
    zip path = "./Data.zip"
    extracted_dir = extract_zip(zip_path)
    training dir = os.path.join(extracted dir, "MNIST Dataset JPG
format", "MNIST - JPG - training")
    images, labels = load data(training dir)
    # Reduced HOG Parameter Grid
    hog params grid = [
        {'cell size': 7, 'block_size': 14, 'block_stride': 7, 'nbins':
9},
```

```
{'cell size': 8, 'block size': 16, 'block stride': 4, 'nbins':
9},
        {'cell_size': 7, 'block_size': 21, 'block_stride': 7, 'nbins':
9}
    ]
    # Faster Classifiers with Simplified Grids
    classifiers = [
        ('SVM', SVC(), {'C': [1, 10], 'gamma': ['scale']}), # Reduced
options
        ('Logistic Regression', LogisticRegression(max iter=1000),
{'C': [0.1, 1]}),
        ('LDA', LinearDiscriminantAnalysis(), {'solver': ['svd']}),
    best overall = {'accuracy': 0}
    for hog params in hog params grid:
        print(f"\n=== Testing HOG Params: {hog params} ===")
        # HOG initialization (same as before)
        cell_size = (hog_params['cell_size'], hog_params['cell_size'])
        block size = (hog params['block size'],
hog params['block size'])
        block stride = (hog params['block stride'],
hog params['block stride'])
        nbins = hog params['nbins']
        hog = cv2.HOGDescriptor(
            (28, 28), block size, block stride, cell size, nbins
        # Compute HOG features (optimized)
        X = np.array([hog.compute(img).flatten() for img in images])
        y = labels
        # Split data
        X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y,
test size=0.2, random state=42)
        # Fast classifier tuning
        for clf name, clf, param grid in classifiers:
            grid = GridSearchCV(\overline{clf}, param grid, cv=3, n jobs=-1)
            grid.fit(X train, y train)
            best_acc = accuracy_score(y_test,
grid.best estimator .predict(X test))
            print(f"{clf name}: {best acc:.4f} (Params:
{grid.best params })")
```

```
if best acc > best overall['accuracy']:
                best overall = {
                    'accuracy': best acc,
                    'hog params': hog params,
                    'clf name': clf name,
                    'clf params': grid.best params
                }
    print("\n=== Final Best ===")
    print(f"Accuracy: {best overall['accuracy']:.4f}")
    print(f"HOG Config: {best overall['hog params']}")
    print(f"Best Model: {best overall['clf name']}")
    print(f"Model Params: {best overall['clf params']}")
=== Testing HOG Params: {'cell size': 7, 'block size': 14,
'block stride': 7, 'nbins': 9} ===
SVM: 0.9905 (Params: {'C': 10, 'gamma': 'scale'})
Logistic Regression: 0.9822 (Params: {'C': 1})
LDA: 0.9735 (Params: {'solver': 'svd'})
=== Testing HOG Params: {'cell size': 8, 'block_size': 16,
'block stride': 4, 'nbins': 9} ===
SVM: 0.9902 (Params: {'C': 10, 'gamma': 'scale'})
Logistic Regression: 0.9815 (Params: {'C': 1})
LDA: 0.9744 (Params: {'solver': 'svd'})
=== Testing HOG Params: {'cell size': 7, 'block_size': 21,
'block stride': 7, 'nbins': 9} ===
SVM: 0.9904 (Params: {'C': 10, 'gamma': 'scale'})
Logistic Regression: 0.9792 (Params: {'C': 1})
LDA: 0.9711 (Params: {'solver': 'svd'})
=== Final Best ===
Accuracy: 0.9905
HOG Config: {'cell size': 7, 'block size': 14, 'block stride': 7,
'nbins': 9}
Best Model: SVM
Model Params: {'C': 10, 'gamma': 'scale'}
```