

Time series decomposition using dynamic factor model

Application to black hole X-ray light curves with NICER

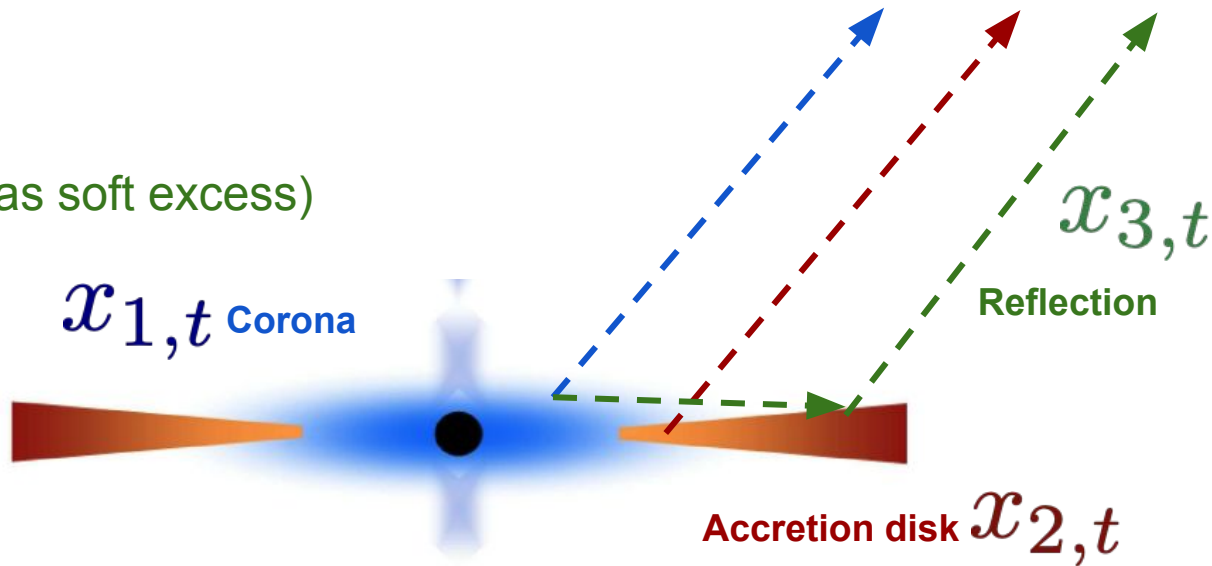
Tomoki Omama

(the Graduate University for Advanced Studies, Japan / ISAS JAXA)

Components of Black Hole Binary

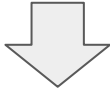
Black Hole Binary (BHB)

- Accretion disk
- Corona
- Reflection (known as soft excess)

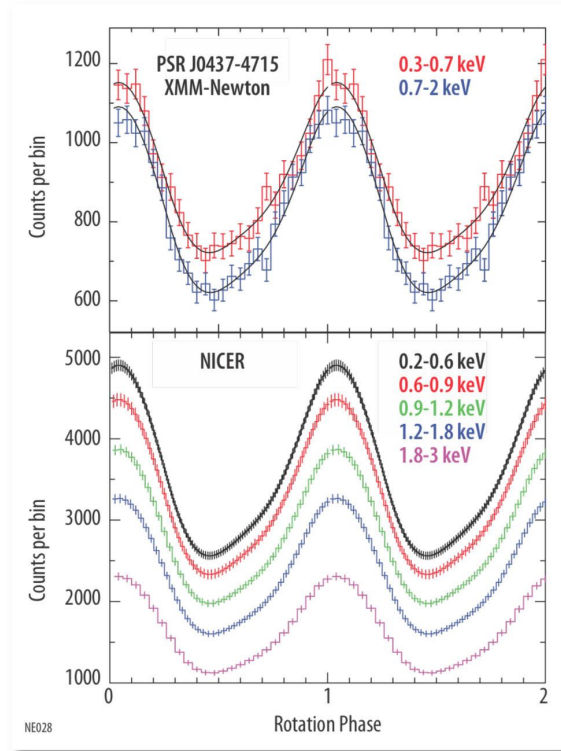


High Statistics Observation with NICER

Previous
(XMM)



NICER



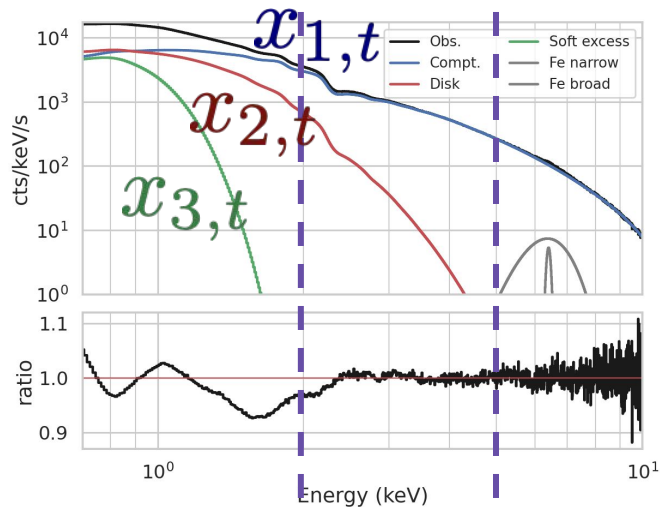
NICER

- Installed on the ISS in 2017
- Large effective area + high time resolution
→ observation with high statistics

Multivariate
time series modeling

Energy Spectrum and dynamic factor model

BHB nove MAXI J1820+070



$$\mathbf{y}_t = \mathbf{A} \mathbf{x}_t$$

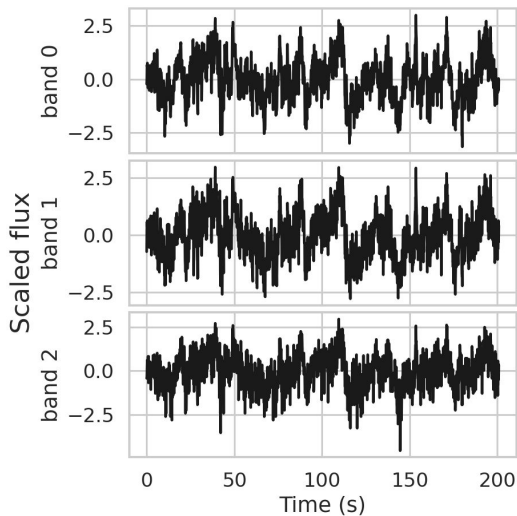
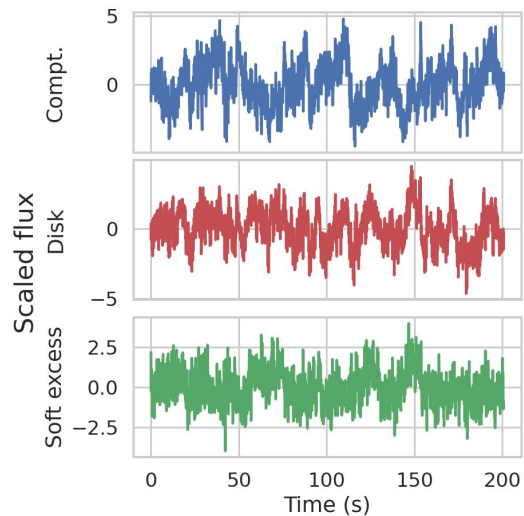
$$\begin{bmatrix} y_{1,t} \\ y_{2,t} \\ y_{3,t} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a_{1,1} & a_{1,2} & a_{1,3} \\ a_{2,1} & a_{2,2} & 0 \\ a_{3,1} & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_{1,t} \\ x_{2,t} \\ x_{3,t} \end{bmatrix}$$

Dynamic factor model (observation)

→ Infer in the state space model

$$\mathbf{y}_t = (y_{1,t} \ y_{2,t} \ y_{3,t})^T$$

Decomposed Factor Curves

 y_t  x_t 

My poster explains

- detailed model setting
- spectral property