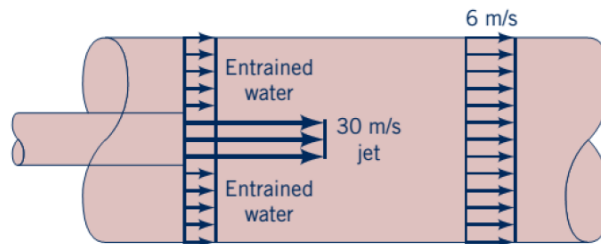


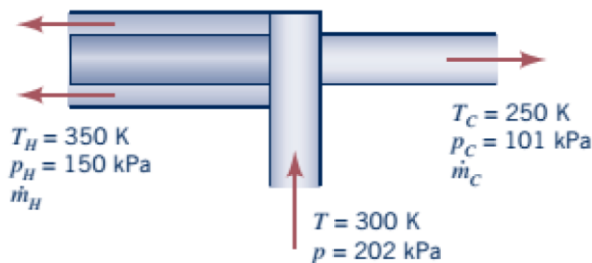
Mechanical, Automotive and Materials Engineering  
Fluid Mechanics I  
MECH3233-F23  
**Assignment Problems Set #5**

**Due: Wednesday, October 25, 2023, at 11:59 p.m.**

**Problem 1 (3 points):** A water jet pump (see the figure below) involves a jet cross-sectional area of  $0.01 \text{ m}^2$ , and a jet velocity of  $30 \text{ m/s}$ . The jet is surrounded by entrained water. The total cross-sectional area associated with the jet and entrained streams is  $0.075 \text{ m}^2$ . These two fluid streams leave the pump thoroughly mixed with an average velocity of  $6 \text{ m/s}$  through a cross-sectional area of  $0.075 \text{ m}^2$ . Determine the pumping rate (i.e., the entrained fluid flowrate) involved.

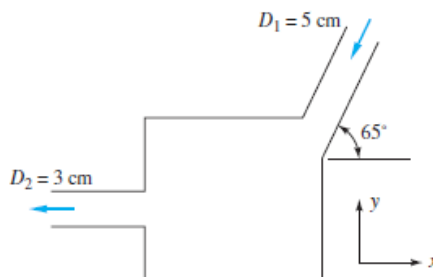


**Problem 2 (3 points):** In the vortex tube shown below, air enters at  $202 \text{ kPa}$  absolute and  $300 \text{ K}$ . Hot air leaves at  $150 \text{ kPa}$  absolute and  $350 \text{ K}$ , whereas cold air leaves at  $101 \text{ kPa}$  absolute and  $250 \text{ K}$ . The hot air mass flow rate,  $\dot{m}_H$ , equals the cold air mass flow rate,  $\dot{m}_C$ . Find the ratio of the hot air exit area to cold air exit area for equal exit velocities.



Hint: Assume the air is an ideal gas.

**Problem 3 (4 points):** Water at  $20^\circ\text{C}$  flows steadily through the mixing chamber shown below entering station (1) at  $2 \text{ m/s}$ . Calculate the (a) horizontal; and (b) vertical forces required to hold the box stationary against the flow momentum.



**Problem 4 (5 points):** Water at  $20^\circ\text{C}$  flows through the elbow (see figure below) and exits to the atmosphere. The pipe diameter is  $D_1 = 10$  cm, while  $D_2 = 3$  cm. At a weight flow rate of  $150$  N/s, the pressure  $p_1 = 2.3$  atm (gage). Neglecting the weight of water and elbow, estimate the force on the flange bolts at section 1.

