1. The probability of a leap year selected at random contain 53					
Sunday is:					
(a) 53/ 366 (b) 1/7 (c) <mark>2/7</mark> (d) 53/365					
2. A bag contains 3 red and 2 blue marbles. A marble is drawn at					
random. The probability of drawing a black ball is:					
(a) 3/5 (b) 2/5 (c <mark>) 0/5</mark> (d) 1/5					
3. The probability that it will rain tomorrow is 0.85. What is the					
probability that it will not rain tomorrow					
(a) 0.25 (b) 0.145 (c) 3/20 (d) none of these 4. Wha					
is the probability that a number selected from the numbers (1,					
2, 3,,15) is a multiple of 4?					
(a <mark>) 1/5</mark> (b) 4/5 (c) 2/15 (d) 1/3					
5. What are the total outcomes when we throw three coins?					
(a) 4 (b) 5 (c <mark>) 8</mark> (d) 7					
6. The probability that a prime number selected at random from the					
numbers (1,2,3,35) is :					
(a) 12/35 (b) 11/35 (c) 13/35 (d) none of these 7. The					
sum of the probability of an event and non event is:					
(a) 2 (b) <mark>1</mark> (c) 0 (d) none of these.					
8. The following probabilities are given; choose the correct answer for					
that which is not possible.					
(a) 0.15 (b) 2/7 (c) 7/5 (d) none of these. 9. If					
three coins are tossed simultaneously, than the probability of getting at					
least two heads, is:					
(a) 1/4 (b) 3/8 (c) (d) 1/8					
10. A letter is chosen at random from the letters of the word					
ASSASSINATION. The probability that the letter chosen has:					
(a) 6/13 (b) 7/13 (c) 1 (d) none of these.					
11 A dies is the same Find the machelite of setting an area werehore					
11. A dice is thrown. Find the probability of getting an even number.					
(A) 2/3 (B) 1 (C) 5/6 (D) 1/2					
12. Two coins are thrown at the same time. Find the probability of getting					
both heads					
(A) 3/4 (B) 1/4 (C) 1/2 (D) 0					

(A) 1/10	(B) 3/10	(C <mark>) 1</mark>	<mark>/9</mark>	(D) 4/9		
14. 100 cards are numbered from 1 to 100. Find the probability of getting a prime number.						
•	(B) 27/50	(C <mark>) 1/</mark>	4	(D) 29/100		
15. A bag contains 5 red balls and some blue balls .If the probability of drawing a blue ball is double that of a red ball, then the number of blue balls in a bag is: (A) 5 (B) 10 (C) 15 (D) 20						
			` ,			
16. A box of 600 bulbs contains 12 defective bulbs. One bulb is taken out at random from this box. Then the probability that it is non-defective bulb is:						
(A) 143/15	O (B) 147	7/150	(C) 1/25	(D) 1/50		
17. Cards marked with numbers 2 to 101 are placed in a box and mixed thoroughly. One card is drawn from this box randomly, then the probability that the number on card is a perfect square. (A) 9/100 (B) 1/10 (C) 3/10 (D) 19/100						
18. What is the probability of getting 53 Mondays in a leap year? (A) 1/7 (B) 53/366 (C) 2/7 (D) 7/366						
 19. A card is drawn from a well shuffled deck of 52 cards. Find the probability of getting a king of red suit. (A) 1/26 (B) 3/26 (C) 7/52 (D) 1/13 						
20. A game of chance consists of spinning an arrow which is equally likely to come to rest pointing to one of the number 1,2,312, then the probability that it will point to an odd number is:						
• •	•) 5/12(No right answer)		
21. A game consists of tossing a one rupee coin 3 times and noting its outcome each time. Arvan wins if all the tosses give the same result i.e.						

13. Two dice are thrown simultaneously. The probability of getting a sum

of 9 is:

Aryan will	lose the	game.					
(A) <mark>3/4</mark>	(B) 1/2	(C) 1	(D) 1/4				
22. Riya ar	22. Riya and Kajal are friends. Probability that both will have the same						
		ne birthday i					
-		(B) 31/365		5 <mark>5</mark>	(D) 1/133	225	
2. Then the	e probal	chosen at ra bility that x ² (C) <mark>3/5</mark>	< 2 is?	the num	ıbers -2, -1,	0,1,	
marble is 2 <mark>/</mark> 3,	e is drav	24 marbles. vn at randon e number of	n from the	jar, the p	robability th	nat it is red	
Then the p	robabili	elected at ra ity that it is a (C) 1/25	a multiple o			bers.	
26. Consider a dice with the property that that probability of a face with n dots showing up is proportional to n. The probability of face showing 4 dots is?							
1		5		1	4		
a) 7	b)	42	c)	21	d) 21		
27. Runs scored by batsman in 5 one day matches are 50, 70, 82, 93, and 20. The standard deviation is							
a) <mark>25.79</mark>	b) 2	25.49	c) 25.29	C	d) 25.69		
28. Find median and mode of the messages received on 9 consecutive days 15, 11, 9, 5, 18, 4, 18, 13, 17.							
a) 13, 15	b)	13, 18	c) 18, 1	.5	d) 1	3, 16	
29. A coin is tossed up 4 times. The probability that tails turn up in 3 cases is					up in 3 cases		

three heads or three tails and loses otherwise. Then the probability that

a) $^{1}/^{2}$	b) $^{1}/_{3}$		c) 1/4	d) $^1/6$)
30. X is a v	ariate between	0 and 3. Th	e value of E(X²) i	s	
a) 8	b) 7	c) 27	d) <mark>9</mark>		
31.The ran	dom variables)	K and Y hav	e variances 0.2 a	nd 0.5 respectively.	
Let Z= 5X-2	2Y. The variance	of Z is?	_		
a) 3	b) 4	c) 5	d) <mark>7</mark>		
	_		h one is not poss	ible in probability?	
	b) ∑ x P				
c) $P(x) = 0.5$	5 d) <mark>P(x)</mark>	= -0.5			
33.If E(x) =	= 2 and E(z) = 4,	then E(z –)	() =?		
a) <mark>2</mark>		_	d) Insu	fficient data	
34.The cov	ariance of two	independer	nt random variab	le is	
a) 1	b) <mark>0</mark>	c) – 1	d) Und	efined	
35.If Σ P(x)) = k ² – 8 then, t	he value of	k is?		
a) 0	b) 1	c) <mark>3</mark>	d) Insu	ufficient data	
36.If P(x) =	0.5 and x = 4, t	hen E(x) = ?	_		
a) 1	b) 0.5	c) 4	d) <mark>2</mark>		
37.In a disc	crete probabilit	v distributio	on, the sum of al	l probabilities is	
always?		,	,		
-	b) Infinite	c) <mark>1</mark>	d) Und	efined	
		_			
				nean and variance.	
a) <mark>0.4, 0.24</mark>	b) 0.6, (0.24	c) 0.4, 0.16	d) 0.6, 0.16	
39 If the n	rohahility that	a homb dro	pped from a plac	re will strike the	
			pped, find mean		
_		•	.4, 0.16		
<i>u, c.c, c.</i>	~ / <mark>- / - / - /</mark>	, ,,,	,	o., .,	
40. Find th	e mean of tossi	ng 8 coins.			
a) 2	b) <mark>4</mark>	c) 8	d) 1		
41. What i	is the mean and	l variance fo	or standard norm	nal distribution?	
	O and war			-o io 0	
a) <mark>iviean is</mark>	u and variance i	siviea 💶	n is 1 and varian	ce is u	

c) Mean is 0 and variance is ∞ d) Mean is ∞ and variance is 0						
42. Variance of a random variable X is given by a) $E(X)$ b) $E(X2)$ c) $E(X2) - (E(X))2$ d) $E(X)$						
	of a random v b) E(X2)		_		d) (E(X))2	
44.Mean of a constant 'a' is a) 0						
· -	b) a e mean and v		•		d) 1	
Х	0	1	2	3	4	
f(x)	1/9	2/9	3/9	2/9	1/9	
a) 2, 4/3 b) 3, 4/3 c) 2, 2/3 d) 3, 2/3 47. Find the expectation of a random variable X?						
x	0 1	2 3				
f(x)	1/6 2/6	2/6 1/6				
a) 0.5 b) 1.5 c) 2.5 d) 3.5 48. In a Binomial Distribution, if p, q and n are probability of success, failure and number of trials respectively then variance is given by						
a) np b) npq c) np2q d) npq2						

49. If 'X' is a random variable, taking values 'x', probability of success and failure being 'p' and 'q' respectively and 'n' trials being conducted, then what is the probability that 'X' takes values 'x'? Use Binomial Distribution

a) P(X = x) = nCx px qx

- b) P(X = x) = nCx px q(n-x)
- c) P(X = x) = xCn qx p(n-x)
- d) P(x = x) = xCn pn qx

50. If 'p', 'q' and 'n' are probability pf success, failure and number of trials respectively in a Binomial Distribution, what is its Standard Deviation?

- a) \sqrt{np} b) \sqrt{pq} c) (np)2 d) \sqrt{npq}