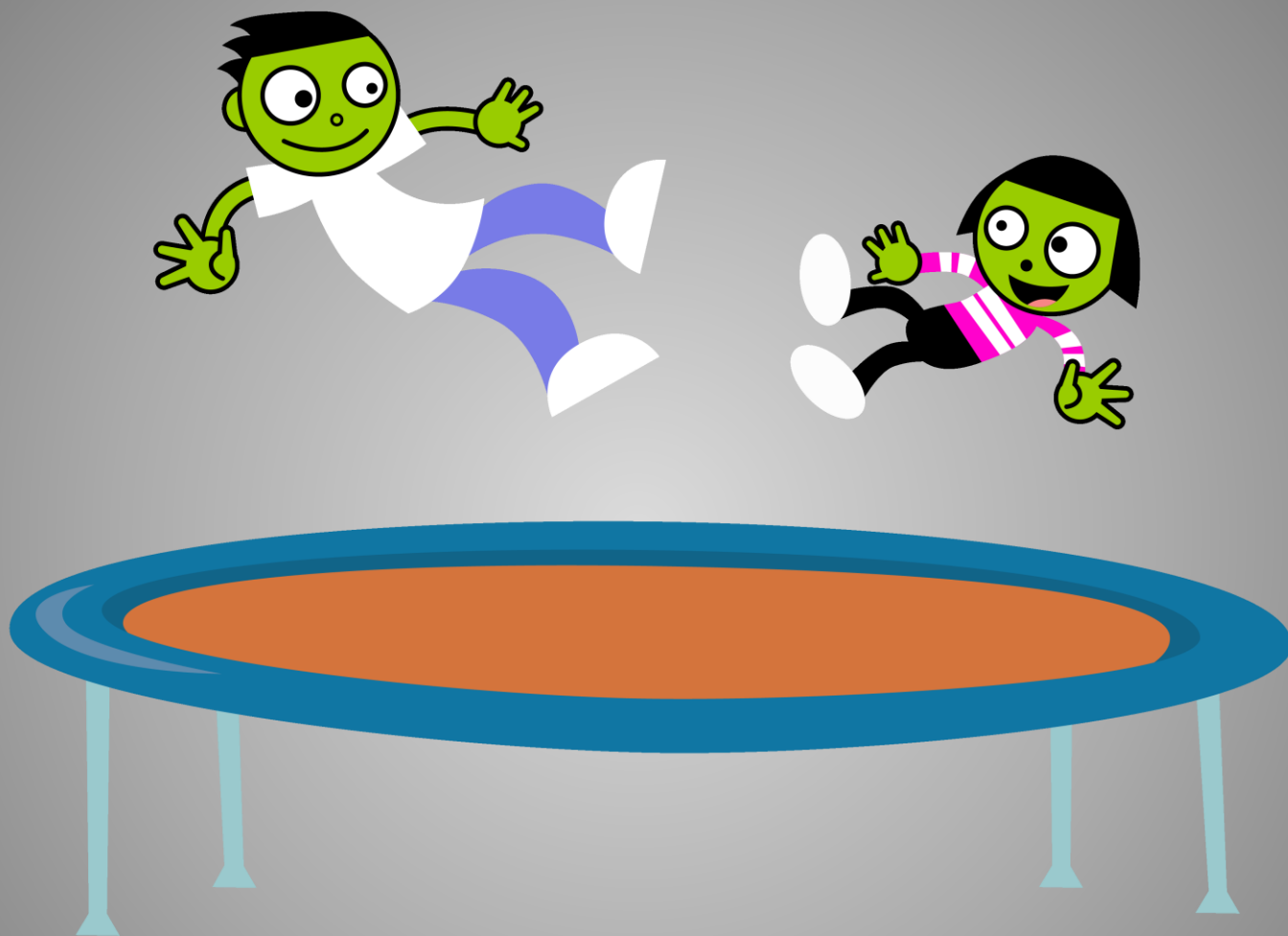


CPS – Trampolining



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A common theme in this class



- Problem

- The CPS style interpreter has its problems
 - ✦ The control context keeps on growing
 - ✦ Each procedure application adds to the control context
 - ✦ This happens even with tail calls (our calls are tail calls)

- Solution

- Break the chain
- Every once in a while, return something even if the computation is not over yet
- Trampolining
- More specifically
 - ✦ Return a 0 argument procedure that when called continues the computation

The new `apply-procedure/k`



- We return with each procedure application

```
(define apply-procedure/k
  (lambda (proc1 val cont)
    (lambda ()
      (cases procedure proc1
        (... (value-of/k ...))))))
```

- The body of the procedure should be evaluated at the appropriate point

```
trampoline : Bounce → FinalAnswer
(define trampoline
  (lambda (bounce)
    (if (expval? bounce)
        bounce
        (trampoline (bounce)))))
```

The procedural representation of trampolining



- Value of program

```
value-of-program : Program → FinalAnswer
(define value-of-program
  (lambda (pgm)
    (cases program pgm
      (a-program (exp)
        (trampoline
          (value-of/k exp (init-env) (end-cont)))))))
```

The tail calls in the procedural representation



```
value-of-program : Program → FinalAnswer
(define value-of-program
  (lambda (pgm)
    (cases program pgm
      (a-program (exp)
        (trampoline
          (value-of/k exp (init-env) (end-cont))))))))
```

```
trampoline : Bounce → FinalAnswer
(define trampoline
  (lambda (bounce)
    (if (expval? bounce)
        bounce
        (trampoline (bounce)))))
```

```
value-of/k : Exp × Env × Cont → Bounce
(define value-of/k
  (lambda (exp env cont)
    (cases expression exp
      (... (value-of/k ...))
      (... (apply-cont ...))))))
```

```
apply-cont : Cont × ExpVal → Bounce
(define apply-cont
  (lambda (cont val)
    (cases continuation cont
      (... val)
      (... (value-of/k ...))
      (... (apply-cont ...))
      (... (apply-procedure/k ...))))))
```

```
apply-procedure/k : Proc × ExpVal × Cont → Bounce
(define apply-procedure/k
  (lambda (proc1 val cont)
    (lambda ()
      (cases procedure proc1
        (... (value-of/k ...))))))
```

The tail calls in the procedural representation



- **The Bounce set**

$Bounce = ExpVal \cup (() \rightarrow Bounce)$

$value-of-program : Program \rightarrow FinalAnswer$

$trampoline : Bounce \rightarrow FinalAnswer$

$value-of/k : Exp \times Env \times Cont \rightarrow Bounce$

$apply-cont : Cont \times ExpVal \rightarrow Bounce$

$apply-procedure/k : Proc \times ExpVal \times Cont \rightarrow Bounce$

$trampoline : Bounce \rightarrow FinalAnswer$

```
(define trampoline
  (lambda (bounce)
    (if (expval? bounce)
        bounce
        (trampoline (bounce))))))
```

$value-of/k : Exp \times Env \times Cont \rightarrow Bounce$

```
(define value-of/k
  (lambda (exp env cont)
    (cases expression exp
      (... (value-of/k ...))
      (... (apply-cont ...))))))
```

$apply-cont : Cont \times ExpVal \rightarrow Bounce$

```
(define apply-cont
  (lambda (cont val)
    (cases continuation cont
      (... val)
      (... (value-of/k ...))
      (... (apply-cont ...))
      (... (apply-procedure/k ...))))))
```

$apply-procedure/k : Proc \times ExpVal \times Cont \rightarrow Bounce$

```
(define apply-procedure/k
  (lambda (proc1 val cont)
    (lambda ()
      (cases procedure proc1
        (... (value-of/k ...))))))
```