UE Machine Learning: Supervised Techniques

Exercise 2 Report

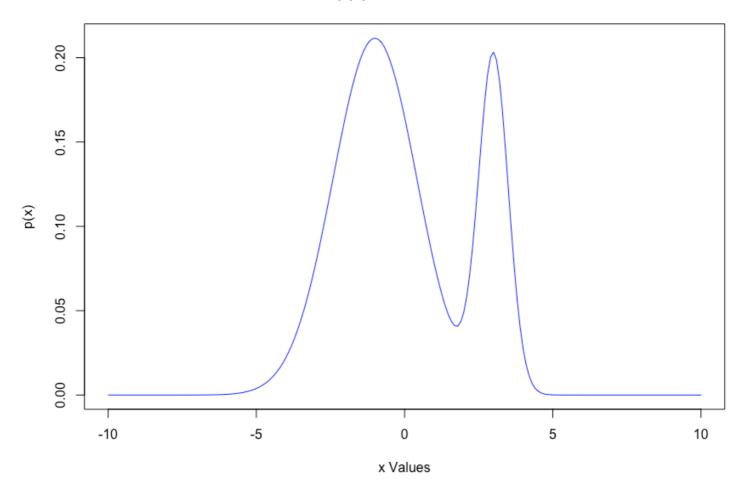
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Marginal Distribution Visualization:

P(x) is the density of a value x as input regardless of the target value. The following figure shows that the input density is maximum around the values x=-1 and x=3 (Approximately).





Conditional Distribution Visualization:

Conditional distribution is the density of input values for a specific target value. The graph below shows that for y=-1, the density of the input x is concentrated for the following intervals $\{x < 2 \text{ or } x > 5\}$. On the other hand, the density for x where y=1 is concentrated in values between 2 and 5.

The graph below shows that input values that belong to the same class are close to each other. For example, most values between -10:2 and 5:10 belong to y=-1, and the other way around. This means that K-Nearest Neighbor Classification can be used here to classify a new input based on the majority of neighbors surrounding it.

Illustration:

An unknown input value x = 4 will be surrounded by other points between 2 and 5 that belong to the y=+1 class. Also, an input point x = -7 will have more close neighbors from the y=-1 class than y=+1 class, which means it will be classified as -1 class.

p(y=-1|x) vs. p(y=+1|x)

