Traffic Light Control
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SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

The application that works is a traffic light, allowing pedestrians to press a specific button to cross the road whenever they want.

There are two modes:

- 1. The normal mode of the traffic light, which is the transition between the green, yellow and red lights every 5 seconds.
- 2. Pedestrian mode, which allows pedestrians to cross the road when the traffic light for cars is red

If the traffic lights were red, nothing would happen.

If the car signal was yellow, nothing would happen.

If the car signal was green, the signal would turn yellow for 5 seconds, then it would turn red so that pedestrians could cross.

SYSTEM DESIGN

My system is based on Atmega32 micro-controller and contains

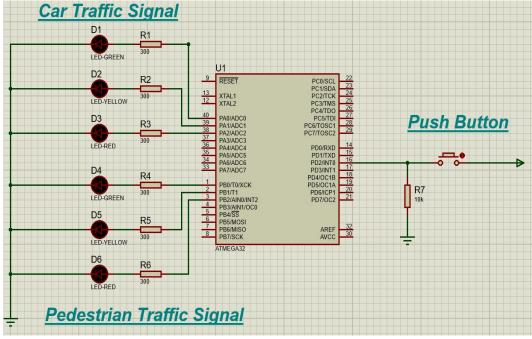
3 Leds for each signal:

Green, Yellow, Red → connected on Port_A on pins 0,1,2 respectively.

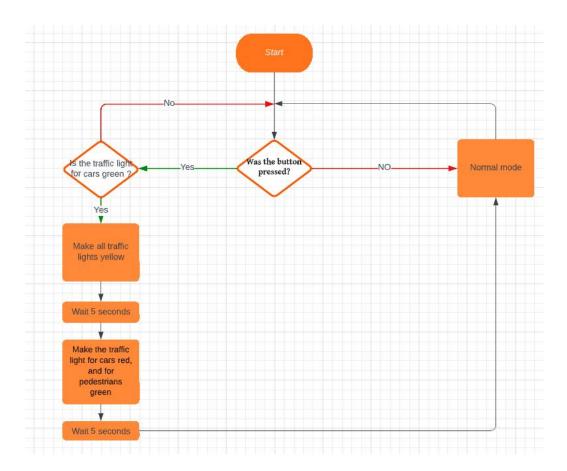
3 Leds for the pedestrian's signal:

Green, Yellow, Red \rightarrow connected on Port B on pins 0,1,2 respectively.

One push button \rightarrow connected on Port_D on pin 2.



❖ SYSTEM FLOW CHART

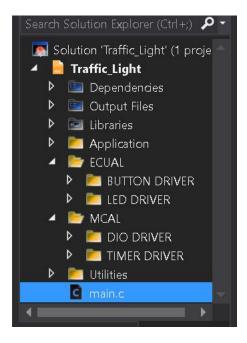


SYSTEM FLOW CONSTRAINTS

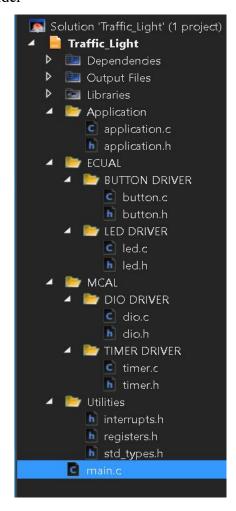
- 1. Pressing twice on the button will make it respond only to the first press.
- 2. Long pressing the button will not make it respond to anything.
- 3. Pressing the button when the traffic lights are red or yellow will not make it respond to anything.

❖ <u>DEVELOPMENT ENVIRONMENT PREPARATION</u>

Layer Folder



.c and .h file for each folder



MCAL(DIO.h)

```
| * Created: 09/13/2022 09:03:11 | * Created: 09/13/2022 09:03:11
```

MCAL(TIMER.h)

```
/* All Timers Function Prototypes */

/* Name: TIMER @ Initialization

* Function: it takes 1 input and return void (error handling)

/* void TIMER@_initial(uint8_t timer_Mode);

/* Name: TIMER @ Start

* Function: it takes 2 inputs and return void (error handling)

void TIMER@_start(uint8_t timer_Prescaller, uint8_t initial_Value);

/* void TIMER@_stap(void);

/* Void TIMER@_stap(void);

/* Void TIMER@_dalay(uint8_t timer_Prescaller, uint8_t initial_Value, uint32_t Number_Of_OverFlows);

/* Void TIMER@_dalay(uint8_t timer_Prescaller, uint8_t initial_Value, uint32_t Number_Of_OverFlows);

/* Void TIMER@_initial(uint8_t timer_Prescaller, uint8_t initial_Value, uint32_t Number_Of_OverFlows);

/* Void TIMER@_initial(uint8_t timer_Mode);

/* Void TIMERQ_initial(uint8_t timer_Mode);

/* Void TIMERQ_start(uint8_t timer_Prescaller, uint8_t initial_Value);

/* Void TIMERQ_start(uint8_t timer_Prescaller, uint8_t initial_Value);
```

MCAL Implementation: https://youtu.be/5Z pM7CqMUo

ECUAL(LED.h)

ECUAL(BUTTONON.h)

```
# button.h

" Created: 09/12/2022 09:02:22  
" Author: omarh

" Author: om
```

ECUAL Implementation: https://youtu.be/S9-Dg3IFqI8

TESTING THE APPLICATION

Application and User Story 1: Passed

 $\underline{https://youtu.be/anBQHPeh29w}$

User Story 2 and 3: Passed

https://youtu.be/qTC6rP9i9VI

User Story 4 and 5: Passed

https://youtu.be/5AuAzmOzNAk

CONCLUSION

The traffic light was created successfully, the functions we needed were tested, and all the required stories were passed