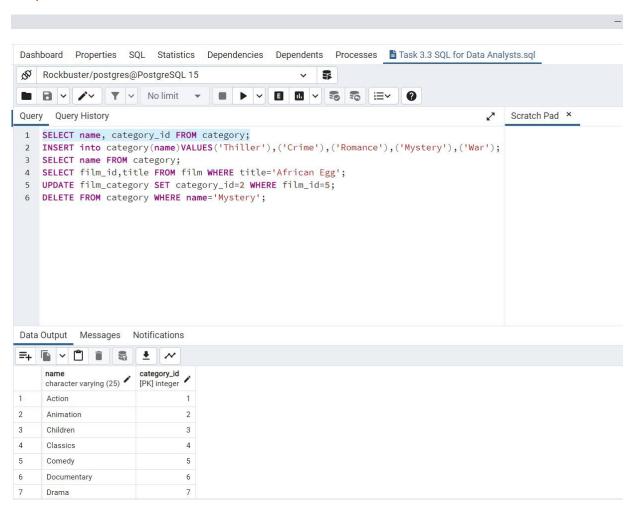
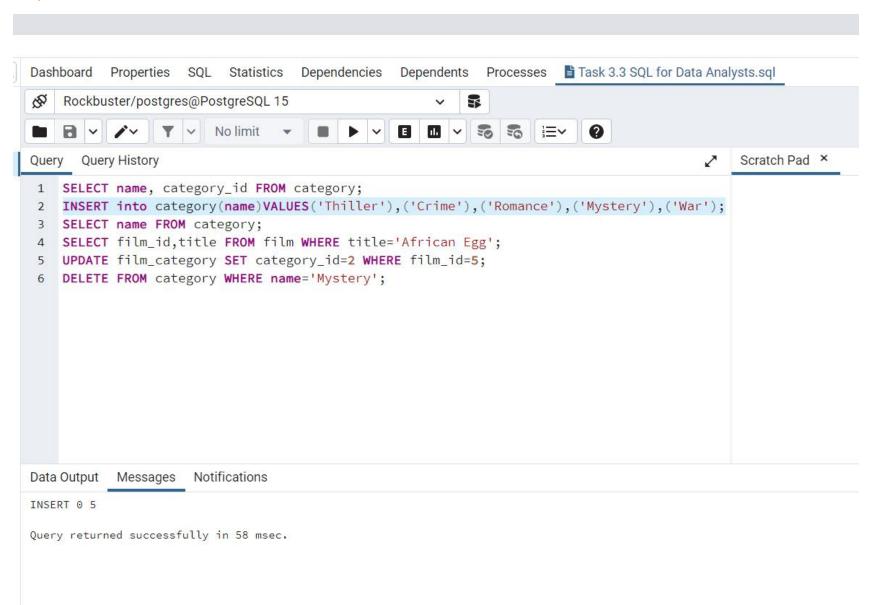
SQL for Data Analyst

Step 1



Step 2:



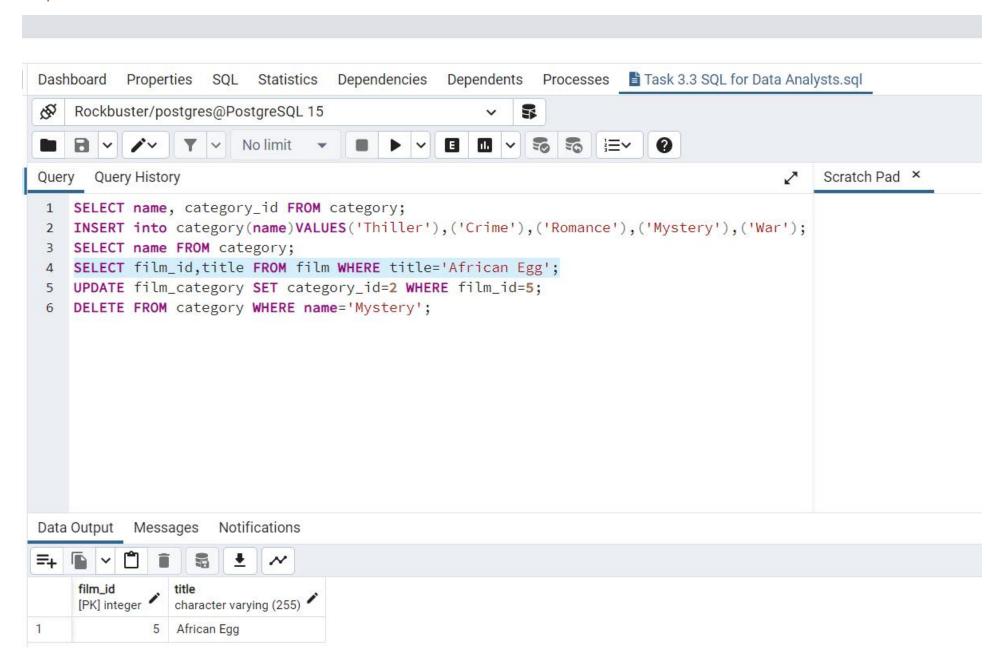
```
CREATE TABLE category
(
   category_id integer NOT NULL DEFAULT nextval('category_category_id_seq'::regclass),
   name text COLLATE pg_catalog."default" NOT NULL,
   last_update timestamp with time zone NOT NULL DEFAULT now(),
   CONSTRAINT category_pkey PRIMARY KEY (category_id)
);
```

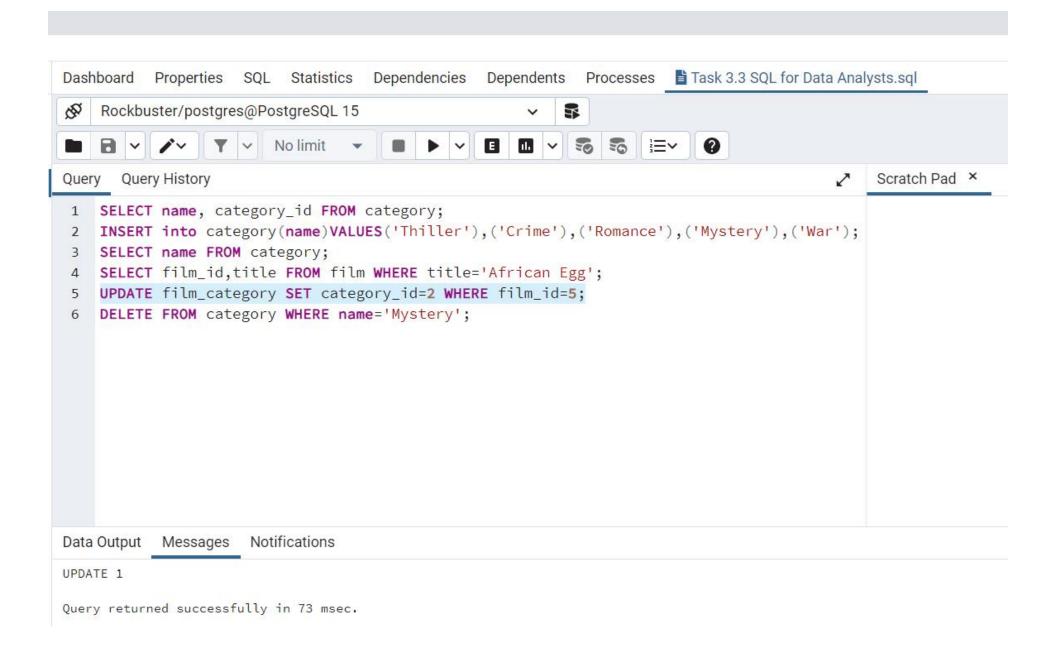
'NOT NULL' restriction prevents an empty or missing entry in the 'category_id' column.

'PRIMARY KEY' It makes the values in the 'category_id' column primary keys, meaning they are unique identifiers.

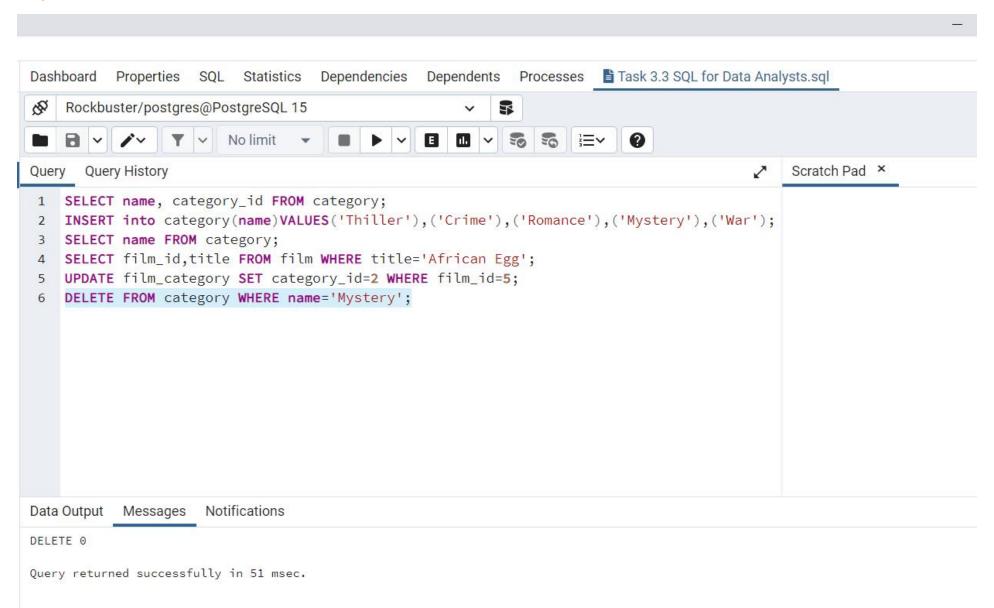
'DEFAULT' It ensures that there will never be a mistake by entering a default value when no other value is available.

Step 3:





Step 4:



Step 5:

Still the beginning, excel is clear in terms of functions and orders with limit commands while SQL need more practice and learn a lot of commands