Biplot

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JUT -	BIPLOT

Para la realización del ejercicio se hara uso de las siguientes librerías:

Reconocimiento de la matriz de datos

```
ruta = "Vinos.xlsx"
BD<-as.data.frame(read_excel(ruta))[,-1]</pre>
```

Exploracion de matriz

```
dim(BD)

## [1] 45 21

str(BD)
```

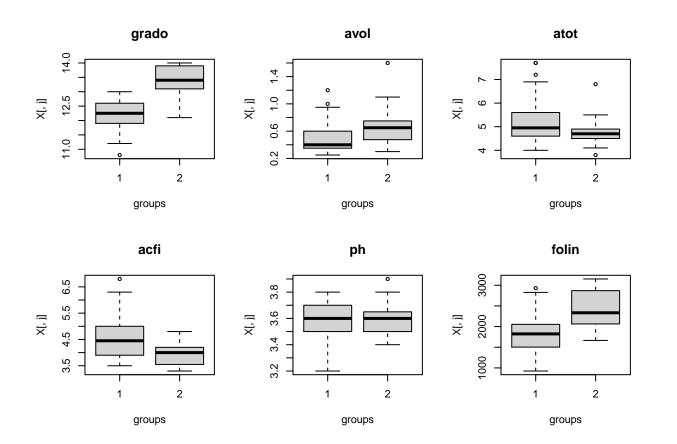
```
## 'data.frame':
                    45 obs. of 21 variables:
                     1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
   $ a_o
              : num
   $ denomina: num
                     1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
##
                     1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 . . .
   $ grupo
              : num
   $ grado
              : num
                     12.8 12.8 12.5 11.9 12.5 12.1 12.2 12.6 13 12.4 ...
##
   $ avol
                     1.2 0.75 1 0.7 0.95 0.5 0.8 0.4 0.4 0.35 ...
              : num
                     6.7 6.9 7.2 7.7 7.7 5.8 5.9 5.4 4.6 5.5 ...
##
   $ atot
              : num
##
                     5.2 6 6 6.8 6.3 5.2 4.9 4.9 4.1 5 ...
   $ acfi
              : num
##
   $ ph
                     3.7 3.5 3.6 3.3 3.6 3.2 3.4 3.3 3.6 3.3 ...
              : num
##
                     2827 1818 1459 2054 2930 ...
   $ folin
              : num
##
   $ somers
              : num
                     50.8 37.8 35.1 32.1 49.6 30.6 35.6 30.6 41.7 30 ...
                     811 968 866 978 1128 ...
##
   $ srv
              : num
                     3794 1736 2306 3420 3158 ...
##
   $ procian : num
                     386 144 225 204 214 167 252 315 293 152 ...
##
   $ acrg
              : num
                     287 141 132 110 148 95 160 124 170 67 ...
##
   $ acse
              : num
                     181 69 78 84 75 74 101 101 137 56 ...
   $ achplc : num
   $ ic
              : num
                     7.81 4.88 5.52 4.64 6.99 3.98 7.6 6.15 6.6 5.49 ...
```

```
8.95 5.55 6.35 5.15 7.87 4.36 8.84 7.11 7.85 6.23 ...
##
                      0.72\ 0.755\ 0.456\ 0.675\ 0.672\ 0.716\ 0.716\ 0.74\ 0.93\ 0.75\ \dots
##
      tono
               : num
                       18.4 23.6 36.8 36.4 34.2 38.1 28.5 27.7 21.6 30.3 ...
##
               : num
                      0.489\ 0.48\ 0.598\ 0.42\ 0.45\ 0.434\ 0.501\ 0.566\ 0.557\ 0.689\ \dots
##
    $ eq1
                 num
                      0.21 0.56 0.38 0.29 0.36 0.3 0.24 0.4 0.28 0.26 ...
colnames(BD)
##
    [1] "a_o"
                    "denomina" "grupo"
                                            "grado"
                                                         "avol"
                                                                     "atot"
                    "ph"
    [7] "acfi"
                                "folin"
                                            "somers"
                                                         "srv"
                                                                     "procian"
## [13] "acrg"
                    "acse"
                                            "ic"
                                                                     "tono"
                                 "achplc"
                                                         "ic2"
                    "eq1"
                                "vla"
## [19] "iim"
BD$denomina = as.factor(BD$denomina)
BD$grupo = as.factor(BD$grupo)
```

Graficos de exploracion

```
BX1<-BoxPlotPanel(BD[,4:9], nrows=2, groups=BD$denomina)
```

[1] 2

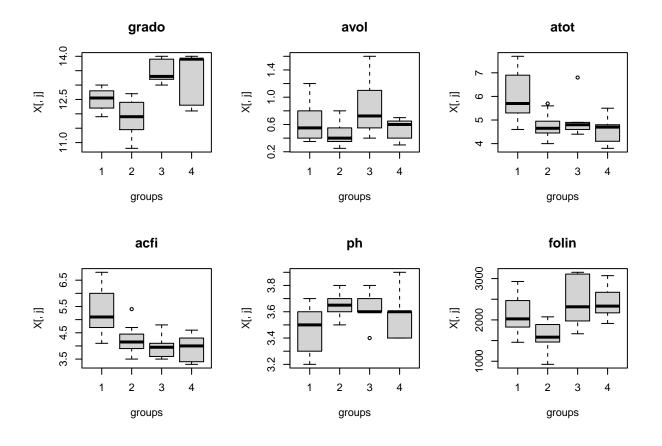


BX1

\$mfrow ## [1] 2 3

BX2<-BoxPlotPanel(BD[,4:9], nrows=2, groups=BD\$grupo)

[1] 2



BX2

\$mfrow ## [1] 2 3

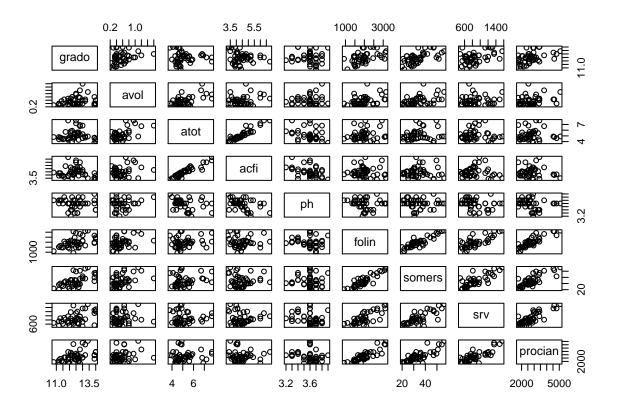
Filtrado de variables

1.- Seleccion de variables numericas

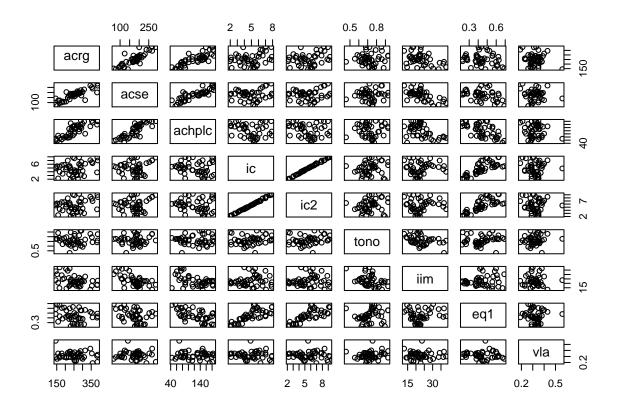
X<-BD[,4:21]

2.- Generacion Plot

PL1<-plot(X[,1:9])



PL2<-plot(X[,10:18])



Reduccion de la dimensionalidad

1.- ACP

Scaling

- 1: datos orginales,
- 2: Resta la media global del conjunto de los datos,
- 3: Doble centrado (agricultura / interaccion de residuales)
- 4: Centrado por columnas (variables con misma escala)
- 5: Estandarizado por columnas

```
acpvino<-PCA.Analysis(X,Scaling = 5)
summary(acpvino)</pre>
```

```
## ##### Principal Components Analysis ######
##
```

```
## Transformation of the raw data:
## [1] "Standardize columns"
##
   Eigenvalues & Explained Variance (Inertia)
##
##
       Eigenvalue Exp. Var Cummulative
## [1,] 277.12688
                    34.991
                                34.991
## [2.]
        199.36534
                    25.172
                                60.163
## [3,]
         85.42317
                    10.786
                                70.949
##
##
   STRUCTURE OF THE PRINCIPAL COMPONENTS
##
           Dim 1 Dim 2 Dim 3
          -0.676 -0.142 0.188
## grado
          -0.450 0.204 -0.519
## avol
## atot
          -0.225 0.738 -0.526
## acfi
           -0.063 0.797 -0.397
           0.191 -0.593 -0.193
## ph
## folin
          -0.910 -0.094 -0.072
## somers -0.920 -0.154 -0.090
## srv
           -0.798 -0.088 0.277
## procian -0.873 -0.102 0.036
## acrg
          -0.301 -0.726 -0.441
          -0.213 -0.856 -0.372
## acse
## achplc
          0.119 -0.830 -0.355
          -0.926 0.117 -0.074
## ic
## ic2
          -0.932 0.095 -0.048
## tono
          -0.351 -0.290 0.612
           0.021 0.810 -0.179
## iim
## eq1
          -0.688 0.416 0.255
           0.006 0.071 0.368
## vla
```

2.- Contenido del objeto acpvino

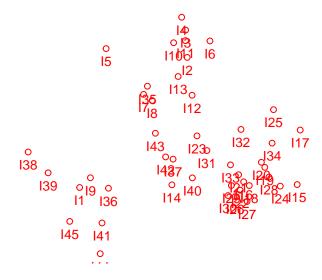
names(acpvino)

```
"Type"
                                                             "call"
   [1] "Title"
    [4] "Non_Scaled_Data"
                                  "alpha"
                                                             "Dimension"
  [7] "Means"
                                  "Medians"
                                                             "Deviations"
## [10] "Minima"
                                  "Maxima"
                                                             "P25"
## [13] "P75"
                                  "GMean"
                                                             "Initial_Transformation"
## [16] "Scaled_Data"
                                  "nrows"
                                                             "ncols"
## [19] "nrowsSup"
                                  "ncolsSup"
                                                             "dim"
## [22] "EigenValues"
                                  "Inertia"
                                                             "CumInertia"
## [25] "EV"
                                  "Structure"
                                                             "RowCoordinates"
## [28] "ColCoordinates"
                                  "RowContributions"
                                                             "ColContributions"
## [31] "Scale Factor"
                                  "ClusterType"
                                                             "Clusters"
## [34] "ClusterColors"
                                  "ClusterNames"
```

3.- Generacion del grafico sin caja

acp1<-plot(acpvino, ShowBox=FALSE)</pre>

Principal Components Analysis (Dim 1 (35 %)- 2 (25.2 %))



Screeplot con barras

acp2<-princomp(X, cor=TRUE, score=TRUE)
plot(acp2)</pre>

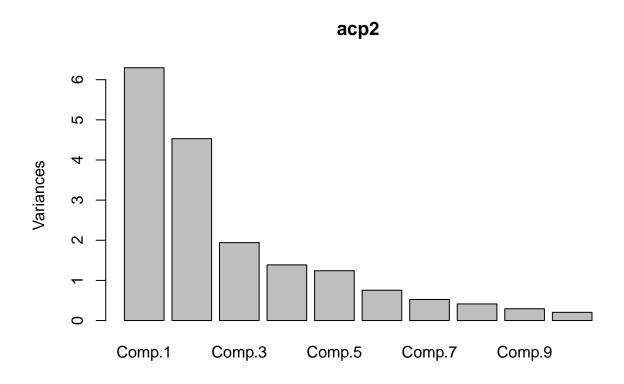
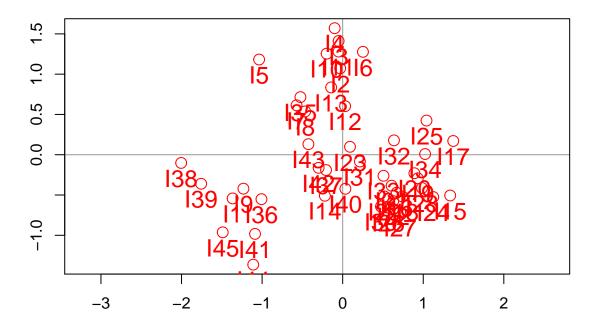
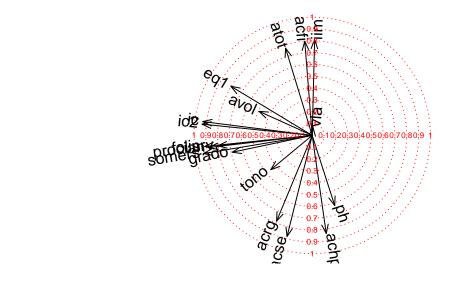


Grafico circular de correlacion

Principal Components Analysis (Dim 1 (35 %)- 2 (25.2 %))



Principal Components Analysis - Correlation Circle



Axis 1

Agregar grupos al biplot definido por usuario

Grafico con poligonos

CexInd= tamaño de los argumentos

Principal Components Analysis (Dim 1 (35 %)- 2 (25.2 %))

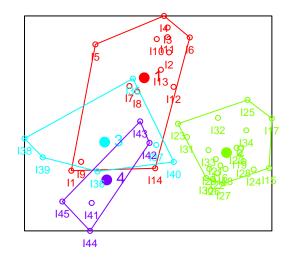


Grafico con elipses

```
acp5<-plot(acpvino1, PlotClus=TRUE, ClustCenters=TRUE,
    margin=0.05, CexInd=0.7, TypeClus="el",
    ShowBox=F)</pre>
```

Principal Components Analysis (Dim 1 (35 %)- 2 (25.2 %))

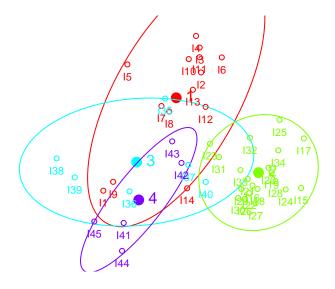
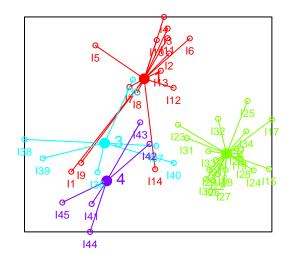


Grafico con estrellas

```
acp6<-plot(acpvino1, PlotClus=TRUE, ClustCenters=TRUE,
    margin=0.05, CexInd=0.7, TypeClus="st",
    ShowBox=TRUE)</pre>
```

Principal Components Analysis (Dim 1 (35 %)-2 (25.2 %))



Aplicacion del Biplot

alpha=

0:GH

1:JK

2:HJ

Call

Predeterminado JK

```
bipvino<-PCA.Biplot(X, Scaling = 5)
summary(bipvino)

## ###### Biplot for Principal Components Analysis #######</pre>
```

```
## Transformation of the raw data:
## [1] "Standardize columns"
```

Type of coordinates:

PCA.Biplot(X = X, Scaling = 5)

```
## Type of Biplot
## [1] "PCA"
##
##
   Eigenvalues & Explained Variance (Inertia)
##
       Eigenvalue Exp. Var Cummulative
## [1,] 277.12688
                    34.991
                                34.991
## [2.] 199.36534
                    25.172
                                60.163
## [3,]
                                70.949
         85.42317
                    10.786
##
##
   RELATIVE CONTRIBUTIONS OF THE FACTOR TO THE ELEMENT
##
  Row Contributions
##
##
      Dim 1 Dim 2 Dim 3
## I1 42.04 6.63 44.06
## I2
       0.03 32.75 2.51
## I3
       0.07 57.27 18.53
## I4
       0.28 70.89 8.84
## I5
      29.69 38.53 12.87
## 16
       2.64 67.95
## I7
      23.63 27.17 9.95
## I8 15.06 20.09 8.55
## I9 60.32 7.05 10.79
## I10 1.55 61.24 11.60
## I11 0.12 74.78 12.48
## I12 0.09 35.48 28.14
## I13 1.68 57.21 29.79
## I14
       2.95 15.65 39.81
## I15 64.41 9.27
                  3.81
## I16 35.26 17.46 4.85
## I17 63.73 0.99 14.28
## I18 51.05 25.08 0.12
## I19 75.88 7.45
## I20 77.10 5.13 0.77
## I21 24.48 9.79 18.31
## I22 30.80 25.95
                  0.05
## I23 2.08 2.45 0.20
## I24 71.22 15.56 0.82
## I25 72.83 12.08
                   2.23
## I26 32.34 43.51 1.52
## I27 35.29 35.58 11.66
## I28 63.06 11.10 3.65
## I29 16.99 16.98 27.32
## I30 17.97 32.85 0.25
## I31 9.13 1.41 35.53
## I32 55.95 4.40 3.60
## I33 28.58 7.60 26.59
## I34 67.06 0.00 4.97
## I35 7.12 13.24 1.64
## I36 41.97 12.56 27.66
## I37
       4.81 4.11 20.46
## I38 83.21 0.21 0.95
## I39 88.41 3.71 2.38
## I40 0.08 13.31 0.69
```

```
## I41 42.39 34.59 1.36
## I42 9.24 2.75 29.92
## I43 23.86 2.26 7.75
## I44 29.74 44.90 6.03
## I45 56.52 23.65 1.05
##
## Column Contributions
          Dim 1 Dim 2 Dim 3
##
## grado
          45.71 2.02 3.54
## avol
          20.23 4.14 26.96
## atot
           5.06 54.44 27.69
           0.40 63.45 15.73
## acfi
## ph
           3.63 35.20 3.72
## folin
          82.89 0.89 0.52
## somers 84.58 2.36 0.81
## srv
          63.74 0.78 7.65
## procian 76.19 1.04 0.13
## acrg
           9.08 52.64 19.41
           4.54 73.25 13.87
## acse
## achplc
           1.41 68.84 12.61
## ic
          85.75 1.37 0.54
## ic2
          86.89 0.91 0.23
## tono
          12.30 8.43 37.44
## iim
           0.04 65.55 3.20
## eq1
          47.38 17.28 6.51
## vla
           0.00 0.51 13.58
##
##
##
## Qualities of representation of the rows (Cummulative contributions)
##
      Dim 1 Dim 2 Dim 3
## I1 42.04 48.67 92.73
## I2
       0.03 32.78 35.29
## I3
       0.07 57.34 75.87
## I4
       0.28 71.17 80.01
## I5 29.69 68.22 81.09
## 16
      2.64 70.59 72.45
## I7 23.63 50.80 60.75
## I8 15.06 35.15 43.70
## I9 60.32 67.37 78.16
## I10 1.55 62.79 74.39
## I11 0.12 74.90 87.38
## I12 0.09 35.57 63.71
## I13 1.68 58.89 88.68
## I14 2.95 18.60 58.41
## I15 64.41 73.68 77.49
## I16 35.26 52.72 57.57
## I17 63.73 64.72 79.00
## I18 51.05 76.13 76.25
## I19 75.88 83.33 92.34
## I20 77.10 82.23 83.00
## I21 24.48 34.27 52.58
## I22 30.80 56.75 56.80
## I23 2.08 4.53 4.73
```

```
## I24 71.22 86.78 87.60
## I25 72.83 84.91 87.14
## I26 32.34 75.85 77.37
## 127 35.29 70.87 82.53
## I28 63.06 74.16 77.81
## I29 16.99 33.97 61.29
## I30 17.97 50.82 51.07
## I31 9.13 10.54 46.07
## I32 55.95 60.35 63.95
## I33 28.58 36.18 62.77
## 134 67.06 67.06 72.03
## I35 7.12 20.36 22.00
## I36 41.97 54.53 82.19
## I37 4.81 8.92 29.38
## I38 83.21 83.42 84.37
## I39 88.41 92.12 94.50
## I40 0.08 13.39 14.08
## I41 42.39 76.98 78.34
## I42 9.24 11.99 41.91
## I43 23.86 26.12 33.87
## 144 29.74 74.64 80.67
## I45 56.52 80.17 81.22
##
##
##
   Qualities of representation of the columns (Cummulative contributions)
##
           Dim 1 Dim 2 Dim 3
           45.71 47.73 51.27
## grado
## avol
           20.23 24.37 51.33
            5.06 59.50 87.19
## atot
## acfi
            0.40 63.85 79.58
## ph
            3.63 38.83 42.55
## folin
           82.89 83.78 84.30
           84.58 86.94 87.75
## somers
## srv
           63.74 64.52 72.17
## procian 76.19 77.23 77.36
## acrg
            9.08 61.72 81.13
## acse
            4.54 77.79 91.66
## achplc
           1.41 70.25 82.86
## ic
           85.75 87.12 87.66
## ic2
           86.89 87.80 88.03
## tono
           12.30 20.73 58.17
           0.04 65.59 68.79
## iim
           47.38 64.66 71.17
## eq1
## vla
           0.00 0.51 14.09
```

Valores propios

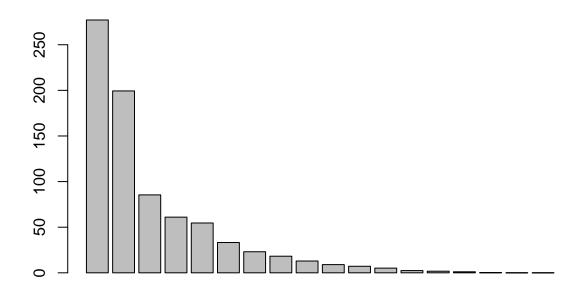
```
bipvino$EigenValues
```

```
## [1] 277.12687550 199.36534193 85.42316719 61.02361652 54.61472549
```

```
## [6] 33.21950770 23.10087611 18.20271969 12.93567822 8.99721387
## [11] 7.17039349 5.14634483 2.46693118 1.76863760 1.12884586
## [16] 0.26153511 0.02966717 0.01792254
```

Screeplot

SC<-barplot(bipvino\$EigenValues)</pre>



Vectores propios

${\tt bipvino\$EV}$

```
## [,1] [,2] [,3]
## [1,] -0.269400471 -0.06678758 0.13502664
## [2,] -0.179235894 0.09563188 -0.37266607
## [3,] -0.089642289 0.34663991 -0.37767939
## [4,] -0.025075364 0.37420670 -0.28461188
## [5,] 0.075921760 -0.27872944 -0.13842752
## [6,] -0.362771201 -0.04421297 -0.05176113
## [7,] -0.366464498 -0.07220257 -0.06472232
```

```
## [8,] -0.318130606 -0.04157401 0.19854164

## [9,] -0.347804576 -0.04785685 0.02584725

## [10,] -0.120049408 -0.34086254 -0.31617278

## [11,] -0.084888000 -0.40207820 -0.26728099

## [12,] 0.047378644 -0.38977456 -0.25488092

## [13,] -0.368971746 0.05491570 -0.05287232

## [14,] -0.371435455 0.04476039 -0.03421019

## [15,] -0.139772430 -0.13640832 0.43913353

## [16,] 0.008178563 0.38035721 -0.12838425

## [17,] -0.274261123 0.19527349 0.18313281

## [18,] 0.002361018 0.03345360 0.26444673
```

Tabla de inercias

Eje	Valor Propio	Inercia	Inercia acumulada
Eje 1	277.1268755	34.991	34.991
Eje 2	199.3653419	25.172	60.163
Eje 3	85.4231672	10.786	70.949
Eje 4	61.0236165	7.705	78.654
Eje 5	54.6147255	6.896	85.550
Eje 6	33.2195077	4.194	89.744
Eje 7	23.1008761	2.917	92.661
Eje 8	18.2027197	2.298	94.959
Eje 9	12.9356782	1.633	96.592
Eje 10	8.9972139	1.136	97.728
Eje 11	7.1703935	0.905	98.633
Eje 12	5.1463448	0.650	99.283
Eje 13	2.4669312	0.311	99.594
Eje 14	1.7686376	0.223	99.817
Eje 15	1.1288459	0.143	99.960
Eje 16	0.2615351	0.033	99.993
Eje 17	0.0296672	0.004	99.997
$Eje\ 18$	0.0179225	0.002	99.999

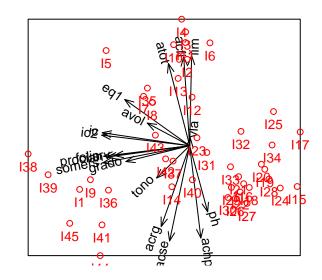
Tabla contribucion de columnas

```
kable(bipvino$ColContributions)
```

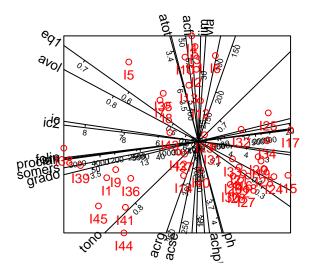
	Dim 1	Dim 2	Dim 3
grado	45.71	2.02	3.54
avol	20.23	4.14	26.96
atot	5.06	54.44	27.69
acfi	0.40	63.45	15.73
ph	3.63	35.20	3.72
folin	82.89	0.89	0.52
somers	84.58	2.36	0.81
srv	63.74	0.78	7.65
procian	76.19	1.04	0.13
acrg	9.08	52.64	19.41
acse	4.54	73.25	13.87
achplc	1.41	68.84	12.61
ic	85.75	1.37	0.54
ic2	86.89	0.91	0.23
tono	12.30	8.43	37.44
$_{ m iim}$	0.04	65.55	3.20
eq1	47.38	17.28	6.51
vla	0.00	0.51	13.58

Grafico

plot(bipvino, ShowBox=TRUE)



Prolongacion de vectores linea recta



Prolongacion de vectores con flechas y linea punteada

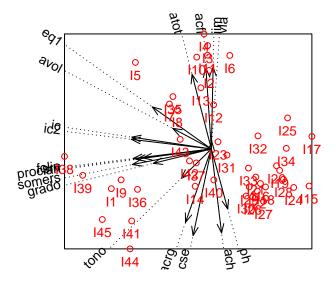
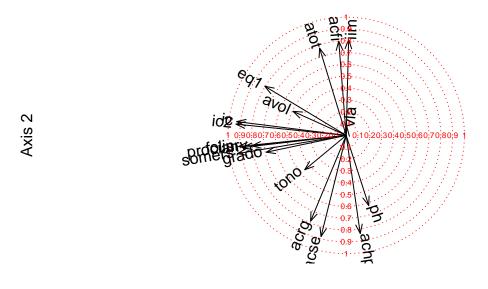


Grafico circular correlaciones

GC<-CorrelationCircle(bipvino)</pre>

PCA Biplot – Correlation Circle



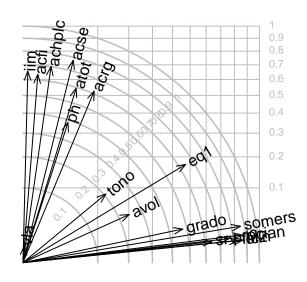
Axis 1

Grafico contribuciones de los vectores

Calidad de representacion eje 1, 2 y 1+2

ColContributionPlot(bipvino, AddSigns2Labs = FALSE)

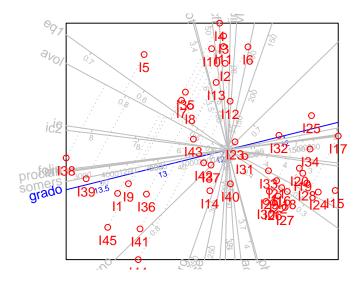
PCA Biplot – Contribution Plot



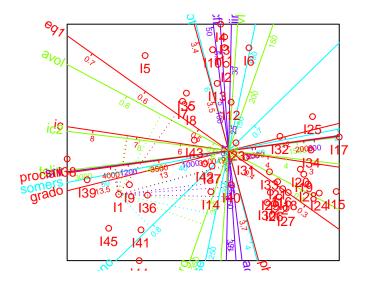
Axis 1

Proyeccion individuos sobre una variable donde dp= selecciona la variable

xis 2



Proyeccion de ind
 sobre todas las variables con PredPoints = individuo

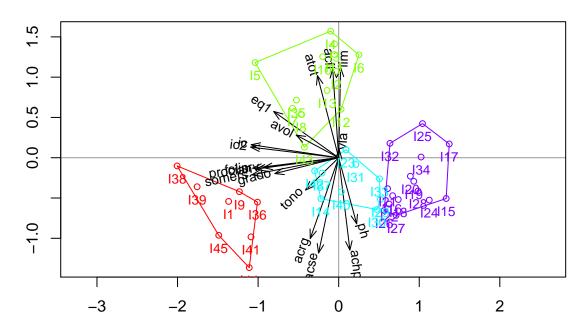


Agregar cluster Jerarquico con datos originales con el metodo ward.D

Cluster aplicado al biplot

```
clusBP<-plot(bipvino, PlotClus=TRUE, ShowAxis=TRUE)</pre>
```

PCA Biplot (Dim 1 (35 %)- 2 (25.2 %))



clusBP

NULL