



# programming language(C)

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Step 1.  $y = 2 * 5 * 5 + 3 * 5 + 7;$  (Leftmost multiplication)  
2 \* 5 is 10

Step 2.  $y = 10 * 5 + 3 * 5 + 7;$  (Leftmost multiplication)  
10 \* 5 is 50

Step 3.  $y = 50 + 3 * 5 + 7;$  (Multiplication before addition)  
3 \* 5 is 15

Step 4.  $y = 50 + 15 + 7;$  (Leftmost addition)  
50 + 15 is 65

Step 5.  $y = 65 + 7;$  (Last addition)  
65 + 7 is 72

Step 6.  $y = 72$  (Last operation—place 72 in y)

### Comparative Priority of Arithmetic Operators

Operator	Priority
()	First. If nested, the inner most is first.
*, /, and %	Next to (). If several, from left to right.
+, -, and ^	Next to *, /, %. If several, from left to right.



```
main() {  
  
    int a = 20;  
    int b = 10;  
    int c = 15;  
    int d = 5;  
    int e;  
  
    e = (a + b) * c / d;      // ( 30 * 15 ) / 5  
    printf("Value of (a + b) * c / d is : %d\n", e );  
  
    e = ((a + b) * c) / d;    // (30 * 15) / 5  
    printf("Value of ((a + b) * c) / d is : %d\n" , e );  
  
    e = (a + b) * (c / d);    // (30) * (15/5)  
    printf("Value of (a + b) * (c / d) is : %d\n", e );  
  
    e = a + (b * c) / d;      // 20 + (150/5)  
    printf("Value of a + (b * c) / d is : %d\n" , e );  
  
    return 0;  
}
```

C:\Users\user\Desktop\os\nfor\bin\Debug\nfor.exe

```
Value of (a + b) * c / d is : 90  
Value of ((a + b) * c) / d is : 90  
Value of (a + b) * (c / d) is : 90  
Value of a + (b * c) / d is : 50
```

```
Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time  
Press any key to continue.
```



```
int main()
{
    int n; // variable declaration
    printf("Enter the value of n :");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    for(int i=1; i<=n; i++) // outer loop
    {
        for(int j=1; j<=10; j++) // inner loop
        {
            printf("%d\t", (i*j)); // printing the value.
        }
        printf("\n");
    }
}
```

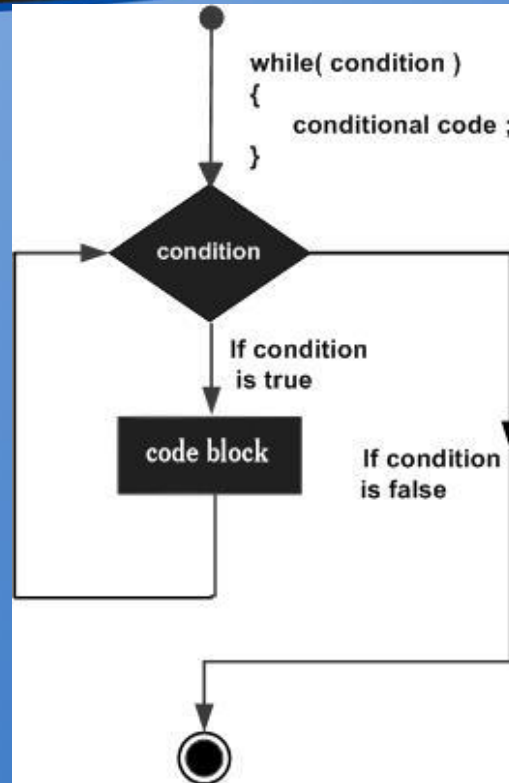
C:\Users\user\Desktop\os\nfor\bin\Debug\nfor.exe

Enter the value of n :3

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20
3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 2.524 s  
Press any key to continue.







## Example 1

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int main( )
{
    int x;
    x = 5;
    while(x <= 10)
    {
        printf("%d\t", x);

        x++;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

"C:\Users\user\Desktop\os\section 3\bin\Debug\section 3.exe"

5	6	7	8	9	10
---	---	---	---	---	----

Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time : 2.715 s  
Press any key to continue.



## Example 2

```
int main() {  
    int var = 6;  
    while (var >=5)  
    {  
        printf("%d", var);  
        var++;  
    }  
    return 0;  
}
```

C:\Users\user\Desktop\os\k\bin\Debug\k.exe

```
95274952849529495304953149532495334953449  
95514955249553495544955549556495574955849  
95754957649577495784957949580495814958249  
95994960049601496024960349604496054960649  
96234962449625496264962749628496294963049  
96474964849649496504965149652496534965449  
96714967249673496744967549676496774967849  
96954969649697496984969949700497014970249  
97194972049721497224972349724497254972649  
97434974449745497464974749748497494975049  
97674976849769497704977149772497734977449
```



## Example 3

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
int main() {
    int i=1, j=1;
    while (i <= 4 || j <= 3)
    {
        printf("%d %d\n", i, j);
        i++;
        j++;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

A screenshot of a Windows command prompt window. The title bar shows the file path "C:\Users\user\Desktop\o". The window has a black background with white text. It displays the output of the program: four lines of "1 1", "2 2", "3 3", and "4 4". Below the output, it says "Process returned 0 (" and "Press any key to con".

C:\Users\user\Desktop\o

1 1  
2 2  
3 3  
4 4

Process returned 0 (  
Press any key to con





## Example 4

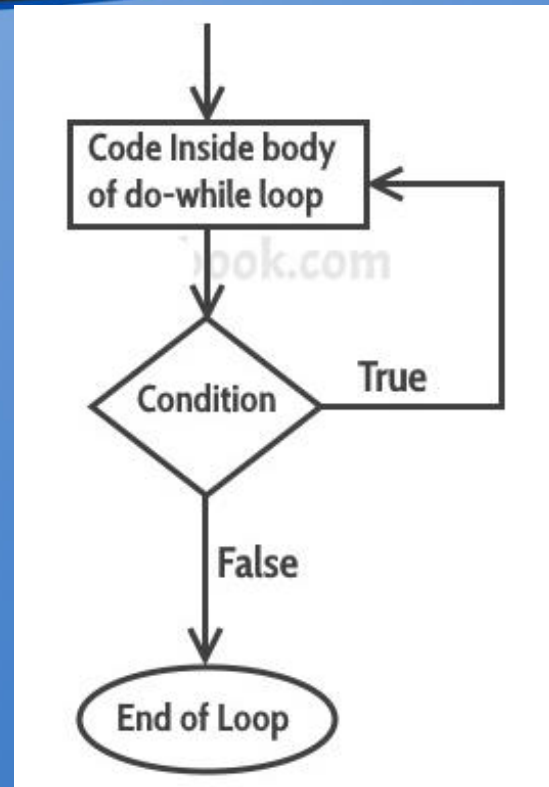
```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
int main() {
    int i=1, j=1;
    while (i <= 4 && j <= 3)
    {
        printf("%d %d\n",i, j);
        i++;
        j++;
    }
    return 0;
}
```

C:\Users\user\Desktop

```
1 1
2 2
3 3
```

```
Process returned 0
Press any key to c
```





## Example 5

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
int main() {
    int i=0;
    do
    {
        printf("while vs do-while\n");
    }while(i==1);
    printf("Out of loop");
}
```

```
C:\Users\user\Desktop\os\k\bin\
while vs do-while
Out of loop
Process returned 0 (0x0)
Press any key to continue
```



## Example 6

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int main( )
{
    int a, i;
    a = 5;
    i = 1;
    do
    {
        printf("%d\t", a*i);
        i++;
    }
    while(i <= 10);
    return 0;
}
```

"C:\Users\user\Desktop\os\section 3\bin\Debug\section 3.exe"

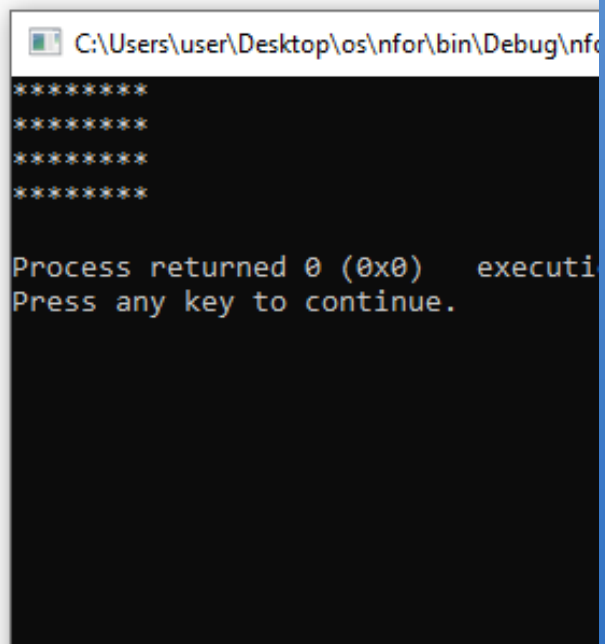
5      10      15      20      25      30      35      40      45      50  
Process returned 0 (0x0)    execution time : 2.611 s  
Press any key to continue.





## Example 7

```
int main()
{
    /*printing the pattern
    *****
    *****
    *****
    ***** */
    int i=1;
    do          // outer loop
    {
        int j=1;
        do      // inner loop
        {
            printf("*");
            j++;
        }while(j<=8);
        printf("\n");
        i++;
    }while(i<=4);
}
```





*Thank  
You*