	PAGE LECZ
2	CH1: Concept of Measurement System.
	1.9 static characteristics
	1 Accuracy = Tell
	re fers to the degree of closeness or conformity to the ture
-	re fers to the degree of closeness or conformity to the twee value of the quantity under measurement
-	مدى فرب فرادة الجهاز من المتحد المدة قية للكة المائة
-	وهي الحد الاقفي الذي تحتان فيه نتيعة العيم سر العمّة العقيميّة
للأهير	لانحطري علية العب على العِمْةِ الدَّفَيْقَية (العربستيل) بسبب تأمير التحلي الم
200	لا نحصل على على العمرة العمرة الدعية في (امرمستعل) بسبب تأمير التحل والمدود والعنوماء)
	تعمد رفة الإكارة المقلمة على: إ دقة الأداة نفسها
	دفة المراهب
- •	مالالكانت للكية مطبوع على العمارام لا
7	Oboo: 1-10
2-	Precision (Man) réalisés
2-	Precision (wall) retaileds us a measure of the reproducibility of the measurements
=	our a measure of the reproducibility of the measurements
>	precision is a measure of the degree to which successive measurements differ from one another.
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3-	neasure of the reproductibility of the measurements precision is a measure of the degree to which successive measurements differ from one another. institution of the degree to which successive measurements differ from one another. institution of the degree to which successive (asial say say say and say and say and say and say and say and say are least interval between two adjacent discrete details which an be distinguished one from the other
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الم دسي عربها العمار	العم العربة المقارة على	्र कर कि एक्ट के करें
The smallesi	charge in the 11	aput signal (quantity detected by the insta
measure ment) which can be	detected by the insta
		the many way the transmit
t - Sensitivit		
The sonstant	1 Queen The set Luc	1111 M 1 122
an in stamen	gives the relation	between the input sign
the output.	or apair of The	e mstrament system a
- Carpar		Littlett warre
	•	
The sensitive	ty is defined as	Harabas C. Lala
or megans of	the instrument to	the ratio of output s
or the quantity	under measuremen	.1
- Granding	1	
atall 10.	1 = 10 2 10 10 10	لعلاقة سم اسارى الممثل والغ مى استعاب الذلق العنكم ا
	المعربي المستوحي	محربما ماعا جالحدالانا
5 Speed of R	Pesponse (SOR)	
luke error to	e salia of abre	At a great and dry to
The quickness	s of an instrumen	+ to read the measure
	Hed the speed o	
		رعة اداة العالم عن قراءة
Time Value	ATA	
SOR , is	defined as the tim	a clapsed between thest
the	measurement to the	e reading taken.
	-, . >	على مراجة المسلم والع

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1.10 measurement of Errors	Martin De Ser Live Color
It is impossible to measure the exact	- value of the measurar
Absolute Error	14 / 10 00 / 1/2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
The difference between the ture or exact value of the unknown quantity is kno	wn as the absolute
emrof the measurement.	
ة والعمّية المقلمة هوما يعرف بالعظ المطلمر	الغرم سي العمَجَ المعرَعَجَ
If (SA) be the absolute error of the	•
and A be the measured and abso	lute value of the
un Known quantity	
SA; Absolute error - E	
Am measured quantity	
A fure value	
SA-Am-A	and fitting
	2 = 16 it 18 it = 5
Ending I will the Man I had been	Company of the Compan
Relative Error	SN19-31 1-1 10-51112
The relative error is the ratio of	absolute error to
the ture value of the unknown qua	ntity to be measured
relative error (Er) = 8A = Eo	Absolute error
AA	Ture Value
dos the time cloped botion Hectory	
and the restrict to the	and the second s
	appearath and the production and the second control and requirement of a control of the second control of the control of

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when the difference between the ture value A and
when the difference between the ture value A and The measured value Am is very small
SAKKLO negligible (ELL)
And Er = SA Eo Amondo A
1600 Value CH1
The relative error is generally expressed as a fraction of
in percentage Value
porcentage error = Er * 100 - Eo x 100
percentage error = Er * 100 = Eo * 100 Am
(c) Amiting Error (1) Sulpr bandpart - 70013
31.10. 31.10. 3. 1
The measured value of the unknown quantity may be more
than or less than the ture value of the measured.
The magnitude of a given auantity having a specified-
magnitude (Am) and a maximum or a limiting error to
The magnitude of a given quantity having a specified- magnitude (Am) and a maximum or a limiting error to must have a magnitude between the limits
Am-SA and Am+SA
0 + 0
Twie measure benow
Ture neasure (11)

	PAGE
1) percentage of ture value	the state of the s
Line is non single	To morning the land
The percentage error stated point in the instrument r	is the maximum for any
point in the instrument r	ange:
Es asset a let of the	اعلى نسبة مِمالًا للى نقطة
Error- Measured Valu	
Ture	Value (A)
on a finisher on I go more allerens	I strange and a sair
@ percentage of full scale Deflec	tion
The emorisi calculated on the boof the Scale,	pasis of maximum value
	(Am) - Ture value (A) +100
True sco	
to without quantity may he were	to such to the contract of
time where the manner	alt of the service of
a man see he having a specified = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	too laby abdyprom
to between the limited	at aline of wall of
DZ + mil	12 - M. C. J. S M. C. J M.
A	Zeton, Ci (A)
Take the same of t	Santa S
	A STATE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE

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1 only pes of emors
(DG ross error Ellevisle)
These errors usually occur because of human mistakes and these may be of any magnitude and Cannol be subjected to mathematical treatment.
هذا الموع من الأع شاء سنح الأع شاء البسكرية و على المركوبهاى عمرة و
Reson Rs.
1) Im proper use of the measuring instrument or the scale
2) Improper setting of Zero before the measurement
3) Improper reading of measurend quantity
4) Improper mothemothical Calculation
2) Systematic Errors Zalbill sleavi
These are the errors that remain Constant or change according to a definite law on repeated measurement of the given quantity:
These errors an be evaluated and their influence on the lesults of measurement Can be eliminated by the introduction of
proper correction. Chies whe sind this end of the stand with the less of the stands o

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There are two types of systematic errors :-	7= 5-7
a) Instrumental error accivilization	
b) Environmental error similabel	
from the and some in the fact the mattern	The state of the s
a) Instrumental error	
are inherent in the measuring instruments because	use of their
mechanical structure and colibration or operat	ion of the
apparatus used.	
المَ تحدث تحد مردي مها العبار العبار العبار العبار العبار العبار الو	(as Wode)
العدم ومورمهانة أوالاستقام الحاطئ الرواف	
- 20 th y for the below throughout	(8) Inpappe
212601 16 186/ 4 167	
(b) Environmental Error.	Commence of the later of the la
Section of the sectio	
These errors are introduced due to using an	n instrument
in different conditions than in which it i	was assembled
and alibrated.	
	market Sirie
change in temperature, humidity, Altitude,	earth's magneti
Change in temperature, humidity, Altitude, Field, gravity, Stray electric and incognetic	c field.
In an reported measurement of the queen	strail do no el
من للتغري الطرف البيئية المحيطة بعلة العبكم	
الحراءة والرطوبة والارتقاع والهانية الارضية والانجذا	
all no ansular sightsphartosuphiells of the	
a remort an he characted by the introduction	200 to - the co
· Meltre	
	and was to consider a first consideration and the second consideration and
and the second s	

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3) Random Errors. July Lipius	
These errors are of variable magnitude and do not maintain any Known law.	علىها مثل المد
1.12 Loading effect	
The ideal situation in a measurement system on introducing an element, used for any parposystem, the original signal remains undistur	se into the bed.
ن شطام العبكم هو عند تعقيم المعتمر في النظام تبعق سقر الأمليق) دورم تستويج	العضعالمالي و
In practical conditions, element has extracts From the system and therefore, original sign Plant and oblines, cuit and is to the properties of the conditions.	al 15 distorted
The incapability of the system to Faithfully input signal in undistorted form is called of the system to Faithfully input signal in undistorted form is called of the system to Faithfully input signal in undistorted form is called of the system to Faithfully input signal in undistorted form is called on the system to Faithfully input signal in undistorted form is called on the system to Faithfully input signal in undistorted form is called on the system to Faithfully input signal in undistorted form is called on the system to Faithfully input signal in undistorted form is called on the system to Faithfully in undistorted form is called on the system to Faithfully in undistorted form is called on the system to Faithfully in undistorted form is called on the system to Faithfully in undistorted form is called on the system to Faithfully in undistorted form is called on the system to Faithfully in undistorted form is called on the system to Faithfully in undistorted form is called on the system to Faithfully in undistorted form is called on the system to Faithfully in undistorted form is called on the system to Faithfully in undistorted form is called on the system to Faithfully in undistorted form is called on the system to Faithfully in undistorted form is called on the system to Faithfully in undistorted for the system to	megsure the loading effect of pre
The state of the s	