

Lab 3 Assignment

Particle – Particle Interactions

Dead line 8 – 12 – 2015

In this problem, we calculate the motion of n particles interacting with each other in time interval time step dt , at each dt seconds, each particle effect on all other particles by gravity force.

Each particle has the following properties:

- Cartesian position (rx, ry)
- velocity components (vx, vy)
- force components (fx, fy)
- mass (m)

A particle interact with another particle as following:

Ex: having two particles P1 $(rx, ry, vx, vy, fx, fy, m)$

And P2 $(rx, ry, vx, vy, fx, fy, m)$

Particle P2 act with gravity force on article P1, consequently making particle P1 change its position and velocity.

- the distance between P1 and P2

$$dx = P1.rx - P2.rx$$

$$dy = P1.ry - P2.ry$$

$$distance = \sqrt{dx^2 + dy^2}$$

- force that effect on P1 by P2 and then we update the new P1 force

$$dx = P1.rx - P2.rx$$

$$dy = P1.ry - P2.ry$$

$$distance = \sqrt{dx^2 + dy^2}$$

$$F = (G * P1.m * P2.m) / (distance * distance + E)$$

$$P1.fx = F * dx / dist$$

$$P1.fy = F * dy / dist$$

$$G = 6.673 * 10^{-11}$$

$$E = 1.98892$$

NOTE: (G ,E) are constants that can't be changed ever.

- update the velocity and position using a time step $dt = 1^{11}$ Giga second

$$vx = (dt * fx / mass) + vx$$

$$vy = (dt * fy / mass) + vy$$

$$rx = (dt * vx) + rx$$

$$ry = (dt * vy) + ry$$

- reset force

$$fx = 0$$

$$fy = 0$$

- showInfo

- show new position and velocity to screen

So, the program works like this:

- 1- Create N particles
- 2- Initialize all these particles with random positions, velocity, and masses. {initial force is zero for all particles}
- 3- Calculate the force that acts on each particle by all other particles {two for loops, $N \times N$, where N is the number of particles}, this will be the sum of all forces act on one particle by all other particles.

Ex: P1 is effected by P2, P3,Pn

So, force affected on P1 by all other particles, is the sum of forces from P2 on P1, P3 on P1, Pn on P1.

- 4- Update the position and velocity of all particles according to the new force calculated in step 3.
- 5- Print the new positions and velocity of all particles to the screen.

- Create a Class called Particle with the previously mentioned methods and data members,
- Use the methods in file MainApp.java to help you initialize the Particles array.

Do not forget to comment your code with description of what you are doing.