Box #____ Math 65 Section 1 Homework 4 18 May 2018

Collaborators:

Poole 6.6 #2 Find the matrix $[T]_{\mathcal{C} \leftarrow \mathcal{B}}$ of the linear transformation $T: V \to W$ with respect to the bases \mathcal{B} and \mathcal{C} of V and W, respectively. Verify Theorem 2.26 for the vector \mathbf{v} by computing $T(\vec{v})$ directly and using the theorem.

 $T: \mathcal{P}_1 \to \mathcal{P}_1$ defined by T(a + bx) = b - ax, $\mathcal{B} = \{1 + x, 1 - x\}$, $\mathcal{C} = \{1, x\}$, $\mathbf{v} = p(x) = 4 + 2x$.

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Poole 6.6 #4 Find the matrix $[T]_{\mathcal{C}\leftarrow\mathcal{B}}$ of the linear transformation $T:V\to W$ with respect to the bases \mathcal{B} and \mathcal{C} of V and W, respectively. Verify Theorem 2.26 for the vector \mathbf{v} by computing $T(\vec{v})$ directly and using the theorem.

 $T: \mathcal{P}_2 \to \mathcal{P}_2$ defined by T(p(x)) = p(x+2), $\mathcal{B} = \{1, x+2, (x+2)^2\}$, $\mathcal{C} = \{1, x, x^2\}$, $\mathbf{v} = p(x) = a + bx + cx^2$.

Poole 6.6 #12 Find the matrix $[T]_{\mathcal{C} \leftarrow \mathcal{B}}$ of the linear transformation $T: V \to W$ with respect to the bases \mathcal{B} and \mathcal{C} of V and W, respectively. Verify Theorem 2.26 for the vector \mathbf{v} by computing $T(\vec{v})$ directly and using the theorem.

$$T: M_{22} \to M_{22}$$
 defined by $T(A) = A - A^T$, $\mathcal{B} = \mathcal{C} = \{E_{11}, E_{12}, E_{21}, E_{22}\}$, $\mathbf{v} = A = \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}$.

Poole 6.6 #14 Consider the subspace W of \mathcal{D} , given by $W = \text{span}(e^{2x}, e^{-2x})$.

- (a) Show that the differential operator *D* maps *W* into itself.
- (b) Find the matrix of D with respect to $\mathcal{B} = \{e^{2x}, e^{-2x}\}$.
- (c) Compute the derivative of $f(x) = e^{2x} 3e^{-2x}$ indirectly, using Theorem 6.26, and verify that it agrees with f'(x) as computed directly.