pytorch-project

July 13, 2024

[1]: !pip install pycocotools

```
Collecting pycocotools
 Downloading pycocotools-2.0.7-cp310-cp310-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_
x86 64.whl.metadata (1.1 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: matplotlib>=2.1.0 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.10/site-packages (from pycocotools) (3.7.5)
Requirement already satisfied: numpy in /opt/conda/lib/python3.10/site-packages
(from pycocotools) (1.26.4)
Requirement already satisfied: contourpy>=1.0.1 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.10/site-packages (from matplotlib>=2.1.0->pycocotools)
(1.2.0)
Requirement already satisfied: cycler>=0.10 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.10/site-
packages (from matplotlib>=2.1.0->pycocotools) (0.12.1)
Requirement already satisfied: fonttools>=4.22.0 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.10/site-packages (from matplotlib>=2.1.0->pycocotools)
(4.47.0)
Requirement already satisfied: kiwisolver>=1.0.1 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.10/site-packages (from matplotlib>=2.1.0->pycocotools)
(1.4.5)
Requirement already satisfied: packaging>=20.0 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.10/site-packages (from matplotlib>=2.1.0->pycocotools)
(21.3)
Requirement already satisfied: pillow>=6.2.0 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.10/site-
packages (from matplotlib>=2.1.0->pycocotools) (9.5.0)
Requirement already satisfied: pyparsing>=2.3.1 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.10/site-packages (from matplotlib>=2.1.0->pycocotools)
(3.1.1)
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.7 in
/opt/conda/lib/python3.10/site-packages (from matplotlib>=2.1.0->pycocotools)
(2.9.0.post0)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5 in /opt/conda/lib/python3.10/site-
packages (from python-dateutil>=2.7->matplotlib>=2.1.0->pycocotools) (1.16.0)
Downloading
pycocotools-2.0.7-cp310-cp310-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl
(426 kB)
                         426.2/426.2 kB
```

120.2/ 120.2

Installing collected packages: pycocotools Successfully installed pycocotools-2.0.7

```
[2]: import PIL.Image
     import random
     import torch
     import torch.utils.data
     import numpy as np
     from tqdm import tqdm
     from collections import defaultdict
     import torchvision.datasets as dset
     from torch.utils.data import Dataset, DataLoader
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     import torchvision
     torchvision.disable_beta_transforms_warning()
     from torchvision import models
     import torchvision.transforms as original_transforms
     import torchvision.transforms.v2 as transforms
     from torchvision.transforms.v2 import functional as F
     from torchvision.utils import draw_bounding_boxes
     import multiprocessing as mp
     from torch import nn
     import torch.optim as optim
     from tqdm import tqdm
[3]: n_gpus = torch.cuda.device_count()
     USING_CPU = not torch.cuda.is_available()
     DEVICE = torch.device("cuda:0" if (torch.cuda.is_available() and n_gpus > 0)
      ⇔else "cpu")
```

Num of CPUs: 4
Device in use: cpu
Found O GPU Device/s.

```
[5]: class RandomHorizontalFlip(object):
         def __init__(self, p=0.5):
             self.p = p
             self.hf = transforms.RandomHorizontalFlip(1)
         def __call__(self, img, bboxes):
             if torch.rand(1)[0] < self.p:</pre>
                 img = self.hf.forward(img)
                 bboxes = self.hf.forward(bboxes)
             return img, bboxes
     class RandomVerticalFlip(object):
         def __init__(self, p=0.5):
             self.p = p
             self.vf = transforms.RandomVerticalFlip(1)
         def __call__(self, img, bboxes):
             if torch.rand(1)[0] < self.p:</pre>
                 img = self.vf.forward(img)
                 bboxes = self.vf.forward(bboxes)
             return img, bboxes
     class Resize(object):
         def __init__(self, size):
             self.size = size
             self.resize = transforms.Resize(self.size, antialias=True)
         def __call__(self, img, bboxes):
             img = self.resize.forward(img)
             bboxes = self.resize.forward(bboxes)
             return img, bboxes
```

```
[6]: def show(sample):
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    from torchvision.transforms.v2 import functional as F
    from torchvision.utils import draw_bounding_boxes

resize = Resize((300, 300))
```

```
rhf = RandomHorizontalFlip()
         rvf = RandomVerticalFlip()
         image, target = sample
         image, bboxes = image,target["boxes"]
         image, bboxes = resize(image, bboxes)
         image, bboxes = rhf(image, bboxes)
         image, bboxes = rvf(image, bboxes)
         if isinstance(image, PIL.Image.Image):
             image = F.to_tensor(image)
         image = F.convert_dtype(image, torch.uint8)
         annotated_image = draw_bounding_boxes(image, bboxes, colors="yellow", __
      ⇒width=3)
         fig, ax = plt.subplots()
         ax.imshow(annotated_image.permute(1, 2, 0).numpy())
         ax.set(xticklabels=[], yticklabels=[], xticks=[], yticks=[])
         fig.tight_layout()
         fig.show()
[7]: transform = transforms.Compose(
             transforms.RandomPhotometricDistort(),
             transforms.RandomAutocontrast(),
             transforms.RandomEqualize(),
             transforms.GaussianBlur(kernel_size=3),
             transforms.ToTensor(),
             transforms.ConvertImageDtype(torch.float32),
         ]
     )
    /opt/conda/lib/python3.10/site-
    packages/torchvision/transforms/v2/ deprecated.py:43: UserWarning: The transform
    `ToTensor()` is deprecated and will be removed in a future release. Instead,
    please use `v2.Compose([v2.ToImage(), v2.ToDtype(torch.float32, scale=True)])`.
      warnings.warn(
[8]: coco_train = load_dataset(transform=transform)
     coco_train = dset.wrap_dataset_for_transforms_v2(coco_train)
    loading annotations into memory...
    Done (t=36.78s)
```

creating index...
index created!

```
[9]: class NewCocoDataset(Dataset):
         def __init__(self, coco_dataset, image_size=(312, 312)):
             Arguments:
                 coco_dataset (dataset): The coco dataset containing all the_
      \hookrightarrow expected transforms.
                 image_size (tuple): Target image size. Default is (512, 512)
             self.coco_dataset = coco_dataset
             self.resize = Resize(image_size)
             self.rhf = RandomHorizontalFlip()
             self.rvf = RandomVerticalFlip()
             self.transformer = transforms.Compose([
                 transforms.ToTensor(),
                 transforms.ConvertImageDtype(torch.float32),
             ])
         def __len__(self):
             return len(self.coco_dataset)
         def __getitem__(self, idx):
             if torch.is_tensor(idx):
                 idx = idx.tolist()
             new_target = {}
             image, target = self.coco_dataset[idx]
             if 'boxes' not in target:
                 new_idx = idx-1
                 _img, _t = self.coco_dataset[new_idx]
                 while 'boxes' not in _t :
                     new_idx -= 1
                     _img, _t = self.coco_dataset[new_idx]
                 image, target = self.coco_dataset[new_idx]
             image, bboxes = image, target["boxes"]
             image, bboxes = self.resize(image, bboxes)
             image, bboxes = self.rhf(image, bboxes)
```

```
image, bboxes = self.rvf(image, bboxes)
              image = self.transformer(image)
              new_boxes = []
              for box in bboxes:
                  if box[0] < box[2] and box[1] < box[3]:
                      new_boxes.append(box)
              new_target["boxes"] = torch.stack(new_boxes)
              new_target["labels"] = target["labels"]
              return (image, new_target)
[10]: class CustomBatchs:
          def __init__(self, data):
              transposed data = list(zip(*data))
              self.inp = torch.stack(transposed_data[0], 0)
              self.tgt = transposed_data[1]
          # custom memory pinning method on custom type
          def pin_memory(self):
              self.inp = self.inp.pin_memory()
              return (self.inp, self.tgt)
      def collate_wrapper(batch):
          if torch.cuda.is_available():
              return CustomBatchs(batch)
          else:
              return tuple(zip(*batch))
[11]: new_coco_train = NewCocoDataset(coco_train)
      data_loader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(
          new_coco_train,
          batch_size=50 if not USING_CPU else 8,
          shuffle=True,
            collate_fn=lambda batch: tuple(zip(*batch)),
          collate_fn=collate_wrapper,
           **kwargs
[12]: import pycocotools.coco
      coco_anns = pycocotools.coco.COCO(Annotation)
      catIDs = coco_anns.getCatIds()
```

cats = coco_anns.loadCats(catIDs)

```
name_idx = \{\}
      for sub_dict in cats:
          name_idx[sub_dict["id"]] = sub_dict["name"]
      del coco_anns, catIDs, cats
     loading annotations into memory...
     Done (t=39.94s)
     creating index...
     index created!
[13]: data = next(iter(data_loader))
      if USING_CPU:
          x = torch.stack(data[0])
      else:
          x = data[0]
      print(x.shape)
      \# _labels = [name_idx[i] for i in data[1][0]['labels'].tolist()]
      # print(_labels)
      plt.imshow(data[0][0].permute(1, 2, 0).numpy())
     /opt/conda/lib/python3.10/multiprocessing/popen_fork.py:66: RuntimeWarning:
     os.fork() was called. os.fork() is incompatible with multithreaded code, and JAX
     is multithreaded, so this will likely lead to a deadlock.
       self.pid = os.fork()
     /opt/conda/lib/python3.10/multiprocessing/popen_fork.py:66: RuntimeWarning:
     os.fork() was called. os.fork() is incompatible with multithreaded code, and JAX
     is multithreaded, so this will likely lead to a deadlock.
       self.pid = os.fork()
     torch.Size([8, 3, 312, 312])
[13]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7e4183040b20>
```

```
50 -

100 -

200 -

250 -

300 -

0 50 100 150 200 250 300
```

```
[21]: base_model = models.get_model("ssd300_vgg16", weights=None,__
       →weights_backbone=None).train()
[22]: def weights_init(m):
          classname = m.__class__._name__
          if classname.find('Conv') != -1:
              nn.init.normal_(m.weight.data, 0.0, 0.02)
[23]: base_model.apply(weights_init)
      if (DEVICE.type == 'cuda') and (n_gpus > 1):
          base_model = nn.DataParallel(base_model, list(range(n_gpus)))
[24]: base_model.to(DEVICE)
[24]: SSD(
        (backbone): SSDFeatureExtractorVGG(
          (features): Sequential(
            (0): Conv2d(3, 64, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
            (1): ReLU(inplace=True)
            (2): Conv2d(64, 64, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
            (3): ReLU(inplace=True)
```

```
(4): MaxPool2d(kernel_size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1,
ceil mode=False)
      (5): Conv2d(64, 128, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
      (6): ReLU(inplace=True)
      (7): Conv2d(128, 128, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
      (8): ReLU(inplace=True)
      (9): MaxPool2d(kernel_size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1,
ceil_mode=False)
      (10): Conv2d(128, 256, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
      (11): ReLU(inplace=True)
      (12): Conv2d(256, 256, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
      (13): ReLU(inplace=True)
      (14): Conv2d(256, 256, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
      (15): ReLU(inplace=True)
      (16): MaxPool2d(kernel_size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1,
ceil_mode=True)
      (17): Conv2d(256, 512, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
      (18): ReLU(inplace=True)
      (19): Conv2d(512, 512, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
      (20): ReLU(inplace=True)
      (21): Conv2d(512, 512, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
      (22): ReLU(inplace=True)
    (extra): ModuleList(
      (0): Sequential(
        (0): MaxPool2d(kernel size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1,
ceil mode=False)
        (1): Conv2d(512, 512, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
        (2): ReLU(inplace=True)
        (3): Conv2d(512, 512, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
        (4): ReLU(inplace=True)
        (5): Conv2d(512, 512, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
        (6): ReLU(inplace=True)
        (7): Sequential(
          (0): MaxPool2d(kernel_size=3, stride=1, padding=1, dilation=1,
ceil_mode=False)
          (1): Conv2d(512, 1024, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(6,
6), dilation=(6, 6))
          (2): ReLU(inplace=True)
          (3): Conv2d(1024, 1024, kernel_size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1))
          (4): ReLU(inplace=True)
       )
      (1): Sequential(
        (0): Conv2d(1024, 256, kernel_size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1))
        (1): ReLU(inplace=True)
        (2): Conv2d(256, 512, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(2, 2), padding=(1, 1))
```

```
(3): ReLU(inplace=True)
      )
      (2): Sequential(
        (0): Conv2d(512, 128, kernel_size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1))
        (1): ReLU(inplace=True)
        (2): Conv2d(128, 256, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(2, 2), padding=(1, 1))
        (3): ReLU(inplace=True)
      (3-4): 2 x Sequential(
        (0): Conv2d(256, 128, kernel_size=(1, 1), stride=(1, 1))
        (1): ReLU(inplace=True)
        (2): Conv2d(128, 256, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1))
        (3): ReLU(inplace=True)
      )
    )
  )
  (anchor generator): DefaultBoxGenerator(aspect ratios=[[2], [2, 3], [2, 3],
[2, 3], [2], [2]], clip=True, scales=[0.07, 0.15, 0.33, 0.51, 0.69, 0.87, 1.05],
steps=[8, 16, 32, 64, 100, 300])
  (head): SSDHead(
    (classification_head): SSDClassificationHead(
      (module list): ModuleList(
        (0): Conv2d(512, 364, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
        (1): Conv2d(1024, 546, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1,
1))
        (2): Conv2d(512, 546, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
        (3): Conv2d(256, 546, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
        (4-5): 2 x Conv2d(256, 364, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1)
    (regression_head): SSDRegressionHead(
      (module_list): ModuleList(
        (0): Conv2d(512, 16, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
        (1): Conv2d(1024, 24, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
        (2): Conv2d(512, 24, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
        (3): Conv2d(256, 24, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
        (4-5): 2 x Conv2d(256, 16, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1),
padding=(1, 1))
      )
    )
  (transform): GeneralizedRCNNTransform(
      Normalize(mean=[0.48235, 0.45882, 0.40784], std=[0.00392156862745098,
0.00392156862745098, 0.00392156862745098])
      Resize(min_size=(300,), max_size=300, mode='bilinear')
  )
```

```
)
[18]: learning_rate = 1e-4
      optimizer = optim.Adam(base_model.parameters(), lr=learning_rate)
[27]: if USE PRETRAINED:
          new_LR = 1e-5 # change this value to set a new Learning Rate for the
       ⇔version of notebook
          if USING_CPU:
              checkpoint = torch.load(SAVED_MODEL_PATH, map_location=torch.

¬device('cpu'))
          else:
              checkpoint = torch.load(SAVED_MODEL_PATH)
          base_model.load_state_dict(checkpoint['model_state_dict'])
          optimizer.load_state_dict(checkpoint['optimizer_state_dict'])
          for g in optimizer.param_groups:
              g['lr'] = new_LR
[31]: | img_dtype_converter = transforms.ConvertImageDtype(torch.uint8)
      data = next(iter(val_data_loader))
      i = data[0]
      threshold = 0.3
      if USING_CPU:
          _i = torch.stack(_i)
      _{i} = _{i.to(DEVICE)}
      base_model.eval()
      p_t = base_model(_i)
      indices = range(len(p_t)) # Choose all indices
      for idx in indices:
          confidence_length = len(np.argwhere(p_t[idx]['scores'] > threshold)[0])
          p_boxes = p_t[idx]['boxes'][:confidence_length]
          p_labels = [name_idx[i] for i in p_t[idx]['labels'][:confidence_length].
       →tolist()]
          i_img = img_dtype_converter(_i[idx])
          annotated_image = draw_bounding_boxes(i_img, p_boxes, p_labels,__

colors="yellow", width=3)
```

```
fig, ax = plt.subplots()
ax.imshow(annotated_image.permute(1, 2, 0).numpy())
ax.set(xticklabels=[], yticklabels=[], xticks=[], yticks=[])
fig.tight_layout()

fig.show()
```













