

# Python Basics Assignment 8

```
!pip install PyInputPlus
```

Collecting PyInputPlus

Downloading PyInputPlus-0.2.12.tar.gz (20 kB)

Installing build dependencies: started

Installing build dependencies: finished with status 'done'

Getting requirements to build wheel: started

Getting requirements to build wheel: finished with status 'done'

Preparing wheel metadata: started

Preparing wheel metadata: finished with status 'done'

Collecting pysimplevalidate<=0.2.7

Downloading PySimpleValidate-0.2.12.tar.gz (22 kB)

Installing build dependencies: started

Installing build dependencies: finished with status 'done'

Getting requirements to build wheel: started

Getting requirements to build wheel: finished with status 'done'

Preparing wheel metadata: started

Preparing wheel metadata: finished with status 'done'

Collecting stdiomask<=0.0.3

Downloading stdiomask-0.0.6.tar.gz (3.6 kB)

Installing build dependencies: started

Installing build dependencies: finished with status 'done'

Getting requirements to build wheel: started

Getting requirements to build wheel: finished with status 'done'

Preparing wheel metadata: started

Preparing wheel metadata: finished with status 'done'

Building wheels for collected packages: PyInputPlus, pysimplevalidate, stdiomask

Building wheel for PyInputPlus (PEP 517): started

Building wheel for PyInputPlus (PEP 517): finished with status 'done'

Created wheel for PyInputPlus: filename=PyInputPlus-0.2.12-py3-none-any.whl size=11297

sha256=83db9b812c14ebe959b9a3ff2c12ee22575b099c5cdd45dcf356fe4a47fa4060

Stored in directory:

c:\users\mihir\appdata\local\pip\cache\wheels\b4\6e\2f\8a852732646cabec36c3fe8fc060ec5bea1c1be711432c47f7

Building wheel for pysimplevalidate (PEP 517): started

Building wheel for pysimplevalidate (PEP 517): finished with status 'done'

Created wheel for pysimplevalidate: filename=PySimpleValidate-0.2.12-py3-none-any.whl size=16175

sha256=37501718896711134a4d2974a73d4e6a35e1f6d07d517f5c01d67646ae11fba0

Stored in directory:

c:\users\mihir\appdata\local\pip\cache\wheels\b1\44\4a\043a4f4c4512c7cdfb0c2b8408b18b0de5fd45cac57f5dfa02

Building wheel for stdiomask (PEP 517): started

Building wheel for stdiomask (PEP 517): finished with status 'done'

Created wheel for stdiomask: filename=stdiomask-0.0.6-py3-none-any.whl size=3306

sha256=7a9495433ee53fb7b22f10f7851eb5f14f9ca6d7406b60265fe914fe19b6291c

Stored in directory:

c:\users\mihir\appdata\local\pip\cache\wheels\1d\aa\47\f41f117d22c5de82e95d9342f44da578c80610739a2d5ebec4

Successfully built PyInputPlus pysimplevalidate stdiomask

Installing collected packages: stdiomask, pysimplevalidate, PyInputPlus

Successfully installed PyInputPlus-0.2.12 pysimplevalidate-0.2.12 stdiomask-0.0.6

### *1. Is the Python Standard Library included with PyInputPlus?*

**Ans:** No, **PyInputPlus** is not a part of Python Standard Library, it needs to be installed explicitly using the command **!pip install PyInputPlus**

### *2. Why is PyInputPlus commonly imported with import pyinputplus as pypi?*

**Ans:** You can import the module with **import pyinputplus as pypi** so that you can enter a shorter name when calling the module's functions.

```
import pyinputplus as pypi
```

### *3. How do you distinguish between inputInt() and inputFloat()?*

**Ans:** **inputInt()** function Accepts an integer value. This also takes additional parameters **min**, **max**, **greaterThan** and **lessThan** for bounds. And it always returns an int.

Whereas **inputFloat()** function Accepts a floating-point numeric value. this also takes additional **min**, **max**, **greaterThan** and **lessThan** parameters. and always returns a float.

```
inp = pypi.inputInt(prompt = "Enter an Integer... ",  
                    default = 0, limit = 3)
```

```
print(inp)
```

```
inp2 = pypi.inputFloat(prompt = "Enter Float value... ",  
                       default = 0, limit = 3)
```

```
print(inp2)
```

```
Enter an Integer... 1
```

```
1
```

```
Enter Float value... 23.22
```

```
23.22
```

### *4. Using PyInputPlus, how do you ensure that the user enters a whole number between 0 and 99?*

**Ans:** **PyInputPlus** module provides a function called as **inputInt()** which only returns only integer values. inorder to restrict the input between 0 and 99, i'i use parameters like **min** & **max** to ensure that user enters the values between the defined range only.

```
import pyinputplus as pyip
```

```
wholenumber = pyip.inputInt(prompt='Enter a number: ', min=0, max=100)
```

```
print(wholenumber)
```

```
import pyinputplus as pyip
wholenumber = pyip.inputInt(prompt='Enter a number: ', min=0, max=100)
print(wholenumber)
```

Enter a number: 12  
12

*5. What is transferred to the keyword arguments `allowRegexes` and `blockRegexes`?*

**Ans:** we can use **`allowRegexes`** and **`blockRegexes`** keyword arguments to take list of regular expression strings to determine what the pyinputplus function will reject or accept valid input.

*6. If a blank input is entered three times, what does `inputStr(limit=3)` do?*

**Ans:** The statement **`inputStr(limit=3)`** will throw two exceptions **`ValidationException`** and **`RetryLimitException`**. The first exception is thrown because blank values are not allowed by `inputStr()` function by default. if we want to consider blank values as valid input, we have to set **`blank=True`**.

The second exception is occurred because we have reached the max limit we have specified by using **`limit`** parameter. in order to avoid this exception we can use **`default`** parameter to return a default value when max limit is reached.

*7. If blank input is entered three times, what does `inputStr(limit=3, default='hello')` do?*

**Ans:** Since the default parameter is set to **`hello`**. after blank input is entered three times instead of raising **`RetryLimitException`** exception. the function will return **`hello`** as response to the calling function