CMPE 446: 2nd Assignment

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1 Introduction

In this assignment, we were asked to design an "hart" unit for a RISC-V processor which can do ALU operations. The current state of the hart is only able to do ALU operations (add, xor, addi, etc.), branching (beq, bne, etc.), load-store operations (lb, sw, etc.). (Currently I have no idea why the hart uses 6 cycles & data cache uses only 1; yesterday it only used 4 cycles for hart.) It uses a 32-bit data cache to hold data for load-store instructions. When branching & load-store instructions disabled, the machine uses 1 cycle(now in my last run it broke it into 2 cycles, I do not know why). The extra instructions (load-store, branching) can be enabled/disabled by defining "EXTRA" in parameters.hpp file.

The current hart support RV32I instruction set but it still gives error for unimplemented instructions.

2 EE

Execution environment handles the errors & interactions with instruction cache and harts. For ease of use, the error handler can be changed by the user. Currently the error handler only handle illegal opcodes but I think in the next weeks it will be able to support most of the errors defined in the RV32I standard. All of the necessary calculations are made by the hart unit. The execution environment just fetches the instruction to run & feeds it into the hart module and the execution environment gets the next program counter value from the hart module.

3 HART

Hart module handles the given instruction & gives the next program counter as output. If an illegal instruction was given, it changes the last bit of the output program counter to 1 in order to inform the execution environment, since EE handles the errors. The current memory unit does not inform the hart or EE for all of the possible errors (ex./ cache miss). The hart is able to the arithmetic operation given by the RV32I standard. Th hart has the register file inside of it. Can not found a way to make sure that x0 is always 0 without using if-clauses while writing on the register file.

4 Sample Code

There are two test codes which one of them checks if all of the arithmetic operations done write & the other one checks if the error handling works fine. In the code we use the assembled instructions which is hard to understand by humans. To make it more readable, I wrote their corresponding assembly as comment. They are in the test_hart.cpp file. There are two flags for running the samples: "LEGAL" & "DEBUG". "DEBUG" is for testing with more console outputs. They are in the parameters.hpp file. "LEGAL" is for running the sample code with only legal instructions. When undefined, it runs the sample code with the illegal opcode.

solution1 has "LEGAL" cosimulated & solution_illegal has illegal cosimulated. Since illegal instruction gives an error, the we were not able to finish it. Their respective simulation files are in their respective folders.