

## Soru 1:

## ELM 367 Ödev 1

Soru 1)

$$2.7. a) x[n] = e^{j(\pi n/6)} \Rightarrow n \Rightarrow n+N \Rightarrow e^{j(\pi n/6 + \pi N/6)}$$

$$\frac{\pi N}{6} = 2\pi k \quad k=1 \Rightarrow \boxed{N=12}$$

$$b) x[n] = e^{j(3\pi n/4)} \Rightarrow n \Rightarrow n+N \Rightarrow e^{j(3\pi n/4 + 3\pi N/4)} \Rightarrow \frac{3\pi N}{4} = 2\pi k \quad \frac{k=3}{\Rightarrow \boxed{N=8}}$$

$$c) x[n] = \frac{\sin(\pi n/5)}{\pi n} \quad n \text{ değeri sıfır değil. Payda sıfır olmayan değer. Periyodik değil.}$$

$$d) x[n] = e^{j\pi n/2} \Rightarrow n \Rightarrow n+N \Rightarrow e^{j(\frac{\pi}{2}(n+N))}$$

$$\frac{2\pi N}{2} = 2\pi k \quad N \text{ ve } k \text{ her sayı olabilir. periyodik değil.}$$

$$2.8. a) x[n] = e^{j(2\pi n/5)} \Rightarrow n \Rightarrow n+N \Rightarrow e^{j(\frac{2\pi}{5}(n+N))}$$

$$\frac{2\pi N}{5} = 2\pi k \quad k=1 \Rightarrow \boxed{N=5}$$

$$b) x[n] = \sin(\pi n/3) \Rightarrow n \Rightarrow n+N \Rightarrow \sin(\frac{\pi}{3}(n+N))$$

$$\frac{\pi N}{3} = 2\pi k \quad \boxed{N=12}$$


$$c) x[n] = n e^{j\pi n} \Rightarrow \text{sıfır olmayan kat sayı sürekli arttıkça. Periyodik değil.}$$

$$d) x[n] = e^{jn} \Rightarrow n \Rightarrow n+N \Rightarrow e^{j(n+N)}$$

$$N=2\pi k \Rightarrow \text{Periyodik değil}$$

Not: Ödevi başka bir öğrenciden kopyaladım. Gözlemleri kendim yaptım.

Ömer KONAN  
171024085



Soru 2-3:

ELM367 Ödev 1

Not: Ödevi başka bir öğrenciden kopyalamadım, Gözetimleri kendim yaptım.

Öğrenci kimliği 471021095

Soru 2)

$$x(t) = \sin(0.1\pi t) + \frac{1}{3}\sin(0.3\pi t) + \frac{1}{5}\sin(0.6\pi t) \quad T_0 = 0.5 = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$x[n] = \sin\left(\frac{0.1\pi n}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{3}\sin\left(\frac{0.3\pi n}{2}\right) + \frac{1}{5}\sin\left(\frac{0.6\pi n}{2}\right)$$

$$X(\omega) = \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{20}n\right) + \frac{1}{3}\sin\left(\frac{3\pi}{20}n\right) + \frac{1}{5}\sin\left(\frac{3}{5}n\right)$$

$$\frac{\pi}{20}N = 2\pi k$$

$$N = 40$$

$$\frac{3\pi}{20}N = 2\pi k$$

$$N = 40$$

$$\frac{\pi}{5}N = 2\pi k$$

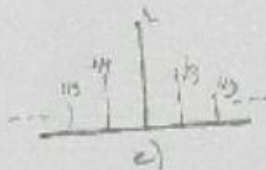
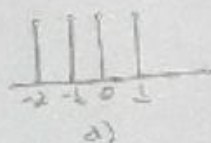
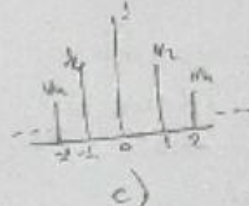
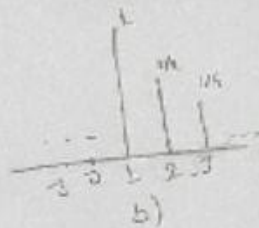
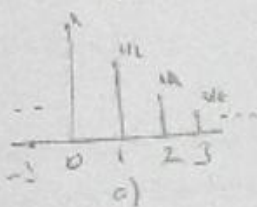
$$N = 10$$

$$\text{ekok}(40, 40, 10) = 40$$

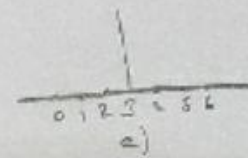
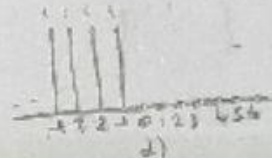
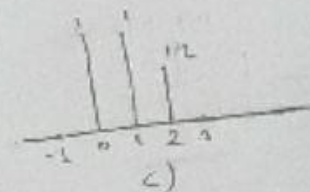
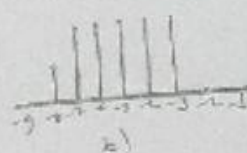
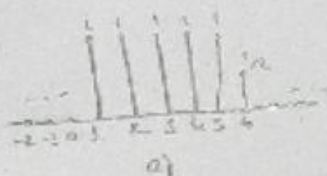
$$T = 60$$

Soru 3)

2.18)



2.22)



Soru 4-5-6:

ELM 367 Ödev 1

Not: Ödevi başka bir öğrenciden kopyalamadım. Gözetimden geçtim.

Ömer KÖRNER 191026085

Soru 4) ve Soru 5)

$$a) x_1 = (2+j3) / (4-j5) = \frac{-2(4+j22)}{4} = 0.563 e^{j(1.6710)}$$

$$b) x_2 = (2+j3) * (4-j5) = 6-2j = 6.324 e^{-j(0.3217)}$$

$$c) x_3 = (2+j3) - (4-j5) = 2j+2j = 23.086 e^{j(0.01473)}$$

$$d) x_4 = (2+j3) \cdot e^{j(0.75\pi)} = -j5.355 - j(0.7071) = 3.6096 e^{j(2.3441)}$$

$$e) x_5 = (2+j3) + e^{j(1.23\pi)} = 1.2823 + j2.2525 = 2.602 e^{j(1.0573)}$$

Soru 6)

63x işaretli periyodik ve rastgele bir Enerji sensör alan işaretleri

~~Örnek~~  $\sin(2\pi t)$

Enerji işareti ekli sensörle orbi sensör analizden sensörden önceki değer alan işaretler.

$$x[n] = (0.4)^n u[n]$$