

**Main problems:**

1. We begin by solving some more straight forward examples

(a)  $\int x \cos(x) dx$

(c)  $\int x e^{x^2} dx$

(b)  $\int_0^1 x e^x dx$

(d)  $\int_1^2 x \ln(x) dx$

2. We now solve some trickier problems

- (a) Find the average value of  $\ln(x)$  between  $x = 1$  and  $x = 5$ .

(b) Compute  $\int e^{\sqrt{x}} dx$

(c) Compute  $\int x^2 \sin(x) dx$

(d) Compute  $\int_0^1 \arcsin(x) dx$

(e) Compute  $\int e^{2x} \cos(x) dx$

(f) Compute  $\int x \sin(x) \cos(x) dx$

(g) Compute  $\int e^{6x} \sin(e^{3x}) dx$

**Challenge problems**

1. (a) Prove that the following equation is correct for any differentiable functions  $f(x)$ ,  $g(x)$  and  $h(x)$ .

$$\int_a^b f'(x)g(x)h(x) dx = f(x)g(x)h(x)\Big|_a^b - \int_a^b f(x)g'(x)h(x) dx - \int_a^b f(x)g(x)h'(x) dx$$

(b) Use the above equation to compute  $\int_1^2 x e^x \ln(x) dx$ .

- (c) Could standard integration by parts have been used to solve 1(b)? Explain your answer.