

Why sequence models?

Examples of sequence data

"The quick brown fox jumped Speech recognition over the lazy dog." Music generation "There is nothing to like Sentiment classification in this movie." DNA sequence analysis -> AGCCCCTGTGAGGAACTAG **AGCCCCTGTGAGGAACTAG** Voulez-vous chanter avec Do you want to sing with Machine translation moi? me? Video activity recognition Running Name entity recognition Yesterday, Harry Potter Yesterday, Harry Potter met Hermione Granger. met Hermione Granger. **Andrew Ng**



Notation

Motivating example

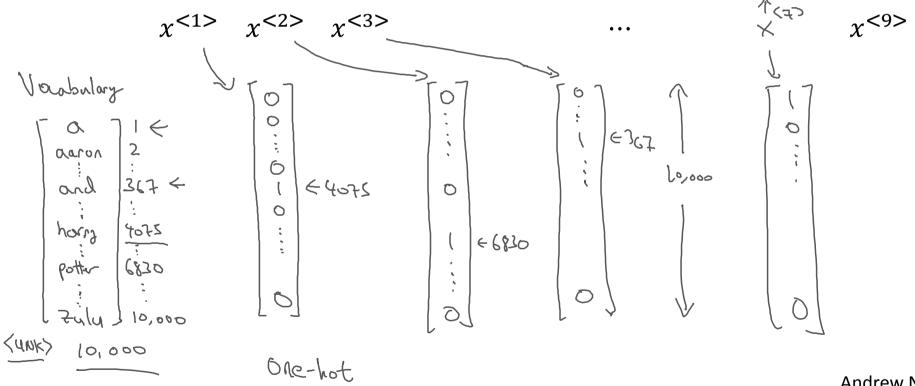
NLP

Harry Potter and Hermione Granger invented a new spell. x: Ty = 9 $T_{x}^{(i)} = 9$ 15 y (i) (t) T(i)

Representing words

$$\times$$
 (47) \times (47)

Harry Potter and Hermione Granger invented a new spell. X:



Representing words

x: Harry Potter and Hermione Granger invented a new spell.

$$\chi$$
<1> χ <2> χ <3> ... χ <9>

And = 367

Invented = 4700

A = 1

New = 5976

Spell = 8376

Harry = 4075

Potter = 6830

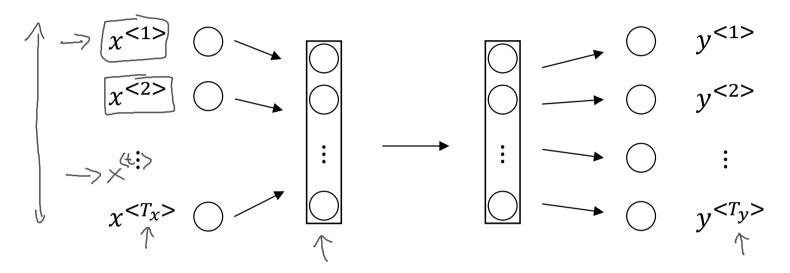
Hermione = 4200

Gran... = 4000



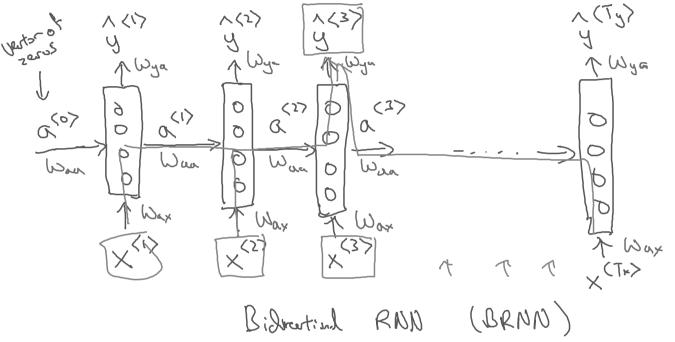
Recurrent Neural Network Model

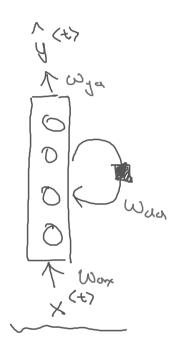
Why not a standard network?



Problems:

- Inputs, outputs can be different lengths in different examples.
- > Doesn't share features learned across different positions of text.





He said, "Teddy Roosevelt was a great President."

He said, "Teddy bears are on sale!"

Forward Propagation $\alpha \leftarrow \omega_{\stackrel{\sim}{\nearrow}} \times^{\stackrel{\sim}{\nearrow}}$ $\alpha^{(a)} = \overrightarrow{\partial}.$ $\alpha^{(a)} = g_1(\omega_{aa} \alpha^{(a)} + \omega_{ax} x^{(a)} + b_a) \leftarrow tonh | Rely$ $\alpha^{(a)} = g_2(\omega_{ya} \alpha^{(a)} + b_y) \leftarrow signoid$ $\alpha^{(b)} = g(\omega_{aa} \alpha^{(b)} + \omega_{ax} x^{(b)} + b_a)$ $\alpha^{(b)} = g(\omega_{aa} \alpha^{(b)} + \omega_{ax} x^{(b)} + b_a)$ $\alpha^{(b)} = g(\omega_{ya} \alpha^{(b)} + \omega_{ya} x^{(b)} + b_a)$ $\alpha^{(b)} = g(\omega_{ya} \alpha^{(b)} + \omega_{ya} x^{(b)} + b_a)$ $\alpha^{(b)} = g(\omega_{ya} \alpha^{(b)} + \omega_{ya} x^{(b)} + b_a)$

Simplified RNN notation

Simplified ICIN Hotation
$$a^{< t>} = g(\underbrace{W_{aa}}_{t \mid 00} \underbrace{A^{< t-1>} + \underbrace{W_{ax}}_{t \mid 0,000}}_{t \mid 00,000} + b_{a})$$

$$\hat{y}^{< t>} = g(W_{ya}a^{< t>} + b_{y})$$

$$\begin{cases}
\hat{y}^{< t>} = g(W_{ya}a^{< t>} + b_{y})
\end{cases}$$

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\end{cases}$$

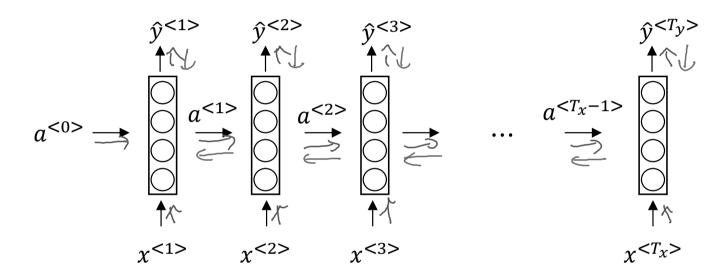
$$\begin{cases}
\hat{y}^{< t} = g(W_{ya}a^{< t})
\end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases}
\hat{y}^{< t}$$

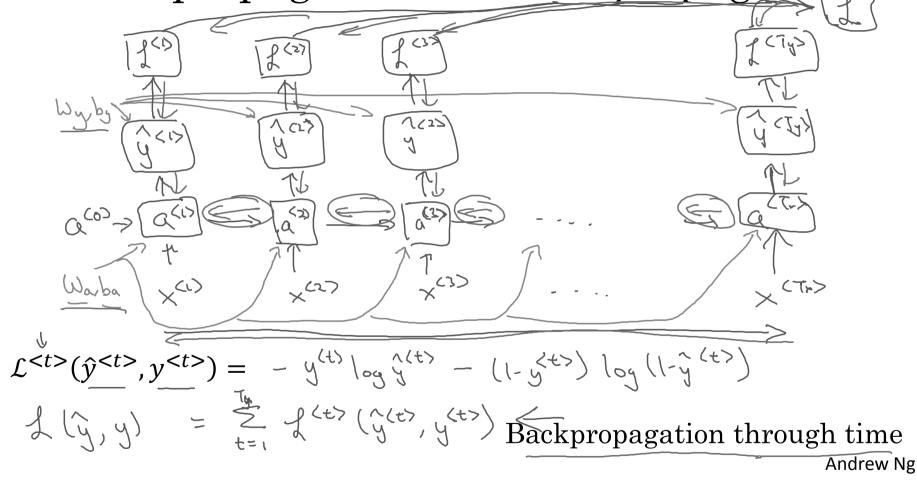


Backpropagation through time

Forward propagation and backpropagation



Forward propagation and backpropagation





Different types of RNNs

Examples of sequence data

Speech recognition

Music generation

Sentiment classification

DNA sequence analysis

Machine translation

Video activity recognition

Name entity recognition



"There is nothing to like in this movie."

AGCCCCTGTGAGGAACTAG

Voulez-vous chanter avec



Yesterday, Harry Potter met Hermione Granger. Tx Ty

"The quick brown fox jumped over the lazy dog."



AGCCCCTGTGAGGAACTAG

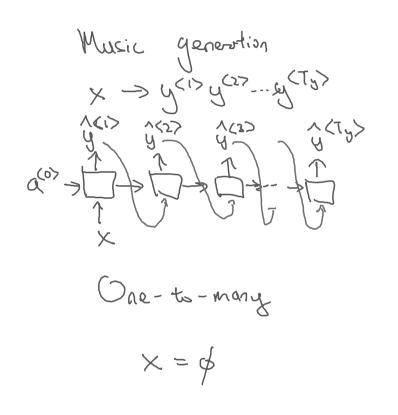
Do you want to sing with me?

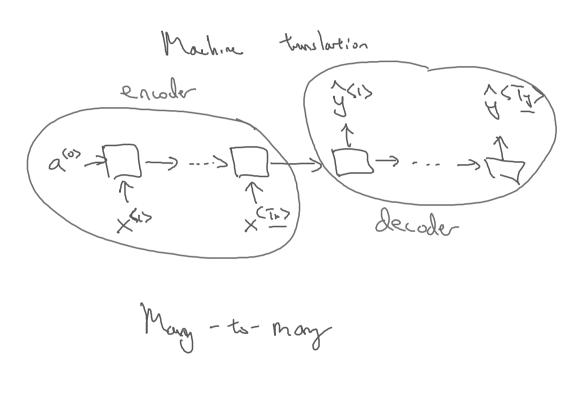
Running

Yesterday, Harry Potter met Hermione Granger. Andrew Ng

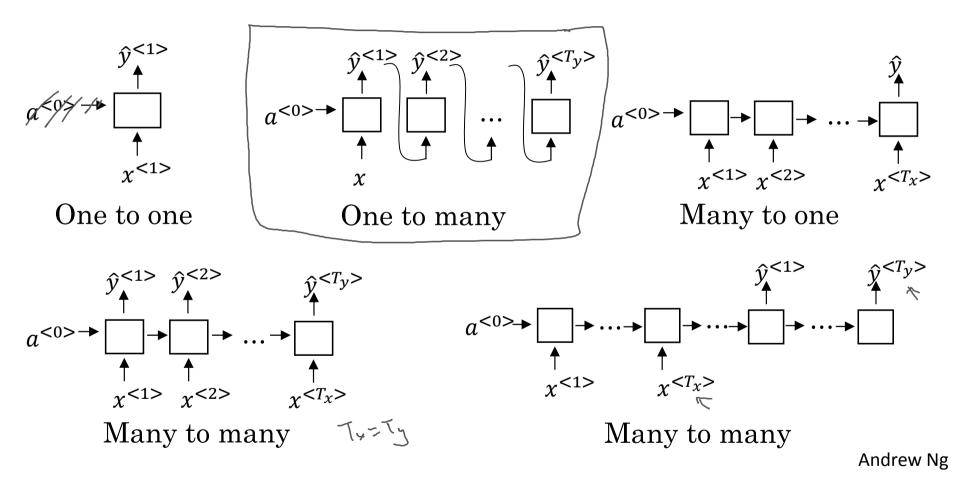
Examples of RNN architectures

Examples of RNN architectures





Summary of RNN types





Language model and sequence generation

What is language modelling?

Speech recognition

The apple and pair salad.

 \rightarrow The apple and pear salad.

$$P(\text{The apple and pair salad}) = 3.2 \times 10^{-3}$$

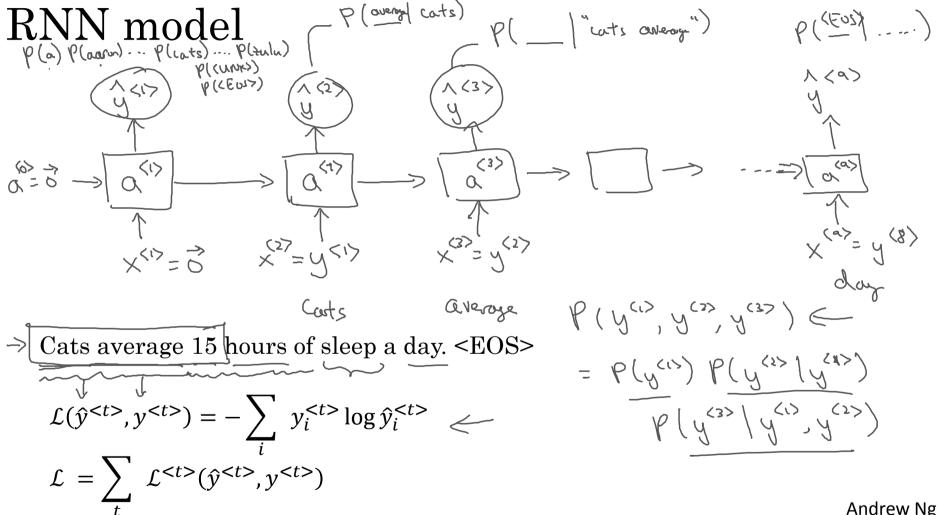
$$P(\text{The apple and pear salad}) = 5.7 \times 10^{-10}$$

Language modelling with an RNN

Training set: large corpus of english text.

Cats average 15 hours of sleep a day. < EOS>

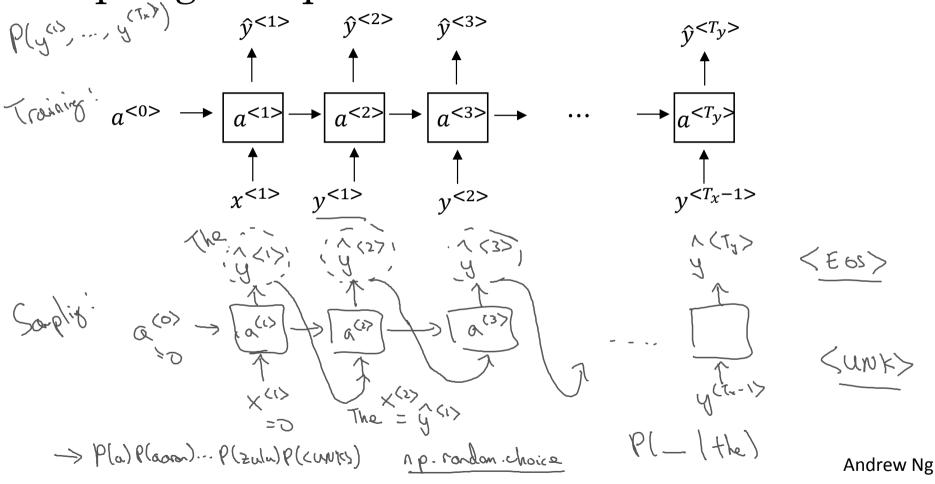
The Egyptian Mau is a bread of cat. <EOS>





Sampling novel sequences

Sampling a sequence from a trained RNN



Character-level language model

Vocabulary = [a, aaron, ..., zulu, <UNK>] \Rightarrow Vocabulary = [a, b, c, ..., z, ..., o, ..., q, A, ..., z] $y^{(2)}y^{(2)}y^{(2)}y^{(2)}y^{(2)}$ $\hat{y}^{<1} \Rightarrow \hat{y}^{<2} \Rightarrow \hat{y}^{<3} \Rightarrow \hat{y}^{<T_y} \Rightarrow \hat{y}^{<T_y}$

Sequence generation

News

President enrique peña nieto, announced sench's sulk former coming football langston paring.

"I was not at all surprised," said hich langston.

"Concussion epidemic", to be examined.

The gray football the told some and this has on the uefa icon, should money as.

Shakespeare

The mortal moon hath her eclipse in love.

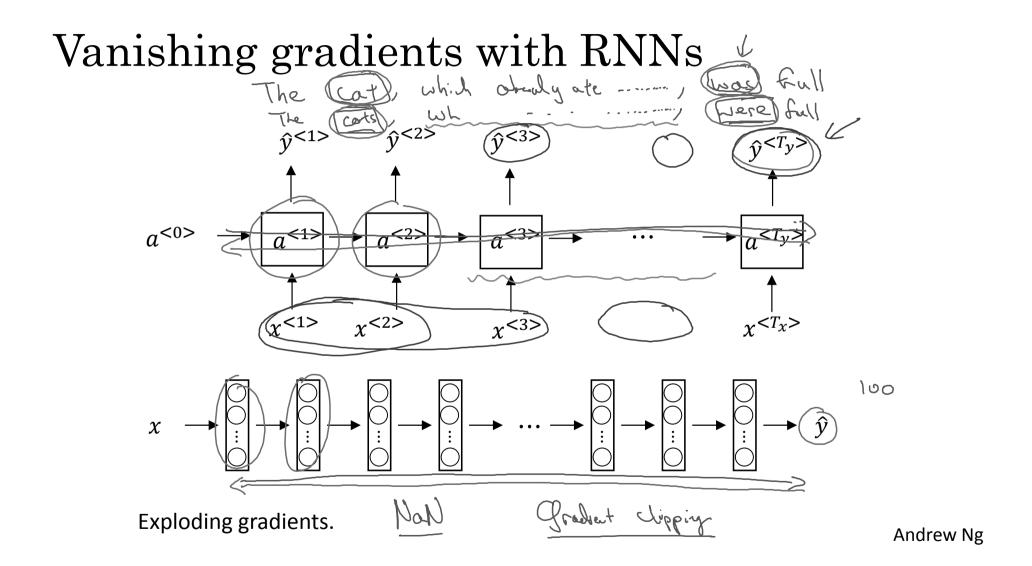
And subject of this thou art another this fold.

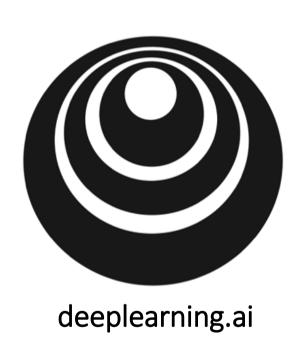
When besser be my love to me see sabl's.

For whose are ruse of mine eyes heaves.



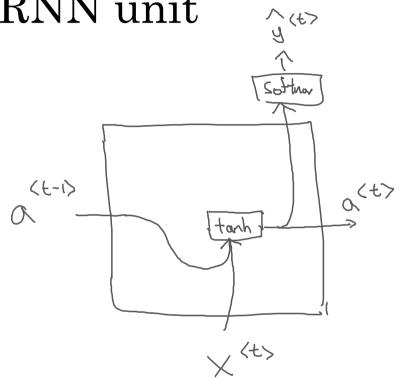
Vanishing gradients with RNNs



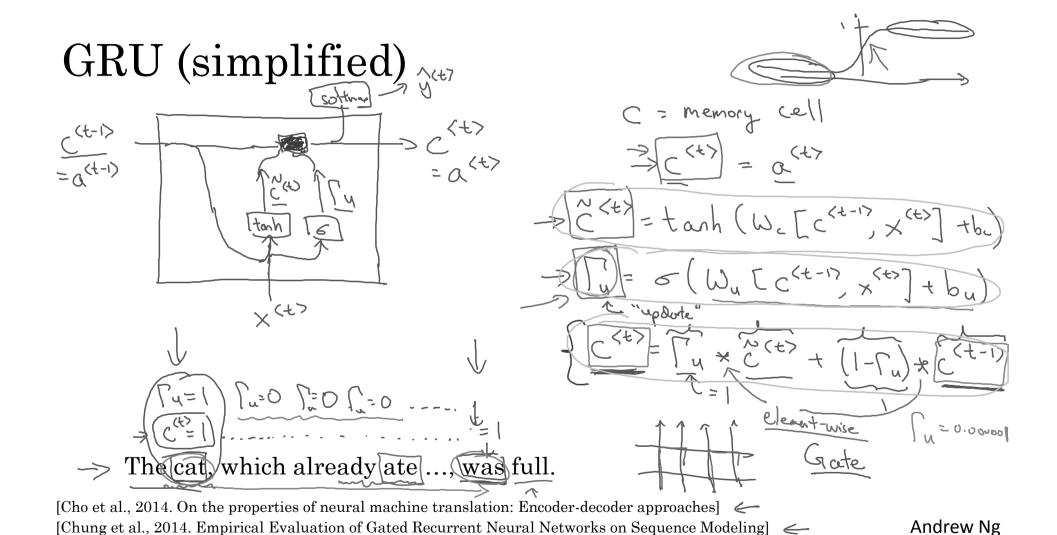


Gated Recurrent Unit (GRU)

RNN unit



$$\underline{a^{< t>}} = \underbrace{g(W_a[a^{< t-1>}, x^{< t>}] + b_a)}_{-}$$



Full GRU

$$\tilde{c}^{< t>} = \tanh(W_c[\tilde{c}^{< t}_{\overline{x}}]^{-1}, x^{< t>}] + b_c)$$

$$U = \sigma(W_u[c^{< t-1}], x^{< t>}] + b_u)$$

$$C = \sigma(W_c[c^{< t-1}], x^{< t>}] + b_c)$$

$$C = \sigma(W_c[c^{< t-1}], x^{< t>}] + b_c)$$

$$C = \sigma(W_c[c^{< t-1}], x^{< t>}] + b_c)$$

The cat, which ate already, was full.



LSTM (long short term memory) unit

GRU and LSTM

GRU

LSTM

$$\underline{\tilde{c}}^{\langle t \rangle} = \tanh(W_c[\underline{\Gamma}_r * \underline{c}^{\langle t-1 \rangle}, x^{\langle t \rangle}] + b_c) \qquad \underline{\tilde{c}}^{\langle t \rangle} = \tanh(\underline{\omega}_c[\underline{a}^{\langle t-1 \rangle}, x^{\langle t \rangle}] + b_c)$$

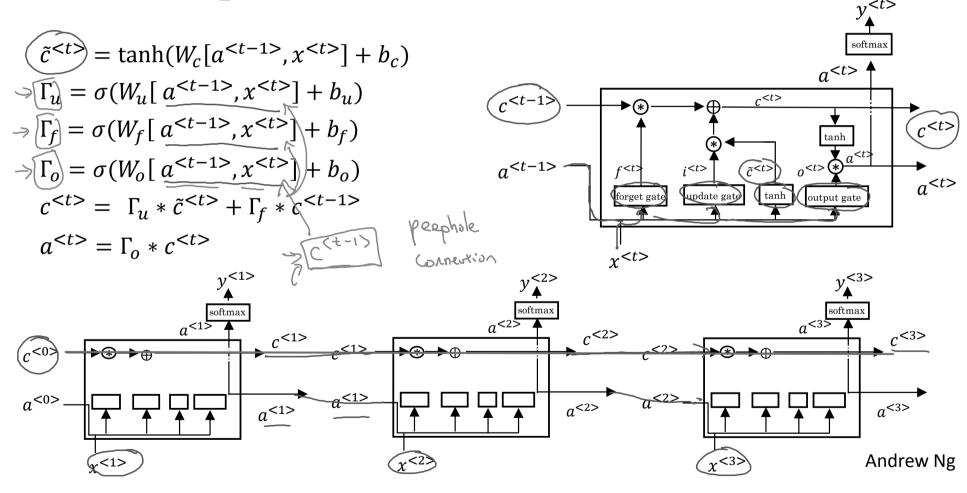
$$\underline{\Gamma}_u = \sigma(W_u[\underline{c}^{\langle t-1 \rangle}, x^{\langle t \rangle}] + b_u) \qquad \underline{\omega}_{q} \underline{\tilde{c}}^{\langle t \rangle} \qquad \underline{\tilde{c}}^{\langle t \rangle} = \sigma(\underline{\omega}_u[\underline{c}^{\langle t-1 \rangle}, x^{\langle t \rangle}] + b_u)$$

$$\underline{\Gamma}_r = \sigma(W_r[\underline{c}^{\langle t-1 \rangle}, x^{\langle t \rangle}] + b_r) \qquad \underline{\tilde{c}}^{\langle t \rangle} \qquad \underline{\tilde{c}}^{\langle t \rangle} = \sigma(\underline{\omega}_t[\underline{a}^{\langle t-1 \rangle}, x^{\langle t \rangle}] + b_u)$$

$$\underline{c}^{\langle t \rangle} = \underline{\Gamma}_u * \underline{\tilde{c}}^{\langle t \rangle} + \underline{\tilde{c}$$

[Hochreiter & Schmidhuber 1997. Long short-term memory]

LSTM in pictures



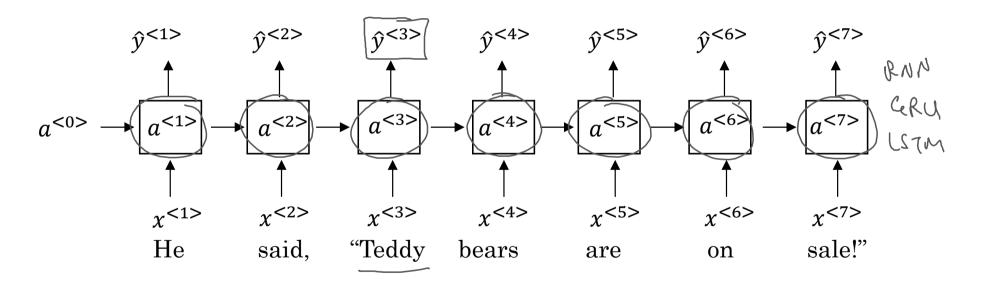


Bidirectional RNN

Getting information from the future

He said, "Teddy bears are on sale!"

He said, "Teddy Roosevelt was a great President!"



Bidirectional RNN (BRNN)

