

# Robustness and Generalization via Generative Adversarial Training

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# Adversarial Image Manipulation

Real



Tabby Cat



Not hot dog



Stop Sign



Cat



Male

Adversarial



Guacamole



Hot dog



Max Speed 100



Cell Phone



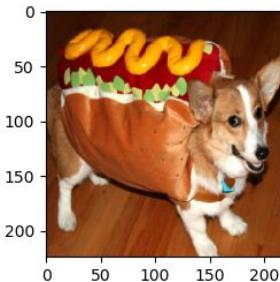
Female

- Look like real images
- Misclassified by the model

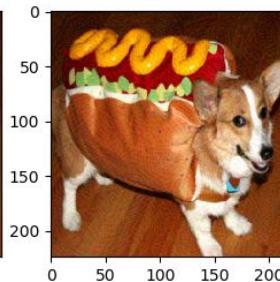
# Similarity of Images

$L_p$  similarity:  $\|x - \hat{x}\|_p < \epsilon$

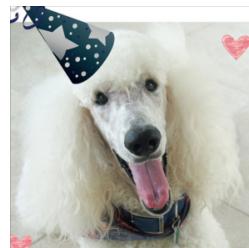
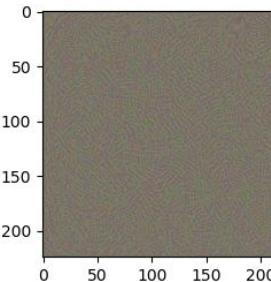
$$p = 0, 2, \infty, \dots$$



Not hot dog



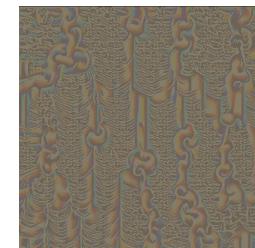
hot dog



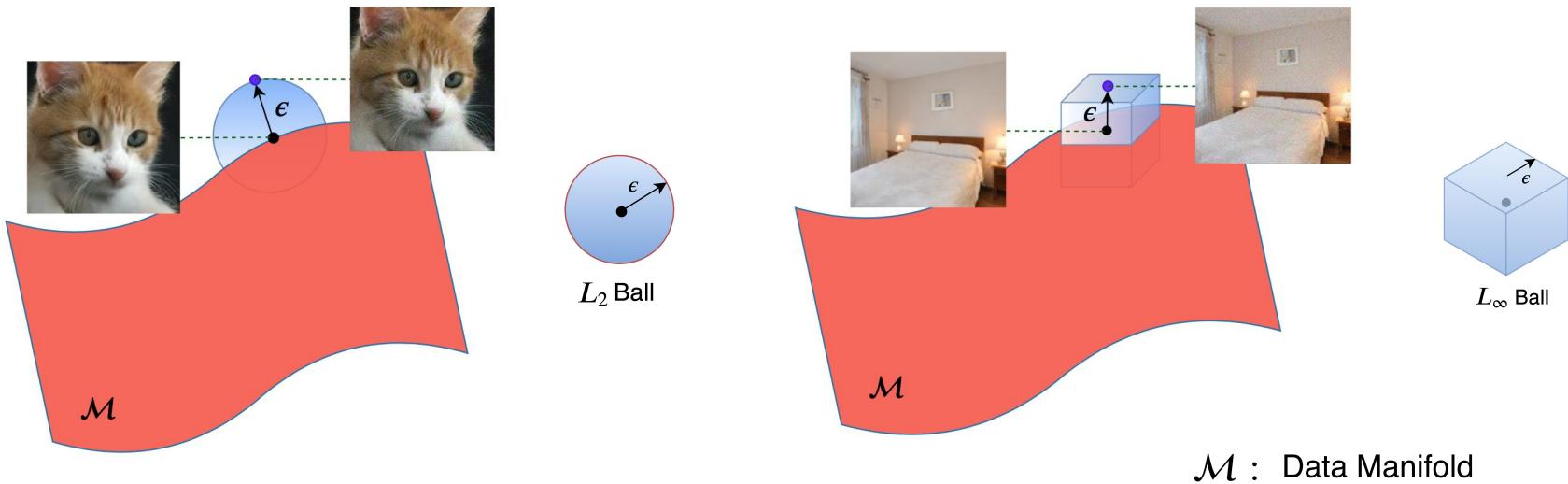
Poodle



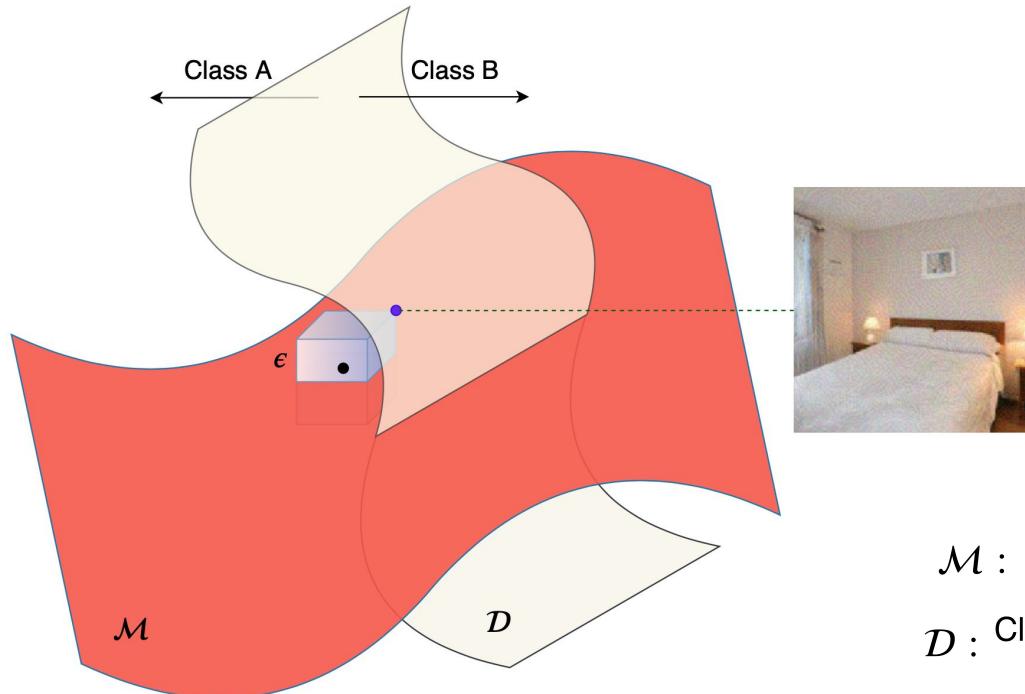
Chain



# Manifold of Natural Images



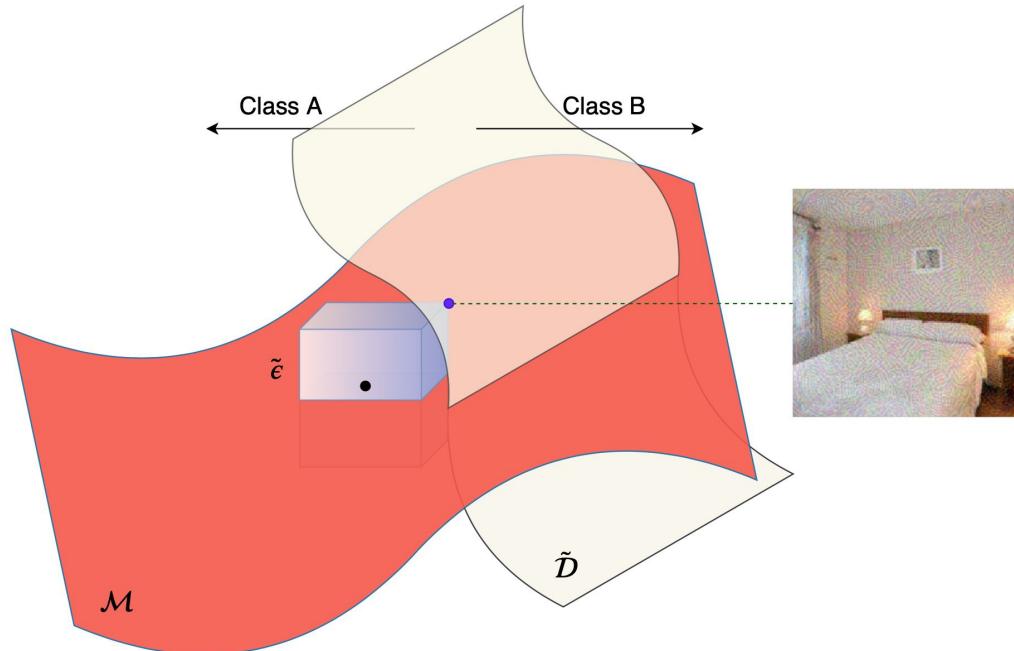
# Manifold of Natural Images



# Manifold of Natural Images

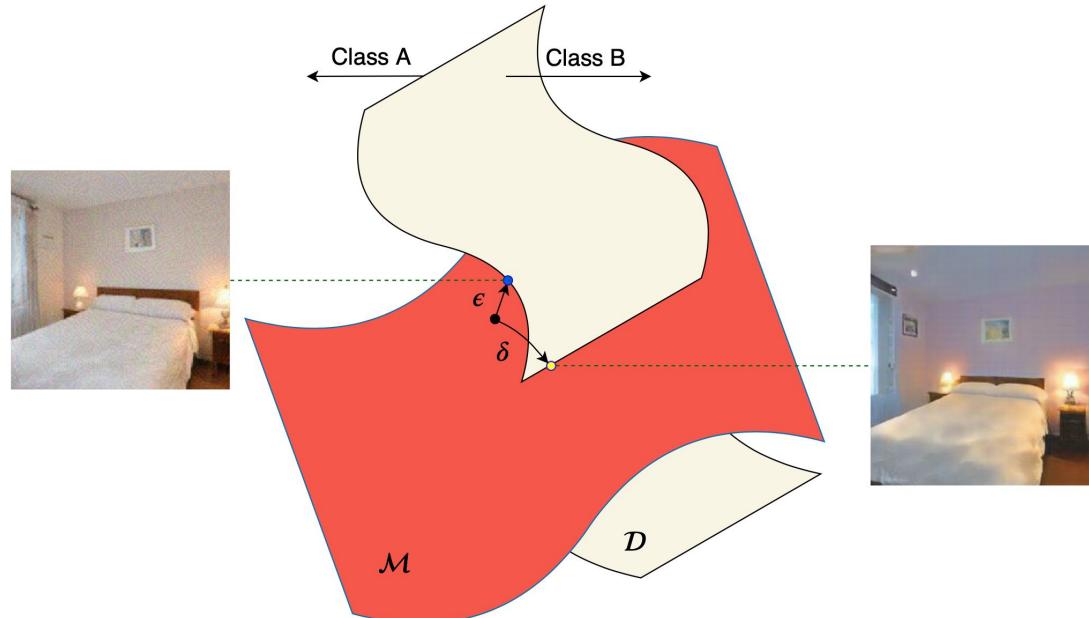
Classifiers equipped with defense

Larger perturbation norms



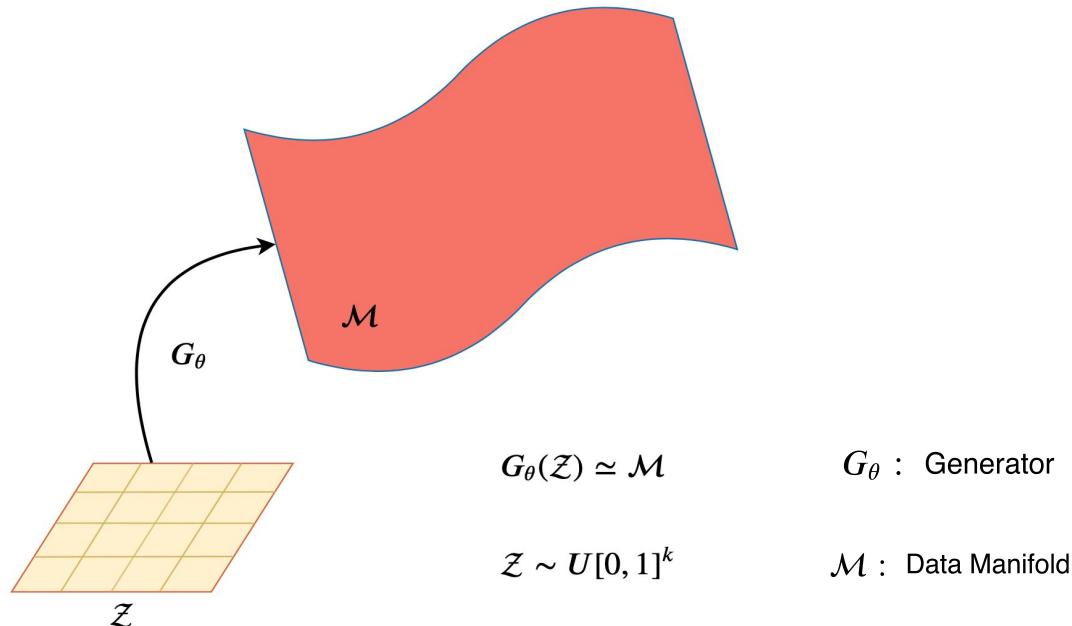
# Unrestricted Adversarial Examples

Can we move on the manifold?



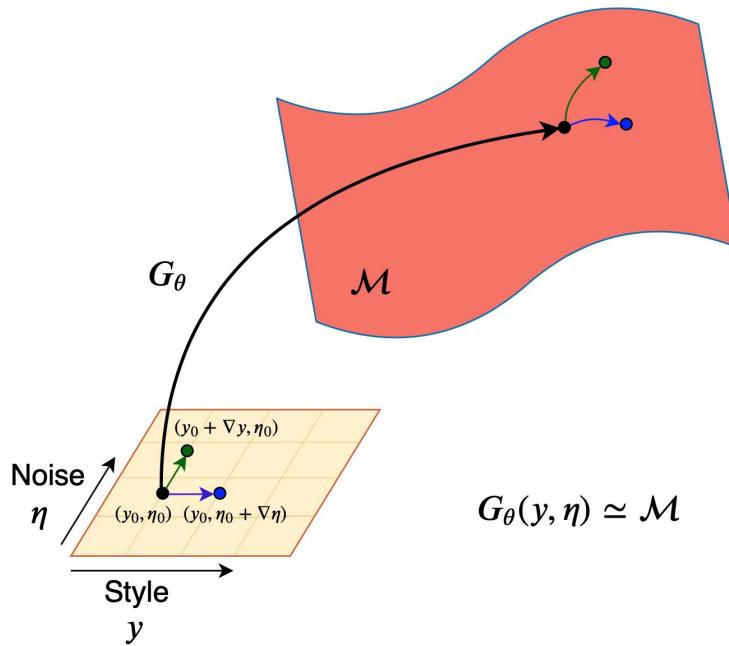
# Unrestricted Adversarial Examples

Using a generative model to approximate the manifold

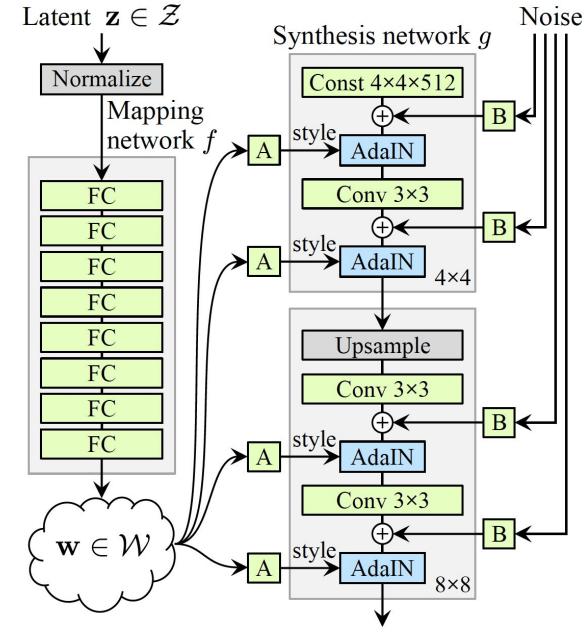


# Unrestricted Adversarial Examples

Disentangled Latent Space

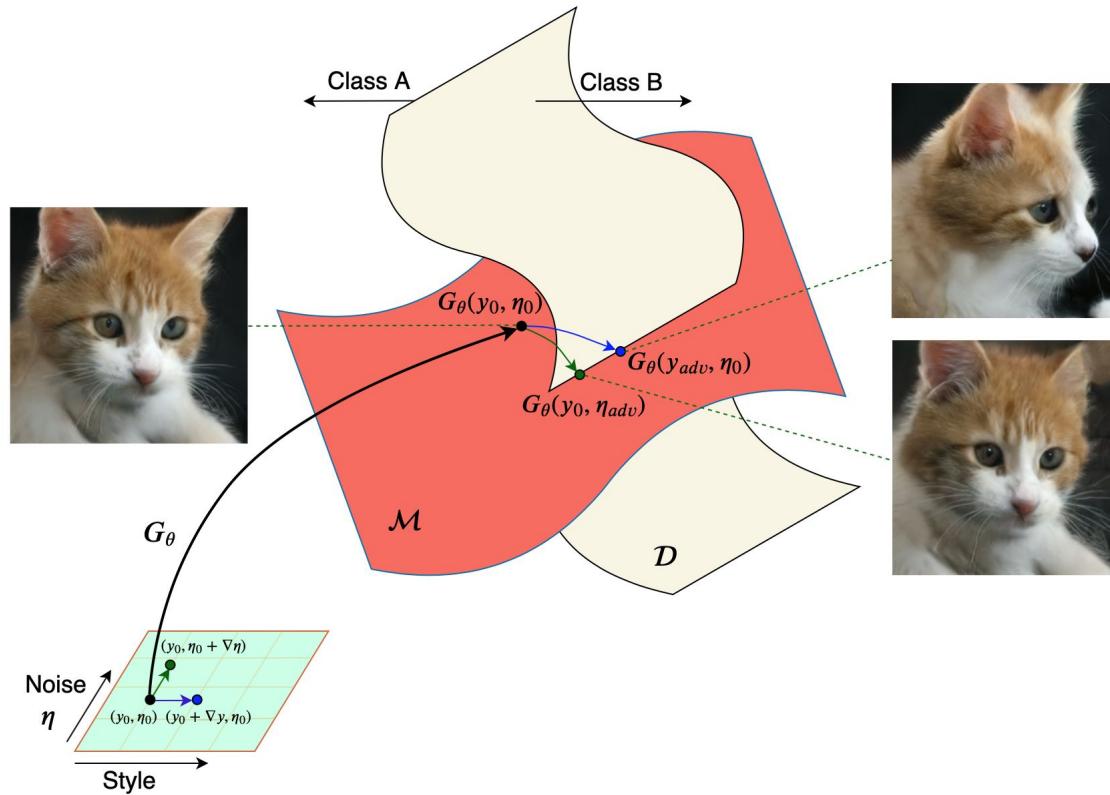


$$G_\theta(y, \eta) \simeq \mathcal{M}$$



Style-GAN

# Unrestricted Adversarial Examples

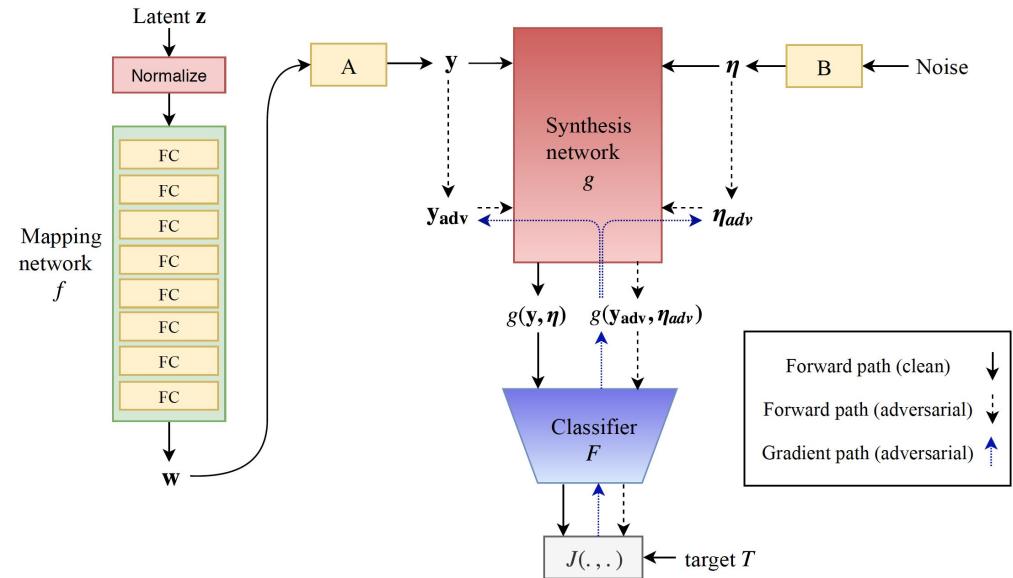


# Unrestricted Adversarial Examples

Iteratively updating the variables

$$\mathbf{y}_{\text{adv}}^{(t+1)} = \mathbf{y}_{\text{adv}}^{(t)} - \epsilon \cdot \text{sign}(\nabla_{\mathbf{y}_{\text{adv}}^{(t)}} J(F(g(\mathbf{y}_{\text{adv}}^{(t)}, \boldsymbol{\eta}_{\text{adv}}^{(t)})), T))$$

$$\boldsymbol{\eta}_{\text{adv}}^{(t+1)} = \boldsymbol{\eta}_{\text{adv}}^{(t)} - \delta \cdot \text{sign}(\nabla_{\boldsymbol{\eta}_{\text{adv}}^{(t)}} J(F(g(\mathbf{y}_{\text{adv}}^{(t)}, \boldsymbol{\eta}_{\text{adv}}^{(t)})), T))$$



# Fine-grained Unrestricted Adversarial Examples

Only manipulating specific layers

Top layers: high-level changes

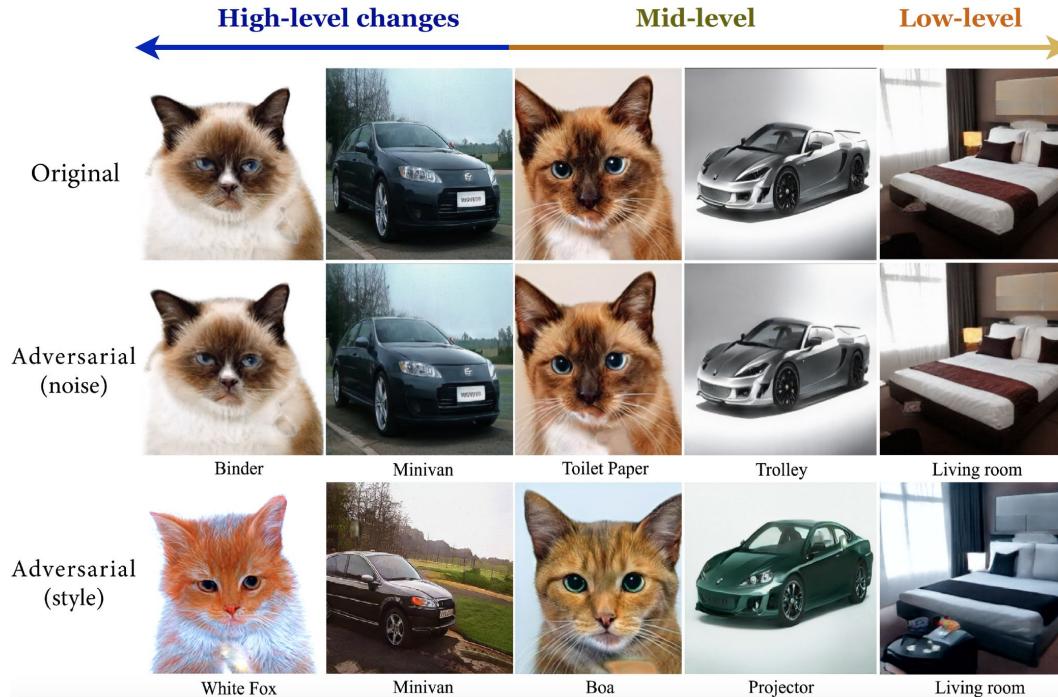


Bottom layers: low-level changes



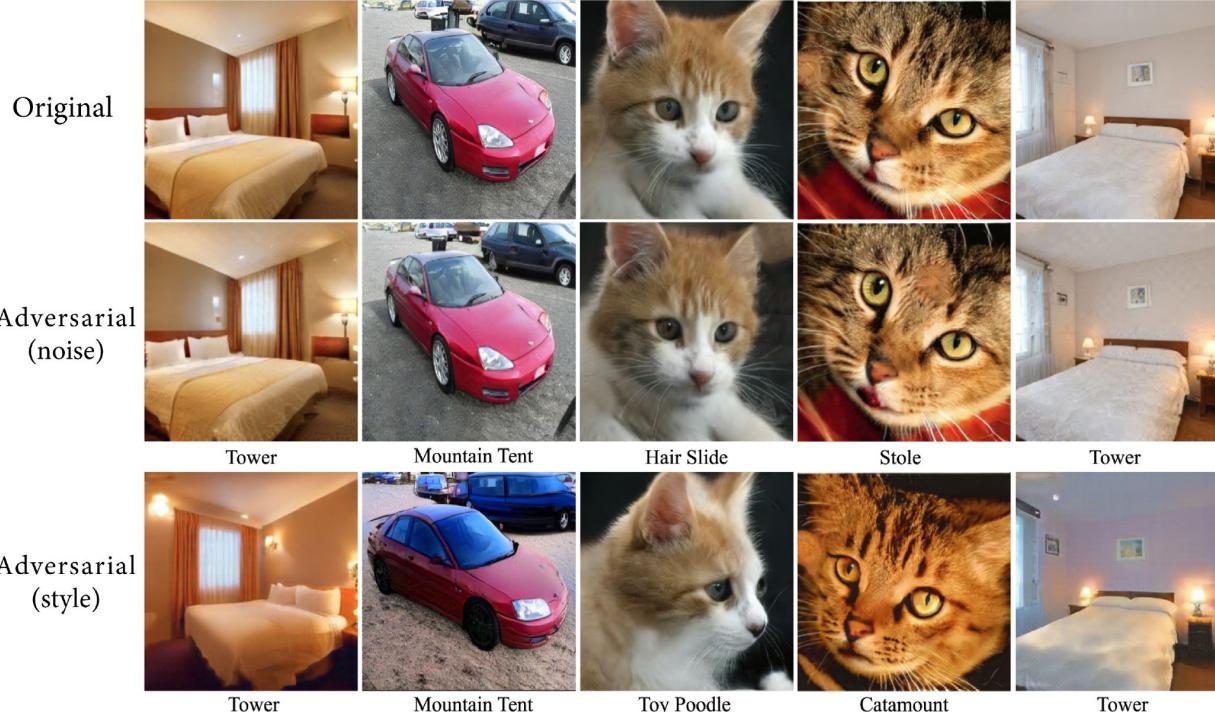
# Fine-grained Unrestricted Adversarial Examples

Results on LSUN: Non-targeted



# Fine-grained Unrestricted Adversarial Examples

Results on LSUN: Targeted



# Fine-grained Unrestricted Adversarial Examples

Results on CelebA-HQ Gender Classification

Original



Adversarial  
(noise)



Adversarial  
(style)



# Adversarial Training

Including adversarial images in training the classifier

- Effective as a defense
- Improves performance on clean images

	Classification (LSUN)		Classification (CelebA-HQ)		Segmentation		Detection	
	Clean	Adversarial	Clean	Adversarial	Clean	Adversarial	Clean	Adversarial
Adv. Trained	<b>89.5%</b>	78.4%	<b>96.2%</b>	83.6%	<b>69.1%</b>	60.2%	<b>40.2%</b>	33.7%
Original	88.9%	0.0%	95.7%	0.0%	67.9%	2.7%	39.0%	2.0%

# Adversarial Training

Model	Attack						Mean
	Clean	GAT	PGD	Spatial	Recolor	Perceptual	
GAT (Ours)	<b>89.5%</b>	78.4%	39.4%	47.8%	52.3%	28.9%	<b>42.1%</b>
AT PGD [27]	81.2%	6.3%	56.7%	5.1%	37.9%	2.8%	13.0%
AT AdvProp [37]	89.4%	7.8%	57.6%	6.0%	38.5%	3.5%	22.7%
AT Spatial [36]	76.3%	5.4%	3.1%	66.0%	4.1%	2.2%	3.7%
AT Recolor [24]	88.6%	4.7%	7.3%	0.4%	60.7%	1.7%	3.5%
PAT [25]	72.4%	18.3%	40.1%	46.3%	42.5%	30.1%	36.5%

# User Study

Real or Fake?

- Accuracy on un-adversarial generated images: 74.7%
- Accuracy on style-based adversarial images: 70.8%
- Accuracy on noise-based adversarial images: 74.3%

Correct category?

- Accuracy on style-based images: 98.7%
- Accuracy on noise-based images: 99.2%

# Evaluation on Certified Defenses

Certified defenses exist on norm-bounded attacks

- Vulnerable to our unrestricted attack

	Accuracy
Clean	63.1%
Adversarial (style)	21.7%
Adversarial (noise)	37.8%

Table 1: Accuracy of a certified classifier equipped with randomized smoothing on adversarial images.