[5560]-17

T.E. (Computer Engineering) DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

(2003 Pattern) (Semester - I)

Time: 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks: 100

Instructions to the condidates:

- Answer any three questions from each section. 1)
- 2) Answers to the two sections should be written in separate answer books.
- 3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 5) Use of Calculator is allowed.
- Assume suitable data if necessary. **6**)

SECTION ...I

- State and explain the following properties of Discrete Time System. [10]

 i) Stability **Q1**) a)

 - ii) Causality
 - Time-Invariant iii)
 - Linearity iv)
 - Obtain a Linear Convolution of DT signal b)

$$x(n) = h(n) = \{1,2,1\}$$

OR

Determine the particular solution of the difference equation **Q2)** a)

$$y(n) = 6y(n-1) - 4y(n-2) + x(n)$$

when the forcing function $x(n) = 3^n$; $n \ge 0$ and zero elsewhere.

- State whether the given signals are energy or power signals. Justify the b) answere. [8]
 - $x(n) = (0.8)^n u(n)$ i)
 - ii) $x(n)=3^n$; n<0

[10]

- Q3) a) Compare DFT with DTFT. State and prove Linearity Property of DFT.[8]
 - b) Compute the four point DFT of the following sequence $x(n) = \{2, 1, 2, 1\}$.

OR

- Q4) a) Explain the difference between FT, DTFT and DFT. [8]
 - b) Find the DFT of the sequence for N = 4. [8]

x(n) = 0.5; for $0 \le n \le 2$ = 0; otherwise

- **Q5)** a) Prove the following properties of Z Transform.
 - i) Differentiation in Z domain
 - ii) Convolution in time domain
 - b) Determine the pole zero plot for the system described by difference equation. [8]

[8]

 $y(n) - \frac{3}{4}y(n-1) + \frac{1}{8}y(n-2) = x(n) - x(n-1)$ OR

- **Q6)** a) Define POC of Z Transform. State significance of ROC. Derive the relationship between Z Transform and Fourier transform. [8]
 - b) Determine the causal signal x(n) having the Z Transform [8]

 $x(z) = \frac{1}{(1+z^{-1})(1+z^{-1})^2}$

<u>SECTION - II</u>

- Q7) a) State and prove time property of unilateral Z-transform. [8]
 - b) Define a system function H(Z). Determine H(Z) and draw sole zero plot for the system below. [10]

 $y(n) + \frac{3}{4}y(n-1) + \frac{1}{8}y(n-2) = x(n) + x(n-1)$ OR

- **Q8)** a) Define system function H(z). How it is obtained from the general difference equation? How it describes the properties of DT system. [8]
 - b) How to determine the causality and stability from H(z), illustrate this with one example. Obtain the impulse response for the same. [10]

- **Q9**) a) What is the use of windowing? Explain the design steps of FIR filter using windowing method. [8]
 - Convert the Analog filter b) [8]

$$H(s) = \frac{4}{(s+1)(s+2)}$$

into Digital Filter using Bilinear Transformation for T = 1 sec.

OR

- Define DT filter. What do you mean by a linear phase response? What is *Q10*)a) group delay State the advantages and disadvantages of FIR filter over an IIR filter.
 - Design an IIR Low Pass Butterworth filter using Impulse Invariant method b) for the following specifications [8] Passband: $08 \le |H(e^{jw})|$ for $|\mathbf{w}| \leq 0.2\pi$ Stopband: $|H(e^{jw})| \le 0.2$ for $0.6\pi \le |w| \le \pi$ Assume T = 1 sec.
- Draw the functional diagram of ADSP 21XXDSP processor. Explain **Q11)**a) application of DSP in speech processing.
 - Explain linear phase FIR filter structure and draw it for filter length M=5. b)

[8]

- Obtain and realize direct FIR filter and cascade form FIR filter structure *Q12)*a) for a system having $h(n) = \{1, 3, 5, -3\}$
 - How image is represented by digital computer? Explain the application b) CEL 183. Sollow of the Carlot of DSP in image processing w.r.t image enhancement.

