Total No. of Questions : 10]			estions: 10] SEAT No. :			
P3629			[5560] 585 [Total No. of Pages :	3		
	T.E. (Computer)					
COMPUTER NETWORKS						
(2015 Course) (Semester-I)						
		Hours	[Max. Marks : 7	70		
<ol> <li>Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.</li> <li>Figures to the right side indicate full marks.</li> </ol>						
	<i>2) 3)</i>	_	f calculator is allowed.			
	4)	Assun	ne vuitable data, if necessary.			
Q1)		setu	npare Circuit switching and Packet switching with reference to caup, physical path, Bandwidth, congestion, transmission, transparence	y. 6]		
	b)	V	oresent 10000101111 using Manchester and differential Manchester coding technique.			
			County and the second s	-1		
<b>Q</b> 2)	a)	Whi	ich TCP/IP layer is responsible for functioning of the following? [6]	<b>5</b> ]		
		i)	Determining the best path to route the packets	7.		
		ii)	Providing end-to-enoprocess communication with reliable service	è		
		iii)	Error Control & Flow control			
		iv)	Error Control & Flow control  Provides access for end user  Interface to transmission media  File Transfer			
		v)	Interface to transmission media			
		vi)	File Transfer			
	b)	Def	ine DSSS and explain how it achieves bandwidth spreading. [4]	<b>4</b> ]		
Q3)	a)	Exp	plain HDLC (I,S and U frame) in detail?	5]		
	b)	Wha	at are the differences between switch and Router? Explain. [4	<b>4</b> ]		
			OR OR			
			P.T.O	<b>).</b>		

[4]

- b) Calculate the throughput for stop and wait protocol, if the frame size is 4800 bits, bit rate is 9600 bps, within distance 2000km with speed of propagation 20,00,00 km/s. [6]
- Q5) a) I asked my Internet Service Provider (ISP) for some static IPs. They responded that I have been allocated 129. 22. 8.32/29. How many IPs can I setup/provision in my network? What is the first and Last IP address?

[4]

b) Explan ICMP protocol in detail.

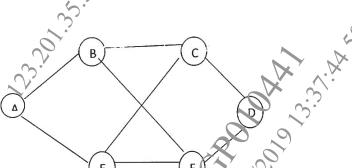
[6]

c) Explain Network Address Translation (NAT) in detail

[8]

OR

- Q6) a) A host with IP address 130.23.3.20 and physical address B 23455102210 has a packet to send to another host with IP address 130.23.43.25 and physical address A46EF45983AB. The two hosts are on the same Ethernet network. Show the ARP request and reply packets encapsulated in Ethernet frames.
  - b) Consider the subnet given in fig. Distance vector routing is used and the following vectors have just come in to router C: from B (5, 0, 8, 12, 6, 2); from D (16, 12, 06, 0, 9, 10); and from E (7, 6, 3, 9, 0, 4). The measured delays to B,D and E are 6, 3 and 5 respectively. What is C's new routing table? Give both the outgoing line to use and the expected delay?



c) Explain the concept of Classful (A, B, C, D and E) and Classless addressing. [6]

Explain RTP protocol in detail.	[8]
What are three different types of sockets? Explain various socket primit used in connection oriented client server approach.	ives [8]
What is a limb of the second	1
format in detail.	[8]
What causes Silly Window syndrome? How it is avoided? Explain.	[8]
What is the difference between persistent & non persistent HTTP? Exp HTTP request and reply message format.	lain [ <b>8</b> ]
Why we need DHCP? Explain in detail.	[8]
OR OR	
What is DNS? Explain its various resource records with example.	[8]
Explain FTP? Write any four FTP commands.	[8]
Solving Control of the Control of th	
See 3 of the second sec	
	What is the difference between TCP and UDP, Explain TCP Heaformat in detail.  What is the difference between TCP and UDP, Explain TCP Heaformat in detail.  What causes Silly Window syndrome? How it is avoided? Explain.  What is the difference between persistent & non persistent HTTP? Explain.  What is the difference between persistent & non persistent HTTP? Explain.  Why we need DHCP? Explain in detail.  OR