

Problem Description

We define $f(X, Y)$ as the number of different corresponding bits in the binary representation of X and Y .

For example, $f(2, 7) = 2$, since the binary representation of 2 and 7 are 10 and 111, respectively. The first and the third bit differ, so $f(2, 7) = 2$.

You are given an array of N positive integers, A_1, A_2, \dots, A_N . Find sum of $f(A_i, A_j)$ for all pairs (i, j) such that $1 \leq i, j \leq N$. Return the answer modulo 10^9+7 .

Problem Constraints

$$1 \leq N \leq 10^5$$

$$1 \leq A[i] \leq 2^{31} - 1$$

Input Format

The first and only argument of input contains a single integer array A .

Output Format

Return a single integer denoting the sum.

Example Input

Input 1:

$A = [1, 3, 5]$

Input 2:

$A = [2, 3]$

Example Output

Output 1:

8

Output 2:

2

Example Explanation

Explanation 1:

$$f(1, 1) + f(1, 3) + f(1, 5) + f(3, 1) + f(3, 3) + f(3, 5) + f(5, 1) + f(5, 3) + f(5, 5) = 0 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 0 + 2 + 1 + 2 + 0 = 8$$

Explanation 2:

$$f(2, 2) + f(2, 3) + f(3, 2) + f(3, 3) = 0 + 1 + 1 + 0 = 2$$