

JavaScript (JS)

Literals vs Variables

```
console.log("The answer is");
```

```
var message = "The answer is";
```

```
console.log(message); // Outputs "The answer is"
```

```
console.log("message"); // Outputs "message"
```

STRING LITERAL

```
console.log("The answer is");
```

STRING LITERAL

```
var message = "The answer is";
```

STRING VARIABLE

```
console.log(message); // Outputs "The answer is"
```

STRING VARIABLE

```
console.log("message"); // Outputs "message"
```

STRING LITERAL

NUMBER LITERAL

|

```
console.log(42);
```

NUMBER LITERAL

|

```
var num = 42;
```

|

NUMBER VARIABLE

```
console.log(num); // Outputs "42"
```

|

NUMBER VARIABLE

```
console.log("num"); // Outputs "num"
```

|

STRING LITERAL



~~document.write~~



document.write

- Typically only used in very [specific situations](#)
- Can override existing HTML
- Hard to use with complicated HTML

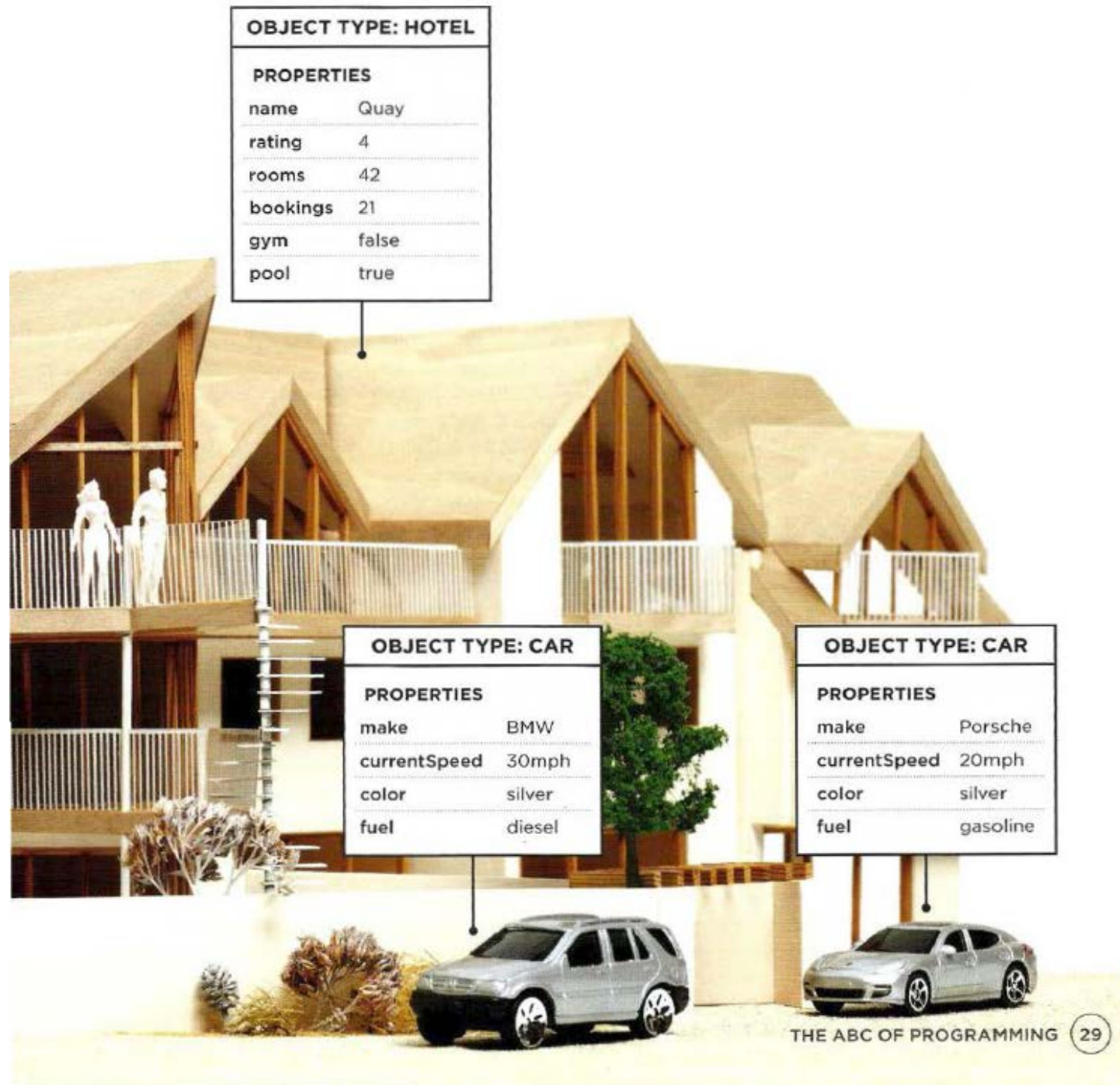


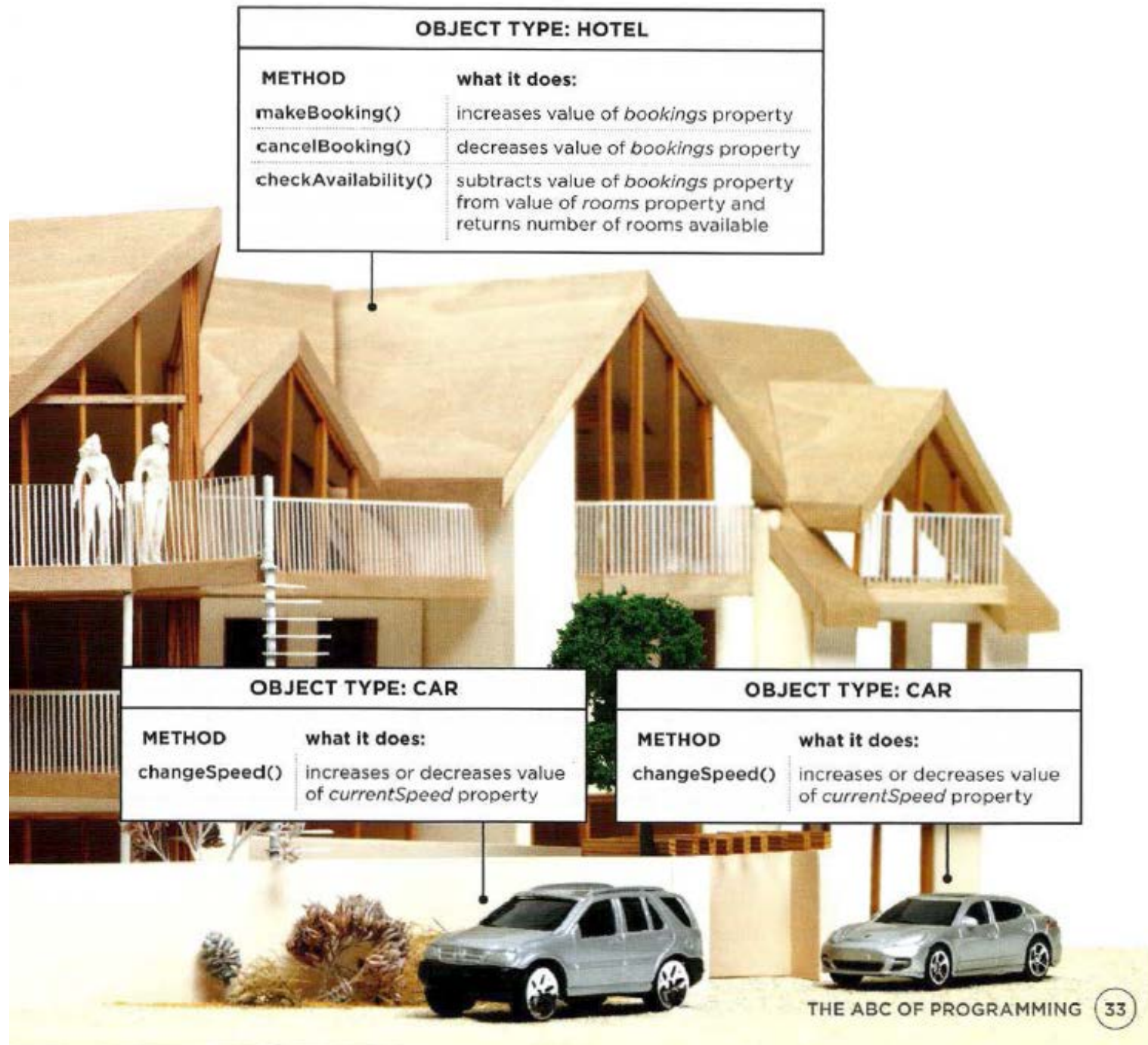
Objects



```
console.log("Hi!");  
document.write("<img src='party-time.gif'>");
```









Creating Elements



```
var newHeader = document.createElement("h1");
```



STORE ELEMENT
IN VARIABLE



CREATES AND RETURNS
A NEW ELEMENT

Element === Object

- [Element MDN Reference](#)
- Element objects have properties (variables) for:
 - id – the element's id attribute
 - className – the element's class attribute
 - textContent – the text inside of the element's tags
 - style – the style attribute
 - Etc.

```
var newHeader = document.createElement("h1");
newHeader.textContent = "Hello";
// newHeader now looks like this: <h1>Hello</h1>
```



Adding Element to the Page

```
var newHeader = document.createElement("h1");  
newHeader.textContent = "Hello";  
document.body.appendChild(newHeader);
```

```
// The page now looks like:
```

```
// <body>
```

```
//   <h1>Hello</h1>
```

```
// </body>
```



```
document.createElement(...) // Function  
document.body // Variable
```

Repetition

Loops && Loops

LOOP HEADER

```
for (var counter = 0; counter < 10; counter = counter + 1) {  
  console.log(counter);  
}
```

LOOP BODY



CONDITION



```
(var counter = 0; counter < 10; counter = counter + 1)
```



INITIALIZATION



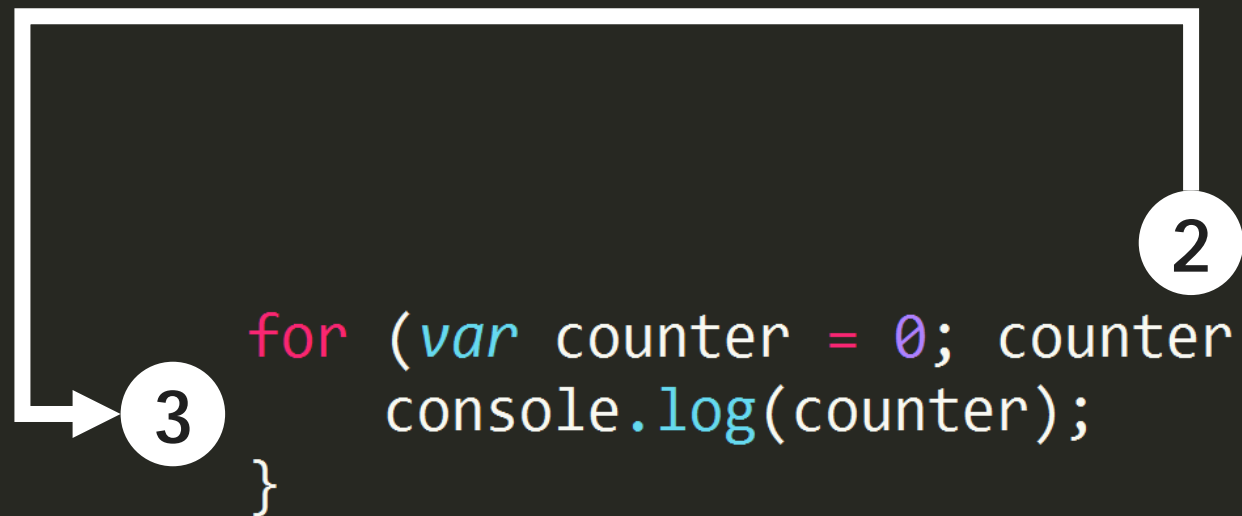
UPDATE

Loop Flow

```
for (var counter = 0; counter < 2; counter = counter + 1) {  
    console.log(counter);  
}
```



```
for (var counter = 0; counter < 2; counter = counter + 1) {  
  console.log(counter);  
}
```

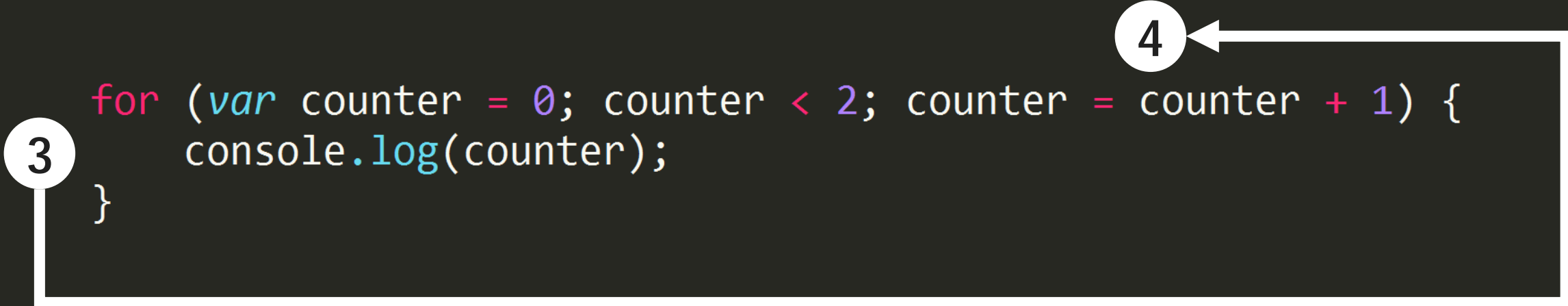


```
for (var counter = 0; counter < 2; counter = counter + 1) {  
  console.log(counter);  
}
```


4

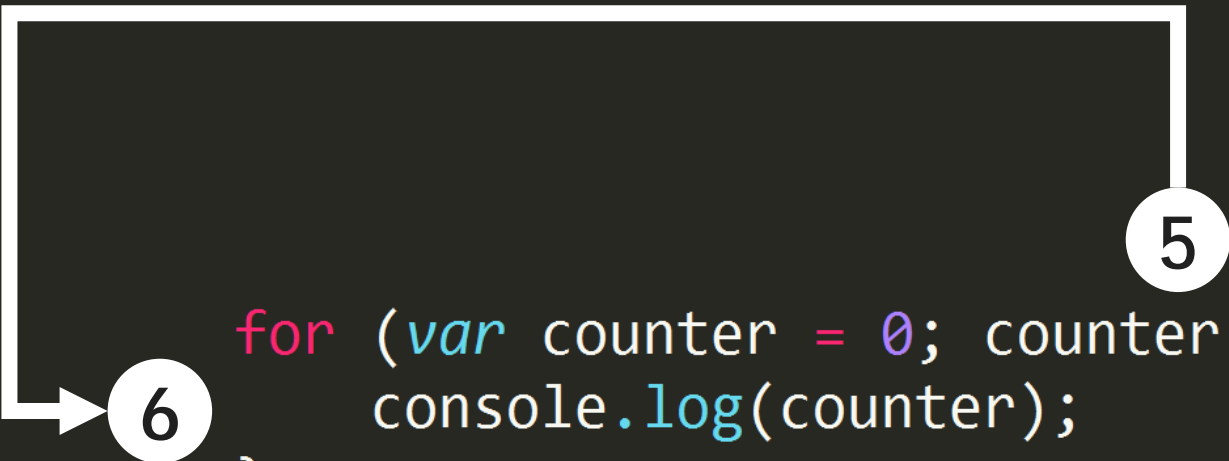
3

```
for (var counter = 0; counter < 2; counter = counter + 1) {  
  console.log(counter);  
}
```





```
for (var counter = 0; counter < 2; counter = counter + 1) {  
  console.log(counter);  
}
```

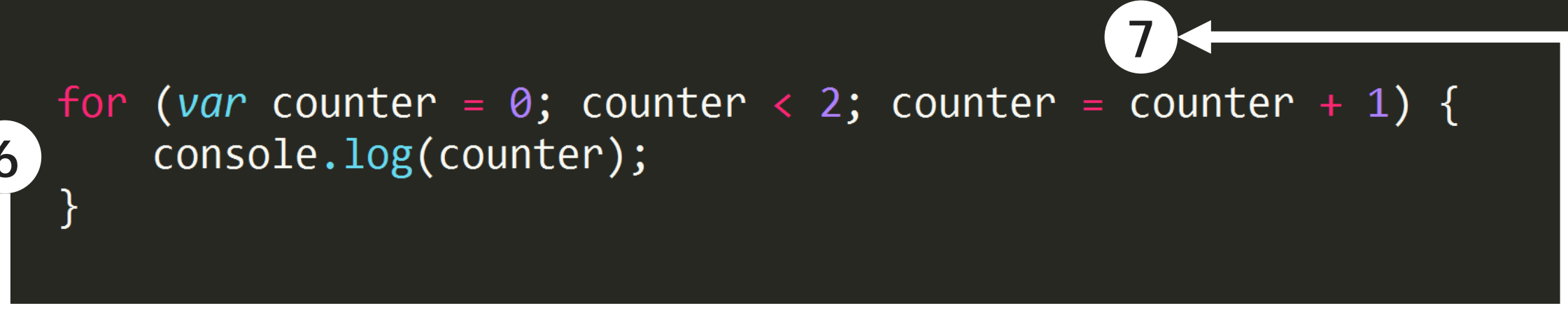


```
for (var counter = 0; counter < 2; counter = counter + 1) {  
  console.log(counter);  
}
```

7

6

```
for (var counter = 0; counter < 2; counter = counter + 1) {  
  console.log(counter);  
}
```

A white line starts from the left of line 6, goes down, then right, then up to point to line 7, indicating a jump or continuation of the loop.



```
for (var counter = 0; counter < 2; counter = counter + 1) {  
  console.log(counter);  
}
```

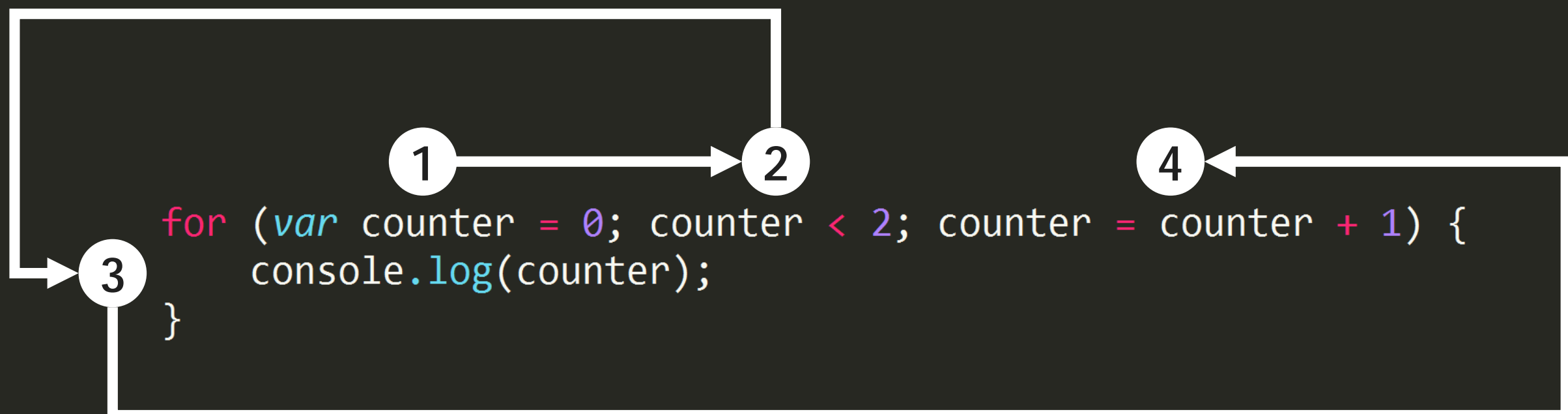


8

```
for (var counter = 0; counter < 2; counter = counter + 1) {  
  console.log(counter);  
}
```

LOOP OVER

Overall Flow



Loop Shorthand

```
for (var counter = 0; counter < 10; counter = counter + 1) {  
    console.log(counter);  
}
```

```
for (var i = 0; i < 10; i += 1) {  
    console.log(i);  
}
```

```
for (var i = 0; i < 10; i++) {  
    console.log(i);  
}
```

`i = i + 1`

`i = i - 1`

`i += 1`

`i -= 1`

`i++`

`i--`

While Loops

```
for (var i = 0; i < 10; i += 1) {  
    console.log(i);  
}
```

```
var i = 0;  
while (i < 10) {  
    console.log(i);  
    i += 1;  
}
```