# Implement K-Means clustering/ hierarchical clustering on sales\_data\_sample.csv dataset. Determine thenumber of clusters using the elbow method.

```
In [4]:
          import pandas as pd
          import numpy as np
 In [5]:
          df = pd.read_csv('./sales_data_sample.csv', encoding='unicode_escape')
 In [6]:
          df.head
Out[6]:
 In [7]:
          df.info
 Out[7]:
 In [8]:
          #Columns to Remove
          to_drop = ['ADDRESSLINE1', 'ADDRESSLINE2', 'STATE', 'POSTALCODE', 'PHONE']
          df = df.drop(to_drop, axis=1)
 In [9]:
          #Check for null values
          df.isnull().sum()
 Out[9]: ORDERNUMBER
         QUANTITYORDERED
                                 0
                                 0
         PRICEEACH
         ORDERLINENUMBER
                                 0
         SALES
                                 0
         ORDERDATE
         STATUS
         QTR_ID
                                 0
         MONTH ID
         YEAR ID
                                 0
         PRODUCTLINE
                                 0
         MSRP
         PRODUCTCODE
                                 0
                                 0
         CUSTOMERNAME
         CITY
                                 0
         COUNTRY
                              1074
         TERRITORY
         CONTACTLASTNAME
                                 0
         CONTACTFIRSTNAME
                                 0
         DEALSIZE
         dtype: int64
In [10]:
```

```
#But territory does not have significant impact on analysis, let it be
In [11]:
          df.dtypes
Out[11]: ORDERNUMBER
                                int64
         QUANTITYORDERED
                                int64
         PRICEEACH
                              float64
         ORDERLINENUMBER
                                int64
         SALES
                              float64
         ORDERDATE
                               object
         STATUS
                               object
         QTR ID
                                int64
         MONTH ID
                                int64
         YEAR_ID
                                int64
         PRODUCTLINE
                               object
         MSRP
                                int64
         PRODUCTCODE
                               object
         CUSTOMERNAME
                               object
         CITY
                               object
         COUNTRY
                               object
         TERRITORY
                               object
         CONTACTLASTNAME
                               object
         CONTACTFIRSTNAME
                               object
         DEALSIZE
                               object
         dtype: object
In [12]:
          #ORDERDATE Should be in date time
          df['ORDERDATE'] = pd.to_datetime(df['ORDERDATE'])
In [13]:
          #We need to create some features in order to create cluseters
          #Recency: Number of days between customer's latest order and today's date
          #Frequency: Number of purchases by the customers
          #MonetaryValue : Revenue generated by the customers
          import datetime as dt
          snapshot_date = df['ORDERDATE'].max() + dt.timedelta(days = 1)
          df_RFM = df.groupby(['CUSTOMERNAME']).agg({
               'ORDERDATE' : lambda x : (snapshot_date - x.max()).days,
               'ORDERNUMBER' : 'count',
               'SALES' : 'sum'
          })
          #Rename the columns
          df_RFM.rename(columns = {
               'ORDERDATE' : 'Recency',
               'ORDERNUMBER' : 'Frequency',
               'SALES': 'MonetaryValue'
          }, inplace=True)
In [14]:
          df_RFM.head()
Out[14]:
                               Recency Frequency MonetaryValue
              CUSTOMERNAME
                 AV Stores, Co.
                                  196
                                             51
                                                      157807.81
                                   65
```

20

70488.44

#Bhai bhai look at territory

Alpha Cognac

## Recency Frequency MonetaryValue

## **CUSTOMERNAME**

Amica Models & Co.	265	26	94117.26
Anna's Decorations, Ltd	84	46	153996.13
Atelier graphique	188	7	24179.96

```
In [16]: # Divide into segments
    # We create 4 quartile ranges
    df_RFM['M'] = pd.qcut(df_RFM['MonetaryValue'], q = 4, labels = range(1,5))
    df_RFM['R'] = pd.qcut(df_RFM['Recency'], q = 4, labels = list(range(4,0,-1)))
    df_RFM['F'] = pd.qcut(df_RFM['Frequency'], q = 4, labels = range(1,5))

    df_RFM.head()
```

Out[16]: Recency Frequency MonetaryValue M R F

CUSTOMERNAME						
AV Stores, Co.	196	51	157807.81	4	2	4
Alpha Cognac	65	20	70488.44	2	4	2
Amica Models & Co.	265	26	94117.26	3	1	2
Anna's Decorations, Ltd	84	46	153996.13	4	3	4
Atelier graphique	188	7	24179.96	1	2	1

```
In [17]:
#Create another column for RFM score
df_RFM['RFM_Score'] = df_RFM[['R', 'M', 'F']].sum(axis=1)
df_RFM.head()
```

Recency Frequency Monetary Value M R F RFM Score

Out[17]:

		,	,			-	
CUSTOMERNAME							
AV Stores, Co.	196	51	157807.81	4	2	4	10
Alpha Cognac	65	20	70488.44	2	4	2	8
Amica Models & Co.	265	26	94117.26	3	1	2	6
Anna's Decorations, Ltd	84	46	153996.13	4	3	4	11
Atelier graphique	188	7	24179.96	1	2	1	4

# We create levels for our Customers

RFM Score > 10 : High Value Customers

RFM Score < 10 and RFM Score >= 6 : Mid Value Customers

RFM Score < 6 : Low Value Customers

```
In [20]: def rfm_level(df):
               if bool(df['RFM_Score'] >= 10):
                   return 'High Value Customer'
               elif bool(df['RFM Score'] < 10) and bool(df['RFM Score'] >= 6):
                   return 'Mid Value Customer'
               else:
                   return 'Low Value Customer'
           df_RFM['RFM_Level'] = df_RFM.apply(rfm_level, axis = 1)
           df_RFM.head()
Out[20]:
                              Recency Frequency Monetary Value M R F RFM_Score RFM_Level
             CUSTOMERNAME
                                                                                     High Value
                AV Stores, Co.
                                 196
                                             51
                                                      157807.81
                                                                4 2 4
                                                                                      Customer
                                                                                      Mid Value
                Alpha Cognac
                                  65
                                             20
                                                       70488.44
                                                                 2 4 2
                                                                                      Customer
                                                                                      Mid Value
          Amica Models & Co.
                                 265
                                             26
                                                       94117.26
                                                                3 1 2
                                                                                      Customer
           Anna's Decorations,
                                                                                     High Value
                                                                                 11
                                  84
                                             46
                                                      153996.13
                                                                4 3 4
                         Ltd
                                                                                      Customer
                                                                                      Low Value
                                              7
             Atelier graphique
                                                       24179.96
                                                                1 2 1
                                 188
                                                                                      Customer
In [21]:
           # Time to perform KMeans
           data = df_RFM[['Recency', 'Frequency', 'MonetaryValue']]
           data.head()
Out[21]:
                                Recency Frequency MonetaryValue
               CUSTOMERNAME
                  AV Stores, Co.
                                    196
                                               51
                                                        157807.81
                  Alpha Cognac
                                     65
                                               20
                                                         70488.44
             Amica Models & Co.
                                    265
                                               26
                                                         94117.26
          Anna's Decorations, Ltd
                                               46
                                     84
                                                        153996.13
               Atelier graphique
                                    188
                                                7
                                                         24179.96
In [22]:
           # Our data is skewed we must remove it by performing log transformation
           data log = np.log(data)
           data_log.head()
Out[22]:
                                Recency Frequency Monetary Value
```

# CUSTOMERNAME AV Stores, Co. 5.278115 3.931826 11.969133 Alpha Cognac 4.174387 2.995732 11.163204 Amica Models & Co. 5.579730 3.258097 11.452297 Anna's Decorations, Ltd 4.430817 3.828641 11.944683

## Recency Frequency MonetaryValue

## **CUSTOMERNAME**

**Atelier graphique** 5.236442 1.945910 10.093279

```
In [25]: #Standardization
    from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
    scaler = StandardScaler()
    scaler.fit(data_log)
    data_normalized = scaler.transform(data_log)
    data_normalized = pd.DataFrame(data_normalized, index = data_log.index, columns=cdata_normalized.describe().round(2)
```

## Out[25]: Recency Frequency MonetaryValue

count	92.00	92.00	92.00
mean	0.00	-0.00	0.00
std	1.01	1.01	1.01
min	-3.51	-3.67	-3.82
25%	-0.24	-0.41	-0.39
50%	0.37	0.06	-0.04
75%	0.53	0.45	0.52
max	1.12	4.03	3.92

```
In [28]: #Fit KMeans and use elbow method to choose the number of clusters
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans

sse = {}

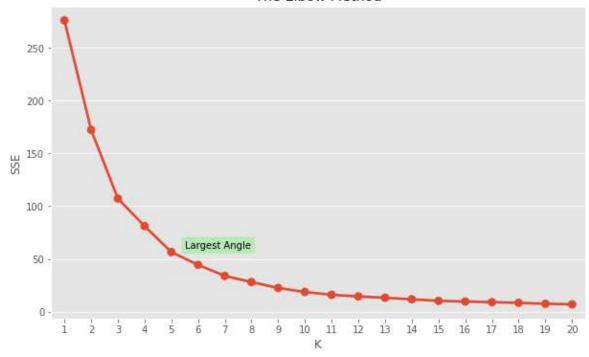
for k in range(1, 21):
    kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters = k, random_state = 1)
    kmeans.fit(data_normalized)
    sse[k] = kmeans.inertia_
```

```
In [31]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,6))
    plt.title('The Elbow Method')

    plt.xlabel('K')
    plt.ylabel('SSE')
    plt.style.use('ggplot')

    sns.pointplot(x=list(sse.keys()), y = list(sse.values()))
    plt.text(4.5, 60, "Largest Angle", bbox = dict(facecolor = 'lightgreen', alpha = plt.show()
```

## The Elbow Method



In [32]: # 5 number of clusters seems good
 kmeans = KMeans(n\_clusters=5, random\_state=1)
 kmeans.fit(data\_normalized)
 cluster\_labels = kmeans.labels\_

 data\_rfm = data.assign(Cluster = cluster\_labels)
 data\_rfm.head()

Out[32]:	Recency	Frequency	MonetaryValue	Cluster

	,		,	
CUSTOMERNAME				
AV Stores, Co.	196	51	157807.81	3
Alpha Cognac	65	20	70488.44	0
Amica Models & Co.	265	26	94117.26	0
Anna's Decorations, Ltd	84	46	153996.13	3
Atelier graphique	188	7	24179.96	2