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**EXPT-1** Discrete Correlation

**AIM:** The aim of this experiment is to study mathematical operation and correlation and measure the degree of similarity between two signals.

## **Objective**

- Write a function to find Correlation Operation
- Calculate the correlation of DT signals and verify the results using a mathematical formula

#### **Problem Definition**

- 1. Find the autocorrelation of the input signal and find the significance of value of output signal at n=0. Let y[n] = x[n] O x[n] Classify the resultant signal (Even / Odd). Calculate the energy of the signal. Q. What is the significance of value of y[0].
- 2. Find auto correlation of delayed input signal. Let p[n] = x[n-1] O x[n-1]. Compare the resultant signal p[n] with y[n]. Give your conclusion.
- 3. Find cross correlation of input signal and delayed input signal q[n] = x[n] 0 x[n-1]. Compare the resultant signal q[n] with p[n] and y[n] Give your conclusion.
- 4. Find cross correlation of input signal and scaled input signal. Let s[n] = x[n] O a x[n-2] where "a" is any constant. Compare the resultant signals. Give your conclusion

## **Input Specifications:**

- 1. Length of first Signal L and signal values.
- 2. Length of second Signal M and signal values.

```
import math
def is_even(signal):
# Check if the signal is even
for n in range(len(signal)):
if signal[n] != signal[-n - 1]:
return False
return True
def is_odd(signal):
# Check if the signal is odd
for n in range(len(signal)):
if signal[n] != -signal[-n - 1]:
return False
return True
def auto_correlation(x, h):
\mathbf{n} = (\operatorname{len}(\mathbf{h}) * \operatorname{len}(\mathbf{x})) - 1
y = []
start = (len(h) - 1) - (2 * (len(h) - 1))
end = len(x)
for i in range(start, end):
sum = 0
for j in range(len(x)):
try:
if j - i < 0:
raise Exception("")
```

```
else:
shifted value = h[j - i]
except:
shifted value = 0
sum += x[j] * shifted value
y.append(sum)
print("Y = ", end="")
for i in range(start, end):
print(f''\setminus \{y[i + end - 1]\}'', end='''')
print()
print("Index = ", end="")
for i in range(start, end):
print(f"\t{i}", end="")
print("\n")
return y
x = list(map(int, input("Enter values of x: ").split()))
y = auto correlation(x, x)
energy = 0
for i in range(len(x)):
energy += math.pow(x[i], 2)
print("Energy of the signal is = ", energy)
if is even(x):
print("The signal is even.")
elif is odd(x):
print("The signal is odd.")
else:
print("The signal is neither even nor odd.")
```

```
assignments/fosip/exp2 master X
• python case1.py
 Enter values of x: 1 3 5 7
 Y =
                26
                        53
                                84
                                        53
                                                26
                                                       2
                -3
                                                               3
 Index =
                        -2
                                -1
 Energy of the signal is = 84.0
 The signal is neither even nor odd.
 assignments/fosip/exp2 master X
```

#### Case2

```
import math
def auto correlation(x, h):
\mathbf{n} = (\mathbf{len}(\mathbf{h}) * \mathbf{len}(\mathbf{x})) - 1
\mathbf{y} = \mathbf{n}
start = (len(h) - 1) - (2 * (len(h) - 1))
end = len(x)
for i in range(start, end):
sum = 0
for j in range(len(x)):
try:
if j - i < 0:
raise Exception("")
else:
shifted_value = h[j - i]
except:
shifted_value = 0
sum += x[j] * shifted_value
y.append(sum)
print("P = ", end="")
for i in range(start, end):
```

```
print(f"\t{y[i + end - 1]}", end="")
print()
print("Index = ", end="")
for i in range(start, end):
print(f"\t{i}", end="")
print()
return y
x = list(map(int, input("Enter values of x: ").split()))
x.insert(0, 0)
y = auto_correlation(x, x)
energy = 0
for i in range(len(x)):
energy += math.pow(x[i], 2)
```

```
assignments/fosip/exp2 master x

P python case2.py
Enter values of x: 1 3 5 7
P = 0 7 26 53 84 53 26 7 0
Index = -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4

assignments/fosip/exp2 master x

≥5d14h x → + ○

25d14h x → + ○

25d14h x → + ○
```

# Case 3

```
import math
from copy import deepcopy

def cross_correlation(x, h):
n = (len(h) * len(x)) - 1
y = []
start = (len(h) - 1) - (2 * (len(h) - 1))
end = len(x)
for i in range(start, end):
sum = 0
for j in range(len(x)):
try:
```

```
if j - i < 0:
raise Exception("")
else:
shifted_value = h[j - i]
except:
shifted value = 0
sum += x[j] * shifted value
y.append(sum)
print("P = ", end="")
for i in range(start, end):
print(f''\setminus \{y[i+end-1]\}'', end=''')
print()
print("Index = ", end="")
for i in range(start, end):
print(f"\t{i}", end="")
print()
return y
x = list(map(int, input("Enter values of x: ").split()))
h = deepcopy(x)
x.append(0)
h.insert(0, 0)
print(x)
print(h)
y = cross correlation(x, h)
energy = 0
for i in range(len(x)):
energy += math.pow(x[i], 2)
```

```
assignments/fosip/exp2 master X

▶ python case3.py
Enter values of x: 1 3 5 7

[1, 3, 5, 7, 0]

[0, 1, 3, 5, 7]

P = 7 26 53 84 53 26 7 0 0

Index = -4 -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3 4
```

#### Case 4

```
import math
from copy import deepcopy
def cross_correlation(x, h):
\mathbf{n} = (\operatorname{len}(\mathbf{h}) * \operatorname{len}(\mathbf{x})) - 1
\mathbf{y} = \prod
start = (len(h) - 1) - (2 * (len(h) - 1))
end = len(x)
for i in range(start, end):
sum = 0
for j in range(len(x)):
try:
if j - i < 0:
raise Exception("")
else:
shifted_value = h[j - i]
except:
shifted value = 0
sum += x[j] * shifted value
y.append(sum)
print("P = ", end="")
for i in range(start, end):
print(f''\setminus \{y[i + end - 1]\}'', end=''')
print()
```

```
print("Index = ", end="")
for i in range(start, end):
print(f"\t{i}", end="")
print()
return y

x = list(map(int, input("Enter values of x: ").split()))
h = deepcopy(x)
x.append(0)
x.append(0)
h.insert(0, 0)
h.insert(0, 0)
y = cross_correlation(x, h)
energy = 0
for i in range(len(x)):
energy += math.pow(x[i], 2)
```

# **Audio Signal Filtering**

### **Authentication using Audio Password Verification**

Authenticate the user by measuring the degree of similarity between stored audio Password and Test Audio Password

### Algorithm:

- 1. Record Audio Password and filter the noise ==> x[n].
- 2. Play the recorded Audio signal x[n].

- 3. Record Test Audio Password and filter the noise ==> y[n].
- 4. Play the recorded Test Audio signal y[n].
- 5. Calculate Coefficient of Correlation ==>. r
- 6. Authenticate the user by selecting appropriate Threshold value (Anything > 0.9).

```
import numpy as np
import soundfile as sf
from exp1 import custom convolve
def Pearson_correlation(X, Y):
corr = 0
if len(X) == len(Y):
Sum xy = sum((X - X.mean()) * (Y - Y.mean()))
Sum x squared = sum((X - X.mean()) ** 2)
Sum y squared = sum((Y - Y.mean()) ** 2)
corr = Sum xy / np.sqrt(Sum x squared * Sum y squared)
return corr
input audio1, sample rate1 = sf.read("pass1.wav")
input audio2, sample rate2 = sf.read("pass2.wav")
input audio1 = custom convolve(input audio1)
input_audio2 = custom_convolve(input_audio2)
print("Correlation: ", Pearson correlation(input audio1, input audio2))
```

```
assignments/fosip/exp2 master X

• ▶ python audio.py
Correlation: 0.62

assignments/fosip/exp2 master X

• ▶ ■

assignments/fosip/exp2 master X

• ▶ python audio.py
Correlation: 0.84

assignments/fosip/exp2 master X

• ▶ python fosip/exp2 master X

• ▶ python audio.py
Correlation: 0.84
```

```
assignments/fosip/exp2 master X

• python audio.py
Correlation: 0

assignments/fosip/exp2 master X
```

**CONCLUSION**: In this experiment, we learned to perform correlation on signals and also implemented an authentication system by measuring the degree of similarity between audio passwords