ASSIGNMENT:6

AIM: Read the marks obtained by the students of second year in an online examination of a particular subject. Find out maximum and minimum marks obtained in that subject using heap data structure.

OBJECTIVE: To study and learn the concepts of heap data structure.

THEORY: Heap definition- It is a Complete (Binary) Tree with each node having HEAP PROPERTY. Elements are filled level by level from left- to-right. If A is a parent node of B, then the key (the value) of node A is ordered with respect to the key of node B with the same ordering applying across the heap.

Types of heap: 1) Min heap

- 2) Max heap
- O MAX HEAP definition:
 - Complete (Binary) tree with the property that the **value of each node** is at least as large as the value of its children (i.e. >= value of its children)
- O MIN HEAP definition:
 - Complete (Binary) tree with the property that the value of each node is at most as large as the value of its children (i.e. <= value of its children)

ALGORITHM: To maintain the max heap property i.e. MAXHEAPIFY

MAX-HEAPIFY(A, i, n)

- 1. $I \leftarrow LEFT(i)$
- 2. $r \leftarrow RIGHT(i)$
- 3. if $l \le n$ and A[l] > A[i]
- 4. then largest ←I
- 5. **else** largest ←i
- 6. if $r \le n$ and A[r] > A[largest]
- 7. **then** largest \leftarrow r
- 8. **if** largest ≠ i
- 9. **then** exchange $A[i] \leftrightarrow A[largest]$

10. MAX-HEAPIFY(A, largest, n)

PROGRAM:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class heap
{
public:
void printarray(int a[], int n);
void heapsort(int a[], int n);
void minimum(int a[],int n);
void maximum(int a[],int n);
};
void heapify(int a[],int n,int i);
void heap:: heapsort(int a[], int n)
 {
 for(int i=(n/2)-1; i>=0;i--)
  heapify(a,n,i);
 for(int i=(n-1);i>=0;i--)
   int temp= a[0];
   a[0] = a[i];
   a[i]= temp;
  heapify (a,i,0);
  }
void heapify(int a[],int n, int i)
   int largest=i;
   int l=(2*i)+1;
   int r=(2*i)+2;
   if(I<n && a[I]>a[largest])
   largest=l;
   if(r<n && a[r]>a[largest])
   largest=r;
   if(largest!=i)
   int t= a[i];
   a[i]=a[largest];
   a[largest]=t;
```

```
heapify(a,n,largest);
}
void heap:: printarray(int a[],int n)
  for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    cout<<a[i]<<"";
    cout<<"\n";
    }
    void heap::maximum(int a[],int n)
    {
      cout<<"MAXIMUM MARKS:"<<a[n-1]<<endl;
    void heap::minimum(int a[],int n)
      cout<<"MINIMUM MARKS:"<<a[0]<<endl;
int main()
 heap h;
 int a[100],n;
 cout<<"Enter number of students"<<endl;
 cin>>n;
 cout<<"enter the marks"<<endl;
 for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
  cin>>a[i];
  cout<<"HEAP SORT"<<endl;
  h.heapsort(a,n);
  cout<<"DISPLAY THE HEAP"<<endl;
  h.printarray(a,n);
  char ch;
  int choice;
  cout<<"DO YOU WANT TO SEE MAXIMUM OR MINIMUM MARKS(y/n)"<<endl;
  cin>>ch;
  while(ch=='y')
  cout<<"MENU"<<endl;
  cout<<"1.MAXIMUM MARKS"<<endl;
  cout<<"2.MINIMUM MARKS"<<endl;
```

```
cout<<"ENTER YOUR CHOICE"<<endl;</pre>
  cin>>choice;
  switch(choice)
    case 1:
      h.maximum(a,n);
      break;
    case 2:
      h.minimum(a,n);
      break;
    default:
      cout<<"SORRY!WRONG CHOICE"<<endl;</pre>
      break;
    cout<<"DO YOU WANT TO CONTINUE"<<endl;
    cin>>ch;
 }
return 0;
 }
```

OUTPUT:

```
rithik@rithik-VirtualBox: ~
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
rithik@rithik-VirtualBox:~$ gedit sdassign6.cpp
rithik@rithik-VirtualBox:~$ g++ sdassign6.cpp
rithik@rithik-VirtualBox:~$ ./a.out
Enter number of students
enter the marks
10
50
100
HEAP SORT
DISPLAY THE HEAP
10
50
100
DO YOU WANT TO SEE MAXIMUM OR MINIMUM MARKS(y/n)
MENU
1.MAXIMUM MARKS
2.MINIMUM MARKS
ENTER YOUR CHOICE
MAXIMUM MARKS:100
DO YOU WANT TO CONTINUE
```

```
rithik@rithik-VirtualBox: ~
                                                                             File Edit View Search Terminal Help
HEAP SORT
DISPLAY THE HEAP
10
50
100
DO YOU WANT TO SEE MAXIMUM OR MINIMUM MARKS(y/n)
MENU
1.MAXIMUM MARKS
2.MINIMUM MARKS
ENTER YOUR CHOICE
MAXIMUM MARKS:100
DO YOU WANT TO CONTINUE
MENU
1.MAXIMUM MARKS
2.MINIMUM MARKS
ENTER YOUR CHOICE
MINIMUM MARKS:10
DO YOU WANT TO CONTINUE
rithik@rithik-VirtualBox:~$
```

CONCLUSION: We successfully implemented heap data structure.