

ASSIGNMENT 1

AIM: TO CREATE ADT TO PERFORM THE FOLLOWING SET OPERATIONS:

1. ADD (NEW ELEMENT) PLACE A VALUE IN A SET.
2. REMOVE(ELEMENT).
3. RETURNS TRUE IF ELEMENT IS IN COLLECTION.
4. SIZE() RETURNS NUMBER OF VALUES IN A COLLECTION.
5. INTERSECTION OF TWO SETS.
6. UNION OF TWO SETS.
7. DIFFERENCE BETWEEN TWO SETS
8. SUBSET.

OBJECTIVE: TO IMPLEMENT THE “ SET ” CONCEPT.

THEORY : A **set** is an **abstract data type** that can store unique values, without any particular **order**. It is a computer implementation of the **mathematical** concept of a **finite set**. Unlike most other **collection** types, rather than retrieving a specific element from a set, one typically tests a value for membership in a set. One may define the operations of the **algebra of sets**:

- `union(S,T)`: returns the **union** of sets S and T .
- `intersection(S,T)`: returns the **intersection** of sets S and T .
- `difference(S,T)`: returns the **difference** of sets S and T .
- `subset(S,T)`: a predicate that tests whether the set S is a **subset** of set T .

ALGORITHM:

Union:

- 1) Initialize union U as empty.
- 2) Copy all elements of first array to U .
- 3) Do following for every element x of second array:

.....a) If x is not present in first array, then copy x to U.

4) Return U.

Intersection:

1) Initialize intersection I as empty.

2) Do following for every element x of first array

.....a) If x is present in second array, then copy x to I.

4) Return I.

CODE:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
void create(int *s1,int *s2);
void display(int *s);
void intersection(int *s1,int *s2);
void insert(int *s);
void remove(int *s);
void contain(int *s);
void set_size(int *s);
void intersection(int *s1,int *s2);
int linear(int *s,int e);
#define SIZE 20
```

```
int main()
{
    int s1[SIZE], s2[SIZE];
    int element,ch,c,i,r;

    do{
        cout<<"\n***MENU***";
        cout<<"\n1:CREATE \n2:ADD ELEMENT \n3:REMOVE ELEMENT
\n4:CONTAIN ELEMENT \n5:SIZE OF ELEMENT \n6:INTERSECTION";
        cout<<"\n Enter your choice:";
        cin>>ch;
        switch(ch)
        {
            case 1:create(s1,s2);
                    break;
```

```

        case 2: cout<<"\n IN WHICH SET YOU WANT TO INSERT
ELEMENT(1/2):";

                cin>>c;
                if(c==1)
                    insert(s1);
                else
                    insert(s2);
                break;
        case 3: cout<<"\n IN WHICH SET YOU WANT TO REMOVE
ELEMENT(1/2):";

                cin>>c;
                if(c==1)
                    remove(s1);
                else
                    remove(s2);

                break;
        case 4: cout<<"\n IN WHICH SET YOU WANT TO CHECK THE
ELEMENT(1/2):";

                cin>>c;
                if(c==1)
                    contain(s1);
                else
                    contain(s2);
                break;
        case 5: cout<<"\n IN WHICH SET YOU WANT TO CHECK THE
SIZE(1/2):";

                cin>>c;
                if(c==1)
                    set_size(s1);
                else
                    set_size(s2);

                break;
        case 6: intersection(s1,s2);
        default: cout<<"\n WRONG CHOICE!!!";

    }

    }while(ch<6);
    return 0;
}
int linear(int *s, int e)
{

```

```

        int f;
        for(int i=1;i<=s[0];i++)
        {
            if(s[i]==e)
            {
                f=1;
                return f;
            }
        }
        if(f==0)
            return f;
    }
void intersection(int *s1,int *s2)
{
    int s3[SIZE],i,j=1;
    for( i=1;i<=s1[0];i++)
    {
        if(linear(s2,s1[i])==1)
        {
            s3[j]=s1[i];
            j++;
        }
    }
}
void set_size(int *s)
{
    cout<<"\n SIZE OF SET:"<<s[0];
}
void contain(int *s)
{
    int element;
    cout<<"\n Enter element to check:";
    cin>>element;
    if(linear(s,element)==1)
        cout<<"\n ELEMENT PRESENT!";
    else
        cout<<"\n ELEMENT NOT PRESENT!!!";
}
void remove(int *s)
{
    int element,i,j;

```

```
cout<<"\n Enter element to remove.
```

```
:";
    cin>>element;
    for(i=1;i<=s[0];i++)
    {
        if(s[i]==element)
        {
            for(int j=i;j<=s[0];j++)
            {
                s[j]=s[j+1];
            }
            s[0]-=1;
            cout<<"\n SIZE:"<<s[0]<<"\n";
            display(s);
            return;
        }
    }
    cout<<"\n ELEMENT NOT FOUND!!!";
}
```

```
void insert(int *s)
{
    int element;
    cout<<"\n Enter the element:";
```

```

        cin>>element;
        int size=s[0];
        s[++size]=element;
        s[0]=size;
        display(s);
    }

void create(int *s1,int *s2)
{
    int n,i;
    cout<<"\n enter size of set1:";
    cin>>n;
    s1[0]=n;
    cout<<"\n enter elements:";
    for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
    {
        cin>>s1[i];
    }
    cout<<"\n ELEMENTS OF SET1:";
    display(s1);
    cout<<"\n enter size of set2:";
    cin>>n;
    s2[0]=n;
    cout<<"\n enter elements:";
    for(i=1;i<=n;i++)
    {
        cin>>s2[i];
    }
    cout<<"\n ELEMENTS OF SET2:";
    display(s2);
}

void display(int *s)
{
    int i;
    for(i=1;i<=s[0];i++)
    {
        cout<<" "<<s[i];
    }
}

```

OUTPUT:

```

****Menu****
1.CREATE
2.ADD ELEMENT
3.REMOVE ELEMENT
4.CONTAIN ELEMENT
5.SIZE OF ELEMENT
6.INTERSECTION
Enter your choice:1
Enter size of set1:3
Enter elements:1
2
3
ELEMENTS OF SET1: 1 2 3
Enter size of set2:3
Enter elements:4
5
6
ELEMENTS OF SET2: 3 4 5
****Menu****
1.CREATE
2.ADD ELEMENT
3.REMOVE ELEMENT
4.CONTAIN ELEMENT
5.SIZE OF ELEMENT
6.INTERSECTION
Enter your choice:2
IN WHICH SET YOU WANT TO INSERT ELEMENT(1/2):1
Enter the element:12
1 2 3 12
****Menu****
1.CREATE
2.ADD ELEMENT
3.REMOVE ELEMENT
4.CONTAIN ELEMENT
5.SIZE OF ELEMENT
6.INTERSECTION
Enter your choice:3
IN WHICH SET YOU WANT TO REMOVE ELEMENT(1/2):2
Enter element to remove:5
5 12 12

IN WHICH SET YOU WANT TO REMOVE ELEMENT(1/2):2
Enter element to remove:5
5 12 12
****Menu****
1.CREATE
2.ADD ELEMENT
3.REMOVE ELEMENT
4.CONTAIN ELEMENT
5.SIZE OF ELEMENT
6.INTERSECTION
Enter your choice:4
IN WHICH SET YOU WANT TO CHECK THE ELEMENT(1/2):1
Enter element to check:1
ELEMENT PRESENT!
****Menu****
1.CREATE
2.ADD ELEMENT
3.REMOVE ELEMENT
4.CONTAIN ELEMENT
5.SIZE OF ELEMENT
6.INTERSECTION
Enter your choice:5
IN WHICH SET YOU WANT TO CHECK THE SIZE(1/2):1
SIZE OF SET:4
****Menu****
1.CREATE
2.ADD ELEMENT
3.REMOVE ELEMENT
4.CONTAIN ELEMENT
5.SIZE OF ELEMENT
6.INTERSECTION
Enter your choice:6
WRONG CHOICE!!!
Process returned 0 (0x0)   execution time : 53.154 s
Press any key to continue.

```

CONCLUSION: We saw all the algorithms the STL offers to operate on sets, that are collections of sorted elements, in the general sense.