Lab Technician: Om Luitel

Docker Swarm Lab Setup:

Prerequisites:

- 1. Ensure that Virtualbox is installed on your machine.
- 2. You can customize the Vagrant file according to the number of manager and worker nodes, as well as their memory and CPU allocation, based on your host machine's resources. As an example, I have 32 GB of RAM on my host machine, so I've configured 2 manager nodes and 5 worker nodes for this demo lab, with each machine allocated 2 GB of RAM.

Getting Started:

To set up the Docker Swarm lab, follow these steps:

Step 1: Clone the following Git repository to your machine:

Git Repository Link: https://github.com/Omluitel/DevOps.git

Step 2: Navigate to the following directory in the cloned repository:

bash

DevOps/Docker_swarm/lab_setup_with_vagrant

Step 3: Now it's time to bring up the environment using Vagrant. Run the following command: vagrant up

Step 4: Wait for some time as the environment sets up. Once the environment is set up, you can check the status of the running machines on your host by executing the following command:

vagrant status

```
om@om-linu:~/projects/DevOps/Docker Swarm project$ vagrant status
Current machine states:
manager01
                          running (virtualbox)
                          running (virtualbox)
manager02
worker01
                          running (virtualbox)
                          running (virtualbox)
worker02
                          running (virtualbox)
worker03
                          running (virtualbox)
worker04
worker05
                          running (virtualbox)
This environment represents multiple VMs. The VMs are all listed
above with their current state. For more information about a specific
VM, run `vagrant status NAME`
```

Now, SSH into one of the manager nodes with the following command:

vagrant ssh manager01

Once you are SSHed into manager01 and run the following command:

docker -version

You should be able to confirm that Docker is installed on the machine as we have defined it in the Vagrantfile.

```
vagrant@manager01:~$ docker --version
Docker version 24.0.5, build ced0996
vagrant@manager01:~$
```

Step 4: Enable Docker Swarm on the Machine

By default, when you install Docker on the machine, Docker Swarm is disabled. You need to enable it to get it working. Run the following command on the machine to check the status of Docker Swarm:

```
vagrant@manager01:~$ docker info | grep -i swarm
Swarm: inactive
vagrant@manager01:~$
```

To enable Docker Swarm, run the following command: docker swarm init.

The error below is as expected because we need to advertise one of the available addresses from our Vagrant machine. Run ip add to view all the adapters and select one of those IPs to advertise.

```
vagrant@manager01:~$ docker swarm init
Error response from daemon: could not choose an IP address to advertise since this system has multiple a
ddresses on different interfaces (10.0.2.15 on enp0s3 and 192.168.1.161 on enp0s8) - specify one with --
advertise-addr
vagrant@manager01:~$
```

I am advertising 192.168.1.161, you should advertise according to your machine IP.

```
vagrant@manager01:~$ ip add
1: lo: <LOOPBACK, UP, LOWER UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN grou
p default qlen 10<u>00</u>
    link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00:00
    inet 127.0.0.1/8 scope host lo
       valid lft forever preferred lft forever
    inet6 ::1/128 scope host
       valid lft forever preferred lft forever
2: enp0s3: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER UP> mtu 1500 qdisc fq codel sta
te UP group default glen 1000
    link/ether 02:d2:d6:47:3d:c7 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
    inet 10.0.2.15/24 metric 100 brd 10.0.2.255 scope global dynamic enp
0s3
       valid lft 85942sec preferred lft 85942sec
    inet6 fe80::d2:d6ff:fe47:3dc7/64 scope link
       valid lft forever preferred lft forever
3: enp0s8: <BROADCAST, MULTICAST, UP, LOWER UP> mtu 1500 qdisc fq codel sta
te UP group default glen 1000
    link/ether 08:00:27:ee:c2:71 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
    inet 192.168.1.161/24 metric 100 brd 192.168.1.255 scope global dyna
mic enp0s8
       valid lft 85943sec preferred lft 85943sec
    inet6 fe80::a00:27ff:feee:c271/64 scope link
       valid lft forever preferred lft forever
```

Now, I have successfully enabled Docker Swarm on this machine and am ready to add other managers and workers to this environment. Note below token is for adding worker.

If you want to add manager node you can generate toke with following command.

```
vagrant@manager01:-$ docker swarm join-token manager
To add a manager to this swarm, run the following command:
    docker swarm join --token SWMTKN-1-3ufunfi03k9q4dbpv1dt249vnrxifj3jclnutmlt3b2vq6sxa8-a4bk2uphpmqwtzj902w32d7
mw 192.168.1.161:2377

vagrant@manager01:-$ docker swarm init --advertise-addr 192.168.1.161
Swarm initialized: current node (a0lrlxe5xanps7r25j9jvs4sq) is now a manager.

To add a worker to this swarm, run the following command:
    docker swarm join --token SWMTKN-1-3ufunfi03k9q4dbpv1dt249vnrxifj3jclnutmlt3b2vq6sxa8-8vwvrsvv2e0gxq1lzhcncv7
9x 192.168.1.161:2377

To add a manager to this swarm, run 'docker swarm join-token manager' and follow the instructions.

vagrant@manager01:-$
```

I followed this process, and now I have successfully added 2 managers and 5 workers to the environment. I can confirm this as below:

vagrant@manager01:~\$ docker node ls					
ID	HOSTNAME	STATUS	AVAILABILITY	MANAGER STATUS	ENGINE VERSION
h3wzjw6lx4opteese8key8rjn *	manager01	Ready	Active	Leader	24.0.5
77goe939j488b8kz8vnc4fc2n	manager02	Ready	Active	Reachable	24.0.5
xrwhje4luu6iic33cjpidtx20	worker01	Ready	Active		24.0.5
qesqi91c65kgf0kairksg76r0	worker02	Ready	Active		24.0.5
shhgtwdosr1yn4hsu5ko9llfl	worker03	Ready	Active		24.0.5
un5xhc08660ityf41xmmogop9	worker04	Ready	Active		24.0.5
mjrhjtauhrjul0lk02ytsd9ju	worker05	Ready	Active		24.0.5
vagrant@manager01:~\$					